



SUPPLEMENT TO PART II

# THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE

No. 53

MADRAS, TUESDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 8, 1927.

[Price, 6 pds.]

## ABSTRACT OF SEASON REPORTS FOR THE WEEK ENDING 5th FEBRUARY 1927.

### GENERAL SUMMARY.

The weather was generally dry during the week except for some brief showers in Ramanad and Travancore. Transplantation and sowing of paddy in West Godavari, Calicut and South Kanara and sugarcane in North Arcot and Coimbatore proceeding. Standing crops have either withered or are withering in parts of many districts for want of rain. Harvest of paddy in Gajjam, Guntur, Bellary, the Coimbatore, parts of the Central and Southern districts and the West Coast, clover in Kistna, Karnool, Coimbatore, Trichinopoly and Ramanad, cowpeas in Coimbatore and Trichinopoly, legals in Coimbatore and Ramanad, various in Kistna, Trichinopoly and Ramanad, pulses in West Godavari, Assamper, North Arcot and Madras, chickpeas in West Godavari and Guntur, and tobacco in parts of the Coimbatore and sowing of sugarcane in parts of the Coimbatore and the Central districts and Bellary proceeding; cotton generally poor to fair except in Vizianagaram, West Godavari, Kistna, South Arcot, Trichinopoly, Tanjore and South Kanara where it was fair. Water-supply generally satisfactory in parts of many districts. Pasture above in parts of Travancore, Kistna, Guntur, the Deccan, Kistna, North Arcot, Bellary, Coimbatore, Madras, Ramanad and Travancore. Fodder generally sufficient except in parts of Kistna, Guntur, Karnool and Bellary. Prices fairly steady. Prospects not satisfactory especially in parts of Guntur and the Deccan.

W. S. BROWN,  
Secretary.

BOARD (LAND REVENUE AND SETTLEMENTS),  
MADRAS, 6th February 1927.

### DISTRICT REPORTS.

#### GANTAM.

No rain in the week. Water-supply insufficient for standing in parts of the Kistna, Bellary and the Deccan; in hills and for agricultural purposes in all hills except Bellary and Coimbatore. 25 to 30 feet of

water in the Coimbatore reservoir and 10 to 20 feet in the Ramanad reservoir. Standing crops generally fair. Harvest of paddy proceeding; cotton poor to normal. Employment available. Cattle stocks sufficient. Prospects judged from the results of the harvest fairly satisfactory.

#### VIZIANAGARAM.

No rain in the week. Water-supply insufficient in a few hills for agricultural purposes. Standing crops generally fair. Cutting of sugarcane proceeding; cotton fair. Employment available. Cattle stocks sufficient. Prospects moderate. Rice in the price of cotton at Bellary.

#### EAST GODAVARI.

[Report not received.]

#### WEST GODAVARI.

No rain in the week. Water-supply sufficient in the delta but deficient in the uplands. Transplantation of paddy proceeding. Standing crops fair in the delta, but dry crops in the uplands not thriving. Harvest of sugarcane, sugarcane, tobacco and cotton, and cutting of sugarcane proceeding; cotton of sugarcane normal; rest fair to normal. Employment available. Cattle stocks sufficient. Rice in the price of cotton at Madras.

#### KISTNA.

No rain in the week. Water-supply sufficient except in the Nallur division. The Kistna 676 feet below the mouth of the river. Standing crops fair except the dry crops in the Deccan hills and in the Deccan hills and paddy under the irrigation in the Deccan hills. Harvest of cotton and tobacco proceeding; cotton of cotton fair, tobacco fair to normal. Employment available. Cattle stocks sufficient except in the Deccan division. Prospects generally good. Fall in the price of cotton at Bellary.

#### GUNTUR.

No rain in the week. Water-supply sufficient for standing except in parts of the Coimbatore, Bellary and Bellary hills and in some upland villages of the Bellary hills, largely for irrigation, sufficient in the Coimbatore and Bellary hills for most of rain. Harvest of paddy, tobacco, and cotton and cutting of sugarcane proceeding; cotton of cotton poor to normal. Employment available except in some villages of the Bellary hills. Cattle stocks generally

sufficient. Fragments generally satisfactory except in the *Quercus* table and in parts of some *Upland* tables. None in the price of *Quercus* at *Bayville*.

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[illegible]

## WILLARD

[illegible]

## ASANTAPULI.

No open in the work. Water-susceptible soil; for drinking water is a few miles of the Chuvash domain and the Zakhovsk and Goshchik for irrigation water under a few tanks, wells and ditches. Condition of soil and irrigated dry crops poor to fair; soil of irrigated dry crops poor. Dry crops in parts of the Goshchik and Zakhovsk fields are water-susceptible and have poorly utilized for most of soil. Harvest of homegrown products; water-susceptible. Employment available in the Chuvash domain. Grain crops sufficient enough in the Chuvash domain. Products and soil. Soil suitable for growing crops.

## CITTING &amp; BELLER

[illegible]

## WILLIAMS

Water in the west. Water supply for irrigated land in Idaho lacks except in Idaho and western to middle parts of Idaho in Kootenai. Supply generally sufficient for cattle in Idaho. Supply in Idaho generally sufficient in Shoshone and Kootenai and Kootenai. Eight feet of water in the Kootenai reservoir. Standing crop of water of or making it parts for use of man. Harvest of partly and straw producing in parts; estimate of partly for man and straw in Shoshone where it was used to feed; straw fed to man. Supplies of straw available in Kootenai, Shoshone and western and western Idaho. Grain crops generally sufficient. Prospects good in Kootenai and not so good elsewhere.

## CRIMOLEPT

Strain is the weak. Water supply sufficient in some big tanks. Almost all the small boats have dry rot. Some are all spring channels are leaving. Standing dry crops here, but badly withered and withering for want of rain in parts of all fields. Harvest of jute promising in parts, certain parts in low. Employment available. Strain shows sufficient. Prospects encouraging. Job severely needed elsewhere.

## SOUTH AFRICA

No one in the field. Water supply insufficient for irrigation in all tracts except Chickamauga. Stocking crops generally fair, but poultry raising in parts for want of feed. Harvest of poultry proceeding in parts; others pass to fat. Laying season available. Grain stocks sufficient. Prospects not good.

## CMT10-02

No rain in the week. Water supply generally sufficient for irrigation in wells. Supply in tanks below normal except in the Tirumala and Pongalur divisions. Slight flow in river channels in the Chittoor taluk. Standing crops generally fair, but not crops without the aid of private well irrigation in parts of Pottur division. Employment available. Grain stocks sufficient. Prospects not satisfactory. Rise in the price of sugar at Piler.

## NORTH A 2000

It runs in the road. Water supply demands in wells and spring channels. Supply is fairly constant. Transportation of logs proceeding. Conditions of standing crops not satisfactory. Crops advanced in many places. Harvest of poultry and redworm and cutting of sugarcane proceeding; cottons, soy. Employment available. Grain stocks generally sufficient. Prospects not satisfactory. Rice in the hands of rice and sorghum at Tuyen.

## BALTEN

No rain in the week. Water supply sufficient for drinking purposes except in parts of the Tondachapat, Bharnagari, Krishnagari and Bhor taluks and generally insufficient for irrigation except under the Cooveri classmate in the Nashik taluk. Standing crops generally fair. Employment available except in parts of Tondachapat and Nashik taluks. Green stocks sufficient. Imports not increasing. Rain needed for standing crops and supply to wells and tanks.

## CONCENTRATIONS

the main in the work. Water supply sufficient in thinking water wells except in the Kolahal taluk and parts of the Gokulnathnagar taluk; supply sufficient in districts in Pollachi, Chinnai and in parts of Sivampore, Coimbatore and Erode; sufficient in places wells except in Erode and Kolahal and parts of Salem, Gokulnathnagar, Pollachi, Tirumangal.



# RAINFALL AND PRICES OF THE STATE FLOUR GRADES FOR THE WEEK ENDING FEBRUARY 1907.

Produce.	Rainfall in inches.				Prices in dollars per 100 lbs. (F.O.B. basis).														District.	
	In the week.		Up to the end of the week from 1st Jan.		Wheat.		Rye.				Oats.				Corn.					
	Inch.	Average of 10 years.	Inch.	Average of 10 years.	This week.	This week.	This week.		This week.	This week.	This week.		This week.	This week.	This week.		This week.	This week.		
							Per bush.	Per bush.			Per bush.	Per bush.			Per bush.	Per bush.				
Cereals.	Wheat	50	0.2	38.0	47.2	0.5	7.2	7.1	13.7	13.7	12.7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Central.	
	Wheat	50	0.1	40.0	45.0	0.1	0.2	0.2	10.0	11.7	10.7	10.0	10.0	10.0	11.0	10.0	10.0	10.0		
	Wheat	50	0.1	31.0	37.0	..	..	..	11.0	10.0	..	11.0	8.0	..	10.0	11.0	..	..		
	Wheat	50	0.1	..	..	0.1	0.7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
	Wheat	50	0.1	54.0	..	0.5	0.7	0.7	11.0	10.0	0.7	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
Dresses.	Wheat	50	0.1	14.1	..	0.1	0.0	0.0	11.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	Central.	
	Wheat	50	0.1	18.0	3.0	0.7	0.0	0.0	11.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
	Wheat	50	0.1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
	Wheat	50	0.1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
	Wheat	50	0.1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
Dresses.	Wheat	50	0.1	17.0	24.0	0.4	0.4	0.4	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	Central.	
	Wheat	50	0.1	18.0	34.0	0.2	4.0	4.0	10.0	11.0	11.0	11.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
	Wheat	50	0.1	18.1	24.0	0.7	0.0	0.0	11.0	10.1	10.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	11.0	10.0	10.0	10.0		
	Wheat	50	0.1	22.0	27.0	0.0	4.0	4.0	11.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
	Wheat	50	0.1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
Dresses.	Wheat	50	0.1	20.0	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	Central.	
	Wheat	50	0.1	20.0	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
	Wheat	50	0.1	20.0	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
	Wheat	50	0.1	20.0	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
	Wheat	50	0.1	20.0	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
Dresses.	Wheat	50	0.1	20.0	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	Central.	
	Wheat	50	0.1	20.0	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
	Wheat	50	0.1	20.0	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
	Wheat	50	0.1	20.0	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
	Wheat	50	0.1	20.0	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
Dresses.	Wheat	50	0.1	20.0	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	Central.	
	Wheat	50	0.1	20.0	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
	Wheat	50	0.1	20.0	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
	Wheat	50	0.1	20.0	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
	Wheat	50	0.1	20.0	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
Dresses.	Wheat	50	0.1	20.0	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	Central.	
	Wheat	50	0.1	20.0	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
	Wheat	50	0.1	20.0	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
	Wheat	50	0.1	20.0	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
	Wheat	50	0.1	20.0	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
Dresses.	Wheat	50	0.1	20.0	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	Central.	
	Wheat	50	0.1	20.0	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
	Wheat	50	0.1	20.0	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
	Wheat	50	0.1	20.0	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
	Wheat	50	0.1	20.0	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
Dresses.	Wheat	50	0.1	20.0	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	Central.	
	Wheat	50	0.1	20.0	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
	Wheat	50	0.1	20.0	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
	Wheat	50	0.1	20.0	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
	Wheat	50	0.1	20.0	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
Dresses.	Wheat	50	0.1	20.0	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	Central.	
	Wheat	50	0.1	20.0	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
	Wheat	50	0.1	20.0	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
	Wheat	50	0.1	20.0	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
	Wheat	50	0.1	20.0	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
Dresses.	Wheat	50	0.1	20.0	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	Central.	
	Wheat	50	0.1	20.0	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
	Wheat	50	0.1	20.0	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
	Wheat	50	0.1	20.0	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
	Wheat	50	0.1	20.0	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
Dresses.	Wheat	50	0.1	20.0	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	Central.	
	Wheat	50	0.1	20.0	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
	Wheat	50	0.1	20.0	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
	Wheat	50	0.1	20.0	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
	Wheat	50	0.1	20.0	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
Dresses.	Wheat	50	0.1	20.0	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	Central.	
	Wheat	50	0.1	20.0	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
	Wheat	50	0.1	20.0	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
	Wheat	50	0.1	20.0	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
	Wheat	50	0.1	20.0	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
Dresses.	Wheat	50	0.1	20.0	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	Central.	
	Wheat	50	0.1	20.0	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0</							



height, chest, girth, etc., enumerated in Appendix B and in which the Board examines first he is likely to attain the required standard before the time comes for him to be appointed to a commission, it is recommended that, if successful in the competition, he be allowed to join the Royal Military College subject to the condition that, unless at the end of the course he is found to reach the standard which has been set, and which he has himself demanded, he will not receive his commission.

(c) To report a candidate as physically unfit, a candidate who has been passed by a Medical Board as physically fit is exempted from the previous Army Reserve Examination will not be exempted from being recommended by a Medical Board.

Candidates are required to attach to their applications a medical certificate from a competent medical officer to the effect that they come up to the prescribed standard, and also to enclose certificates that they have been successfully (or being successfully) vaccinated within the last five years.

A candidate is required to furnish a declaration in the following form signed by their parents or guardians:—

"I, \_\_\_\_\_, father/guardian of \_\_\_\_\_, a candidate for admission to the Royal Military College, Sandhurst, am able and willing to pay the prescribed fees and meet the candidate's expenses."

It is my intention to make the Army my profession, permanent profession in life.

*Signature of parent or guardian.*

7. Subject to the restrictions specified below, free passage will be admissible on the following conditions:—

(1) in advanced candidates attending the medical and qualifying examinations in India from their homes and back;

(2) when nominated to join the Royal Military College, Sandhurst, from their residences in Great Britain.

The amount admissible on account of railway, river and sea passage while India lands will be retained in case free passage for each candidate. The amount admissible for road passage will be restricted to the mileage calculated for shorted routes when travelling on duty.

Applications for railway fares should be made to the Private Secretary to His Excellency the Governor of Madras. Passages by sea from India to the United Kingdom will be arranged by the Indian Marine Commission, Bombay, under orders from Army Headquarters.

No travelling allowance is admissible to candidates in accordance with their passages to Madras or Calcutta, nor on any way, for the purpose of interviewing His Excellency the Governor.

8. Unless a Government building is available, candidates will be provided with private accommodation usually in a hotel at Simla. Candidates will be charged for rooming, but the cost of the cost of the quarters will be borne by Government. Suitable arrangements will be made for those candidates who are provided, by vote, from taking the food provided.

Candidates may arrange for quarters in the hotel other than those provided, but they will be liable for any additional cost incurred. Candidates will, on account, be allowed to live elsewhere.

Parents or guardians must ensure that candidates are provided with sufficient funds to meet the cost of their expenses while in India.

In no circumstances will candidates or their parents, guardians, relatives, or friends, be permitted to interview any officer of the Army Headquarters Staff, other than the officer detailed for the

purpose, or any other person connected with the examination or selection of candidates. An attempt to do so is liable to result in the disqualification of the candidate.

9. Selected candidates will be sent to England by sea in charge of a British officer, who will be appointed Captain, by Army Headquarters, and who will visit the candidates at Sandhurst. Such candidates will land over to the officer at Bombay the sum of Rs 500 to cover the cost of expenses incurred during the voyage to England.

Indian Candidates who pass out of the Royal Military College, Sandhurst, in July annually, will, if they so desire, be granted return passages to India at Government expense, by private steamer. Any soldier however who, on and his own nomination, does not take advantage of this concession by the 31st December of the year in which he passes out will be deemed to have forfeited his passage by transport to India.

10. The fees for cadets at the Royal Military College, Sandhurst, are shown below and are inclusive of all incidental expenses and candidates, etc. (see paragraph 11):—

(a) For a King's Indian Cadet—may be arranged by the Secretary of State for India in Council.

For the use of—

(1) A private gentleman 200  
(2) An officer or soldier who has died whilst on full pay, half pay, retired pay or pension, and whose family has been left in pecuniary distress (subject to the approval of the Secretary of State for India).

(3) A deceased officer of whatever rank, whose widow or, or would have been, ill, etc. eligible for service.

(4) A soldier who is serving, or who died whilst serving, with the colours, or who was discharged either on account of ill-health caused by the service, or after at least twenty years' active service.

(5) An officer who is (or, if deceased, was at the time of his death) in the active list holding rank below the substantive rank (as regards command, medical, dental and veterinary officers) or the rank (as regards officers holding honorary King's Commissions as Lieutenants and Captains) of Lieutenant-Colonel in the Indian Army.

A retired officer who has served in a rank below the above-mentioned ranks, and retired with not less than twenty years' active service on account of age, non-employment, or ill health caused by the service, or on cessation of employment.

(6) An officer who is (or, if deceased, was at the time of his death) in the active list holding the substantive rank (as regards command, medical, dental and veterinary officers) or the rank (as regards officers holding honorary King's Commissions as Lieutenants or Captains) of Lieutenant-Colonel or Colonel in the Indian Army.

A retired officer who has served in any of the above ranks and retired as noted in (5).

(7) A soldier or retired soldier as noted in (5).

who specially provided for.

If the father of a cadet is promoted, retired or dies, the rate of contribution will be altered accordingly.

The reduced rates of free half down for the sons of officers do not apply to stepsons whether wholly or partially dependent on stepfathers. The stepsons

of an officer may only be admitted as a returned rate when the services rendered by the father qualify for a reduction.

11. The total costs required by an Indian cadet at the College may be estimated as follows:—

(a) *Cost of an officer before the end of Commission School*

Fees three terms at £15 per annum .. ..	£ 45 0 0
Outfitting uniform .. ..	82 30 0
Pocket money—18 months at £5 per annum .. ..	75 0 0
18 weeks' vacation expenses at £5-5-0 per week .. ..	54 0 0
Extra pocket money during vacation (18 weeks) at £15-5-0 per week .. ..	94 10 0
Sandwiches during the three terms and while on being commissioned .. ..	36 14 0
.. ..	300 0 0
(a) .. ..	523 14 0

(b) *Cost of a private cadet.*

Fees three terms at £15 per annum .. ..	£ 45 0 0
Outfitting uniform .. ..	75 0 0
Pocket money—18 months at £5 per annum .. ..	54 0 0
18 weeks' vacation expenses at £5-5-0 per week .. ..	94 10 0
Extra pocket money during vacation (18 weeks) at £15-5-0 per week .. ..	36 14 0
Sandwiches during the three terms and while on being commissioned .. ..	300 0 0
(b) .. ..	514 4 0

12. The sum for pocket money includes additional expenses during the vacation, such as travelling and entertainment. The expenses of cadets will, as far as possible, be kept within the above limits, but the parents or guardians of cadets must be prepared to pay any excess over these amounts.

13. The above estimate does not provide for European kit as received in England other than the amount required for College uniforms; for the purchase of European kit an additional sum of from £100 to £150 should be provided.

14. An allowance of 4s. a day, in aid of the expenses of grooming, washing, and other contingencies, will be allotted as a subsidy against the public for each cadet so long as he is in residence at the Royal Military College. All other necessary expenses which cannot be covered by the allowance shall be chargeable to the parent or guardian of a cadet.

15. If a cadet is absent a whole term in consequence of sickness, a portion of £10 shall be repaid to him of the half-year's contribution for the privilege of his name being kept on the rolls of the establishment, and for a money being kept open at the commencement of the next term.

16. If a cadet is sanctioned as returned during a term, his daily allowance shall cease from the date of such sanction or removal, and the contribution made for the half year shall be forfeited, unless otherwise specially decided by the Army Council.

17. (a) If a cadet is absent from sickness during a portion of the term his allowance shall continue to be accorded and withheld in his account. In exceptional cases a refund of the contribution for the full period of absence may be sanctioned by the Commandant, and on such cases the cadet's allowance shall cease for the period of the refund.

(b) If a cadet is admitted for treatment in a district military hospital, stoppages will be charged for the period of his absence in hospital at the following rates:—

(i) 10s. a day during the period that the daily allowance specified in paragraph 14 continues to be payable in his account.

(ii) 15s. a day if and when the daily allowance ceases to be payable, to be assessed by reason of the contribution, or portion thereof, due under paragraph 15, for the period of his absence not having been paid or having been refunded in accordance with paragraph 15.

18. Parents or guardians of candidates who are required to pay two-thirds of the estimated expenses, are two (i.e., either (a) £175-10-0, or (b) £150-10-0), before the beginning of the first term of the third year, but on and on the remainder of third (i.e., either (a) £175-10-0, or (b) £150-10-0) before the commencement of the third term.

As it is impossible for Indian cadets to return to India during the vacations, arrangements will have to be made for their accommodation in England during these periods, either by their parents or guardians or by the India Office on behalf of the latter.

19. The normal length of the course of instruction will be about eighteen months divided into three distinct terms. The College terms will be:—

Spring term.—From about beginning of February to about middle of July.

Autumn term.—From about beginning of September to about middle of December.

The intermediate periods will consist of the vacations.

20. The subjects which form the course of studies, which are liable to alteration from time to time, are given in the following table:—

*Subjects.*

- Tactics, Drill, Field Engineering, Hygiene.
- Map reading and Field Sketching.
- Organisation and Administration.
- Military Law.
- History and English (including Military History).
- Geography.
- Advanced Subject (Science, French or Advanced History).
- Draft.
- Explosives.
- Weapon Training.
- Physical Training.

21. The aggregate marks will determine the cadet's place in order of merit when passing out for appointment to a commission.

22. To qualify for promotion to a higher term, a cadet will be required to obtain not less than 60% of the aggregate marks allotted to the term.

To qualify for appointment to a commission from the third term, a cadet will be required to obtain not less than 60% of the aggregate marks allotted to the term.

To merit marks in any subject, a cadet must obtain not less than 5 of the total marks allotted to that subject for the term.

23. At all examinations a deduction of marks, up to 5 per cent of the maximum, will be made for handwriting which is difficult to read. A similar deduction, up to the same limit, will be made for bad English spelling.

These deductions will not reduce below the qualifying minimum the aggregate marks obtained by the cadet.

24. A cadet who fails to obtain the qualifying minimum of marks for any term will cease that term, and will be liable to claim to compete for appointment.

\* This figure has been temporarily reduced to 5.

to the Indian Army. He will be awarded that if he falls at a subsequent examination he wins an entrance from this College.

25. In order to secure due diligence during the whole period of residence, there will be an annual review at the end of each term, conducted either by the educational staff of the Cadet College or by independent examiners.

26. When a cadet joins under the Cadet College, the Commandant will verify that all his books have been paid. In those cases where this certificate cannot be given, the granting of a commission will be liable to be withheld unless such debts are discharged.

27. All cadets are expected to pass the Regulations Army List in swimming; those who cannot swim on joining the Cadet College must attend instruction in swimming. Any one who deliberately fails to pass the test will, at the discretion of the Commandant, lose not more than 250 marks he has gained in physical training.

28. The case of a cadet who misses an examination or part of an examination, owing to sickness or through no fault of his own, will be specially considered by the Commandant, who will report the action taken to the Cadet Secretary of Base, the War Office. In no case shall more than 75 per cent of the marks allotted to the examination missed be allowed.

29. Cases of fraudulent absence on account of ill-health will be referred to the War Office for decision.

At each final examination there will be awarded—

- (a) The King's Medal, and a sword to the cadet who ranks out first on the list.
- (b) The Nemean Medal to the senior Cadet appointed to the Detached List for the Indian Army.
- (c) A sword of honour as a special reward to the most deserving cadet of the term.
- (d) A prize for proficiency in each subject.

30. At the end of each academic term, the *Arms Memorial Sword* will be given to the cadet who has gained the most marks on the list.

31. A cadet who drops a term from sickness or other sickness, unavoidable on his part, will forfeit all claim to prizes, to the King's Medal, the Nemean Medal, and to the *Arms Memorial Sword*.

#### Cadet Scholarships.

32. Twenty-five Cadet Scholarships for the Royal Military College, in value, £50 each, will be open for competition half-yearly to cadets who have completed their first year of instruction at the Cadet College and who receive officers who grant their commission through an Officer Cadet Unit during the Great War.

33. Cadet Scholarships will be awarded to those cadets who are eligible under paragraph 22 and who are highest in order of merit according to the marks obtained under paragraph 25.

34. In the event of the number of candidates eligible under paragraph 22 falling short of the number of scholarships available, the remaining scholarships will be open for competition to cadets who are the sons of serving or retired officers of the Royal Navy, the Regular Forces and the Royal Air Force.\*

35. A cadet who has been promoted or who has dropped a term for other reasons than sickness

(see paragraphs 24, 25 and 26) will not be eligible for a Cadet Scholarship.

36. The following cadets will count towards Cadet Scholarships—

- (a) All marks gained by cadets in their first year which count towards the aggregate (see paragraph 25).
- (b) Marks for each cadet who appears on the Cadet College at sports at the rate of 100 marks for each "Blue" and 50 marks for each "Half Blue".†
- (c) Marks for promotion gained during first year at the rate of 200 marks for sergeant and 300 marks for lance corporal.

37. While an enquiry will be made into the merits of the parents or guardians of cadets, Cadet Scholarships are essentially designed to give assistance to those who stand in need of the assistance afforded to them. Parents or guardians of cadets will therefore be invited to assign the maintenance of a Cadet Scholarship should they be in a position to do so, relieving their financial situation for their sons or wards. The maintenance so assigned will be added to the total value of the list who is eligible. A list of cadets to whom Cadet Scholarships have been awarded will be published each half-year.

38. Should a cadet who has gained a Cadet Scholarship be subsequently expelled or transferred, or dropped into a lower term than that in which he originally started on joining the Cadet College for other reasons than sickness (see paragraph 24, 25 and 26), he will be liable again to surrender the scholarship gained as a cadet scholar.

A cadet scholar who forfeits his scholarship will be liable to refund such portion as may be determined by the Army Council of the financial benefits that he has received as a cadet scholar.

39. King's Indian Cadets and Honorary King's Indian Cadets will be permitted to compete for Cadet Scholarships, provided they are eligible.

#### COMMISSIONS AND OFFICERS APPOINTED TO COMMISSIONS IN THE SELECTED ARMIES FOR THE GREAT WAR.

40. Scholarships of the annual value of £50, payable for five years, are granted to officers appointed to commissions in the Regular Army from Royal Military College, Sandhurst.

41. Six scholarships will be offered half-yearly, corresponding with the Regular Army commissions granted in February and, which will make cadets joining the Royal Military College on August 1919 eligible to compete.

42. The following will be recipients of these scholarships:—

- (i) The cadet awarded the Sword of Honour.
- (ii) The cadet passing out with the highest aggregate of marks.
- (iii) The cadet, admitted to the College under Army Order 412 of 1917, obtaining the highest aggregate of marks.
- (iv) The cadet passing out with the second highest aggregate of marks.
- (v & vi) The two cadets recommended by the Commandant as the most meritorious, according to the grounds of all-round efficiency.

43. Payment will be made by the Army Agents of Paymaster-General the officer's pay, in ten instalments of £15 each, issued half-yearly in arrears. The first payment will be made on the notification of the officer's appointment to the London District.

\* The Commission will be with a scholarship of £50 and a "Half Blue" will send to the Commandant.

† In the event of one cadet qualifying under more than one head, the Commandant will be required to select a representative. No cadet can hold more than one of the stipend.

\* To include officers who, while holding commissions, temporary or otherwise, in the Royal Navy, Royal Air Force, Indian Army, Indian Army (Canton), India, Madras, Hyderabad, Force, Base Forces, Force in the Western Commission, 4 Royal Air Force, (civil), receive with an "Honorary Blue" before 30 August 1919 and 315 November 1919.



The amounts issued will be charged against Head 1 and Vice 18 as to the cost of the pay of the officers. If an officer is transferred to India payment, a note will be made on the last pay certificate showing the period covered by the last payment.

41. The Controllers of Military Accounts in India will continue the payment of the scholarship with reference to the information given on the Honorarium certificate, only paragraph 3 of the Army Order and debit to the minor head in which the pay of the officer is debited. In the event of no other being transferred from the payment of a Controller, a note showing the period covered by the last payment will be made on the last pay certificate.

42. No refund will be required in respect of any payment already made in the event of an officer leaving a post-office or otherwise ceasing to be entitled to the grant.

43. The winners of scholarships who are entitled to do so will be given the opportunity of receiving the emoluments attaching to the scholarship in favour of those less favorably circumstanced. In such a case, the winner would still retain the scholar designation.

44. An officer holding a scholarship will be liable, on the election of the Army Council, to forfeit it for misconduct.

#### King's India, Cadets and Honorary King's India Cadets.

This section applies only to (a) candidates for King's India Cadetships, who are sons of persons who have served in India in the Military or Civil Service of His Majesty or of the East India Company, and (b) candidates for Honorary King's India Cadetships, who are sons of Indian officers of the King's Commission in the Indian Army or Indian Medical Service.

45. King's India cadets will be nominated by the Secretary of State for India in Council, under the provisions of 23 and 24 Vols. 106, and 23 and 24 Vols. 106, from sons of persons who have served in India in the military or civil service of His Majesty, or of the East India Company.

46. Three honorary King's India cadets are nominated annually by the Secretary of State for India in Council.

47. Such cadets are appointed from—  
(a) The sons of officers of the Indian Army or Indian Medical Service who were killed in action or have died of wounds received in action within six months of such wounds having been incurred, or from those brought on by disease, pneumonia, or exposure, limited to active operations in the field before an enemy, within six months after their having been first notified to be ill.

(b) The sons of officers of the Indian Army or Indian Medical Service who have obtained the lowest or exclusive rank of major or lieutenant-colonel, and have performed long or distinguished service.

48. An application for a King's India cadetship or for an honorary King's India cadetship on behalf of an Indian candidate should be addressed to the Secretary to the Government of India, Army Department.

49. King's India cadets, and honorary King's India cadets, will be required, before admission to the College, to undergo (a) about 50 per cent of the course allotted to each of the three obligatory subjects of Class I of an Army Entrance Examination, and to furnish satisfactory evidence that they are eligible with regard to age and character. For limits of age, see paragraph 3.

50. King's India cadets may be exempted from paying the following fees towards covering the expense of uniforms, books, library, mess-table, etc.

(included in the maintenance referred to in paragraph 30) if so decided by the India Office—

On joining the College .. .. .	£
On termination of local term .. .. .	15

51. Cadets are subject to such rules and regulations as may be, or may be, from time to time established for the maintenance of good order and discipline in the Cadet College.

52. The Commandant has the power of expelling, suspending, and also of withdrawing awards for misconduct from a term or to lose place in the list of successful candidates for examination. In all such cases, the circumstances will be reported by the Commandant to the Under-Secretary of State, the War Office. A statement will be sent to the Indian Army or the Royal Army Service Corps.

53. A cadet may, by order of the Commandant, be sent to the Government of India, the War Office, to keep for two consecutive terms in the same division, either as a punishment for a breach of discipline, or in the case of a backward cadet, where it is considered that he would benefit by extra instruction.

54. In cases requiring more serious action, cadets deemed to be liable, on the report of the Commandant to the Under-Secretary of State, the War Office, to be—

- (1) Reprimanded; or
- (2) Expelled.

55. The name of any cadet expelled will be recorded in the War Office, and may, if the opinion of the Army Council the commandant warrant it, be made known to the First Lord of the Admiralty, the Secretary of State for India, the Secretary, the Air Ministry, and the Civil Service Commissioners, in order to prevent the admission of the cadet into His Majesty's naval, military, or air service, or home, colonial, or Indian civil service.

56. A cadet is also liable to be removed from the Cadet College—

- (1) For moral or physical infirmity;
- (2) For unsatisfactory progress in his studies, or physical training; or
- (3) If reported by the Commandant as not likely to become a useful officer.

57. On receipt of information from the Secretary of State for India of the removal or expulsion of an Indian cadet from the College, the Local Government or Administration concerned will be notified in order that the powers or guardians of the cadet may be informed.

58. Cadets will salute all officers in uniform and holding those whom they know to be officers when not in uniform. They will also salute the civilian professors not resident in the Cadet College.

59. Officers Commanding Companies have certain Privileges of punishment delegated to them, and will report to the Commandant, through the adjutant, all punishments which they may inflict.

60. Officers, staff instructors, professors and private instructors are not permitted to give private tuition without the sanction of the Commandant, either during the vacation or at any other time.

61. No person belonging to the Cadet College is allowed to receive a present from any cadet, or from the relations or friends of any cadet, nor any remuneration, or employee, who accepts a present is liable to be removed or discharged, and the fact giving it to be published for the discipline of others.

62. They will, while at the Royal Military College, Sandhurst, belong to the ordinary Cadet's Mess and no special mess-table arrangements can be made on their behalf.

63. Indian cadets are required to appear at all functions in the uniform of the College except when so leave as when otherwise occupied by the Commandant, but they will be allowed to wear their national head dress should they so desire.

King's India cadets.

Honorary King's India cadets.

Application.

Age and qualifying examination.





Copper. Acids, bases, and salts. The relation of the atmosphere to plant and animal life. The part played by carbon in the growth of plants.

*Physical Chemistry*.—Capillary action illustrating the difference between elements, compounds, and mixtures; the preparation and properties of the common gases and the simple compounds of the elements in the schedule; observations on the behaviour of bodies under the action of magnets; insulating bodies not mentioned in the schedule; simple experiments illustrating weight and the measurements of volume, including the volume of gases.

*In the study of a practical text book, especially, the whole of the work will be offered to the written papers.*

#### GENERAL NOTES.

##### Maths 150.

*Papers will be set in test the candidate's knowledge of scientific principles and of their application to everyday life, as indicated in the following schedule:—*

Principles of mechanics, illustrated by falling bodies and by simple machines; the meaning of mass, weight, force, energy; the transformations of energy.

The general properties of solids, liquids and gases; principles of hydrostatics with special applications; solutions of diffusion and osmosis forces.

Production and action of heat; the ideas of temperature and quantity of heat; effects of heat on matter, transference of heat, relations between heat and work as illustrated in the steam engine and the internal combustion engine. Domestic heating and ventilation.

Production and propagation of sound; pitch, loudness and quality.

Production and propagation of light; reflection, refraction and dispersion, colour. The eye and simple optical instruments. Domestic lighting.

Elementary ideas of magnetism. The fundamental experiments of electrostatics. Effects of the electric current. Ohm's law. Current electricity, with the cultures of its applications in the dynamo. Practical applications of electricity to domestic lighting and in the transmission and transformation of energy.

The chemistry of air and water and of the elements mentioned in them. The chemistry of combination; common forms of fuel; carbon as a reducing agent in metallurgy. The relation of the air and its constituents in the life of plants and animals and to the weathering of rocks. The general laws of chemical combination illustrated by a few common substances (e.g., alkali, sulphur, salt and the common acids and bases); explanation of these laws by the atomic theory.

The distinction between living and non-living things; the distinction between typical plants and typical animals. The life of a plant; importance of plants in building up food and fuel. Fundamental principles of agriculture. Simple cases of fermentation and enzyme action. Simple physiology and hygiene.

The solar system, moon and planets. General structure of the earth's crust (igneous and sedimentary rocks); agents of denudation and deposition; fossils and their significance.

*Some chain of questions will be given. A laboratory test may be included in the subject matter of the above syllabus, but the notes will be given of the introduction.*

#### INTERMEDIATE MATHEMATICS.

##### Maths 150.

*Includes Elementary Mathematics together with—*

*Geometry*.—Elementary ideas in solid geometry treated rationally (angle between planes, angle between line and plane, great and small circles of sphere, construction).

*Algebra*.—Solution of two simultaneous equations, one linear and one quadratic; ray questions in relation to the meaning and simplest properties of negative and fractional indices; use of logarithmic scales; arithmetic progression, finite geometric progression; ratio of change of a function and gradient of a graph; graphical solution of problems and of areas of graphs.

*Trigonometry*.—Solution of plane triangles (graphs of trigonometrical functions); use of four-figure tables; formulae for trigonometrical values of the sum and difference of two angles.

*Statics and Dynamics*.—The lever, the inclined plane, the pulley and other simple machines; the composition and resolution of forces in one plane; moments; simple graphical methods; friction; simple cases of equilibrium; properties of the centre of gravity; work; velocity ratios, mechanical advantage, and efficiency of a machine.

The composition and resolution of velocities and accelerations in one plane; rectilinear motion under uniform acceleration; Newton's laws of motion, the conservation of linear momentum; work and energy; the line of sight, greatest height, and horizontal range of projectiles.

*Proofs of the parallelogram and triangle of forces, and of the principle of moments will not be asked for.*

*In the absence of special instructions that a question is to be answered by a particular method, candidates are at liberty to choose their method from any branch of mathematics.*

Units, MEASURE, PAPER, PUNCTS OR MARKS.

##### Maths 150.

- Translation from the Vernacular into English.
- Translation from English into the Vernacular.
- As many as three in one or two alternative subjects.

##### 4. Candidates. Candidates to—

- (a) take in the Vernacular,
- (b) write a short detached passage in the Vernacular.

#### FANCY DRAWING.

##### Maths 100.

*In addition, if so desired, Free-hand Drawing may be taken.*

#### THE CAMBRIDGE UNIVERSITY SCHEDULE.

The order in which the subjects are stated is not imposed as the sequence of their treatment.

##### SECTION I.

#### PLANE GEOMETRY.

- Division of angles and of straight lines.
- Construction of perpendiculars to straight lines.
- Construction of an angle equal to a given angle.
- Construction of parallel to a given straight line.
- Simple cases of the construction from sufficient data of triangles and quadrilaterals.
- Division of straight lines into a given number of equal parts.
- Construction of a triangle equal in area to a given polygon.
- Construction of tangents to a circle, and of common tangents to two circles.
- Simple cases of the construction of circles from sufficient data.

##### SECTION II.

#### PLANE TRIGONOMETRY.

- Division of straight lines into parts in any given proportion.
- Construction of a fourth proportional to three given straight lines and a sixth proportional to two given straight lines.
- Construction of regular figures of 3, 4, 5 or 6 sides in or about a given circle.
- Construction of a square equal in area to a given polygon.

## SECTION III.

## ANGLES AT A POINT.

\* 14. If a straight line stands on another straight line, the sum of the two angles so formed is equal to two right angles, and the converse.

\* 15. If two straight lines intersect, the vertically opposite angles are equal.

## PARALLEL STRAIGHT LINES.

\* 16. When a straight line cuts two other straight lines, *if*

- (i) a pair of alternate angles are equal, or  
(ii) a pair of corresponding angles are equal,

or  
(iii) a pair of interior angles on the same side of the cutting line are together equal to two right angles, then the two straight lines are parallel, and the converse.

\* 17. Straight lines which are parallel to the same straight line are parallel to one another.

## TRIANGLES AND QUADRILATERALS.

\* 18. The sum of the angles of a triangle is equal to two right angles.

\* 19. If the sides of a convex polygon are produced in order, the sum of the angles so formed is equal to four right angles.

\* 20. If two triangles have two sides of the one equal to two sides of the other, each to each, and also the angles contained by those sides equal, the triangles are congruent.

\* 21. If two triangles have two angles of the one equal to two angles of the other, each to each, and also one side of the one equal to the corresponding side of the other, the triangles are congruent.

\* 22. If two sides of a triangle are equal, the angles opposite to those sides are equal, and the converse.

\* 23. If two triangles have the three sides of the one equal to the three sides of the other, each to each, the triangles are congruent.

\* 24. If two right-angled triangles have their hypotenuses equal, and one side of the one equal to one side of the other, the triangles are congruent.

\* 25. In two sides of a triangle are unequal, the greater side has the greater angle opposite to it; and the converse.

\* 26. Of all the straight lines that can be drawn to a given straight line from a given point outside it, the perpendicular is the shortest.

\* 27. The opposite sides and angles of a parallelogram are equal, each diagonal bisects the parallelogram, and the diagonals bisect one another.

\* 28. If there are three or more parallel straight lines, and the triangles made by them on any straight line that cuts them are equal, then the corresponding intercepts on any other straight line that cuts them are also equal.

## SQUARES.

\* 29. Parallelograms on the same or equal bases and of the same altitude are equal in area.

\* 30. Triangles on the same or equal bases and of the same altitude are equal in area.

\* 31. Equal triangles on the same or equal bases are of the same altitude.

\* 32. Propositions and explanations of the geometrical theorems corresponding to the following algebraical identities—

$$\begin{aligned} (a+b+c+\dots)^2 &= a^2+b^2+c^2+\dots \\ (a+b)^2 &= a^2+2ab+b^2 \\ (a-b)^2 &= a^2-2ab+b^2 \\ a^2-b^2 &= (a+b)(a-b) \end{aligned}$$

\* 33. The square on a side of a triangle is greater than, equal to, or less than, the sum of the squares on the other two sides, according as the angle subtended by those sides is obtuse, right, or acute. The difference in the case of isosceles is twice the rectangle contained by one of the two sides and the projection on it of the other.

## LINES.

\* 34. The locus of a point which is equidistant from two fixed points is the perpendicular bisector of the straight line joining the two fixed points.

\* 35. The locus of a point which is equidistant from two intersecting straight lines consists of the pair of straight lines which bisect the angles between the two given lines.

## THE CIRCLE.

\* 36. A straight line, drawn from the centre of a circle to touch a chord which is not a diameter, is at right angles to the chord; conversely, the perpendicular to a chord from the centre bisects the chord.

\* 37. There is one circle, and one only, which passes through three given points not in a straight line.

\* 38. In equal circles (or, in the same circle) (i) if two arcs subtend equal angles at the centres, they are equal; (ii) conversely, if two arcs are equal, they subtend equal angles at the centres.

\* 39. In equal circles (or, in the same circle) (i) if two chords are equal, they cut off equal arcs; (ii) conversely, if two arcs are equal, the chords of the arcs are equal.

\* 40. Equal chords of a circle are equidistant from the centre, and the converse.

## SECTION IV.

## THE CIRCLE.

\* 41. The tangent at any point of a circle and the radius through the point are perpendicular to one another.

\* 42. If two circles touch, the point of contact lies on the straight line through the centres.

\* 43. The angle which an arc of a circle subtends at the centre is double that which it subtends at any point on the remaining part of the circumference.

\* 44. Angles in the same segment of a circle are equal, and if the line joining two points subtends equal angles at two other points on the same side of it, the four points lie on a circle.

\* 45. The angle in a semicircle is a right angle; the angle in a segment greater than a semicircle is less than a right angle; and the angle in a segment less than a semicircle is greater than a right angle.

\* 46. The opposite angles of any quadrilateral inscribed in a circle are supplementary, and the converse.

\* 47. If a straight line touch a circle, and from the point of contact a chord be drawn, the angles which this chord makes with the tangent are equal to the angles in the alternate segment.

\* 48. If two chords of a circle intersect either inside or outside the circle, the rectangles on the parts of the two are equal to the rectangle contained by the parts of the other.

## SECTION V.

## PROPOSITIONS: SIMILAR TRIANGLES.

\* 49. If a straight line is drawn parallel to one side of a triangle, the other two sides are divided proportionally, and the converse.

\* 50. If two triangles are equilateral, their corresponding sides are proportional, and the converse.

\* 51. If two triangles have one angle of the one equal to one angle of the other and the sides about these equal angles proportional, the triangles are similar.

\* 52. The internal bisector of an angle of a triangle divides the opposite side internally in the ratio of the sides containing the angle, and likewise the external bisector externally.

\* 53. The ratio of the area of similar triangles is equal to the ratio of the squares on corresponding sides.

## APPENDIX B.

## PREFACE.

1. To be passed as fit for a commission in the Regular Army a candidate must be in good mental

and bony build, and free from any physical defect likely to interfere with the efficient performance of military duty.

3. The construction of eyes, height and chest girth will not be less than that given in the following table.

PERSONAL REQUIREMENTS.

Age and Height— Feet— Inches—	Height without shoes.	Chest.	
		Girth when fully expanded.	Range of expansion not less than—
16	51 and under 52	32½	3
	52	33	3
	53	34	3
	54	35	3
17	55 and under 56	36	3
	56	37	3
	57	38	3
	58	39	3
18	59 and under 60	40	4
	60	41	4
	61	42	4
	62	43	4
19	63 and under 64	44	4
	64	45	4
	65	46	4
	66	47	4
20	67 and under 68	48	4
	68	49	4
	69	50	4
	70	51	4
21	71 and under 72	52	4
	72	53	4
	73	54	4
	74	55	4
22	75 and under 76	56	4
	76	57	4
	77	58	4
	78	59	4
23 and over.	79 and under 80	60	4
	80	61	4
	81	62	4
	82 and upwards	63	4

3. The candidate's height will be measured as follows:—He will be placed against the standard with his feet together, and the weight thrown on the heels and not on the toes or outer sides of the feet. He will stand erect without sagging, and with the head, neck, shoulders and shoulders touching the standard: the chin will be depressed in keeping the vertex of the head level under the horizontal bar, and the height will be recorded in inches and parts of an inch in quarters.

4. The candidate's chest will be measured as follows:—He will be made to stand erect with his feet together, and to raise his arms over his head. The tape will be so adjusted round the chest that its upper edge touches the inferior angles of the shoulders blades behind, and its lower edge the upper part of the nipples in front. The arms will then be forward in being raised by the side and arms will be taken that the shoulders are not thrown upwards or backwards so as to depress the tape. The candidate will then be directed to take a deep inspiration several times, and the maximum expansion of the chest will be carefully noted.

The minimum and maximum will then be recorded thus in inches,  $\frac{1}{4}$  or  $\frac{1}{2}$  in.

In recording the measurements, fractions of less than half an inch should not be noted.

5. The candidate will also be weighed and his weight recorded in pounds. Fractions of a pound should not be noted.

6. The examinations for determining the accuracy of vision include two tests—one for distant, the other for near vision. The Army Test Types will be used for the test for distant vision, without glasses, at a distance of 70 feet, and for the test for near vision, without glasses, at any distance selected by the candidate. The standards of the minimum

amount of vision with which a candidate will be considered fit are as follows:—

## STANDARD I.

Right eye. Left eye.  
Distant vision.—V = 6/6. V = 6/6  
Near vision.—Rounds 5, 6. Rounds 5, 6.

## STANDARD II.

Right eye. Vision eye.  
Distant vision.—V = 6/6. V, without glasses = not below 6/60, and after correction with glasses = not below 6/24.  
Near vision.—Rounds 5, 6. Rounds 1.

## STANDARD III.

Right eye. Vision eye.  
Distant vision.—V, without glasses = not below 6/60, and after correction with glasses = not below 6/24.  
Near vision.—Rounds 5, 6. Rounds 1.

Each eye must have a full field of vision as tested by hand movements.

Signs of any marked condition of the eyes or of the lids of either eye liable to the risk of aggravation or recurrence will cause the rejection of the candidate.

Each eye will be examined separately, and the lids must be kept well open during the test.

Insufficiency to distinguish the principal colours will not be regarded as a cause for rejection, but the fact will be noted in the proceedings and the candidate will be informed.

The degree of acuteness of vision of all candidates for recruitment will be entered in the proceedings in the following manner:—

V.R. = ....; with glasses = ....; Rounds ....  
V.L. = ....; with glasses = ....; Rounds ....

No relaxation of the standard of vision will be allowed.

7. The following additional points will then be ascertained:—

- That his bearing is good and there is no sign of var disease.
- That his speech is without impediment.
- That his teeth are in good order. His mouth must be examined to see if the upper jaw sufficiently opens to the lower teeth in the lower jaw. Two of these teeth in each jaw must be visible. Well-filled teeth will be considered as good.
- That his chest is well formed and that his lungs and heart are sound.
- That he is not ragged.
- That he does not suffer from a severe degree of varicose veins or venous disease. A candidate who has been successfully operated on will be accepted.
- That his limbs are well formed and developed.
- That there is free and perfect motion of all the joints.
- That his feet and toes are well formed.
- That he does not suffer from any infectious skin disease.

\* Severe varicose veins disqualify a candidate.

- When the nose of vision is ascertained that it keeps down as far as the bridge when the candidate stands up.
- If the test is attempted in such a position that the bridge of the nose is not directly over the eyes, then the test is invalid, and the candidate is not to be accepted.
- If the test is attempted in such a position that the bridge of the nose is not directly over the eyes, then the test is invalid, and the candidate is not to be accepted.
- If the test is attempted in such a position that the bridge of the nose is not directly over the eyes, then the test is invalid, and the candidate is not to be accepted.
- If the test is attempted in such a position that the bridge of the nose is not directly over the eyes, then the test is invalid, and the candidate is not to be accepted.

- (j) That he has no congenial inclination to defect.  
(k) That he does not bear traces of previous acute or chronic disease pointing to an acquired constitution.

**E. CONRAN SMITH,**  
*Private Secretary to His Excellency the Governor.*  
**MADRAS GOVERNMENT'S CASE,**  
20th January 1927.

## PUBLIC DEPARTMENT.

### LEAVE.

*Fort St. George, February 1, 1927.*

No. 42.—Under rule 81 of the Fundamental Rules, Mr. H. H. F. M. Tyler, C.L.S., I.C.S., leave on average pay for eight months from 26th February 1927 at date of relief and leave on half average pay for ten months in continuation of the leave on average pay.

### EXTENSION OF LEAVE.

*Fort St. George, January 26, 1927.*

No. 43.—Under rule 81 of the Fundamental Rules, Mr. V. S. Hrynsch, I.C.S., Sub-Collector, Kanyakumari, extension of leave on average pay up to and inclusive of 25th December 1926.

### APPOINTMENTS.

*Fort St. George, February 1, 1927.*

No. 44.—The following acting appointments in the post of Secret. Secretary to Government are notified:—

(1) Mr. F. R. Evans, C.L.S., I.C.S., from 16th December 1926 to 15th May 1927, in succession on the grant of leave to Mr. E. W. Leigh, C.L.S., I.C.S., and P. L. Moore, C.L.S., I.C.S.

(2) Mr. R. V. Rao Bahadur V. T. Krishnaswami Ayyangar, C.L.S., on the 16th and 17th May 1927, in succession on the grant of leave to Mr. P. L. Moore, C.L.S., I.C.S.

(3) Mr. C. T. Curran, C.L.S., I.C.S., from 16th May 1927, in succession on the grant of leave to Mr. P. L. Moore, C.L.S., I.C.S., and his appointment as a Member of the Board of Revenue, and the grant of leave to Mr. F. R. Evans, C.L.S., I.C.S.

### NOTIFICATION.

*Fort St. George, February 8, 1927.*

No. 45.—The following notification of the Government of India is republished:—

### LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

*New Delhi, 16th January 1927.*

No. P. 5-A-1927-A.—Correspondence.—In Legislative Department Notification No. P. 5-A-1927-A, dated 13th January 1927, for "Mr. H. Krishnaswamy Iyengar," read "Mr. R. Krishnaswamy."

**A. Y. G. CAMPBELL,**  
*Chief Secretary.*

## JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

### EXTENSION OF LEAVE.

*Fort St. George, February 4, 1927.*

No. 38.—Mr. G. S. P. Prasad, Superintendent of Police, has been granted by the High Commissioner for India, an extension of leave on half average pay for fourteen days.

## APPOINTMENT.

*Fort St. George, February 1, 1927.*

No. 37.—Mr. Arthur Reginald Seligman has been appointed as probationer to the Indian Police Service by the Secretary of State in Council, and has been assigned to the Madras Presidency. He reported himself for duty on the 16th November 1926.

The Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. Arthur Reginald Seligman to be an Assistant Superintendent of Police on probation with effect from the 16th November 1926.

## POSTINGS.

*Fort St. George, February 4, 1927.*

No. 36.—Mr. O. G. Woodhouse Adolphus, Deputy Superintendent of Police, Madras Presidency, is posted to Madras for training as Assistant to the Deputy Inspector-General of Police, Eastern Range, Railways and Criminal Investigation Department from the 16th February 1927 until Mr. A. H. H. Russell goes on leave and thereafter to be Assistant to the Deputy Inspector-General of Police, Railways and Criminal Investigation Department.

No. 35.—Mr. R. V. Srinivas Ayyangar Ayyangar, Acting Deputy Superintendent of Police, Karaikal division, is charged of Madras police division, vide Mr. O. G. Woodhouse Adolphus.

No. 34.—Gadai Prasad Nath Bahadur, on return from leave, is to temporary Deputy Superintendent of Police, Karaikal division, vide Mr. R. V. Srinivas Ayyangar Ayyangar.

**A. Y. G. CAMPBELL,**  
*Chief Secretary.*

## FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

### NOTIFICATIONS.

*Fort St. George, February 5, 1927.*

(G.O. No. 11, Finance)

No. 31.—The following shall be substituted for item 15 in rule 19 in Part 3 of the Madras Manual of Special Pay and Allowances issued with G.O. No. 106, Finance, dated 26th September 1921:

"15 The entire area of the Karaikal and South Pondicherry in Coimbatore District."

*Fort St. George, January 21, 1927.*

(G.O. No. 51, Finance)

No. 32.—In column of the paper enclosed by Fundamental Rule 42 and in pursuance of the provisions of Fundamental Rule 5 the Government along with the Madras Gazette that the following shall be inserted as a separate entry under the item relating to "Power to exercise the prerogative of an honourarium or fee from a source other than Government" in the table under Subsection Rule 5 in Fundamental Rule 42:—

Authority to whom the power is delegated. Amount of power delegated.

Director of Industries. To permit the staff of the Madras Trades School to receive an honorarium to be fixed by him for conducting outside examinations at the Madras Trades School, subject to the condition that the total amount does not exceed the honorarium available according to the provisions of the rules mentioned for these examinations.

**J. H. EDWARDS,**  
*Deputy Secretary to Government.*







returned to the Postmaster with as little delay as possible, the duplicate being retained in the Customs Department.

(4) The Postmaster shall then detain all parcels marked for detention in the manner indicated above, and shall allow the rest to go forward for delivery in accordance with payment of the duty marked on each parcel.

(5) As soon as the detained parcels are ready for examination, they shall be submitted together with the parcel bill to the Customs Appraisers, who after examining them and filling in details of contents of value as the parcel bills will note the rate and amount of duty assessed on the same. The remark "Examined" shall be entered by the Appraiser against the entry in the parcel bill relating to each parcel examined by him. The parcel bill shall then be submitted and returned to the Postmaster, the duplicate being retained in the Customs Department.

(7) All parcels required to be opened for Customs Examination shall be opened and after examination sealed by the Post Office Officials, and shall then be sealed by them with a distinctive seal. The parcels will remain throughout in the custody of the Post Office Officials, but it remains to the knowledge of the Appraiser of the loss of anything not packed that the parcels are damaged when a note thereof shall be made on the parcel bill.

(8) If on examination the contents of any parcel are found to be undervalued or the value understated or to consist of prohibited goods such parcels shall be detained, and reported to the Collector, and the Postmaster shall not allow such parcels to go forward without the Collector's order.

(9) The duties as assessed by the Customs Appraiser and noted on the parcel bill shall be remitted by the Post Office from the submitters at the time of delivery to them. The credit for the total amount of duty notified by the Customs Appraisers at the end of each bill shall be given by the Post Office to the Customs Department in accordance with the procedure notified between the two Departments from time to time.

(10) The parcel bills and other documents on which assessment is made shall remain in the custody of the Post Office, but the duplicates, where these are prepared, shall be kept in the Customs Department for dealing with claims for refunds, etc., and shall be preserved for three years.

The parcel bill shall show the following particulars—

(i) Number assigned by office of posting, (ii) name of office of posting, (iii) name of office of destination, (iv) weight of several parcels, (v) local value, (vi) amount as ascertained by the Customs, (vii) declared value in foreign currency, (viii) export value, (ix) rate of duty, (x) amount of duty, and (xi) remarks.

#### II. PARCEL PARCELS FROM FOREIGN PORTS IN FORM.

(12) Parcel parcels from foreign ports in India may be forwarded as ordinary mails to the Foreign Parcel Department at the General Post Office.

(13) The statement and other evidence purposes such parcels will be treated in the same manner as parcel parcels from foreign ports out of India, and the provisions prescribed in rules 2 to 12 above shall be followed.

These rules will come into force with effect from 1st March 1927.

#### TREASURY-TAX.

*For Delhi, the 15th January 1927.*

No. 3.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (5) of section 2 of the Indian Income-tax Act, 1922 (XI) of 1922, the Central Board of Revenue appoints the Assistant Commissioner of Income-tax, Circular Range, Madras, and the Commissioner of Income-tax, Madras Province, to perform all the functions of an Assistant Commissioner of Income-tax and Commissioner of Income-tax, respectively, in respect of all the employees of the Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway.

No. 2.—The following draft of article further amendments to the Indian Income-tax Rules, 1922, which the Central Board of Revenue proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 29 of the Indian Income-tax Act, 1922 (XI) of 1922, is published as required by sub-section (3) of the said section for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby, and notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 15th February 1927. Any objection or suggestion which may be received in respect of the said draft before the date specified will be considered by the said Board.

#### DEBT AMOUNTS.

In clause (c) of rule 25 of the said Rules—  
(1) is substituted (2) the words "when so ordered" shall be omitted.  
(2) In sub-clause (a) for the word "ordained" the word "charged" shall be substituted.

J. B. BROWN,

*Deputy Secretary to Government.*

The following letter No. T.M. 2-37-2515, dated Port St. George, the 15th January 1927, to all Treasury Officers and the Secretary and Treasurer, The Imperial Bank of India, Madras, is published:—

[Subject.—Use of books of Income-tax Return numbers.]

I have the honour to state that the Income-tax Officer, Military Circle, Lahore, has intimated to this office that he will begin the use of yellow coloured return books No. 42 with 25 numbers for issue of returns in favour of the Military office with effect from 20th January 1927.

I. The Sub-Treasury Officers in your district and the Agents at Branch Banks may kindly be notified of the above.

J. G. NIXON,  
*Assistant-General.*

#### (Ecclesiastical.)

#### APPOINTMENT.

*Port St. George, February 5, 1927.*

No. 24.—The Reverend W. J. Campbell, B.A., to act as Chaplain, St. Andrew's Church, Madras, from the absence of 24th February 1927 to the absence of 15th February 1927.

#### MARRIAGE LICENSE.

*Port St. George, January 11, 1927.*

No. 25.—Under section 6 of the Indian Christian Marriage Act, 1872, the Government sanction the issue of a license to the undersigned minister to solemnize marriages within the territorial limits

the administration of the Government of Madras, in accordance with the provisions of the said Act.—  
The Honorable Dugald Munn of the American Baptist Telugu Mission, residing at Kavel in the taluk of Kavel in the district of Nellore.

G. F. PEARCE,  
Secretary to Government.

## LAW DEPARTMENT. (General.)

### LEAVE.

*Fort St. George, February 3, 1927.*

No. 68.—M.R. By T. G. Ramaswami Ayyar, Assistant Judge, Court at Small Channa, Kumbakonam, leave on average pay for three days from the 3rd to 5th January 1927 inclusive, in continuation of the Christmas holidays, 1926.

No. 70.—M.R. By B. Govindan Rao Ayyar, Acting Subordinate Judge, leave on average pay on medical certificate for two months and a half from date of onset.

### APPOINTMENTS AND POSTINGS.

*Fort St. George, January 31, 1927.*

(With effect from the 26th February 1927.)

No. 71.—M.R. By S. Koteswarami Pillai Ayyar, Superintendent, District Jail, Coimbatore (previously), to be Superintendent, District Jail, Madras.

No. 72.—Mr. K. Ho, Acting Superintendent, District Jail, Palenkotiah, has done duty as Deputy Superintendent, Alipponai Jail, to be Superintendent, District Jail, Coimbatore (previously).

No. 73.—Mr. C. C. Behndal, Acting Deputy Superintendent, Alipponai Jail, to act as Superintendent, District Jail, Palenkotiah.

(With effect from date of joining.)

No. 74.—Lawrence Collingwood Gerrard, Judge, Central Jail, Channarayana, and Acting Judge at Jodhpur, Alipponai Jail, Bellary, to act as Deputy Superintendent, Alipponai Jail.

*Fort St. George, February 1, 1927.*

(With effect from the date of joining.)

No. 75.—Captain S. O. Crookenden, I.M.S., as his private *baggage* leave is posted as Superintendent, Central Jail, Vengalpet.

*Fort St. George, February 3, 1927.*

No. 76.—Under rule 12 (3) of the Madras Jail Manual, the Government are pleased to appoint Mr. C. E. Wood, as a non-official visitor to the prisons in the Madras City.

### WITHDRAWAL OF POWERS.

*Fort St. George, January 11, 1927.*

No. 77.—Under the provisions of section 41 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1908, the Governor in Council withdraws the powers of Special Magistrate for the areas specified opposite to their names enrolled in the undermentioned guidelines who have resigned their appointments:—

M.R. By Rao Subbarao S. Suryanarayana Prasad Rao Parthasarthy—Vengalpet taluk in the district of Vengalpet.

*Fort St. George, February 3, 1927.*

Scholar Ramaswami Prasad Rao—Tondur in the district of Adoni.

*Fort St. George, February 3, 1927.*

M.R. By, Theophrastus Rajagopal Acharyar Ayyar—Jura of Tiruvattiyur in the district of Chingleput.

### INVESTITURE OF POWERS.

*Fort St. George, January 31, 1927.*

No. 78.—Under section 32 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1908, Mr. F. Rajagopal, I.C.S., Subordinate Judge at Tiruvattiyur in the district of Bellary, is empowered to hear appeals from the sentences of second and third-class magistrates.

*Fort St. George, February 1, 1927.*

No. 79.—The Governor in Council is pleased to empower M.R. By Rao Subbarao Prasad Rao Parthasarthy, Special First-class Magistrate, in the district of Gungam, to take cognizance under clauses (a) and (b) of section 186 (1) of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1908, of the offences specified in clause (1) to (5) of rule 1 of the rules in Notification No. 137, dated the 12th August 1919, published at page 1506 and 1544 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 26th October 1926, and Notification No. 908, dated the 23rd October 1926, published at page 1242 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 24th October 1926, and Notification, dated the 26th January 1927, published at page 146 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 24th January 1927, and Notification No. 929, dated the 26th November 1925, published at page 2258 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 1st December 1925, within the limits of the jurisdiction of the Bench of Magistrates at Tiruvattiyur.

*Fort St. George, January 31, 1927.*

No. 80.—The Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the undermentioned guidelines to be Special Magistrates for the areas specified within the jurisdiction of the Bench of Magistrates at the places specified opposite to their names with the powers and subject to the terms and conditions specified in Notification No. 737, dated the 12th August 1919, published at pages 1546 and 1547 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette* of the 26th October 1926, as amended by Notification No. 909, dated the 23rd October 1926, published at page 1242 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 24th October 1926 and Notification, dated the 26th January 1927, published at page 146 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 24th January 1927, and Notification No. 929, dated the 26th November 1925, published at page 2258 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 1st December 1925:—

M.R. By, Arora Yellam Manaswami Madhavarao Kothari Madhavarao Ayyar—Arora in the district of North Arcot.

M.R. By, Madhava Lakshmi Sengal Ayyar—Vengalpet taluk in the district of Vengalpet.

*Fort St. George, February 1, 1927.*

M.R. By, Sengal Sankaran Parthasarthy Guruswami in the district of Gungam.

*Fort St. George, February 3, 1927.*

Syed Abdul Wahab Fakih Bahadur—Krishtnagiri in the district of Salem.

Abdul Aziz Sahib Khatib Ali Fakih Bahadur—Tiruvattiyur in the district of Tiruvattiyur.

M.R. By, Theophrastus Rajagopal Acharyar Ayyar—Tondur in the district of Tiruvattiyur.

*Fort St. George, January 31, 1927.*

No. 81.—Under section 32 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1908, the undermentioned officers in the districts specified opposite to their names are appointed to be Magistrates of the second class, and under section 37 they are invested with all the powers specified in the fourth schedule to persons which the Government may confer as a magistrate of that class except the powers to receive affidavits and to commit persons under section 164, to authorize the detention of arrested

proceeds in the vicinity of the Police under section 147 and to pass orders as to their attendance under section 148 (1), Criminal Procedure Code.

M.R. 29. G. Boregowan Chetty, Sub-Registrar—Kappilath—Wari Gudavaram.

Port St. George, February 3, 1927.

M.R. 30. K. Sankarappa Ayyar, Deputy Tahsildar and Sub-Registrar—Kari Gudavaram.

Port St. George, February 3, 1927.

No. 32.—Under section 14 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the undersigned Magistrate to be a Special Magistrate for the area comprised within the jurisdiction of the Bench of Magistrate at the place specified against his name, and to confer on him all the ordinary powers of a Magistrate of the first class and further to direct under section 15 (1) of the Code that he shall exercise these powers as a member of the Bench of Magistrate established for that area.

M.R. 31. Rao Subbamma Subbiah Reddi Chetty—Nelluru in the district of Nellore.

Port St. George, February 3, 1927.

No. 33.—Under section 142 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, as amended by Act XVIII and XXVIII of 1925, the Government hereby empower M.D. S. Thangavelu the Assistant Sessions Appraiser, Second class Magistrate in the district of Salem, to pass orders as to their attendance.

Port St. George, February 3, 1927.

No. 34.—Under section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, M.R. 32. Thillaiyandam Krishnaswami Sundaram Ayyangar, Deputy Tahsildar and Special class Magistrate in the district of Chingleput, is appointed to be a Magistrate of the second class and under section 15 he is empowered with all the powers conferred in the fourth schedule as powers which the Government may confer on a Magistrate of that class except the powers to record sentences and confer on a Magistrate under section 164 and to pass orders as to their attendance under section 147 (1), Criminal Procedure Code.

Port St. George, February 3, 1927.

No. 35.—Under section 14 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the Governor in Council is pleased to confer on M.R. 33. Rao Subbamma Venkata Ayyar Rao Padma Rao, a Special Magistrate for the area comprised within the jurisdiction of the Bench of Magistrate at Chingleput in the district of Guntur and further to direct under section 15 (1) of the Code that he shall exercise these powers as a member of the Bench of Magistrate established for that area.

Port St. George, February 3, 1927.

No. 36.—Under section 14 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the Governor in Council is pleased to confer on M.R. 34. Chinnappa Rangayya Chinnappa Rangayya, a Special Magistrate for the area comprised within the jurisdiction of the Bench of Magistrate at Tiruchirappalli in the district of South Arcot and to confer on him all the ordinary powers of a Magistrate of the second class and further to direct under section 15 (1) of the Code that he shall exercise these powers as a member of the Bench of Magistrate established for that area.

No. 37.—Under the provisions of section 14 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the Governor in Council is pleased to confer upon M.R. 35. Anandaram Ayyangar Subbaram Ayyangar, Sub-Registrar of Udumalpet Taluk, in the district of Tiruchirappalli, for the term of his appointment as

Sub-Registrar of Udumalpet Taluk, of the ordinary and additional powers of a Magistrate of the third class as are specified hereunder in respect to offences under sections 3 to 7, 1888, which may be committed within the limits of the town of Udumalpet in the district of Tiruchirappalli.

1. Ordinary Powers.—Schedule III of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, Section 4—Items 1 to 3, 14, 15 and 17 to 23.

2. Additional Powers.—Schedule IV of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898—Items 4 and 5 of the powers conferable by the Local Government on a Magistrate of the third class.

# NOTIFICATIONS.

Port St. George, January 28, 1927.

[G.O. No. 260, Law (General).]

No. 38.—In exercise of the powers conferred on them by sub-sections (1) and (3) of section 284 of the Chancery Act, 1925 (21 of 1925), the Local Government are hereby pleased to approve and authorize the by-laws made by the Baffly Chancery Authority in Appendix I (note of intention first) relating to the by-laws published with notification No. 200, dated the 19th July 1925, at pages 1545-51 of Part I of the Port St. George Gazette, dated the 4th August 1925, as amended hereunder.

## Amendment.

In item 3 of clause (3) of the said appendix for the words "as amended" the words "amended, too, three or four" shall be substituted.

Port St. George, January 31, 1927.

[G.O. No. 260, Law (General).]

No. 39.—Under section 4 of the Madras Civil Courts Act, Act III of 1925, as amended by Madras Act III of 1926, the Local Government, after consultation with the High Court, are pleased to direct that with effect from the 24th December 1926, the number of subordinate judges appointed in the sub-court, Chingleput in the Chingleput district shall be one.

Port St. George, January 31, 1927.

[G.O. No. 260, Law (General).]

No. 40.—Under section 4 of the Madras Civil Courts Act, Act III of 1925, as amended by Madras Act III of 1926, the Local Government, after consultation with the High Court, are pleased to direct that the number of district magistrates to be appointed in the District Magistrate's Court, Nagalla, in the Guntur district, shall be two with effect from the 15th February 1927.

Port St. George, January 31, 1927.

[G.O. No. 260, Law (General).]

No. 41.—Under section 4 of the Madras Civil Courts Act, Act III of 1925, as amended by Madras Act III of 1926, the Local Government, after consultation with the High Court, are pleased to direct that with effect from the date on which the office posted an additional sub-judge before above, the number of subordinate judges to be appointed in the Sub Court, Hapthandur in the East Godavari district, shall be two.

Port St. George, January 28, 1927.

[G.O. No. 260, Law (General).]

No. 42.—Whereas the system of Governmental in the Kachchery, under and of Government in the Kachchery under the Government of Madras has been applied for an order directing the preparation of a record of rights in respect of the above-mentioned villages and deposited Rs. 225 towards the expenses thereof, the Local Government in exercise of the powers conferred by section 164 (1) of the Madras District Land Act I of 1926, hereby direct the preparation

of a record of rights for the village of Gondoung and Gombodih by the same is charge of Revenue Settlements Party No. 1 or by any additional officer attached to the party hereby appointed to be a 'Revenue Officer' for the purpose.

The record of rights shall show—

- (1) the name of each landholder in the village;
- (2) the name of each ryot and the fact whether the ryot is or is not an occupancy ryot or where there is no ryot, the name of the occupant;
- (3) the survey numbers and subdivisions comprising the land held by the ryot (or occupant as the case may be) as shown in the survey maps of the village and the area of each survey number (or subdivision);
- (4) whether each survey number (or subdivision as the case may be) is wet, meadow, dry or garden land; if wet, whether single or double crop land;
- (5) the rent lawfully payable at the time when the record is prepared;
- (6) any rights lawfully incident to the holding;

and

- (7) the record of irrigation rights under section 164 (3) of the Madras Estates Land Act I of 1908.

Port St. George, February 3, 1927

[G.O. No. 338, Law (General)].

No. 95.—Whereas the President of the Teluk Road, nominated in the Temporary scheme, has applied for an order directing the survey and the preparation of a record of rights in respect of the villages of Nandippanam and Nagapohi situated in the Pudukottai district in the Pudukottai taluk of the same district and designated No. 4,193 towards the expenses thereof, the Local Government in exercise of the powers conferred by section 17 (a) of the Madras Survey and Boundary Act VIII of 1923 and by section 164 (1) of the Madras Estates Land Act I of 1908 hereby directs the survey of the villages under the provisions of the said Act VIII of 1923 and the preparation of a record of rights by the Special Assistant Settlement Officer of Pudukottai or any other officer attached to Revenue Settlements Party No. IV, hereby appointed to be a 'Revenue Officer' for the purpose.

The record of rights shall show—

- (1) the name of each landholder;
- (2) the name of each ryot and the fact whether the ryot is or is not an occupancy ryot, or where there is no ryot, the name of the occupant;
- (3) the survey numbers and subdivisions comprising the land held by the ryot (or occupant as the case may be) as shown in the survey maps of the village and the area of each survey number (or subdivision);
- (4) whether each survey number (or subdivision as the case may be) is wet, meadow, dry or garden land; if wet, whether single or double crop land;
- (5) the rent lawfully payable at the time when the record is prepared;
- (6) any rights lawfully incident to the holding;

and

- (7) the record of irrigation rights under section 164 (3) of the Madras Estates Land Act.

Port St. George, February 3, 1927

[G.O. No. 351, Law (General)].

No. 96.—Whereas one of the five landholders of the Chelapichandi estate in the Pudukottai taluk of the West Godavari district have applied for an order directing the survey and the preparation of a record of rights in respect of the estate and have deposited Rs. 2,710 towards the expenses thereof, the Local Government in exercise of the powers conferred by section 17 (a) of the Madras Survey and Boundary Act VIII of 1923 and by section 164 (1) of the Madras Estates Land Act I of 1908 hereby directs the survey of the village under the provisions of the said Act VIII of 1923 and the preparation of a record of rights by the officer in

charge of Revenue Settlements Party No. I or by any additional officer attached to the party hereby appointed to be a 'Revenue Officer' for the purpose.

The record of rights shall show—

- (1) the name of each landholder in the estate;
- (2) the name of each ryot and the fact whether the ryot is or is not an occupancy ryot or where there is no ryot, the name of the occupant;
- (3) the survey numbers and subdivisions comprising the land held by the ryot (or occupant as the case may be) as shown in the survey maps of the estate and the area of each survey number (or subdivision);
- (4) whether each survey number (or subdivision as the case may be) is wet, meadow, dry or garden land; if wet, whether single or double crop land;
- (5) the rent lawfully payable at the time when the record is prepared;
- (6) any rights lawfully incident to the holding;

and

- (7) the record of irrigation rights under section 164 (3) of the Madras Estates Land Act.

Port St. George, February 1, 1927.

No. 97.—The following names of soldiers, who have been granted a gratuity by the Madras Government in accordance with the rules made under section 144 (3) of the Indian Companies Act, 1919, are published for general information:—

- (1) Name, Mr. E. G. Curran, a.m.; address, No. 48, Madhav Street, Vepery, Madras, retired or unretired, unretired; permanent or temporary, permanent.
- (2) Name, M.R.Sy. K. V. Lakshman Pan, a.m.; address, Avenue Road, Chank, Bangalore City; retired or unretired, unretired; permanent or temporary, permanent.

Port St. George, January 29, 1927

[G.O. No. 359, Law (General)].

No. 1.—The following publication of the Government of India is republished:—

#### HOME DEPARTMENT.

##### Journal.

No. 846, 16, 15th January 1927

No. F. 50741.—In the report of the Home Department, Resolution No. 126-126-Polished, dated the 2nd June 1925, in exercise of the 19th October 1925, regarding the revision of deeds, contracts and other instruments on behalf of His Majesty's Secretary of State for India in Council, which was published with the Home Department, Resolution No. F. 507, 15th January, dated the 15th October 1925, the words 'By the Government of India, 1925' and 'By the Government of India, 1925' and 'By the Government of India, 1925' occurring in the 1st, 2nd and 3rd of part II of the said Resolution and 'By the Government of India, 1925' occurring in the 4th of the said Resolution are hereby

Y. T. KRISHNAIA ACHARYA,  
Secretary to Government.

#### (Registration.)

##### LEAVE.

Port St. George, February 5, 1927.

No. 2.—Under rule 31 of the Pudukottai Rules, M.R. by T. Rajagopal Nayar A.M.B., Registrar of Assurances, Teluk, in exercise of powers conferred by section 164 of the Madras Estates Land Act, 1908, hereby directs the survey of the village under the provisions of the said Act VIII of 1923 and the preparation of a record of rights by the officer in













Port St. George, January 31, 1927.

The following resolutions of the Government of India is published:—

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION, HEALTH AND LAMIC.

ORDINANCE

For Enact, the 12th January 1927.

NO. 24.—The following papers are published for general information:—

(i)

MEMORANDA ON THE POSITION OF INDIANS IN THE COLONIES SUBMITTED TO THE COLONIAL OFFICE BY THE GOVERNMENT COMMITTEE APPOINTED BY THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

1.—MEMORANDUM

The Indian Franchise in Fiji.

Present position.—In their reply dated 19th March 1926 to the Fiji Department, the Government of India, on the advice of a Committee of the Indian Legislative Council, asked the Government of Fiji to give a general guarantee by Ordinance, with the approval of the Secretary of State for the Colonies, that the persons of Indian immigrants in their new homes would in all respects be equal to that of any other class of His Majesty's subjects resident in Fiji. The Government of Fiji, after full discussion with the elected members of the Legislative Council and representatives of the General Council of Fathani, expressed their willingness to give the guarantee asked for. A draft Ordinance purporting to give effect to this undertaking was submitted by the Government of Fiji to the Colonial Office in 1925, but the Government of India pointed out certain ambiguities in the draft and asked that the matter should be held in abeyance pending the view of the Indian Department in Fiji.

2. Question of Indian political status.—The Colonial Committee are interested in the first instance to discuss with the Colonial Office the measures necessary in order to apply to the enfranchisement of Indians the principle of equality of status which has been accepted by the Colonial Government.

Under the Letters Patent of Fiji, the qualifications of electors are as follows. An elector must be—

- (1) of European descent or, being the son or legal descendant of a European father, able to read, write, and speak the English language;
- (2) a British subject by birth or naturalization;
- (3) aged 21 or upwards;
- (4) continuously resident in Fiji for 12 months;

and

(5) possessed either of property of the net yearly value of £25, or of a net annual income of not less than £100.

The Legislative Council at present consists of 15 nominated officials, seven elected ex-officio Europeans, and two natives selected from a panel chosen by the General Council of Native Chiefs. Provision is made for the appointment of one non-official nominated member, but it is understood that the Indian nominated in this manner has resigned. The Fiji Government has proposed to amend the Letters Patent so as to provide for the election of two Indian members on a nominated basis, without prejudice to such further representation as may be accorded to Indians as a result of the recommendations of the Colonial Committee. The Government of India have, however, asked that the amendment of the Constitution on these lines should be deferred pending discussion with the Committee, as the grounds that they are proper reasons to recommend franchise and that the proposed representation of Indians is in any case inadequate.

3. Objections to colonial franchise.—It is true that the Indian representative recommended the principle of

universal representation, but this was only advanced as a more or less temporary expedient, and subject to reconsideration if any development towards responsible Government should occur. They also made it clear that a criterion of their recommendation was that such representation should be accorded as a necessary basis on equal number of votes. In reply to the questions of the Indian Department regarding their willingness to accept full equality of votes to Indians, the Fiji Government stated in the forefront of the possible difficulties connected with the question the position of the Fijian Trusts under the Deed of Cession. Under that deed Fiji was ceded as a possession and dependency of the British Crown, subject to a condition among others, that the rights and interests of the High Chiefs should be recognized so far as is consistent with British sovereignty and the Colonial form of Government. The Colonial Committee appreciate that this implies that these interests must be maintained, and have no desire to question this. But the elective representation as the Legislative Council at present enjoyed by the European community is presumably regarded as not inconsistent with the terms of the Deed of Cession, and it was hardly to be argued that the grant of a similar status to their Indian fellow subjects would infringe those terms.

4. Colonial electoral roll amended.—Certain franchise as applied in Colonies where Indians do not form a minority community is regarded in India as a system which is intended to assign an inferior status to Indians as compared with their British fellow-subjects, and to limit the growth of their political influence in the Colony.

The Committee do not ask for any special franchise qualifications for Indians. They are prepared to accept the qualifications for electors prescribed in the Letters Patent of 1914, subject only to the removal of sub-class 1 of section 10 as to which the recent amendments applied to Indian British subjects, and so as to include the literary qualifications for electors recommended in 1925 by the Native Committee. With regard to nomination, they suggest that in order that the number of qualified Indians may not be unduly restricted, some relaxation in the property qualification prescribed in the Letters Patent might be considered, and they agree with the Indian Department that the qualifying test in English for candidature should be the same for Indians as for Europeans, and that it would be more satisfactory if the matter were left to the discretion of the Governor rather than that of the Agent-General of Immigration. The Committee recognize that the result of this measure might be that the number of Indians qualified for nomination as electors will be too small to enable them to secure even a single Indian representative on the Council. This difficulty will no doubt disappear as time as the full effects of the abolition of the system of indentured labour on the economic prosperity of the community make themselves felt. In the meanwhile some special arrangement to protect Indian interests during the transition period will be necessary, and the Committee suggest that the most suitable way of securing this object would be by the reservation of a certain number of seats on the Council for Indian nomination. They suggest that a measure of that sort should be reserved for Indians until such time as experience shows that the Indian electorate is strong enough to secure adequate representation for itself without special protection.

5. General representation on basis of equality.—In the event of this solution being regarded as unworkable, the Committee consider that the representation suggested by the Government of Fiji is inconsistent with the principle of equality of citizenship between Europeans and Indians which was accepted by His Majesty's Government when

they attended to the Education of the Imperial Conference of 1901. There were in the Colony at the last census 53,434 Indians as against 5,075 Europeans. The Committee do not know the value of property owned by the respective communities or the amount of taxation which they pay, but it is asserted that the Indians held a total of 44,378 acres of land and possess about 20,000 head of stock. As the chief labour force in the Islands they are playing a part which is essential to the prosperity of the Colony. In these circumstances, the proposal of the Indian Deputation that, if communal franchise is adopted, equal representation should be accorded to the European and Indian communities appears to the Committee to be fully justified. The Colonial Committee submit that the importance of the Indian Community is not adequately represented by the number of seats which it is proposed to allot to them, and that an amendment which does not accord to the Indian community an equal number of seats to the European community in the Legislative Council is not commensurate with the fact already asserted to be the one-third European community can be regarded as inconsistent with the principle of equality of status.

#### II.—THE KENYATTA FRANCHISE.

K. The Indian Deputation in Fiji have recommended the proposal under the existing amended Act, and made proposals with a view to modifying the Indian provisions. The main grievance is that the manner under the amended Ordinance of 1905 of the words "and who can read, write and speak the English language," as section 30 of the Municipal Institutions Ordinance, 1905, as a qualification for electors has had the effect of depriving the Indian population of Suva, which is more than twice as large as the European population, of all representation on the Municipal Council. The Indian Deputation understood that the language qualification, which corresponds with that required from electors for the Legislative Council, was introduced because the administrators of the Suva Municipality were at that time unsatisfactory, and it was feared that in the absence of any educational qualifications for electors the Municipal Council had fallen into the hands of the vicious class of Fijians, Polynesians, East Indians and half-breeds, and that prominent citizens would not offer themselves as candidates for election. The Committee appreciate the dangers of placing the ultimate power in the hands of a largely illiterate electorate, and do not go so far as the Indian Deputation which advocated the entire abolition of the educational qualification. They have, however, no doubt that the Secretary of State for the colonies will agree that a measure which has resulted in the virtual extinction of Indian representation on the municipal council for the last six years goes too far and requires some modification. As in the case of the Legislative Council they charged that the system of a single educational test in various Indian vernaculars as well as in English, recommended in 1901 by the Deane Commission, should be given a trial, and that an amendment of these laws, while abating the consequences against which the amended Act of 1905 was intended to guard, would be a measure of justice to the Indian population. The Committee also agree with the Indian Deputation, that in order to afford the Indian community an opportunity of removing some of their own ill-effects to the municipal council, it is desirable that the ward system should be introduced in the Suva Municipality under the powers already vested in the Government under section 5 (3) of the Ordinance of 1905. The abolition of these two measures would place the Indian community in a position to vacillate their grievances in matters of municipal administration and to take a share in remedying them.

#### (B) HUMANITARIAN.

##### Fiji Poll Tax.

The Poll Tax Ordinance—The Fiji Residential Tax Ordinance was passed in July 1903. Under this Ordinance all male persons between the ages of 18 and 40, other than Fijians and Europeans, resident in the Colony on 1st January 1904, and in subsequent years, are liable to pay a tax of not more than £1 as the Legislative Council may from time to time determine by resolution. Legally, landless, previously-landless persons, young and old, including widows, or widowers, and any other persons or class of persons deemed by the Governor are exempt from this tax. Under this law, however, the Governor has exempted from the tax persons having fee dependent children under the age of 18. For the purposes of this tax every person in the island to whom the Ordinance applies was required to register themselves within two months. At the time when the Ordinance was under consideration the Indian community were represented by one nominated member only on the Legislative Council. As soon as the Ordinance was passed, he resigned on the ground that it would be most harmful to Indians. Both before and after the passage of the Ordinance, some meetings of Indians were held to protest against its provisions. The Government of India supported their representations. In January 1904 an Indian Deputation waited on His Excellency the Governor in order to submit their grievances against the Act and appeal for relief. The Act has, now here, brought into force, and the Governor reported last March that negotiation was proceeding amicably. The rate of the tax for 1904 has been fixed at £1 per head.

2. The Official view of the Ordinance.—The Government has publicly explained that the tax was imposed because there was a real necessity for more taxation. He pointed out that Europeans pay it in addition to the income-tax which most of them have to pay. Fijians are exempted because they already pay direct taxes amounting to about 10s. per head per annum. He did not believe that Indians were so poor as was sometimes represented. He reminded Indians of the objects at which it was proposed to spend the proceeds of the tax. The Government intended, for instance, to build a hospital and to make arrangements for training Indian medical students.

3. The Indian view against the Ordinance.—The Colonial Committee wish to represent that the view that Indians are well able to pay this tax is in direct conflict with the view taken by the Indian Deputation in Fiji. It is understood that the revenue of the colony is largely raised by indirect taxation, in which Indians in view of their numbers must contribute a substantial share. It is unusual to estimate the contribution of the Indian classes to the public revenue of any colony solely by the amount of direct taxation that they pay. The Committee admit, however, that that it is in substance that a tax, which must be paid equally whether on Indians of the working class, was imposed by a Council in which the Indian community alone had no adequate representation. That the proposal to extend to Indians a certain measure of self representation was postponed on the motion of the Government of India does not alter the fact that in this case taxation was imposed without representation and in face of the strenuous opposition of the community directly affected. For these reasons the Committee urge that this tax should be withdrawn, and that some other system of raising revenue, less oppressive to the Indian community, should be tried. If, however, it is decided to maintain the Ordinance the Committee wish to suggest that the amount of the tax should be paid in accordance with the means of the payer, that

occupations either in whole or in part should be provided for so as to make allowance for all infants and children under education and for the aged dependents, and that the maximum age of 40, which is a great age for an Indian labourer, should be retained.

(V) MEMORANDUM

*Appointment of an Agent of the Government of India in Fiji*

The Colonies Committee are instructed by the Government of India to work the memorandum of the Right Hon. the Secretary of State for the Colonies to the immediate appointment by the Government-General in Council of an Agent in Fiji under the terms of section 7 of the Indian Migration Act (VII of 1925). The functions of this office are defined in Rule 26 of the Indian Migration Rules, 1925. These rules were, it is understood, presented by the Government of India after previous consultation with the Indian Office and the Colonial Office, and it is not therefore anticipated that any difficulties will be raised regarding the definition of the Agent's duties, as those set out. It will be observed that the duties of the Agent are not confined to looking after the interests of Indians who have emigrated to the Colony under the provisions of one of the Indian Migration Acts, but extend to keeping the Government of India supplied with correct information regarding the welfare and status of the Indian community generally. The Committee are glad to receive this latter point, more in the absence of full official information, inaccurate reports regarding the state of affairs in Fiji are liable to be disseminated in India, and it is always difficult, if time is allowed to elapse, to remove a false impression when once it has obtained currency. It should be remembered that the Government of India are unable to detach themselves of responsibility for the welfare of Indians in Crown Colonies particularly so long as they have not secured adequate representation in the Colonial Legislatures Council as a footing of equality with all other classes of His Majesty's subjects.

2. If this representation, which would be of a permanent nature, is not at present acceptable, the Colonies Committee are instructed strongly to urge the desirability of promoting a representative of the Government of India to proceed to Fiji and to report on the present position. In putting forward this proposal the Government of India have expressed the hope that it would be useful in creating a better atmosphere for the satisfactory settlement of outstanding questions, in dispelling misunderstandings, and in enabling them to discuss questions in the Legislature dealing with domestic or interstate press accounts of events in the Colony.

(III)

Letter from the Colonial Office to THE GOVT. OFFICE, No. 2167/26, dated 17th March 1925

I am directed to state for the information of the Earl of Bitham, that Mr. Amery has now completed the examination of the various questions relating to the position of the Indians in Fiji, which were discussed in a meeting between the Committee appointed by the Government of India to consider the position of Indians in the Colonies, and representatives of the Colonial Office, on the 21st July last. The views of the Committee as set forth in the memorandum furnished by them, and as amplified at the end of the discussion above referred to, have been most carefully considered, and I am to request that the following reply may be conveyed to the Government of India.

I am to explain that some delay in dealing with the matter irretrievably occurred owing to the recent change of Government in the country. Mr. Amery's predecessor, owing to his visit to South

Africa did not have time to arrive at a final decision before he left Office, and the questions involved are of such importance and difficulty that it has not been possible for Mr. Amery to state at an earlier date the conclusions which he has reached on the various points raised.

3. To take in order the subjects which were dealt with by the Committee—

(1) Indian franchise in connection with the election of members of the Legislative Council.

Mr. Amery has given the most careful consideration to the representations made by the Committee orally and in writing, and it is his earnest desire that a solution shall be reached (it shall be fair to all three communities and that shall be generally accepted as a just settlement. As, however, we accepted by the representatives of the Office at their discussion with the Committee, and as related it appears from the Committee's memorandum on the subject of the franchise, the members of the Committee themselves make, the position of the British Government in Fiji is governed by the Dard of Council by the Right Chief under which Her Majesty's Government undertake to maintain the principles of democracy, the discharge of which forms the first obligation of the Government in all matters relating to the Colony and its administration. The circumstances of Fiji, and in particular the nature of the organization of the various institutions and the position in which the Crown stands to them, are such as to make it impossible in Mr. Amery's opinion to arrange for the representation of the three sections of the population on the Legislative Council by means of a general franchise, and after giving the matter his most careful thought, he has reached the conclusion that the only way in which justice can be made for each representation, is by the adoption of the reserved franchise.

On this basis Mr. Amery is prepared to approve the alterations of the Constitution of the Legislative Council so as to provide three seats for elected representatives of the Indian community which in all the circumstances he regards as affording an adequate representation. It is proposed that the Indian representatives should be mutually nominated to three. The Secretary of State further proposes that the number of European nominated members should be reduced by one so that they will not have a majority over the Indian and Fijian representatives. It is understood that the members of the Committee were agreed that the official majority must be retained and the number of official members will be increased accordingly to preserve the necessary majority.

In connection with the question of Indian representation, a further special consideration, and one to which the Secretary of State is inclined to think that not sufficient weight has been given, arises from the fact that a very large proportion of the Indian residents in Fiji are entitled to representation in India at the cost of the Fiji Government. Of the total Indian population in the Colony estimated at about 40,000 it is estimated that approximately 20,000 are entitled to representation in India at the cost of the Fiji Government. In addition there are approximately 3,000 Indians imprisoned during 1915 and 1916 who will be exempt of tax because not entitled to this privilege.

A considerable time must necessarily elapse before the election of three Indian members can take place, as the work of framing electoral regulations, electing rolls and arranging election machinery will occupy at least a year. The present Council seems to be so well in the normal course towards the close of next year, and even if all steps possible were taken to expedite the first election, the next election would only be held a short time after, unless the existing Council were prematurely dissolved. In all the circumstances, the Secretary of State would

propose that the new arrangements should be brought into force at the time of the next General Election; but in the meantime he would be prepared to agree to a temporary arrangement under which the interval before the next General Election would be provided for by the appointment of three Indians as one of the temporary appointments of the Eastern District would be effected, if such an arrangement commended itself to the Government of India and was acceptable to the local Government.

(3) *Medical Service*.—This is a question of local concern, and it is not thought that it raises any fundamental difficulties. The matter is being referred to the Colonial Government for their sympathetic consideration, and it is proposed that it should be considered on the first instance, by a local Committee, in which the Indian community should be adequately represented.

(4) *Additional Tax*.—Apart from the statutory exemption duty, power is given under the Ordinance, to the Governor to exempt from the payment of the tax, either in whole or in part, any person or class of persons, and as a matter of fact out of the 18,467 Indians liable to pay the last year, a total number of 3,000 were exempted; of these exemptions 1,476 were on account of the dependency of not less than three widows under taxable age, 346 for physical infirmity, while 17 were students over 18 years of age. Further it is known that, as soon as full reports from the Revenue Officer are received the Governor proposes to reconsider the question of granting further exemptions in the light of the first year's working of the law.

(5) *Appointment of an Agent of the Government of India in Fiji*.—The Secretary of State consented that such an appointment is desirable, and is the preference of the Indians themselves. He considers that when the time comes to elect representatives of the Indians in Fiji to the Legislative Council, the Indians will have ample means of securing the adequate consideration and discussion of their views and interests without the intervention of the Government of India; and that it is to their own representatives and not to the agent of another Government that they should look to express their point of view, and to defend their interests. The Colonial Government will however invite the Legislative Council to provide the funds necessary for the appointment of a person whose duty is to take charge of Indian affairs with a view to the Legislative Council. And further, in order that reliable information as to the present resources available to the Indians may be available, it is proposed that a Committee should be immediately appointed on which the Indian community should be represented, to enquire into the facts and report their findings to the Colonial Government, who would publish the report and forward copies to the Government of India.

Pending the appointment of the proposed Committee, the following facts with regard to the present position of the Indians in Fiji will be of interest to the Government of India.

(a) *Land Revenue*.—The Indian population is now estimated at 63,368. Since 1913 Census to the end of 1914 7,560 births and 1,360 deaths have been recorded. The sex proportion is also reported to be steadily improving.

(b) *Employment*.—Of Indians employed in the Colony, only a minority are now employed as labourers on estates. Nearly one-half are peasant cultivators who earn their living by cultivating their holdings, a proportion of whom only accept paid employment as agricultural labourers on sugar and other estates when not engaged on their own account. There are, in addition, a large number of Indians employed as artisans and skilled labourers.

(c) *Financial position*.—There were 680 Indian savings bank deposits in 1914 with deposits exceeding £24,000, compared with 189 in 1912

with deposits of £16,000 and £90 in 1910 with deposits of £5,800. Speculations were in India by Indians registered in 1914 to one ship alone amounted to £13,350. There were 172 Indian motor car owners in the Colony in 1914, compared with 34 in 1911. 1,370 licences were issued to Indian street-vendors in the next decade in 1914, as compared with 1,100 in 1910 and 470 in 1910. The money paid in 1914 for insurance goods for 317,000 tons of new cargo was £146,000 in 1914, and it is estimated that £2,074,000 will be paid to 3,000 grocers for 207,000 tons in 1925. The Colonial Sugar Refining Company has stabilised the price of 14/- per ton plus 2/6 for sugar purchased in 1914 and the three following years and the announcement of this guarantee has proved a great incentive to Indian planters. £21,000 has been paid by the Government to Indian grocers for partly from 1912-1913 inclusive, and it is estimated that the sum to be paid in 1915 will amount to £7,000. In addition there is a considerable private sale of poultry and eggs. £8,000 was paid to Indian grocers for rice in 1914, and it is estimated that £20,000 will be paid for the 1924 crop. Indian farmers in the neighbourhood of Suva and Nadi also obtain a considerable income from plantations of bananas, pineapples and Neri. The average weekly wages of Indian artisans are as follows:—

	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.
Carpenter and Cabinet maker ..	8	10	0	6	6	8
Blacksmith ..	2	8	0	10	4	0
Foot grinder and Shingler ..	8	0	0	8	0	0
Welder ..	8	10	0			
Painter ..	1	10	0			

*Education*.—In addition to the Government School established especially for Indians, 25 Indian schools now receive a Government grant, and there are 35 registered private schools.

*Medical*.—Indians are given free medical treatment at all hospitals and dispensaries throughout the Colony, including native hospitals. The construction of a hospital hospital at Lautoka is proceeding rapidly, and the training of Indian students at Suva for medical work will result shortly in the appointment of Indian medical practitioners.

### (III)

LETTER FROM THE INDIA OFFICE, LONDON, TO THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION, BOMBAY AND LUCKNOW, No. E. & O. 1796/25, DATED THE 26th MARCH 1925.

*Indians in Fiji*.—Colonial Office reply to representations of the Indian Committee.

I am directed by the Secretary of State for India to transmit to you, for the papers before on the above subject.

From Colonial Office, 26th March, 1925.

### (IV)

LETTER FROM THE INDIA OFFICE, LONDON, TO THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION, BOMBAY AND LUCKNOW, No. E. & O. 1796/25, DATED THE 26th MARCH 1925.

*Indians in Fiji*.—Colonial Office reply to representations of the Indian Committee.

With reference to the letter from this Office, No. E. & O. 1796/25, dated 26th March, on the above subject I am directed by the Secretary of State for India to transmit to you, for the papers before on the above subject, the following information:—

I am to request that the Secretary of State may be informed of the Government of India's decision as to the publication of all or part of the information and of the prospective date of such publication as early as possible to enable the Colonial Office

to inform the Government of Fiji with a view to simultaneous publication in the Colony if desired.

## (V)

TRANSMITTED FROM YOURS, DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION, HONOURABLE AND JUSTICE, TO SECRETARY OF STATE FOR INDIA, DATED 23RD JUNE 1925.

Subject is Fiji. Having considered reply of the Colonial Office to the representations made by the Colonies Committee, copy of which accompanied India Office letter, dated April 2nd, our views are as follows:—

1. As regards political franchise we do not consider that extension of a representative would be adequate for the Indian community. We do not think that law representation offered is justified by argument that nearly 82,000 of the present Indian population may go back to their own country. It is not likely that anything approaching that number is likely to leave Fiji permanently. As a matter of fact from July 1923 to January of the present year the average number emigrated annually was 1,100 and this is more than counterbalanced by the average annual increase in the Indian population by means of births over deaths. There is therefore some reason to anticipate that the figure of the Indian population will increase beyond what it is at present and, in any case, should there be an unexpected exodus of Indians the number remaining would greatly exceed the number of Europeans. It appears to us that whether on the basis of numerical strength or on the criterion which was suggested by our deputations Indians should have the right to elect the Legislative Council representatives equal in number to those of the Europeans. We would accordingly like any request for the grant of equal representation to be amended.

2. We are in agreement with the action which the Colonial Office and the Local Authorities contemplate regarding municipal franchise and judicial law.

3. Although the proposal for appointment of an officer with special duty of watching interests of the Indians is welcome, we cannot regard such appointment as being as suitable for the purpose as appointment of an own agent. The needs and aspirations of the Indians in the Colony require sympathetic interpretation and understanding and could not be approached by an officer of the Colonial Government unless possessed of special Indian experience. Nor are Indian members of the local Council adequate substitutes for Agent and each time as representation and education of the community improves, as more of them could find the time to devote consistently and intimately to work with the needs of the community. Although Indians are largely present in the Legislative Council of Ceylon there has been no suggestion that one agent there should be withdrawn. For these reasons, we think it would be a strong asset in the local Government in coming towards a fuller understanding of the requirements of the Indian community, and in smoothing difficulties, through its better knowledge of the needs and habits of the people, and in preserving the necessities which are at present liable to occur in this country through the difficulty of obtaining authoritative and prompt information regarding progress of events in Fiji. However, if the suggestion of the Colonial Office to appoint a permanent agent was maintained, it would satisfy us if a representative is allowed to visit the Colony periodically for the purpose of reporting on the condition of the Indians.

4. We consider that at the present time the publication of text or substance of letter from Colonial Office, dated 23rd March, would expose the proposals under discussion to adverse criticism in India

and endanger the prospects of a satisfactory issue of the negotiations now proceeding. We should accordingly prefer that at present there should be no publicity.

## (VI)

LETTER FROM THE INDIA OFFICE, TO THE COLONIAL OFFICE, No. E. & O. 4175/25, DATED 27TH JULY 1925.

With reference to your letter of 26th March 1925, No. 2147/25, in regard to various questions relating to the position of Indians in Fiji, and the letter from the Office of 2nd April 1925, No. E. & O. 1785/25, I am directed by the Earl of Bessborough to transmit to the informants of Mr. Secretary Amery, copy of a telegram received from the Government of India showing certain observations on these questions.

Lord Bessborough would be glad to be informed in due season what reply should be made to the Government of India's several suggestions as to the subjects of the political franchise and the appointment of an Agent in Fiji.

It will be observed that the Government of India suggest that they should be permitted to send representatives from time to time to report on the condition of Indians in the Colony, if the appointment of a permanent Agent cannot be granted.

## (VII)

LETTER FROM THE COLONIAL OFFICE, TO THE INDIA OFFICE, No. 28142/25, DATED 28TH MARCH 1926.

I am directed by Mr. Secretary Amery to refer to your letter No. E. & O. 4175/25, of the 27th July last, relating to the position of Indians in Fiji, and to request you to inform the Earl of Bessborough that the proposals for Indian representation in the Legislative Council as Fiji remained in the letter from the Department, No. 2147/25, of the 26th of March last were made after very careful consideration, and in agreement with the Government of Fiji, and that though Mr. Amery has fully reconsidered these proposals in consultation with that Government he sees no reason to modify them at the present juncture.

2. The proposal for the appointment of a permanent Agent in Fiji of the Government of India has also been reviewed but Mr. Amery feels himself unable to depart from the opinion that such an appointment is unnecessary. It would involve either an objection to occasional visits to the Colony of authorized representatives of the Government of India to consider and report upon specific questions of interest to that Government. If and when such a visit was to be made it would be expected that a copy of the report, or at least the general nature of it, would be communicated by the representative to the Governor of Fiji before the representative left the Colony, and given to the submission to the Government of India.

3. The question of the desirability of the addition to the Fiji Government Service of an officer possessed of special Indian experience and language qualifications, who will be expected to act as a special adviser to the Governor on matters affecting the Indians as Fiji is receiving assimilation, and it has been suggested that a suitable officer for such an appointment might be available amongst retired officers of the Indian Civil Service. It is to be noted that the appointment should be made for a term of five years, with salary at the rate of £1,500 per annum, free purely furnished quarters being provided. I am to enquire whether the Earl of Bessborough sees any way to recommend a retired officer of the Indian Civil Service who might be

proposed to the Government of Fiji for such an appointment, in the event of success.

With regard to the appointment of a Committee to inquire into the present economic condition of Indians in Fiji the Secretary has agreed that in his view it will be desirable to defer the appointment of such a Committee until the proposed appeal officer to take charge of Indian affairs has been nominated to the Colony for a period of six or eight months at least.

#### (VII.)

LETTER FROM THE INDIA OFFICE, TO THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION, HEALTH AND LABOUR, No. E. 1343/19, DATED THE 5TH MARCH 1928

#### *Position of the Indian community in Fiji.*

I am directed by the Secretary of State for India in Council to refer to the telegram from the Secretary the Viceroy, dated 11th July 1925, No. 134-3, on the above subject.

1. The Colonial Office has stated that Mr. Denry was prepared to approve an admission of the constitution of the Fiji Legislative Council, whereby three seats would be provided for elected representatives of the Indian community, Indian representatives being similarly provided to three, the number of the European members being retained from seven to six, and the number of official members being increased so as to preserve the official majority. As regard to the question of appointing an agent of the Government of India, the Colonial Office were unable to agree that such an appointment is desirable.

2. In the Secretary the Viceroy's telegram of 11th July, the Government of India received their request that the number of Indian representatives should be equal to that of the unfranchised Europeans. As no objection to the appointment of a permanent agent, they stated that they would be pleased if they were allowed to depute a representative to visit the colony periodically for the purpose of reporting on the condition of the resident Indians.

3. The Secretary of State acknowledged this telegram to the Colonial Office with reference to these outstanding points and I am now to enclose copy of a reply dated 21st March 1928, which has been received from the Colonial Office. It will be seen that Mr. Denry does not intend to modify his proposals in regard to Indian representation on the Legislative Council at the present juncture. He would offer no objection to continued visits of authorized representatives of the Government of India to the Colony to examine and report upon specific questions of interest to the Government of India; or the removal of such a visit it would be expected that a copy of the report, or at least the principal findings of it, would be communicated to the Government of India. He would not object to the Colony or authorized his agent to the Government of India.

4. The present correspondence regarding the franchise and other matters relating to the position of Indians in Fiji arose from the representations made by the Colonies Committee to the Colonial Office in 1925. The proposals made by the Colonial Office as a result of the representations of the Committee are quite independent of the question of the representation of Indians in Fiji, and it is understood that the latter question lies, at any rate for the time being, beyond.

5. This being the case, the Secretary of State concludes that a welcome opportunity of improving the position of Indians in Fiji is offered by the Colonial Office policy in regard to the franchise, the principle of universal vote of a representative of the Government of India, and the other important matters affecting their welfare which were dealt with in the Colonial Office letter of 21st March 1928. This policy, apart from its other aspects, would effect a material improvement in the political

status of Indians by giving them three out of twelve seats on the Legislative Council, in which only one Indian seat is at present provided for. The Earl of Bunsford, regarding these results of the action taken by the Colonies Committee in 1925 as a matter for congratulation, and he hopes that the Government of India will now agree that the efforts made should be accepted. He feels strongly that it would be undesirable, by forcing again for additional amendments, to cause further delay in giving effect to the policy and leave a risk of its not being adopted. In his view the conclusions now offered afford a reasonable basis of agreement, and he would not feel justified in suggesting a *diva ad hoc* further amendments.

6. It will be observed that paragraph 3 of the Colonial Office letter of 5th March states that consideration is being given to the question of the extension to the Fiji Government service of an officer qualified to act as a special adviser to the Government on matters affecting Indians. The Secretary of State would be glad to be able to recommend a retired officer of the Indian Civil Service for this appointment, in the event of its creation, and I am to enquire whether the Government of India are able to suggest the names of any retired officers whose experience as the Service would qualify them for such a post and one of whom might be recommended.

7. It is desired by the Colonial Office to initiate the whole of the text of their letter of 21st March 1928, for publication as soon as possible, and it is presumed that the Government of India are so objective to this course.

#### (IX.)

LETTER FROM THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION, HEALTH AND LABOUR, TO THE INDIA OFFICE, No. H-10, DATED THE 5TH MAY 1928.

#### *Position of the Indian community in Fiji.*

I am directed to acknowledge the receipt of Mr. Turner's letter No. K & G-1341/28, dated the 21st March 1928, which gives cover to a letter from the Colonial Office dated the 5th March 1928, containing the final views of the Secretary of State for the Colonies in regard to certain outstanding matters affecting the position of Indians in Fiji. Mr. Turner's letter also contains the observations of the Secretary of State for India on the terms of the Colonial Office reply and his suggestions regarding the attitude which the Government of India might adopt in considering these proposals.

8. In reply I am to enclose, for the Secretary of State's consideration, the following observations of the Government of India on the subject—

(i) *Political franchise.*—In their telegram dated the 11th July 1925, the Government of India insist that Indians should be awarded an equal number of seats in the Legislative Council with the non-official European community. It will be remembered that this view was pressed back by the Indian Legislative Council in 1925.

(ii) *Colonial Office action dated the 5th March 1928.* It is stated that Mr. Denry's letter is mainly on the present question to modify the existing franchise on the subject which was agreed at the very recent consultation and in agreement with the Government of Fiji. This decision involves the attainment of three seats to the elected representatives of the Indian community as against one nominated seat held by an official representative of the Government of India and three seats to the European representatives while the number of European members will be reduced by one so that they may not have a majority over the Indians and Fiji representatives together. The Government of India adhere to their opinion that the representative proposed for Indians is inadequate but as the





so all when it may occur in accordance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of Land Acquisition Act of 1914, as amended by Act XXXVIII of 1925, and the Governor in Council hereby authorizes the District Labour Officer, Nellore, his staff and workmen to execute the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Act. All persons interested in the lands are required to lodge before the abovesaid officer within thirty days after the date of the notification a statement in writing of their objections if any to the proposed acquisition. Under section 5 (a) and 5-A of the same Act the Governor in Council appoints the District Labour Officer, Nellore, to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act.

**Nellore District, Nellore taluk, Thalagudi  
Gudem village.**

Government, vol. N. No. 413 A belonging to Somaswami Sadas. Situated on the north by S. No. 415, panchabete daks, on the south by S. No. 413 B, panchabete daks, west by S. No. 417 A, panchabete daks, east by S. No. 413 A, panchabete daks. .. 1.50

Whereas it appears to Government that the abovesaid lands are needed for a public purpose, to wit, for providing houses for the District Labour Officer, Nellore, and whereas it may occur in accordance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of Land Acquisition Act of 1914, as amended by Act XXXVIII of 1925, and the Governor in Council hereby authorizes the District Labour Officer, Nellore, his staff and workmen to execute the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Act. In view of the urgency of the case, the Government hereby direct under sub-section (4) of section 17 of the Land Acquisition Act that the provisions of sections 5-A of the Act shall not apply to this land. Under sections 5 (a) and 5-A of the same Act the Governor in Council appoints the District Labour Officer, Nellore, to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act.

**Guntur District, Rayal taluk, Yaddanahalli  
Agraharam village.**

Agriaharam, from day S. No. 14 portion, belonging to Yaddanahalli Panchayat, situated on the north by S. No. 14, west by S. No. 14, east by S. No. 14, south by S. No. 14, .. 0.25  
Agriaharam, from day S. No. 14 portion, belonging to Yaddanahalli Panchayat, situated on the north by S. No. 14, west by S. No. 14, east by S. No. 14, south by S. No. 14, .. 0.25  
Total .. 0.50

**Part II, Gurga, January 29, 1927.**

Under section 4, Act I of 1914, His Excellency the Governor in Council hereby declares that the lands mentioned below and comprising 0.15 aca, be the same a little more or less, are needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the provision of a public house for the District Labour Officer, Tinsukia; and, under sections 5 and 7 of the same Act, the District Labour Officer, Tinsukia, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said lands. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the District Labour Officer, Tinsukia, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

**Tinsukia district, Nandini taluk, Thilapaga-  
nath, located on No. 278 Koomagudi village.**

Government, vol. N. No. 278 part, belonging to 192  
Koomagudi, located on the north by S. No. 278, west by S. No. 278 part and 278, east by S. No. 278, west by S. No. 278, .. 0.01

Government, vol. N. No. 278 part, belonging to 192  
Koomagudi, located on the north by S. No. 278, west by S. No. 278, .. 0.01

Government, vol. N. No. 278 part, belonging to 192  
Koomagudi, located on the north by S. No. 278, west by S. No. 278, .. 0.01

Government, vol. N. No. 278 part, belonging to 192  
Koomagudi, located on the north by S. No. 278, west by S. No. 278, .. 0.01

Government, vol. N. No. 278 part, belonging to 192  
Koomagudi, located on the north by S. No. 278, west by S. No. 278, .. 0.01

Government, vol. N. No. 278 part, belonging to 192  
Koomagudi, located on the north by S. No. 278, west by S. No. 278, .. 0.01

Government, vol. N. No. 278 part, belonging to 192  
Koomagudi, located on the north by S. No. 278, west by S. No. 278, .. 0.01

Government, vol. N. No. 278 part, belonging to 192  
Koomagudi, located on the north by S. No. 278, west by S. No. 278, .. 0.01

Government, vol. N. No. 278 part, belonging to 192  
Koomagudi, located on the north by S. No. 278, west by S. No. 278, .. 0.01

Government, vol. N. No. 278 part, belonging to 192  
Koomagudi, located on the north by S. No. 278, west by S. No. 278, .. 0.01

Government, vol. N. No. 278 part, belonging to 192  
Koomagudi, located on the north by S. No. 278, west by S. No. 278, .. 0.01

Government, vol. N. No. 278 part, belonging to 192  
Koomagudi, located on the north by S. No. 278, west by S. No. 278, .. 0.01

Government, vol. N. No. 278 part, belonging to 192  
Koomagudi, located on the north by S. No. 278, west by S. No. 278, .. 0.01

Government, vol. N. No. 278 part, belonging to 192  
Koomagudi, located on the north by S. No. 278, west by S. No. 278, .. 0.01

Government, vol. N. No. 278 part, belonging to 192  
Koomagudi, located on the north by S. No. 278, west by S. No. 278, .. 0.01

Government, vol. N. No. 278 part, belonging to 192  
Koomagudi, located on the north by S. No. 278, west by S. No. 278, .. 0.01

Government, vol. N. No. 278 part, belonging to 192  
Koomagudi, located on the north by S. No. 278, west by S. No. 278, .. 0.01

Government, vol. N. No. 278 part, belonging to 192  
Koomagudi, located on the north by S. No. 278, west by S. No. 278, .. 0.01

Government, vol. N. No. 278 part, belonging to 192  
Koomagudi, located on the north by S. No. 278, west by S. No. 278, .. 0.01

Government, vol. N. No. 278 part, belonging to 192  
Koomagudi, located on the north by S. No. 278, west by S. No. 278, .. 0.01

Government, vol. N. No. 278 part, belonging to 192  
Koomagudi, located on the north by S. No. 278, west by S. No. 278, .. 0.01

Government, vol. N. No. 278 part, belonging to 192  
Koomagudi, located on the north by S. No. 278, west by S. No. 278, .. 0.01

Government, vol. N. No. 278 part, belonging to 192  
Koomagudi, located on the north by S. No. 278, west by S. No. 278, .. 0.01

Government, vol. N. No. 278 part, belonging to 192  
Koomagudi, located on the north by S. No. 278, west by S. No. 278, .. 0.01

Government, vol. N. No. 278 part, belonging to 192  
Koomagudi, located on the north by S. No. 278, west by S. No. 278, .. 0.01

Government, vol. N. No. 278 part, belonging to 192  
Koomagudi, located on the north by S. No. 278, west by S. No. 278, .. 0.01

Government, vol. N. No. 278 part, belonging to 192  
Koomagudi, located on the north by S. No. 278, west by S. No. 278, .. 0.01

Government, vol. N. No. 278 part, belonging to 192  
Koomagudi, located on the north by S. No. 278, west by S. No. 278, .. 0.01



**Turpyn district, Negapanze taluk,  
Thuvannan village.**

Government, vol. N. No. 213 part, belonging to Sri  
Thuvannan, Mangalam, located on the north by N. 100-0-0;  
located on the south by N. 100-0-0; and on the west by  
N. 100-0-0; and on the east by N. 100-0-0. .. 0-25

Under section 6, Act I of 1894, His Excellency  
the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land  
mentioned below and measuring 4.65 acres, be  
the same a little more or less, is needed for a public  
purpose, to wit, for the purposes of the Adikodan and  
Kadavil, etc.; and, under sections 3 and 7 of the  
same Act, the District Labour Officer, East Godavari,  
is appointed to perform the functions of a  
Collector under the Act and directed to take order  
for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the  
land is kept in the office of the District Labour  
Officer, East Godavari, Guntur, and may be  
inspected at any time during office hours.

**East Godavari district, Rajahmundry taluk,  
Rajahmundry village.**

Byelands, app. N. No. 104-0-0 part, belonging to  
Adikodan, Chintalapudi (N. 100-0-0), situated  
between Adikodan and Chintalapudi and  
located on the north by N. 100-0-0; and on the south by  
N. 100-0-0; and on the east by N. 100-0-0; and on the west by  
N. 100-0-0. .. 0-47

Under section 6, Act I of 1894, His Excellency  
the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land  
mentioned below and measuring 0.15 of an  
acre, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a  
public purpose, to wit, for a field. And, under  
sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the District Labour  
Officer, East Godavari, is appointed to perform the  
functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to  
take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is  
kept in the office of the District Labour Officer,  
East Godavari, Guntur, and may be inspected at any  
time during office hours.

**General district, Rajahmundry taluk,  
Thuvannan village.**

Govt. vol. N. No. 214-1 A, belonging to Dhanu  
Kalyan, located on the north by N. 100-0-0; and  
on the south by N. 100-0-0; and on the west by  
N. 100-0-0; and on the east by N. 100-0-0. .. 0-01

Govt. vol. N. No. 214-1 A, belonging to Dhanu  
Kalyan, located on the north by N. 100-0-0; and  
on the south by N. 100-0-0; and on the west by  
N. 100-0-0; and on the east by N. 100-0-0. .. 0-01

Govt. vol. N. No. 214-1 A, belonging to Dhanu  
Kalyan, located on the north by N. 100-0-0; and  
on the south by N. 100-0-0; and on the west by  
N. 100-0-0; and on the east by N. 100-0-0. .. 0-01

Govt. vol. N. No. 214-1 A, belonging to Dhanu  
Kalyan, located on the north by N. 100-0-0; and  
on the south by N. 100-0-0; and on the west by  
N. 100-0-0; and on the east by N. 100-0-0. .. 0-01

Govt. vol. N. No. 214-1 A, belonging to Dhanu  
Kalyan, located on the north by N. 100-0-0; and  
on the south by N. 100-0-0; and on the west by  
N. 100-0-0; and on the east by N. 100-0-0. .. 0-01

Govt. vol. N. No. 214-1 A, belonging to Dhanu  
Kalyan, located on the north by N. 100-0-0; and  
on the south by N. 100-0-0; and on the west by  
N. 100-0-0; and on the east by N. 100-0-0. .. 0-01

Govt. vol. N. No. 214-1 A, belonging to Dhanu  
Kalyan, located on the north by N. 100-0-0; and  
on the south by N. 100-0-0; and on the west by  
N. 100-0-0; and on the east by N. 100-0-0. .. 0-01

Govt. vol. N. No. 214-1 A, belonging to Dhanu  
Kalyan, located on the north by N. 100-0-0; and  
on the south by N. 100-0-0; and on the west by  
N. 100-0-0; and on the east by N. 100-0-0. .. 0-01

Govt. vol. N. No. 214-1 A, belonging to Dhanu  
Kalyan, located on the north by N. 100-0-0; and  
on the south by N. 100-0-0; and on the west by  
N. 100-0-0; and on the east by N. 100-0-0. .. 0-01

Under section 6, Act I of 1894, His Excellency  
the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land  
mentioned below and measuring 0.05 acres, be the  
same a little more or less, is needed for a public  
purpose, to wit, for a well. And, under sections 3  
and 7 of the same Act, the District Labour Officer,  
East Godavari, is appointed to perform the functions  
of a Collector under the Act and directed to take  
order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of  
the land is kept in the office of the District Labour  
Officer, East Godavari, Guntur, and may be  
inspected at any time during office hours.

**East Godavari district, Rajahmundry taluk,  
Government Rajahmundry village.**

Government, vol. N. No. 213 part, belonging to  
Sri Thuvannan, Mangalam, located on the north by  
N. 100-0-0; and on the south by N. 100-0-0; and on the  
west by N. 100-0-0; and on the east by N. 100-0-0. .. 0-05

Whereas it appears to Government that the  
undermentioned land is needed for a public purpose,  
to wit, for the purposes of the Adikodan and  
Kadavil, etc.; and, under sections 3 and 7 of the  
same Act, the District Labour Officer, East Godavari,  
is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector  
under the Act and directed to take order for the  
acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is  
kept in the office of the District Labour Officer,  
East Godavari, Guntur, and may be inspected at any  
time during office hours.

**East Godavari district, Rajahmundry taluk,  
Kadavil village.**

S. No. 100-0-0, belonging to Dhanu, Kalyan, located  
on the north by N. 100-0-0; and on the south by  
N. 100-0-0; and on the west by N. 100-0-0; and on the  
east by N. 100-0-0. .. 0-01

**Port St. George, February 3, 1902.**

Whereas it appears to Government that the  
undermentioned land is needed for a public purpose,  
to wit, for the purposes of the Adikodan and  
Kadavil, etc.; and, under sections 3 and 7 of the  
same Act, the District Labour Officer, East Godavari,  
is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector  
under the Act and directed to take order for the  
acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is  
kept in the office of the District Labour Officer,  
East Godavari, Guntur, and may be inspected at any  
time during office hours.

**Tanjore district, Nagapattinam taluk,  
No. 10, Serikulam village.**

Government, vol. N. No. 213 part, belonging to  
Sri Thuvannan, Mangalam, located on the north by  
N. 100-0-0; and on the south by N. 100-0-0; and on the  
west by N. 100-0-0; and on the east by N. 100-0-0. .. 0-01















Under section 8, Act I. of 1914, His Excellency the Governor in Council hereby declare that the land mentioned below and measuring 7028 acres and so square less, be the same a *Hitta* *acres* or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the *Manungui* *Chamula* *Good* *System* of the *Curry* *Minor* *Project*; and, under sections 5 and 7 of the same Act, the *Special* *Deputy* *Collector* No. 1, *Manungui*, is requested to perform the functions of a *Collector* under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the *Special* *Deputy* *Collector* No. 1, *Manungui*, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

*Tanjan District, Manungui taluk,*  
*Malina* *near* *Koromkula* *attached* *to* *No. 3,*  
*Valentia* *Troop* *Indian* *village.*

(*Manungui* *No. 3* *Channel*).

*For*—The boundary numbers given below are abbreviations of S. No. 401.

*To* *No. 1, Section 8, Chapter 1, Act of 1914, temporary sub-division No. 1, general survey of the land, bounded on the north by No. 1, and by No. 11. . . . .*

*General* *land, dry, S. No. 401, temporary sub-division No. 1, general survey of the land, bounded on the north by No. 1, and by No. 11. . . . .*

*General* *land, dry, S. No. 401, temporary sub-division No. 1, general survey of the land, bounded on the north by No. 1, and by No. 11. . . . .*

*General* *land, dry, S. No. 401, temporary sub-division No. 1, general survey of the land, bounded on the north by No. 1, and by No. 11. . . . .*

*General* *land, dry, S. No. 401, temporary sub-division No. 1, general survey of the land, bounded on the north by No. 1, and by No. 11. . . . .*

*General* *land, dry, S. No. 401, temporary sub-division No. 1, general survey of the land, bounded on the north by No. 1, and by No. 11. . . . .*

*General* *land, dry, S. No. 401, temporary sub-division No. 1, general survey of the land, bounded on the north by No. 1, and by No. 11. . . . .*

*General* *land, dry, S. No. 401, temporary sub-division No. 1, general survey of the land, bounded on the north by No. 1, and by No. 11. . . . .*

*General* *land, dry, S. No. 401, temporary sub-division No. 1, general survey of the land, bounded on the north by No. 1, and by No. 11. . . . .*

*General* *land, dry, S. No. 401, temporary sub-division No. 1, general survey of the land, bounded on the north by No. 1, and by No. 11. . . . .*

*General* *land, dry, S. No. 401, temporary sub-division No. 1, general survey of the land, bounded on the north by No. 1, and by No. 11. . . . .*

*General* *land, dry, S. No. 401, temporary sub-division No. 1, general survey of the land, bounded on the north by No. 1, and by No. 11. . . . .*

*General* *land, dry, S. No. 401, temporary sub-division No. 1, general survey of the land, bounded on the north by No. 1, and by No. 11. . . . .*

*General* *land, dry, S. No. 401, temporary sub-division No. 1, general survey of the land, bounded on the north by No. 1, and by No. 11. . . . .*

*General* *land, dry, S. No. 401, temporary sub-division No. 1, general survey of the land, bounded on the north by No. 1, and by No. 11. . . . .*

*General* *land, dry, S. No. 401, temporary sub-division No. 1, general survey of the land, bounded on the north by No. 1, and by No. 11. . . . .*

*General* *land, dry, S. No. 401, temporary sub-division No. 1, general survey of the land, bounded on the north by No. 1, and by No. 11. . . . .*

*General* *land, dry, S. No. 401, temporary sub-division No. 1, general survey of the land, bounded on the north by No. 1, and by No. 11. . . . .*

*General* *land, dry, S. No. 401, temporary sub-division No. 1, general survey of the land, bounded on the north by No. 1, and by No. 11. . . . .*

*General* *land, dry, S. No. 401, temporary sub-division No. 1, general survey of the land, bounded on the north by No. 1, and by No. 11. . . . .*

*General* *land, dry, S. No. 401, temporary sub-division No. 1, general survey of the land, bounded on the north by No. 1, and by No. 11. . . . .*

*General* *land, dry, S. No. 401, temporary sub-division No. 1, general survey of the land, bounded on the north by No. 1, and by No. 11. . . . .*

*General* *land, dry, S. No. 401, temporary sub-division No. 1, general survey of the land, bounded on the north by No. 1, and by No. 11. . . . .*

*General* *land, dry, S. No. 401, temporary sub-division No. 1, general survey of the land, bounded on the north by No. 1, and by No. 11. . . . .*

*General* *land, dry, S. No. 401, temporary sub-division No. 1, general survey of the land, bounded on the north by No. 1, and by No. 11. . . . .*

*General* *land, dry, S. No. 401, temporary sub-division No. 1, general survey of the land, bounded on the north by No. 1, and by No. 11. . . . .*

*General* *land, dry, S. No. 401, temporary sub-division No. 1, general survey of the land, bounded on the north by No. 1, and by No. 11. . . . .*

*General* *land, dry, S. No. 401, temporary sub-division No. 1, general survey of the land, bounded on the north by No. 1, and by No. 11. . . . .*

*General* *land, dry, S. No. 401, temporary sub-division No. 1, general survey of the land, bounded on the north by No. 1, and by No. 11. . . . .*

*General* *land, dry, S. No. 401, temporary sub-division No. 1, general survey of the land, bounded on the north by No. 1, and by No. 11. . . . .*

*General* *land, dry, S. No. 401, temporary sub-division No. 1, general survey of the land, bounded on the north by No. 1, and by No. 11. . . . .*

*General* *land, dry, S. No. 401, temporary sub-division No. 1, general survey of the land, bounded on the north by No. 1, and by No. 11. . . . .*

*General* *land, dry, S. No. 401, temporary sub-division No. 1, general survey of the land, bounded on the north by No. 1, and by No. 11. . . . .*

*General* *land, dry, S. No. 401, temporary sub-division No. 1, general survey of the land, bounded on the north by No. 1, and by No. 11. . . . .*















Tampere district, Paimionen lake,  
Kaisakari island village.

[illegible]

Whereas it appears to Government that the lands specified below are needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the betterment and channel of the Quarry Water project, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern, in accordance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1924, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1925, and the Governor in Council hereby authorizes the Special Deputy Collector No. 1, Tanjore, and his subordinates to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (1) of the Act and under section 2 (a) of the Act, appoint the Special Deputy Collector No. 1, Tanjore, to perform the functions of a Collector under section 3-A of the Act. All persons interested in the lands are required to lodge before the Special Deputy Collector No. 1, Tanjore, within thirty days after the issue of this notification a statement in writing of their objections, if any, to the proposed acquisition.

Tanjore District, Tanjore taluk,  
No. 61, Akkathol village.

Government, a/c.		Government, a/c.	
S. No.	Area	S. No.	Area
1	0.10	1	0.10
2	0.11	2	0.11
3	0.12	3	0.12
4	0.13	4	0.13
5	0.14	5	0.14
6	0.15	6	0.15
7	0.16	7	0.16
8	0.17	8	0.17
9	0.18	9	0.18
10	0.19	10	0.19
11	0.20	11	0.20
12	0.21	12	0.21
13	0.22	13	0.22
14	0.23	14	0.23
15	0.24	15	0.24
16	0.25	16	0.25
17	0.26	17	0.26
18	0.27	18	0.27
19	0.28	19	0.28
20	0.29	20	0.29
21	0.30	21	0.30
22	0.31	22	0.31
23	0.32	23	0.32
24	0.33	24	0.33
25	0.34	25	0.34
26	0.35	26	0.35
27	0.36	27	0.36
28	0.37	28	0.37
29	0.38	29	0.38
30	0.39	30	0.39
31	0.40	31	0.40
32	0.41	32	0.41
33	0.42	33	0.42
34	0.43	34	0.43
35	0.44	35	0.44
36	0.45	36	0.45
37	0.46	37	0.46
38	0.47	38	0.47
39	0.48	39	0.48
40	0.49	40	0.49
41	0.50	41	0.50
42	0.51	42	0.51
43	0.52	43	0.52
44	0.53	44	0.53
45	0.54	45	0.54
46	0.55	46	0.55
47	0.56	47	0.56
48	0.57	48	0.57
49	0.58	49	0.58
50	0.59	50	0.59
51	0.60	51	0.60
52	0.61	52	0.61
53	0.62	53	0.62
54	0.63	54	0.63
55	0.64	55	0.64
56	0.65	56	0.65
57	0.66	57	0.66
58	0.67	58	0.67
59	0.68	59	0.68
60	0.69	60	0.69
61	0.70	61	0.70
62	0.71	62	0.71
63	0.72	63	0.72
64	0.73	64	0.73
65	0.74	65	0.74
66	0.75	66	0.75
67	0.76	67	0.76
68	0.77	68	0.77
69	0.78	69	0.78
70	0.79	70	0.79
71	0.80	71	0.80
72	0.81	72	0.81
73	0.82	73	0.82
74	0.83	74	0.83
75	0.84	75	0.84
76	0.85	76	0.85
77	0.86	77	0.86
78	0.87	78	0.87
79	0.88	79	0.88
80	0.89	80	0.89
81	0.90	81	0.90
82	0.91	82	0.91
83	0.92	83	0.92
84	0.93	84	0.93
85	0.94	85	0.94
86	0.95	86	0.95
87	0.96	87	0.96
88	0.97	88	0.97
89	0.98	89	0.98
90	0.99	90	0.99
91	1.00	91	1.00
92	1.01	92	1.01
93	1.02	93	1.02
94	1.03	94	1.03
95	1.04	95	1.04
96	1.05	96	1.05
97	1.06	97	1.06
98	1.07	98	1.07
99	1.08	99	1.08
100	1.09	100	1.09

Government, a/c.		Government, a/c.	
S. No.	Area	S. No.	Area
1	0.10	1	0.10
2	0.11	2	0.11
3	0.12	3	0.12
4	0.13	4	0.13
5	0.14	5	0.14
6	0.15	6	0.15
7	0.16	7	0.16
8	0.17	8	0.17
9	0.18	9	0.18
10	0.19	10	0.19
11	0.20	11	0.20
12	0.21	12	0.21
13	0.22	13	0.22
14	0.23	14	0.23
15	0.24	15	0.24
16	0.25	16	0.25
17	0.26	17	0.26
18	0.27	18	0.27
19	0.28	19	0.28
20	0.29	20	0.29
21	0.30	21	0.30
22	0.31	22	0.31
23	0.32	23	0.32
24	0.33	24	0.33
25	0.34	25	0.34
26	0.35	26	0.35
27	0.36	27	0.36
28	0.37	28	0.37
29	0.38	29	0.38
30	0.39	30	0.39
31	0.40	31	0.40
32	0.41	32	0.41
33	0.42	33	0.42
34	0.43	34	0.43
35	0.44	35	0.44
36	0.45	36	0.45
37	0.46	37	0.46
38	0.47	38	0.47
39	0.48	39	0.48
40	0.49	40	0.49
41	0.50	41	0.50
42	0.51	42	0.51
43	0.52	43	0.52
44	0.53	44	0.53
45	0.54	45	0.54
46	0.55	46	0.55
47	0.56	47	0.56
48	0.57	48	0.57
49	0.58	49	0.58
50	0.59	50	0.59
51	0.60	51	0.60
52	0.61	52	0.61
53	0.62	53	0.62
54	0.63	54	0.63
55	0.64	55	0.64
56	0.65	56	0.65
57	0.66	57	0.66
58	0.67	58	0.67
59	0.68	59	0.68
60	0.69	60	0.69
61	0.70	61	0.70
62	0.71	62	0.71
63	0.72	63	0.72
64	0.73	64	0.73
65	0.74	65	0.74
66	0.75	66	0.75
67	0.76	67	0.76
68	0.77	68	0.77
69	0.78	69	0.78
70	0.79	70	0.79
71	0.80	71	0.80
72	0.81	72	0.81
73	0.82	73	0.82
74	0.83	74	0.83
75	0.84	75	0.84
76	0.85	76	0.85
77	0.86	77	0.86
78	0.87	78	0.87
79	0.88	79	0.88
80	0.89	80	0.89
81	0.90	81	0.90
82	0.91	82	0.91
83	0.92	83	0.92
84	0.93	84	0.93
85	0.94	85	0.94
86	0.95	86	0.95
87	0.96	87	0.96
88	0.97	88	0.97
89	0.98	89	0.98
90	0.99	90	0.99
91	1.00	91	1.00
92	1.01	92	1.01
93	1.02	93	1.02
94	1.03	94	1.03
95	1.04	95	1.04
96	1.05	96	1.05
97	1.06	97	1.06
98	1.07	98	1.07
99	1.08	99	1.08
100	1.09	100	1.09

Note.—In the case of lands notified in the notification published at page 276 and 278 of Part III of the Gazette, the lands are notified in the Gazette at page 276 and 278 of Part III of the Gazette, the lands are notified in the Gazette at page 276 and 278 of Part III of the Gazette.

Part St. George, February 3, 1927.

Under section 4, Act I of 1924, the Executive the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned below and measuring 0.15 acre, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for providing houses for the Ash Ashes, and under section 4 of the same Act, the District Collector, East Godavari, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take notice for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the District Collector, East Godavari, Comacina, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

East Godavari District, Ramachandrapur taluk, Gammah village.

<p>             Zandvoort, 100, w. of, K. No. 40-2 part, belonging to              (1) Veldhuis, (2) Veldhuis, (3) Veldhuis, (4)              Veldhuis, (5) Veldhuis, (6) Veldhuis, (7)              Veldhuis, (8) Veldhuis, (9) Veldhuis, (10) Veldhuis,              (11) Veldhuis, (12) Veldhuis, (13) Veldhuis, (14) Veldhuis,              (15) Veldhuis, (16) Veldhuis, (17) Veldhuis, (18) Veldhuis,              (19) Veldhuis, (20) Veldhuis, (21) Veldhuis, (22) Veldhuis,              (23) Veldhuis, (24) Veldhuis, (25) Veldhuis, (26) Veldhuis,              (27) Veldhuis, (28) Veldhuis, (29) Veldhuis, (30) Veldhuis,              (31) Veldhuis, (32) Veldhuis, (33) Veldhuis, (34) Veldhuis,              (35) Veldhuis, (36) Veldhuis, (37) Veldhuis, (38) Veldhuis,              (39) Veldhuis, (40) Veldhuis, (41) Veldhuis, (42) Veldhuis,              (43) Veldhuis, (44) Veldhuis, (45) Veldhuis, (46) Veldhuis,              (47) Veldhuis, (48) Veldhuis, (49) Veldhuis, (50) Veldhuis,              (51) Veldhuis, (52) Veldhuis, (53) Veldhuis, (54) 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Whereas it appears to Government that the undermentioned land is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for provision of house-sites for Adis-Andamas, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1924 as amended by Act XXXVIII of 1923 and the Governor in Council hereby authorizes the District Labour Officer, Gedarani, his staff and workmen to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Act. All persons interested in the land are required to lodge before the above mentioned office within thirty days after the issue of the notification a statement in writing of their objections, if any, to the proposed acquisition. Under sections 3 (c) and 5-A of the same Act, the Governor in Council appoints the District Labour Officer, Gedarani, to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act.

**East Gedarani district, Rajahmundry taluk, Kattam village.**

S. No. 212-2, belonging to Panna Kottu Mahadevan .. .. . 1 12

Whereas it appears to Government that the undermentioned land is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the provision of pathway for Adis-Andamas, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1924 as amended by Act XXXVIII of 1923 and the Governor in Council hereby authorizes the District Labour Officer, Tanjore, his staff and workmen to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Act. All persons interested in the land are required to lodge before the above mentioned office within thirty days after the issue of the notification a statement in writing of their objections, if any, to the proposed acquisition. Under sections 3 (c) and 5-A of the same Act, the Governor in Council appoints the District Labour Officer, Tanjore, to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act.

**Tanjore district, Tanjore taluk, Mahakudi attached to Bhakshamandram village.**

approximate extent .. .. . 0 14 10

Government, dep. S. No. 1299 part, belonging to M. S. Ramaswami Ayyar and others 5 10 10, granted mahadevial tenure, located on the north, east and south by the 3rd part 2 was by S. No. 1299 .. .. . 0 10 0

Whereas it appears to Government that the undermentioned land is needed for public purpose, to wit, for provision of house-sites to Kottaholap, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of Land Acquisition Act I of 1924 as amended by Act XXXVIII of 1923 and the Governor in Council hereby authorizes the District Labour Officer, East Gedarani, his staff and workmen to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Act. All persons interested in the land are required to lodge before the above mentioned office within thirty days after the issue of the notification a statement in writing of their objections, if any, to the proposed acquisition. Under sections 3 (c) and 5-A of the same Act, the Governor in Council appoints the District Labour Officer, East Gedarani, to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act.

**East Gedarani district, Rajahmundry taluk, Kattam village.**

S. No. 212, belonging to Anandaram's Bench of Mahadevial tenure located on the north .. .. . 0 10

Whereas it appears to Government that the undermentioned land is needed, for public purpose, to wit, for house-sites for Kottaholap, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of Land Acquisition Act I of 1924 as amended by Act XXXVIII of 1923 and the Governor in Council hereby authorizes the District Labour Officer, East Gedarani, his staff and workmen to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Act. All persons interested in the land are required to lodge before the above mentioned office within thirty days after the issue of the notification a statement in writing of their objections, if any, to the proposed acquisition. Under sections 3 (c) and 5-A of the same Act, the Governor in Council appoints the District Labour Officer, East Gedarani, to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act.

**East Gedarani district, Beemidol taluk, Yamunapalem village.**

S. No. 108, belonging to Deshpande Sathana and Deshpande .. .. . 0 10

Whereas it appears to Government that the undermentioned land is needed for public purpose, to wit, for provision of house-sites to Kottaholap, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of Land Acquisition Act I of 1924 as amended by Act XXXVIII of 1923 and the Governor in Council hereby authorizes the District Labour Officer, East Gedarani, his staff and workmen to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Act. All persons interested in the land are required to lodge before the above mentioned office within thirty days after the issue of the notification a statement in writing of their objections, if any, to the proposed acquisition. Under sections 3 (c) and 5-A of the same Act, the Governor in Council appoints the District Labour Officer, East Gedarani, to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act.

**East Gedarani district, Coondah taluk, Pennampeta village.**

S. No. 194, belonging to Kottaholap Rajahmundry, Kottaholap Taluk of Rajahmundry and Kottaholap Taluk of Penukonda .. .. . 1 10

Whereas it appears to Government that the undermentioned land is needed for public purpose, to wit, for provision of a house site to Kottaholap, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of Land Acquisition Act I of 1924 as amended by Act XXXVIII of 1923 and the Governor in Council hereby authorizes the District Labour Officer, East Gedarani, his staff and workmen to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Act. All persons interested in the land are required to lodge before the above mentioned office within thirty days after the issue of the notification a statement in writing of their objections, if any, to the proposed acquisition. Under sections 3 (c) and 5-A of the same Act, the Governor in Council appoints the District Labour Officer, East Gedarani, to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act.



Dry, temporary subdivision No. 4034 A, belonging to S. J. A. Smeets, 1/2000, bounded to the north by No. 4037, east by No. 4148 A, south and west by No. 4034 B .....	0 00
Dry, temporary subdivision No. 4044 B, belonging to S. J. A. Smeets, 1/2000, bounded to the north and east by No. 4148 A, south by No. 4044 B, and west by No. 4044 A .....	0 00
Total .....	12 50
100 sq. rods .....	10 00

Port St. George, January 31, 1937.

Whereas it appears to Government that the under-mentioned lands are needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the provision of a well site for Ad. Divorcia, notice to that effect is hereby given, to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act 1 of 1923, as amended by Act XXXVIII of 1925 and the Governor in Council hereby authorizes the District Labour Officer, Tanganyika, his staff and workmen to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Act. All persons interested in the lands are required to lodge before the above-mentioned officer within thirty days after the issue of the notification a statement in writing of their objections if any to the proposed acquisition. Under sections 5 (i) and 5 of the same Act, the Governor in Council appoints the District Labour Officer, Tanganyika, to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act.

Tanganyika district, Ngongotum village,  
No. 45 Kivira village.

Appreci-  
ation  
value  
0 00

Government, wet, 1/2000 part, belonging to S. J. A. Smeets, 1/2000, bounded to the north by No. 4034, east by No. 4037, south and west by No. 4034 B ..... 0 00 |

Whereas it appears to Government that the under-mentioned lands are needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the provision of a well site for the use of the Ad. Divorcia, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act 1 of 1923, as amended by Act XXXVIII of 1925 and the Governor in Council hereby authorizes the District Labour Officer, Tanganyika, his staff and workmen to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Act. All persons interested in the lands are required to lodge before the above-mentioned officer within thirty days after the issue of the notification a statement in writing of their objections if any to the proposed acquisition. Under sections 5 (i) and 5 of the same Act the Governor in Council appoints the District Labour Officer, Tanganyika, to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act.

Tanganyika district, Ngongotum village,  
Unyapapere (Chitanga) village.

Appreci-  
ation  
value  
0 00

Chitanga, Thonahle, dry, 2 1/2 No. 16-15 part, whole area 1 1/2 No. 16-15, belonging to S. J. A. Smeets, 1/2000, bounded to the north, east and south by No. 16-15 part, west by Unyapapere village ..... 0 00 |

Whereas it appears to Government that the under-mentioned lands are needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the provision of a well site for Ad. Divorcia, notice to that effect is hereby given to all

whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act 1 of 1923, as amended by Act XXXVIII of 1925 and the Governor in Council hereby authorizes the District Labour Officer, Tanganyika, his staff and workmen to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Act. All persons interested in the lands are required to lodge before the above-mentioned officer within thirty days after the issue of the notification a statement in writing of their objections if any to the proposed acquisition. Under sections 5 (i) and 5 of the same Act, the Governor in Council appoints the District Labour Officer, Tanganyika, to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act.

Tanganyika district, Ngongotum village,  
Shipali village.

Appreci-  
ation  
value  
0 00

Government, 2 1/2 No. 16-15 part, belonging to S. J. A. Smeets, 1/2000, bounded to the north by No. 16-15, east and west by No. 16-15 part ..... 0 00 |

Port St. George, February 3, 1937.

Under section 4, Act 1 of 1923, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned below and measuring 600 sq. rods, is the same as little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the construction of the Kikapanga scheme; and, under sections 5 and 1 of the same Act, the Governor in Council hereby authorizes the District Labour Officer, Tanganyika, his staff and workmen to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Act. All persons interested in the lands are required to lodge before the above-mentioned officer within thirty days after the issue of the notification a statement in writing of their objections if any to the proposed acquisition. Under sections 5 (i) and 5 of the same Act, the Governor in Council appoints the District Labour Officer, Tanganyika, to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act.

Tanganyika district, Ngongotum village,  
Bikoyamungu village.

Appreci-  
ation  
value  
0 00

Government, wet, 2 1/2 No. 16-15 part, belonging to S. J. A. Smeets, 1/2000, bounded to the north by No. 16-15, east by No. 16-15, south by No. 16-15, and west by No. 16-15 ..... 0 00 |

Whereas it appears to Government that the under-mentioned land is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the improvement of the Ngongotum River, in connection with the Ngongotum-Mt. Kilimanjaro Road, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act 1 of 1923, as amended by Act XXXVIII of 1925 and the Governor in Council hereby authorizes the District Labour Officer, Tanganyika, his staff and workmen to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Act. All persons interested in the lands are required to lodge before the above-mentioned officer within thirty days after the issue of the notification a statement in writing of their objections if any to the proposed acquisition. Under sections 5 (i) and 5 of the same Act, the Governor in Council appoints the District Labour Officer, Tanganyika, to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act.

Tanganyika district, Ngongotum village,  
Ngongotum village.

Appreci-  
ation  
value  
0 00

Government, dry, 2 1/2 No. 16-15 part, belonging to S. J. A. Smeets, 1/2000, bounded to the north by No. 16-15, east by No. 16-15, south by No. 16-15, and west by No. 16-15 ..... 0 00 |

Government, dry, 2 1/2 No. 16-15 part, belonging to S. J. A. Smeets, 1/2000, bounded to the north by No. 16-15, east by No. 16-15, south by No. 16-15, and west by No. 16-15 ..... 0 00 |







# SUPPLEMENT TO PART I

OF

# THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE

No. 4.]

MADRAS, TUESDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 6, 1927.

[Price, 5 pms.]

## NOTICES.

### RETURNS OF ELECTION EXPENSES.

#### LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

It is hereby notified that the undersigned candidate has lodged with the undersigned his return of election expenses and the documents in respect thereof. The documents may be inspected in the House Building, Madras, between 2 p.m. and 4 p.m., on Monday the 14th February 1927.

Name of candidate	Constituency.	Date of lodging return of expenses
M. R. V. Chakravarti	Legislative Assembly 19th Dec. 1926.	19th Dec. 1926.
Chelvanarayana	South Arcot	19th Dec. 1926.

J. VENKATANARAYANA,

Commissioner, Corporation of Madras and Returning Officer.

Corporation of Madras,  
1st February 1927.

#### MADRAS LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

It is hereby notified for general information that M. R. V. Chakravarti, a candidate for election to the Madras Legislative Council by the District of South Arcot, has lodged his return and declaration of election expenses on the 19th December 1926. They may be inspected at the Collector's office, Chittoor, on any working day between the hours of 11 a.m. and 4 p.m. or before the 15th February 1927 on payment of a fee of one rupee.

H. L. BRADWOOD,  
Collector and Returning Officer.

Chittoor Collector's Office,  
19th January 1927.

It is hereby notified for general information that M. R. V. Chakravarti, a candidate for election to the Madras Legislative Council by the District of South Arcot, has lodged his return and declaration of election expenses on the 19th December 1926. They may be inspected at the Collector's office, Chittoor, on any working day between the hours of 11 a.m. and 4 p.m. or before the 15th February 1927 on payment of a fee of one rupee.

General, lodged his return and declaration of election expenses on the 19th December 1926 with the Returning Officer (Collector of Karikal) and supplemented them on 20th January 1927. They may be inspected by any person on payment of a fee of Rs. 1 in the Collector's Office, Karikal, during office hours on any working day on or before 15th February 1927.

U. RAMA RAO,  
Collector and Returning Officer.

Karikal Collector's Office,  
20th January 1927.

It is hereby notified for general information that M. R. V. Chakravarti, a candidate for election to the Madras Legislative Council by the District of South Arcot, has lodged his return and declaration of election expenses on the 19th December 1926. They may be inspected at the Collector's office, Chittoor, on any working day between the hours of 11 a.m. and 4 p.m. or before the 15th February 1927 on payment of a fee of one rupee.

South Arcot Collector's Office,  
21st January 1927.

It is hereby notified for general information that M. R. V. Chakravarti, a candidate for election to the Madras Legislative Council by the District of South Arcot, has lodged his return and declaration of election expenses on the 19th December 1926. They may be inspected at the Collector's office, Chittoor, on any working day between the hours of 11 a.m. and 4 p.m. or before the 15th February 1927 on payment of a fee of one rupee.

K. RAMA RAO,  
Collector and Returning Officer.

South Arcot Collector's Office,  
1st February 1927.



ഫോട്ട് സെന്റർ ജോജ് ഗെസറർ

1-50 മധ്യമനോഭൂമി സൃഷ്ടിക്കൽ

SUPPLEMENT TO PART I OF THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE,  
FEBRUARY 8, 1907.

1997

മെമ്പർ: ചേട്ടപ്പു മധവദാസ്, 1987 ഓഗസ്റ്റിൽ മരണം

[Pages, 6 plus.

ഗവൺമെന്റ് പരസ്യങ്ങളുടെ മലയാള തർജ്ജമ  
Malayalam Translation of Notifications by Government.

உலக அமைதிக்கு வழிவகுக்கிறதா?

பு.நி.நா.உ.

4-2015 8000-1 4000-1 1.00 1.0000 1.0000

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## References

ഇദ്ദേഹത്തിന് 33-D എന്ന കണ്ടെയ്നറിലായി  
പ്രകൃതം നിലയിൽ കണ്ടെത്തപ്പെട്ടിരുന്നു.

36-பு. (1) இவ்வாறு மேலும் டிரைனிங் களம் ஒன்றினை, மேலதிகப்படுத்தும் திட்டம் வரவேண்டுமா என்று அறியக்கூடியவர் மேலதிகப் பூதிராஜா, மதுராசுரிகாவட்டத்தில் உள்ள மதுராசுரம் டிரைனிங் களத்தின் கமீஷனர் இப்பிரதிக் கையேதிராஜா.

[illegible][illegible][illegible]

Dr. Manoj Kumar, Director, Health and Family Welfare, Government of Karnataka

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doi:10.1017/S002229240000209

சுற்றுச்சூழல் பாதிப்பு: 88% அடி நிலையிலே.

controlling

road supply

சத்தித் தலை கனகசுந்தரணி இயற்றியது  
செந்திரன் மகன் உமாசுந்தரி

செய்தியை அகற்றி வந்த

## Discussion

and, then,

അഡ്വ. ദയാനന്ദ് വെങ്കിട്ടൻ 30-D എന്ന അഡ്വക്കേറ്റ് നോം ഇനിസ്തർ അധികാരപ്പെട്ടതാണ്.

Figure 1

Figure 10.22

தமிழ்நாடு கல்வித் துறை

डा. विष्णु शंकर शास्त्री, एम. ए., पी. एच. डी., प्रमुख, दिल्ली विश्वविद्यालय.

(கருணாநிதியின் புரட்சிக்கு எதிராக  
சுமந்திரன் எழுந்தார்.)

ഡി. വി. കുഞ്ഞുരാജൻ,

concurrent activities.

(A true translation)

P. V. KUBIVILA,

Minister of the Interior, Department of Government.



THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE

Published by Authorin.

No. 5.1

MADRAS, TUESDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 8, 1937

Where, it goes

## Part I.-Local Self-Government.

## CONTENTS

LOCAL HEALTH-QUALITY-IMPROVEMENT DEPARTMENT	100	10	100	10	100	10
REGISTRATION OF HEALTHCARE PROVIDERS	100	10	100	10	100	10

LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT  
DEPARTMENT

2000年12月1日 星期一

*Rev. St. Carlos, February 8, 1972.*

No. 146—M. R. Dy. B. Ethirajulu Nayudu, a.s.s.,  
a.s.s., extension of leave on average pay for one  
month from the 26th January 1937.

### CANCELLATION OF LEAVE

No. 117.—Major N. H. Mehta, I M S, is permitted to accept a portion of his leave and undergo training in Ophthalmology at the Government Ophthalmic Hospital, Madras, with effect from the date of absence.

## APPOINTMENTS

No. 108.—M.K.Ny. M J Senthakrishna Pillai  
Avergal, C.M.S., to act as Radiologist, X-ray  
Institute, Government General Hospital, Madras,  
during the absence of Captain T. W. Barnard as  
leave.

No. 169.—M. K. By. N. Sumanth, M.A., to act as Health Officer, Trichingopoly Municipality, with effect from the date of taking charge, over M. K. By. T. R. Mangurani, M.A., &c., granted leave.

## ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Deputy Secretary to Government.

Pa. 170—Under sections 7 (3) and 11 of the Madras District Municipalities Act, 1920, the Government appoint M.H. Py. Loobala, Gangeswara Bazar Gory, to be a member of the Hindiyar Municipal Council.

A-9

30, 171.—Under sections 7 (3) and 11 of the Madras District Municipalities Act, 1920, the Government appoint Muhammad Abdul Karim Sahib Bahadur, to be a councillor of the Pudukkottai Municipal Council.

C. B. COTTELL,  
Secretary to the Council

Secretary to the Council

7. Mr. J. B. K. R. N. Ramappa Reddy, Superintendent, Local Self-Government Department, is appointed Second Assistant Secretary and will be on probation for six months from the date on which he takes charge.

T. B. RAMACHANDRA MUDALIYAR,  
*Assistant Secretary to Government*

Assistant Secretary to the Treasury

CONCLUSIONS

In memorandums Nos. 72 and 73 of Part I-A of the First St. George Gazette, dated 12th January 1957, relating to the acquisition of lands in Kamotrupapaka, instructions for the formation of roads, for the words "Divisional Officer, Kikori," wherever they occur substitute the words "Divisional Officer, Nukunono."

<sup>1</sup> In addition to No. 100 published on page 41 of Part I-A of the First St. George Green, dated 1st February 1837, for the words "1838 February" and "and" 1st March 1837.

In collection No. 1415 of Part I-A of the *Ford St. George Records*, dated 14th December 1856, relating to the acquisition of land for the provision of

licensees for the A-B-Auditors in Yerepantopol of Komitaspasnia. Such for the expression "the Revenue (Revenue) (Wine, Wine)" occurring in two places and the "the Revenue Divisional Office, Nishanah."

#### NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 173.—Notification No. 212 of 1901 I-A of the Port St. George Municipality, dated 2nd March 1902, relating to the acquisition of lands for widening Green's Well Road in the Piddigam town is hereby notified.

Port St. George, February 5, 1902.  
(S. G. No. 40, L. 8 N.)

No. 174.—The President of the Colliery Tahsil Board requests that the Municipal Board Nos. 12, 11 (part of persons who have not taken interest) and 66 (part of persons who have not taken interest) and 66 (part of persons who have not taken interest) for which Board are required may be returned for the use of land. The Revenue of Land Fund Amounts requests the Municipal Board Nos. 12, 11 (part of persons who have not taken interest) and 66 (part of persons who have not taken interest) may also be returned in land boards and that these funds may be offered so that they may be available for use in both municipalities and land boards.

2. The Government accept these suggestions. The Revenue of Land Fund Amounts is accordingly requested to make the necessary alterations in these forms.

Port St. George, February 8, 1902.

No. 175.—In exercise of the powers conferred on them by sub-section (1) of section 324 of the Madras District Municipalities Act, 1901, the Government hereby make the following rules—

#### Rules.

The words "manufacturing business" shall be added after the words "manufacturing industrial business" in item (3) of Schedule V to the Madras District Municipalities Act, 1901.

C. E. COTTELL,  
Secretary to Government.

No. 176.—Application of the Disturbed Areas Board for a loan of Rs. 5,000, from Government under the Land Acquisition Loans Act, 1901.

1. Purpose for which the loan is required—Waste-land.
2. The land on which it is proposed to borrow—Rs. 5,000.
3. The land on which the money is to be repaid—Waste-land.
4. The land on which the money is to be repaid—Waste-land.
5. The land on which the money is to be repaid—Waste-land.
6. The land on which the money is to be repaid—Waste-land.
7. The land on which the money is to be repaid—Waste-land.

#### Statement showing the financial position of Disturbed Areas Board for the year 1901-02.

##### Part I.—Statement of receipts and expenditure of the General Account—Ordinary.

###### General Account.

Receipts.	General Account Rs.	Management Rs.	Construction Rs.	Public Health Rs.	Sanitation Rs.	Total. Rs.
Total receipts:						
Arrears, 1901-02 .. .. .	14,212	2	67	574	1,870	16,725
Do. 1901-02 .. .. .	27,100	30	80	800	3,810	31,920
Interest on loans, 1901-02 .. .. .	11,800	10	80	3,150	2,270	15,410
Subsidy estimate, 1901-02 .. .. .	25,000	10	80	3,200	2,200	30,490
Total receipts available for ordinary expenditure .. .. .	78,112	52	227	3,724	8,150	89,215
Arrears, 1901-02 .. .. .	14,212	2	67	574	1,870	16,725
Do. 1901-02 .. .. .	27,100	30	80	800	3,810	31,920
Interest on loans, 1901-02 .. .. .	11,800	10	80	3,150	2,270	15,410
Subsidy estimate, 1901-02 .. .. .	25,000	10	80	3,200	2,200	30,490
Total receipts available for ordinary expenditure .. .. .	78,112	52	227	3,724	8,150	89,215
Expenditure:						
Total expenditure:						
Arrears, 1901-02 .. .. .	1,210	6,000	4,000	470	11,680	22,360
Do. 1901-02 .. .. .	2,500	8,000	4,000	470	11,680	26,650
Interest on loans, 1901-02 .. .. .	1,000	2,000	4,000	470	11,680	19,150
Subsidy estimate, 1901-02 .. .. .	2,000	8,000	4,000	470	11,680	26,150
Total expenditure available for ordinary expenditure .. .. .	6,710	24,000	12,470	1,810	46,190	89,215
Arrears, 1901-02 .. .. .	1,210	6,000	4,000	470	11,680	22,360
Do. 1901-02 .. .. .	2,500	8,000	4,000	470	11,680	26,650
Interest on loans, 1901-02 .. .. .	1,000	2,000	4,000	470	11,680	19,150
Subsidy estimate, 1901-02 .. .. .	2,000	8,000	4,000	470	11,680	26,150
Total expenditure available for ordinary expenditure .. .. .	6,710	24,000	12,470	1,810	46,190	89,215









enacted by the Act XXXVIII of 1920. The Government hereby authorizes the Revenue Divisional Officer, Calcutta, and his subordinate in executing the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Act and under section 2, appoint the Revenue Divisional Officer, Calcutta, to perform the functions of a Collector under section 3-A of the Act.

Malabar district, Calcutta, India,  
Kanku station and division.

Agri. garden, F. No. 243 A, situated and occupied by *Madhava Banerjee, Dhama, Tulu, Orissa*, bounded on the north by No. 24, and by No. 24-2 B, south by No. 19, and by No. 27

Agri. garden, F. No. 243 B, situated and occupied by *Thakur Lal Bahadur, Dhama, Tulu, Orissa*, bounded on the north by No. 24-2 B, and on the south by No. 22, and by No. 24-2 B

Agri. garden, F. No. 243 C, situated and occupied by *Thakur Lal Bahadur, Dhama, Tulu, Orissa*, bounded on the north by No. 24-2 B, and on the south by No. 22, and by No. 24-2 B

Agri. garden, F. No. 243 D, situated and occupied by *Thakur Lal Bahadur, Dhama, Tulu, Orissa*, bounded on the north by No. 24-2 B, and on the south by No. 22, and by No. 24-2 B

Agri. garden, F. No. 243 E, situated and occupied by *Thakur Lal Bahadur, Dhama, Tulu, Orissa*, bounded on the north by No. 24-2 B, and on the south by No. 22, and by No. 24-2 B

Agri. garden, F. No. 243 F, situated and occupied by *Thakur Lal Bahadur, Dhama, Tulu, Orissa*, bounded on the north by No. 24-2 B, and on the south by No. 22, and by No. 24-2 B

Agri. garden, F. No. 243 G, situated and occupied by *Thakur Lal Bahadur, Dhama, Tulu, Orissa*, bounded on the north by No. 24-2 B, and on the south by No. 22, and by No. 24-2 B

Agri. garden, F. No. 243 H, situated and occupied by *Thakur Lal Bahadur, Dhama, Tulu, Orissa*, bounded on the north by No. 24-2 B, and on the south by No. 22, and by No. 24-2 B

Agri. garden, F. No. 243 I, situated and occupied by *Thakur Lal Bahadur, Dhama, Tulu, Orissa*, bounded on the north by No. 24-2 B, and on the south by No. 22, and by No. 24-2 B

YUG .. 101

C. R. CURTIS,  
Secretary to Government.

# NOTIFICATIONS BY REGISTRAR-GENERAL OF PANCHAYATS.

No. 76.—With the approval of the Local Government the Registrar-General of Panchayats hereby appoints the undersigned, provisionally to be Honorary Organizers of Panchayats in the Chhota Nagpur Division for a period of two years from the date—

(1) M. D. By. Gumbada, Madhupur, Orissa,  
President, Village Panchayat, Orissa.

(2) M. D. By. V. Gumbada, Madhupur, Orissa,  
Village Kurni, Vishakhapatnam.

Port St. George, 24th January 1927.

No. 74.—With the approval of the Local Government the Registrar-General of Panchayats hereby appoints the undersigned, provisionally to be Honorary Organizers of Panchayats in the Police and Taluk Division for a period of two years from the date—

(1) M. D. By. V. K. Kumbada, Madhupur, Orissa,  
Village, Kumbhar P.O.

(2) M. D. By. A. Kumbada, Madhupur, Orissa,  
Village, Kumbhar P.O.

S. GOVILASWAMI ATTANAR,

Registrar-General of Panchayats.

Port St. George, 24th January 1927.

# NOTIFICATIONS BY LOCAL AUTHORITIES.

Under section 2 (2) (a) of the Local Boards Act, 1920, the District Board, Madras, with the approval of Government hereby notifies that the village of Kori Thakur will be excluded from the Chhota Nagpur Union Board with effect from 1st April 1927.

M. POLAKK,

President.

Madras District Board Office,  
24th January 1927.

M. R. By. P. Uthayappa, Gann, S.A., is declared elected as the Vice-Chairman of the District Municipal Council under section 12 (3) of the District Municipalities Act V of 1920.

M. VENKATASWAMI,

Chairman.

Madras District Board Office,  
24th January 1927.

Under clause 3 and 4 of section 1 of the District Municipalities Act 1920, and the rules framed for the conduct of election of municipal councillors, M. R. By. Madhupur, Madhupur, Orissa is declared duly elected as a municipal councillor for Gumbada ward. His term of office will be 24th October 1928.

N. VENKATA RAO,

Chairman.

Madhupur Municipal Office,  
24th January 1927.

Under section 2 (1) of the District Municipalities Act V of 1920 and rule 20 (a) of the rules for the conduct of election of municipal councillors, M. R. By. Kumbada, Madhupur, Orissa is declared duly elected as a municipal councillor for ward VIII of the Taluk municipality from 24th January 1927 to 24th January 1928.

T. HAMASWAMI,

Chairman.

Taluk Municipal Office,  
24th January 1927.



# THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE

Published by Authority.

No. 5.]

MADRAS, TUESDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 3, 1921.

[PART, 2 ANNOS.]

## Part I-B.—Educational.

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		etc. List of Teachers' Qualifications required by District	
		Educational Officers, in 1920.	

### LAW DEPARTMENT. (Education.)

#### LEAVE.

*Fort St. George, January 31, 1921.*

No. 28.—In pursuance of notification No. 256, dated 12nd December 1920, published on page 683 of Part I-B of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 28th December 1920, Miss V. R. Peters, Women Specialist in Physical Instruction, leave on average pay for six months and twenty six days and leave on half average pay for two months and four days on suspension of the Christmas holidays of 1920.

#### APPOINTMENT.

*Fort St. George, February 1, 1921.*

No. 29.—Under section 5 of the Madras Elementary Education Act, 1920, the Government are pleased to appoint Jacob Mathewson Elakur Mathewson Sahel Sahelur, M.A., to be a member of the District Educational Council, Nilgiris.

#### NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 30.—Under section 5 of the Madras Elementary Education Act, 1920, M.R.E. G. F. Malappanavar has been elected to be a member of the District Educational Council, Coimbatore, by the Tamil Board, Nilgiris.

*Fort St. George, February 3, 1921.*

No. 31.—Under section 5 of the Madras Elementary Education Act, 1920, M.R.E. C. Shanmugasundaram has been elected to be a member of the District Educational Council, Chingleput, by the Municipal Council, Chingleput.

*Fort St. George, January 31, 1921.*

(G.O. No. 134, Law and Education).

No. 32.—In notification No. 103, dated 15th March 1921, constituting a District Educational Council for the District of Kistna, published on page 284 of Part I-B of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 15th March 1921 and as subsequently amended—

In sub-paragraph 1 for the word "Vernacular" substitute "Indo-European".

#### ACQUISITION OF LAND.

*Fort St. George, January 29, 1921.*

Under section 4, Act I of 1914, the Government hereby declare that the land mentioned below and measuring 2.47 acres, be the same 2.47a more or less, is suited for a public purpose, to wit, for opening a road and widening the garden and for a playground connected with the Union Christian High School of the Swedish Mission; and, under sections 5 and 7 of the same Act the District Educational Officer, Madras, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take steps for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Revenue Department, Madras, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Madras District, Madras taluk, Madras West village.

Exhibit, wet, Bangalore, T.S. No. 105, belonging to the Government, Madras, bounded on the north by T.S. No. 104, bounded east and west by T.S. No. 106, south by T.S. No. 107-1, west by T.S. No. 102.

V. T. KRISHNAMA ACHARYAR,  
Secretary to Government.

#### MISCELLANEOUS NOTIFICATIONS

GOVERNMENT EXAMINATION

[illegible]

## More...

It is hereby notified that the S.S.I.C. No. 88672 of K. Rajagopal has been cancelled and that a duplicate S.S.I.C. bearing No. 83020 has been issued to him.

(CBr<sub>4</sub>-soluble)

D. KRISHNA AND NIDUSI

Secretary, S. L. O. Board

Office of the Commr. for Govt. Examinations,  
Madras, 30th January 1937.

## UNIVERSITY OF MADRAS

## NOTIFICATION

The undermentioned pupil has been declared eligible for admission to the University course of study in 1936-37, and advancement to, viz.:

## Zach Nick School Fund

Certificate number, 14688-A; name of pupil, Vadapalli Hagbara Rao; father's name, Vadapalli Sivaramayya; age, 35 years; Varanasi, Udauga. Female house, Madras, in February 1927.

作者单位: 610042 成都, 四川省疾病预防控制中心

A notice by Veda Devaraja on "The Tamil Literary History" will be delivered by K.R.T. N. S. Dandekar Ayaz Avenue, M.A.E.S., University Professor of Indian Research, University of Madras, at the Senate House every Saturday commencing at 9-00 p.m., the first lecture commencing from Saturday, the 18th February 1927. The lectures will be open to students taking the Honours or First courses in History and Economics as well as those engaged in the B.A. and B.Sc. University, the students group I (A and B) of the R.A. Degree Courses recommended by the Board of Colleges and all other persons interested and recommended by the Institute. Applications for admission to the lectures should be made to the Registrar, University of Madras. The Principals of Colleges are requested to forward a List in duplicate of students undergoing Honours courses in English III, History, Sanskrit and Political and other undergraduate studies recommended for admission to the Institute, not later than the 26th February.

Gerardo Herrera, Medellín

25th January 1957.

As part of the scheme of the Oriental Research Institute the following courses of lectures on Dravidian Culture have been arranged for by the Syndicate.

Place of the lecturer	Subject	Place of delivery	Time of delivery
1. M. R. N. T. Rajagopala Rao, B.A., LL.B., LL.M., Superintendent of Tirupur Central Prison, Madras Christian College	Devan, including Tamil and Sanskrit, in Dravidian languages. A critical study of Dravidian literature.	Madras Christian College	Mar. 10, 1937 and 11th Feb. 1937, 1937 commencing each day at 4-30 p.m.
2. M. R. N. T. Rajagopala Rao, B.A., LL.B., LL.M., Government Training School, Rajahmundry		Trichyappa's College, Madras	10th, 11th, 12th, 13th, 14th and 15th Feb. 1937 commencing each day at 4-30 p.m.
3. M. R. N. T. Rajagopala Rao, B.A., LL.B., LL.M., Government Training School, Rajahmundry	Arabic poetry of Kamil and Lughman.	Trichyappa's College, Madras	16th, 17th, 18th and 19th Feb. 1937 commencing each day at 4-30 p.m.
4. M. R. N. T. Rajagopala Rao, B.A., LL.B., LL.M., Government Training School, Rajahmundry	Prakrit and Pali.	Trichyappa's College, Madras	20th, 21st, 22nd and 23rd Feb. 1937 commencing each day at 4-30 p.m.
5. M. R. N. T. Rajagopala Rao, B.A., LL.B., LL.M., Government Training School, Rajahmundry	Arabic poetry of Kamil and Lughman.	Trichyappa's College, Madras	24th, 25th, 26th and 27th Feb. 1937 commencing each day at 4-30 p.m.
6. M. R. N. T. Rajagopala Rao, B.A., LL.B., LL.M., Government Training School, Rajahmundry	Arabic poetry of Kamil and Lughman.	Trichyappa's College, Madras	28th, 29th, 30th and 1st Mar. 1937 commencing each day at 4-30 p.m.
7. M. R. N. T. Rajagopala Rao, B.A., LL.B., LL.M., Government Training School, Rajahmundry	Arabic poetry of Kamil and Lughman.	Trichyappa's College, Madras	2nd, 3rd, 4th and 5th Mar. 1937 commencing each day at 4-30 p.m.

All the horses are open to the public.

Senate House, Madison,  
2d February 1837.

City notes:

W. McLEAM,  
*Director*

## \* ASTORIA UNIVERSITY

## TISHAW CHAI, BEAMING STUDENT

It is hereby notified that the Synagogue at the meeting held on the 29th January 1962 decided to send "Aufforderungskarten" form the list of books prescribed for the Vienna Pupil Examination (Telugue main and Sanskrit voluntary) to be held next April. The action of the Synagogue is subject to approval by the Academic Council.

Santa Elena, Ecuador,  
4th February 1977.

## SHORT DISCUSSION

The redesigner has received an intimation that Mr. H. Vogelshahn, New York City, 40 to the credit of the University as far as the B.A. Degree Examination, to be held in April 1927, but as far as an application has been received from him in this office. He is hereby informed that he must submit his application within a week of the date of publication of this notice in the Gazette. In case, no application is received from him before the proposed period, he will not be permitted to appear for the examination and his fees will lapse to the University.

Seaside House, Bermuda,  
2nd February 1932

In compliance with section 47, clause (b), of the Andhra University Act, 1926, the following University Code containing the Regulations adopted by the Academic Council at its meeting held on 1st October 1935, and approved by the Senate at its meeting held on 10th December 1935, is published:—

REGULATIONS OF THE ANDHRA UNIVERSITY.

Chapter XXII.

Matriculation.

1. Subject to such rules and directions as the Syndicate may from time to time to give, holders of completed Secondary School-leaving Certificate issued under the authority of the Government of Madras or such other authority as may have been accepted by the Syndicate, may be admitted by the Head of an affiliated college to a University course of study, and where so admitted shall be recognised as Matriculates of the University. Female holders of such certificates who wish to study primarily for the Intermediate Examination may submit their certificates to the Syndicate, and the Syndicate, if satisfied with their certificates, shall enter their names as Matriculates of the University.

2. Other candidates for Matriculation shall be required to pass such other examinations accepted by the Syndicate as equivalent thereto.

3. The Registrar shall maintain a Register of all the Matriculates of the University.

Chapter XXIII.

Matriculation Examination.

1. No candidate shall be admitted to the Matriculation Examination unless he shall have completed the age of fifteen years on or before the first day of the examination; provided that the Syndicate may exempt from the operation of this Regulation any candidate who is specially recommended for such exemption by the Headmaster of the school of which he is a pupil and who produces a certificate of physical fitness from a registered Medical Practitioner. Applications for such exemption must be forwarded on or to reach the Registrar on the 1st of December preceding the examination.

2. Unless specially accepted by the Syndicate no candidate who is not a pupil of a recognised high school shall be permitted to appear for the examination.

3. A candidate who fails to pass the examination, on the first occasion shall, on the next occasion on which he seeks admission to the examination, forward a second certificate in the form prescribed under Regulation 3 of Chapter XXII. No further certificate need be produced for subsequent appearances.

4. Schools falling under any of the following classes shall be recognised by the University:—

(a) Schools recognised by the Director of Public Instruction of Madras as teaching up to the Matriculation standard.

(b) Schools in Ceylon certified by the Director of Public Instruction, Ceylon, to be organised and conducted as to secure efficient training up to the standard of the Matriculation Examination.

(c) Schools in Native States of Southern India certified by the Directors of the States in which they are situated to be organised and conducted as to secure efficient training up to the standard of the Matriculation Examination.

5. The Syndicate shall have the power to exempt from the production of the prescribed certificate of students:— (a) Candidates who hold completed Secondary School-leaving Certificate issued under the authority of the Government of Madras or such other authority as may have been accepted by the Syndicate and who have been appeared for the

Final Examination qualifying for such certificate and (b) candidates who, during the previous three years, have been admitted previously as to schools outside the territorial limits of the Madras University, and (c) female candidates, provided that in each case they produce satisfactory evidence that they are of good character and that they have received suitable instruction. Applications for exemption from the production of the certificate of attendance must be forwarded on or to reach the Registrar before the 1st October preceding the examination.

6. The examination shall comprise five divisions:— (i) English Language; (ii) Second Language; (iii) Mathematics; (iv) Elementary Science; (v) History and Geography.

(i) English Language.

Test-books shall be presented, of which a detailed knowledge may be required.

There shall be two papers set upon the English language, one paper of two-and-a-half hours' duration, which shall be mainly upon the prescribed texts, and shall be designed to test the candidate's proficiency in composition and his knowledge of grammar and idiom; and one paper of two-and-a-half hours' duration which shall consist of (a) composition and paraphrase, not based on the texts, and (b) the exercises, expansion, and modification of sentences. Some of the sentences in the second paper shall be designed to test the candidate's power to understand and give the general meaning of passages of prose or poetry.

(ii) Second Language.

One of the following languages at the option of the candidate:—

- (a) Classical—Sanskrit, Arabic, Persian.
- (b) Foreign—French, German.
- (c) Indian—Tamil—Tamil, Kannara, Tamil, Urdu, Sindhi, Hindi, Urdu.

In such classical or foreign language there shall be one paper of three hours' duration divided into two parts, of which the first shall contain passages for translation from the text-books and questions on grammar and idiom, and the second shall contain sentences passages for translation from the selected language into English and from English into the selected language. To the second part of the paper set less than half the total number of marks shall be assigned.

In each of the Indian vernacular languages there shall be one paper of three hours' duration divided into two parts, of which the first shall contain questions on the text-books and on grammar and idiom, and the second part shall consist of original compositions. The texts prescribed shall be mainly in modern prose. To the second part of the paper set less than half the total number of marks shall be assigned.

(iii) Mathematics.

There shall be two papers set in Mathematics, one in Arithmetic and Algebra of three hours' duration, and the other in Geometry of two-and-a-half hours' duration.

(a) Arithmetic—The principles and processes of Arithmetic applied to whole numbers and vulgar and decimal fractions. The measurement. Approximation to a specified degree. Restricted methods of multiplication and division of fractions. Fractions, ratios and proportions, Square and cube Roots. Direct applications of the term or unit, including interest, present-worth and discount, stocks and shares, profit and loss, exchange. Square root.

(b) Algebra—Symbolical expression of general results in Arithmetic. Algebraical laws and principles and their applications. Factorisation of simple fractions, Equations, simultaneous and identical.

Equations of the first degree in one, two, and three variables and the principles involved in their solution. Solution of problems by means of such equations. Equations of the second degree in one variable and the principles involved in their solution. Theory of quadratic (integral) indeterminate. Square root. Simple and simple algebraic fractions.

(c) Geometry.—Construction of lines, angles, circles, perpendicular, parallel, tangents, chords, isosceles and regular polygons from given data. Division of lines in given ratios. Bisecting of angles. Geometrical extension of arithmetical square roots.

Trigonometry.—Angles at a point. Parallel straight lines. Triangles and quadrilaterals figures. Areas. Simple lens. Elementary propositions on circles. Proofs of the constructions in Trigonometry. Elementary and Easy solution.

A detailed syllabus in Geometry will be presented from time to time.

#### (iv) Elementary Science.

There shall be one paper of three hours' duration in Elementary Science comprising Elementary Physics and Elementary Chemistry, as defined in a syllabus.

#### History and Geography.

There shall be two papers set in History and Geography each of two hours' duration.

##### (i) History—

1. Outlines of the History of Great Britain and Ireland—a period or periods, as defined in a syllabus, to be prescribed each year.

2. Outlines of the History of India—a period or periods, as defined in a syllabus, to be prescribed each year.

##### (ii) Geography—

1. Geography of India, Great Britain and Ireland, as defined in a syllabus.

2. Geography of Europe, Asia, Africa, America, and Australia, as defined in a syllabus.

3. A candidate shall be declared to have passed the examination if he obtains not less than forty per cent of the marks in the English language and not less than thirty-five per cent of the marks in each of the remaining divisions, provided that a candidate who fails to obtain the required minimum in one subject only but who passes in English and gains fifty per cent of the total number of marks shall be declared to have passed.

All other candidates shall be deemed to have failed in the examination. Successful candidates who obtain not less than fifty per cent of the aggregate marks shall be placed in the first class. Successful candidates who obtain less than fifty per cent and not less than thirty per cent of the aggregate shall be placed in the second class. All other candidates who pass shall be placed in the third class.

#### Chapter XXXI

##### ESTABLISHMENT EXAMINATION IN ASIAN AND SCIENCE.

1. Candidates proceeding to a degree shall, for two years each consisting of three terms ordinarily commencing, commence in an official college course of study—

Part I-A. English Language and Literature. For the course given in English prose and poetry shall be set.

In setting these books, two objects shall be kept in view—

(a) the improvement of the students' knowledge of the English Language and of its Literature; (b) the development, by training them to read with care and discrimination, of their ability to extract the merits of their knowledge.

The course of study shall consist in—

(1) The detailed study of certain of the set books.

(2) The period as distinct from detailed study of the other set books.

Of the set books which are to be studied in detail may be selected from year to year.

The books which are not to be studied in detail shall be prescribed every year. The books prescribed as detailed study shall be (a) for detailed study be more than a play of Shakespeare about 1,250 lines of additional verse, and not more books and (b) for period be more than three books. The books prescribed shall be of the same average length and difficulty from year to year.

(3) Such instruction and exercises in rhetoric and composition as may be expected to develop the students' powers of understanding English and writing it clearly, succinctly, and accurately. This instruction should include the following topics—

The paragraph as the unit of prose composition. The sentence as a constituent portion of the paragraph. The period and the loose sentence. Unity, balance and emphasis in relation to paragraph and sentence. Logical sequence of sentences and paragraphs and explicit references to preceding paragraphs, as securing coherence in an essay.

Part I-B. Composition in one of the following vernaculars (Telugu, Tamil, Kannada, Malayalam, Urdu, Gujarati, Sinhalese, Hindi) or in English from one of the Classical Languages named in Regulation 6 of Chapter XXX.

In each of the vernaculars above mentioned certain books shall be prescribed from time to time for simultaneous study.

Part II.—One of the following optional courses—

(a) Mathematics, (b) Physics, (c) Chemistry, (d) Natural Science, (e) Physics, (f) Chemistry.

III. Any three of the following subjects—

(a) Ancient History, (b) Modern History, (c) Indian History, (d) Logic, (e) A classical language, (f) A second classical language, or one of the Indian Vernacular Languages mentioned in Regulation 6 of Chapter XXX.

2. A candidate for the Intermediate Examination may with his option present himself for the whole or for one part at any one time.

3. A candidate shall be examined in—

Part I-A. English Language and Literature.

There shall be four papers on English Language and Literature. The first paper shall be on the basis of poetry set for detailed study. The second paper shall be on the basis of prose set for detailed study. The third is a paper set for the purpose of composition drawn from the number of subjects set for the other set books, and the number of subjects set shall be larger than the number of candidates required in strength. The fourth paper shall be in composition and shall contain exercises designed to test the candidate's power to apply the principles studied in the course, and among these exercises may be the expansion of sentence expressed thus or of matter sketched in brief outline, writing short essays or memoranda with a subject (provided), and expanding fully long passages of prose or poetry. The papers in the examination shall be set so that candidates shall be able to give full marks in the examination without necessarily guessing at matters relating to partly literary criticism or scholarship.

Part I-B. Composition in one of the following vernaculars (Tamil, Telugu, Malayalam, Kannada, Marathi, Gujarati, Urdu, Sinhalese and Hindi), or translation into English from one of the Classical and Foreign Languages named in Regulation 6 of Chapter XXX.

There shall be one paper in composition in which the candidate will be required to write two short essays on subjects set at the examination. The

paper shall include three essay subjects one of which shall be taken from text-books prescribed for secondary study in English and the other two shall be taken from text books prescribed for non-detailed study in the vernacular.

Part II.—One of the following groups at the option of the candidate, two papers to be set in each division of each group:—

- i. (a) Mathematics, (b) Physics, (c) Chemistry,
- (d) Mathematics.

In addition to the subjects prescribed for the Matriculation the course shall comprise Algebra, Plane Trigonometry and Geometry. A candidate shall be required to be acquainted with the use of logarithmic tables and to be able to solve questions by graphic methods, and to have an experimental knowledge of the simple geometrical solids and their surfaces.

(a) Algebra.—Algebraical laws and principles and their applications. Ratio and proportion. Theory of letters. Variations. Simple series. Expansion of system of equivalent. Solution of equations of the second degree in one or two variables and of equations of higher degree whose solution depends on them. Theory of the expansion and expansion of the second degree in two variables. The three progressions and other series whose summation depends on arithmetical and geometrical series. Interest and annuities. Permutations and combinations. The Binomial theorem for a positive integral exponent and direct applications of the theorem for any exponent. Elementary theory of logarithms and their applications in arithmetical progression. Problems on the above.

(b) Plane Geometry.—Measurement of angles. Empirical method of angles and their relation to one another. Solution of simple trigonometrical equations. Addition, multiplication and division formulae. Properties of triangles and of the circles associated with them. Solution of triangles. Application of trigonometry to trigonometrical computations, measurements and distances.

(c) Geometry.—Euclid.—Construction of similar figures. Construction of the circumcribed, inscribed, circled and other associated circles of triangles and polygons. Constructions from data of triangles, quadrilaterals and polygons and their divisions in any given ratio. Areas of polygons and problems relating thereto.

Euclid.—Ratios and proportion. Similar figures. Centres of similitude. Properties of triangles. Properties of circles. Loci. Elementary problems and solutions. Proof of the construction in Euclid's Geometry. Easy deductions.

#### (d) Physics.

No question shall be asked which cannot be answered by simple mathematical methods.

The course shall include a more detailed study of the matter included in the Matriculation syllabus and in addition the following:—

Physics.—The units of length and time. Displacement, speed, velocity and acceleration of a particle moving in a straight line. Newton's laws of motion; the units of mass and force. Motion of a particle in a straight line under the action of a force in that line and in a curved plane under the action of gravity. Energy, work, power and their units; simple illustrations of the conservation of energy.

Conditions of equilibrium of a body under three concurrent forces (the parallelogram law), and under parallel forces. Centre of gravity. Simple machines.

\* The motion of a simple pendulum; determination of  $g$ .

Fluids.—Pressure at a point in a fluid; definition and determination; transmissibility of pressure.

\* Only experimental work is required in this course.

Evaluation of pressure at a point in a heavy fluid at rest; its uniformity in all directions. Buoyancy thrust in simple cases. The principle of Archimedes, floating bodies, hydrometers. Applications to practical determination of density and specific gravity. The pressure of a gas and its determination; the barometer. Boyle's Law; air pumps and water pumps.

Heat.—Temperature and its measurement; the construction and graduation of thermometers. The thermal expansion of solids, liquids and gases and their accurate determination; the air thermometer. Heat as a quantity; the unit of heat, specific heat and the more direct methods of calorimetry. Laws of fusion, evaporation and condensation. Latent heat, vapour pressure and how it is measured. Conduction and convection of heat; thermal conductivity. Radiation; absorption and reflection; law of cooling. The dynamical equivalent of heat; the conservation of energy.

Light.—The experimental facts and laws of transmission, reflection and refraction of light, simple geometrical deductions from these, applicable to small direct pencils incident on plane and spherical surfaces. Applications in the lens, telescope, microscope. The dispersion of light; the spectroscope. Radiation and absorption spectra. Total reflection. Determination of refractive indices.

Magnetism.—Properties of magnets; poles. Laws of magnetic force; unit pole. Lines of force, unit force magnetic field and experimental methods of ascertaining them. The earth's magnetic field; its compass. Magnetic induction; the magnetic properties of iron and steel.

Electricity.—Electrified bodies; electric quantity. Conductors and insulators. Distribution of electricity on conductors. Induction. Laws of force between quantities of electricity. Lines of electrostatic force, the electric field. Electric flux and electric potential; difference of potential.

The more common forms of voltaic cells and the actions that go on in the cells while producing a current. The action of currents on magnetic galvanometers depending on such action including suspended coil type. Voltaic conduction and electrolysis; laws of electrolysis. Electrostatic force; Ohm's law; resistance and the simpler methods of determining it. Distribution of energy in a circuit by current and heating effects. Kirchhoff's laws.

Sound.—The production and propagation of sound; the velocity of sound in air and its determination. Nature of wave motion and sound waves. Frequency of vibration; pitch. Amplitude of vibration; loudness. Laws of vibration of strings and air columns. The reflection of sounds; echoes.

#### (e) Chemistry.

The course shall include a more detailed study of the matter included in the Matriculation syllabus and in addition the following:—

The laws of chemical combination by weight and by volume. Atomic theory; symbols and their use. Equivalents. Atomic weights. Molecular weights. Avogadro's hypothesis and relation of gas density to molecular weight. Chemical equations and calculations; nomenclature.

A general knowledge of the properties of the elements and of the chief types of their compounds with a view to their identification. The periodic system, more fully.

The ordinary methods of preparation, and the chief properties of the following elements and their principal compounds:—hydrogen, oxygen, the halogens, sulphur, nitrogen, phosphorus, arsenic, boron, sodium and silicon.

Chief sources, preparation and properties of the common metals, viz., sodium, potassium (amalgams), silver, mercury, lead, copper, zinc, aluminium, bismuth, magnesium, selenium, tellurium, stannum,







limits in simple cases; the pendulum; determination of energy—energy, height, descent; the radiant pendulum. Simple case of the dynamics of simple machines of dynamical nature. Conditions of equilibrium of a body acted on by forces in one plane. Moments and couples. Centres of mass. The theory of simple machines. Laws of friction. Simplified methods with simple applications.

*Myomotion*.—Anagrams (a-A).

*Acoustics*.—The acoustic nature of the hearing. Grouping of tones. The principal vocal vibrations and the most conspicuous tones.

The *acoustic eye*.—Points and lines on it.—Hearing, touch, pain, smelling, etc., the equilibrium points, etc.

*Colorimetry*.—Optics; right ascension, declination, etc., latitude and longitude.

The measurement of the equatorial, the clock. The *great equator*. The rotation and the rotation.

*Thermodynamics*.—The theory of heat and the heat of the sun. The heat of the earth.

The apparent annual motion of the Sun. The constancy of the motion. The eclipses and the obliquity. The equinoxes and the solstices. The earth's motion round the Sun. The seasons.

Relative time, apparent solar time, mean solar time. Equation of time. Standard time (India). Civil and astronomical reckoning. Convenience of time.

*Relativity of astronomical observation and position*. Two gts.

Determination by observation of time error and rate of right ascension and declination of a heavenly body, and of the latitude and longitude of a station.

The solar system, and the motion of the planets. *Kepler's laws*. *Comets and moons*.

The motion of the moon and her phases. The place of her orbit. The orbit and their motion. The moon's distance and apparent periods. Her diameter and distance.

Distance and magnitude of the sun and moon and planets.

Causes of the eclipses of the sun and moon. *Relativistic limits*. *Number of Relativistic units*. The *Galilean*. The use of the *Galilean*.

*Properties of matter*.—As in Group (a-A).

*Heat*.—As in Group (a-A).

### [B-A] Physical Science

*Physics*.—The course includes a more extended study of the matter included in the Intermediate course and in addition the following:—

*Acoustics*.—As in Group (a).

*Optics*.—As in Group (a).

*Thermodynamics*.—As in Group (a).

*Electricity*.—As in Group (a).

*Magnetism*.—As in Group (a).

*Relativity*.—As in Group (a).

*Galilean*.—As in Group (a).

*Kepler's laws*.—As in Group (a).

*Comets and moons*.—As in Group (a).

*Properties of matter*.—As in Group (a).

*Heat*.—As in Group (a).

*Electricity*.—As in Group (a).

*Magnetism*.—As in Group (a).

*Relativity*.—As in Group (a).

*Galilean*.—As in Group (a).

*Kepler's laws*.—As in Group (a).

*Comets and moons*.—As in Group (a).

*Properties of matter*.—As in Group (a).

*Heat*.—As in Group (a).

*Electricity*.—As in Group (a).

*Magnetism*.—As in Group (a).

*Relativity*.—As in Group (a).

*Galilean*.—As in Group (a).

*Kepler's laws*.—As in Group (a).

*Comets and moons*.—As in Group (a).

determination of currents. Radiation and electricity. Laws of cooling. Theory of exchange; methods of measuring radiation. Laws of thermodynamics; simple applications.

*Light*.—Velocity of light. Measurement of photo-metry. Astigmatism in new systems; direct vision spectroscopy.

The wave theory; simple interference phenomena. Huygens' principle. Explanation of straight line propagation, reflection, and refraction of light.

Angles of mirrors, lenses, etc., referred from the straight point. Simple diffraction phenomena. Gratings and wave length determination. Spectrum analysis; Doppler's principle. Double refraction and polarization of light; relating phenomena; simple applications.

*Magnetism*.—Force on a magnet in a magnetic field. Interactions of magnets and current of magnet. Magnetic potential, level surfaces. Interaction of two short magnets; determination of field strength. Magnetic shell; its potential energy in magnetic field. Total magnetic intensity, Gauss' theorem; number of lines of force. Magnetic induction in iron, etc. Theory of magnetism.

The magnetic field of the earth; the elements and their variations; its sources and its variations.

*Electricity*.—Electric charges; specific inductive capacity; distribution of electricity on surfaces of conductors; images. Value of electric force in simple cases of distribution. The mechanical force on charged conductors; energy of electrified systems. The electric method; delicate displacement currents.

Wheatstone's bridge; specific resistance, resistance thermometers. Constancy of conductivity; resistance; negative phenomena; electromagnetism. Standard cells; the potentiometer system of measurement. Thermo-electricity; application of thermodynamics; thermoelectric diagrams. Electro-magnetic induction; Co-efficient of induction; induction coil. Energy of circuit carrying current when placed in a magnetic field; mechanical force on conductors carrying current; moving and rotating magnets. Lenz's law; illustrations from dynamo and motor, etc. Determination of current resistance, E.M.F. in electrolytic measures. The discharge of a condenser; electric waves.

The elementary theory of the continuous current dynamo and motor and of the alternating current dynamo. General principles of the application of electricity to lighting, power transmission, telegraphy, etc.

*Sound*.—The transmission of energy through material media by wave motion; speed of propagation of waves of permanent type. Nature of musical sound; pitch, sound, reflection and refraction of sound, influence of wave length. The vibration of strings, bars, plates and gas columns; resonance. Interference and diffraction phenomena. Analysis of sound. Measurement of wave length, velocity and pitch.

A practical examination will be held to test the student's acquaintance with the phenomena and the ability to show them, as well as his ability to make physical measurements. At the practical examination candidates must spend at least one hour in the laboratory or laboratory room before the examination and must be present at the examination as a final test of work done by the candidate.

*Chemistry*.—The course is the same as that prescribed in General Chemistry and Physical Chemistry in (a-A), making the study of the subject comprehensive, but the examination will be of a less advanced character than that for candidates taking (a-B).

A practical examination will be held to test the student's ability to make experimental illustrations of the subjects included in the course, identifying the more common metals and their compounds (including not more than one acid and one base), and

making simple volumetric analyses with standard solutions of acids, alkalis, potassium permanganate, and of iodine and sodium thiosulphate.

(viii) *Physical Science.*

*Chemistry.—General.* Chemical Chemistry and Physical Chemistry.—The methods of determining specific heats, atomic and molecular weights, the kinetic theory of matter, osmotic pressure, the kinetic theory of gases, the properties of solutions; electrolysis and theory of electrolytic dissociation; the relations of the physical properties of substances to their chemical nature, with special reference to the relation of the glass of polarization, to refraction and dispersion, crystalline form, atomic and molecular volume, osmosis and absorption spectra.

The law of mass action; the velocity of chemical change; and the relation of chemical energy to heat, and to electrical energy.

The elements (excluding the more metals) and their compounds need to be dated.

Chemistry of the carbon compounds treated from an elementary standpoint.—

(1) Composition, purification and analysis of organic compounds.

(2) The hydrocarbons of the methane, ethylene and acetylene series and their derivatives.

(3) The alcohols, aldehydes, ketones and their derivatives.

(4) The allyl derivatives of the more important elements.

(5) The fatty acids and their derivatives.

(6) The hydroxy acids and their derivatives.

(7) The unsaturated acids and their derivatives.

(8) The more important members of the carbon-hydroxy group.

(9) Benzene, naphthalene, anthracene and their more important derivatives and reactions.

The practical examination in Chemistry will include—

1. Qualitative analysis, including analysis of mixtures of mineral substances, and identification by chemical and physical tests of commonly occurring carbon compounds.

2. Quantitative analysis, including (a) the estimation of alkalis, alkaline carbonates, and acids by neutralization, (b) determinations involving the use of the permanganate, dichromate, iodine and thiosulphate processes, (c) the estimation of alcohols and esters by reaction with silver nitrate, and also with chromic acid, (d) gravimetric determinations of elements, iron, tin, lead, magnesium, copper, silver, lead, osmium, platinum, sulphur and hydrosulphide acid, phosphorus acid, carbonic acid, silicon.

Candidates will be expected to be able to standardize the solutions for volumetric analysis.

3. The determination of molecular weights.

At the practical examination, candidates must submit to the Examiners or Examiners their laboratory note book (only certified by their professors or lecturers) as a *prima facie* record of work done by the candidates.

*Physics.—Properties of matter.*—Compressibility of gases (at high and low pressures) and liquids, diffusion of liquids and gases. Analogy with expansion of heat. Osmosis, viscosity, pressure of a gas, and the explanation on the kinetic theory; Arrhenius's hypothesis, van der Waals's equation.

*Electrostatics.*—As for candidates taking Group (D-A).

*Heat.*—As for candidates taking Group (D-A).

*Light.*—As for candidates taking Group (D-A), but excluding Geometrical Optics.

*Electricity.*—As for candidates taking Group (D-A), but excluding Static Electricity.

The examination in these subjects will be of a less advanced character than that for candidates taking

Group (A-A). A practical examination will be held to test the candidate's knowledge of the subjects in the syllabus and his ability to make simple Physical measurements.

(ix) *Student Scheme.*

Candidates shall take any two of the following subjects, one of the two being a subsidiary subject:—

A. Botany. B. Zoology. C. Geology.

In the parts covered by both syllabuses (for any one subject), the knowledge acquired for the examination in the subsidiary shall be less detailed than that in the main subject.

The examination shall consist of—

1. In the main subject:—

Two papers of three hours each.

Two practical examinations of three hours each.

2. In the subsidiary subject:—

Two papers of two hours each.

One practical examination of three hours.

A. Botany.—As the main subject.

1. The main points of structure, development, life history and the taxonomic relations of the following groups in general and the Genera in particular:—

*Bacteria.*

*Spizellaceae.*

*Coniaria, Fusaria, Emericia.*

*Ciliophora.*

*Ciliophoraceae, Pseudociliaria, Emericia, Tetraodon.*

*Protozoa, Ciliophora, Emericia, Ciliophoraceae, Pseudociliaria, Tetraodon.*

*Algae, Charophyta, Chlorophyta, Rhodophyta, Cyanophyta, Gymnomycetes, Chara, Nitella, Diatoms.*

*Phanerogams.*

*Ranunculaceae, Fumariaceae, Euphorbiaceae.*

*Phanerogams.*

*Ranunculaceae, Fumariaceae, Euphorbiaceae.*

*Phanerogams.*

*Ranunculaceae, Fumariaceae, Euphorbiaceae.*

*Phanerogams.*

*Ranunculaceae, Fumariaceae, Euphorbiaceae.*

*Phanerogams.*

*Ranunculaceae, Fumariaceae, Euphorbiaceae.*

*Phanerogams.*

*Ranunculaceae, Fumariaceae, Euphorbiaceae.*

*Phanerogams.*

*Ranunculaceae, Fumariaceae, Euphorbiaceae.*

*Phanerogams.*

*Ranunculaceae, Fumariaceae, Euphorbiaceae.*

*Phanerogams.*

*Ranunculaceae, Fumariaceae, Euphorbiaceae.*

*Phanerogams.*

*Ranunculaceae, Fumariaceae, Euphorbiaceae.*

*Phanerogams.*

*Ranunculaceae, Fumariaceae, Euphorbiaceae.*

*Phanerogams.*

*Ranunculaceae, Fumariaceae, Euphorbiaceae.*

*Phanerogams.*

*Ranunculaceae, Fumariaceae, Euphorbiaceae.*

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*Phanerogams.*

*Ranunculaceae, Fumariaceae, Euphorbiaceae.*

*Phanerogams.*

*Ranunculaceae, Fumariaceae, Euphorbiaceae.*

*Phanerogams.*

*Ranunculaceae, Fumariaceae, Euphorbiaceae.*

*Phanerogams.*

*Ranunculaceae, Fumariaceae, Euphorbiaceae.*

*Phanerogams.*

*Ranunculaceae, Fumariaceae, Euphorbiaceae.*

*Phanerogams.*

*Ranunculaceae, Fumariaceae, Euphorbiaceae.*

*Phanerogams.*

*Ranunculaceae, Fumariaceae, Euphorbiaceae.*

*Phanerogams.*

*Ranunculaceae, Fumariaceae, Euphorbiaceae.*

*Phanerogams.*

*Ranunculaceae, Fumariaceae, Euphorbiaceae.*

*Phanerogams.*

*Ranunculaceae, Fumariaceae, Euphorbiaceae.*

*Phanerogams.*

Artemisia.  
Sedum.  
Sedum.  
Sedum.  
Labiata.  
Verbena.  
Asteraceae.  
Sedum.  
Euphorbia.  
Urtica.  
Fragaria.

Caryophyllaceae.  
Labiata.  
Sedum.  
Sedum.  
Sedum.  
Sedum.  
Sedum.  
Sedum.  
Sedum.  
Sedum.  
Sedum.

#### 4. Mycology.

The chemical composition of the plant. Materials of plant food and their sources. The nature of soil and importance of its constituents and micro-organisms. Movement of water and gases. Assimilation of carbon and nitrogen. Transpiration and translocation of the assimilated products. Mycology, Fungi and other special modes of nutrition. Respiration. The influence of light, heat and gravity. Growth, meristems and intercalary in plants. Sexual reproduction and its significance. Vegetative reproduction. The phenomena of some botanical variations. Botany, and Medicine. Theories of Evolution and origin of Species.

#### 5. Botany.

The structure and make of the tissues of the soil, and the nature of the soil. The nature and make of origin of plants, soil and other soil contents. The physical and chemical properties of soil and soil. The origin, nature and development of plant tissues. Primary and secondary tissues, and their distribution in the plant body.

#### Practical Work.

Candidates are expected to be able to make preparations illustrating the form and structure of any plant of the Group of Orders mentioned in the syllabus and to describe them with sketches as far as possible in their own words; to make dissections with the simple microscope of the floral parts of plants, and to make drawings, and to make dissections and refer them to their Natural Orders; to describe in technical language plants belonging to any of the Orders or groups specified in the syllabus.

All the practical examination each candidate must obtain his laboratory note-book, and a collection of mixed plates selected and prepared by himself.

#### II.—as the subsidiary subject

The general morphology of flowering plants, and in particular the inflorescence, flowers, and characters distinguishing the following Natural Orders (as additions to those named in the Introductory syllabus) as given in the Flora of British India:—

Euphorbia.  
Cyperaceae.  
Sedum.  
Sedum.  
Sedum.  
Sedum.  
Sedum.  
Sedum.  
Sedum.  
Sedum.

Caryophyllaceae.  
Caryophyllaceae.  
Sedum.  
Sedum.  
Sedum.  
Sedum.  
Sedum.  
Sedum.  
Sedum.  
Sedum.

Trifolium.  
Sedum.  
Sedum.  
Sedum.  
Sedum.  
Sedum.  
Sedum.  
Sedum.  
Sedum.  
Sedum.

#### 3. Zoology. I.—as the main subject.

The scope of Zoology.—The leading features in the structure, the most important points concerning the development, the affinities, and the general classification of the forms included in the following groups (except in some cases, no knowledge of certain forms will be required):—

Porifera, Porifera, Coelenterata, Platyhelminthes, Nemertea, Mollusca, Annelida, Chelicerata, Insecta, Crustacea, Arachnida, Fishes, Reptiles, Birds, Mammals, and Man.

Placentalia, Polym. Arthropoda. Mollusca, Chelicerata.

A general acquaintance with the vertebrate forms of South India.

The geographical distribution of the more interesting groups of the Classes, Orders, and the theory of organic evolution. Evidence on which the theory is based.

Candidates will be required to examine, describe, identify, or otherwise deal with specimens and preparations illustrating points of zoological interest in connection with any of the preceding groups. They will, in addition, be expected to have a full practical knowledge of the structure, and will be required to make drawings and simple microscopic preparations of any of the following types:—

Amoeba, Paramecium, Hydra, Radiolaria, Leech, Earthworm, Crab (external characters), Snail, Cockroach (external characters), Cockroach, Freshwater Mollusc, Amphibia (preparation and section), Dogfish (fishes), Frog, Lizard, Man.

Candidates may also be required to answer viva questions.

#### II.—as the subsidiary subject.

The scope of Zoology.—The leading features in the structure, the most important points concerning the development, the affinities, and the general classification of the forms included in the following groups (except in some cases, no knowledge of certain forms will be required):—

Porifera, Porifera, Coelenterata, Annelida, Arthropoda, Mollusca, Chelicerata, Platyhelminthes, Nemertea, Mollusca, Chelicerata, Insecta, Crustacea, Arachnida, Fishes, Reptiles, Birds, Mammals, and Man.

Candidates will be required to have a practical knowledge of the structure, and shall be required to make dissections and simple microscopic preparations of any of the following types:—

Amoeba, Paramecium, Hydra, Radiolaria, Leech, Earthworm, Crab (external characters), Snail, Cockroach (external characters), Cockroach, Freshwater Mollusc (external characters), Frog, Lizard, Man.

Candidates may also be required to answer viva questions.

#### General. I.—as the main subject.

- Physiology.
- Microbiology and Crystallography.
- Physics.
- Structure and Field Geology.
- Botany and Paleontology.

#### (i) Physiology.

An elementary course of lessons on the following:—

The earth and planets, the general relations of the earth to the sun, the moon, and the stars, the origin of the earth, its size and density, its position, its movements, and its climate.

The Atmosphere—the composition, height, density, pressure, temperature, winds, and currents, clouds, weather, rain, and snow, and various kinds of winds.

The Hydrosphere—the composition, extent, and distribution, depth, temperature, and currents.

The Lithosphere—the chief constituents of the earth's crust, the general characters and mode of occurrence of igneous and sedimentary rocks. Conditions of the interior of the earth.

Aspects of geological change.—The hypothesis and evidence of geological change, manner and results of their action, especially as influencing the development of the earth, the distribution, and general condition of the crust of the earth and of its surface features.

Finally, the main conditions favorable to the formation and preservation and their value as indicators of the past history of the earth.

Climates—their names and distribution; glacial epochs.

Simple facts about the geographical and geological distribution of the chief types of plant and animal life. Antiquity of man. Views as to the age of the earth's crust.

#### (d) *Mineralogy and Crystallography*

Symmetry, theory, planes and axes of symmetry; laws of Crystallography, the common holohedral, hemihedral and hemimorphic crystal forms and combinations under each of the six crystal systems; the more important types of twins and twinning; drawing of the more important crystal forms; systems of crystal notation, use of the contact goniometer.

The physical properties of minerals which aid in the recognition of the various mineral species.

Isomorphism, paramorphism, pseudomorphism and diagenesis.

The chief characteristics of all the more abundant minerals, including those which are of geological interest and those of mineralogical value, their modes of occurrence and uses.

The practical determination of the chief physical and chemical properties of the commoner ones and minerals, including the use of the blow-pipe.

#### (e) *Zoology*

The classification and distribution of rocks and the composition, structure, history, origin and mode of occurrence of all the more important types and their metamorphism and related forms.

Correlation and Regional Metamorphism.

The macroscopic and microscopic examination of rocks including the description of the simple optical characters of the chief rock-forming minerals in parallel polarized light. Recognition of diagenetic or diachthonic to represent facies observed in rock sections under the microscope. Comparison and use of a simple petrological microscope.

#### (f) *Structural and Field Geology*

The more important tectonic and structural features of rocks, their origin at formation, structure of mineral veins. Diagrammatic sketches of the above.

Construction and interpretation of geological maps and sections. Tracing of outcrops. Simple problems in structural geology.

#### (g) *Stratigraphy and Palaeontology*

The chief petrological and palaeontological characters of the more geological divisions and their Indian representatives and the probable physical conditions under which they were formed.

Fossils, their nature and preservation. The main groups of vegetables and animal life and their distribution in time.

The characters, classification and distribution of the more important types of fossils—especially Indian; Heterosteres and strobilifer at fossils; views for the interpretation of the geological record; the general succession of life as revealed thereby and the general evidence furnished in support of evolution; presence of correlation; Homologies.

#### (h) *Practical Examination*

The knowledge of the candidate in accordance with the syllabus will be tested also by practical examination. For this purpose may be asked, acquaintance with field work is necessary.

It is the subsidiary subject.

1. The chief rock-forming minerals, quartz, feldspar, mica, hornblende, amphibole, olivine, augite, hornblende, pyroxene, chlorite, mica, serpentine and clay.

The chief types of igneous, aqueous and metamorphic rocks. Granite, syenite, diorite, gabbro, dolerite and basalt. Conglomerate, sandstone, shale, limestone, gypsiferous, and slate, marble, gneiss and schist.

2. Dinorites, calcareous and metamorphic. Biotite, K-feldspar, mica, hornblende, pyroxene, amphibole, hornblende and hornblende rocks.

3. Metamorphic knowledge of rocks: granitic, syenitic, dioritic, gabbro, dolerite, basalt, gneiss, mica, hornblende, pyroxene, amphibole, hornblende and hornblende rocks.

The surface features as indicated by the nature and distribution of the rocks. Water-supply. Permeable and non-permeable rocks.

4. Rocks as indicating the history of the earth; fossils, their mode of formation and value in geology and also in the Biological Sciences; the order of superposition. The Geological Record, the physical conditions leading to changes in the physical features of the earth and also in the abundance of the organic forms; the order of succession of Animal and Plant life on the surface of the globe. The theory of Evolution.

The Practical Examination may include the interpretation of maps and section models and sections across them, representation of country, and also the identification and description of the minerals, rocks and fossils.

Candidates will be expected to show some acquaintance with field work.

#### (i) *Psychology, Ethics, and Logic as a Language*

(1) Psychology, (2) Ethics, (3) A philosophical work to be presented usually in whole or in part, (4) Logic and the Theory of Knowledge, or a Language.

Text-books will be recommended from time to time as indicating the scope and standard of the examination, but the questions will not be confined to the books recommended.

The courses in the several languages shall be as follows:—

(1) Sanskrit.—Extracts from Indian Philosophical Literature.

(2) Persian or Arabic.—Extracts from the Philosophical Literature of these Languages.

(3) The Indian Languages, Oriya or Urdu. Books of the same standard of difficulty as those permitted under Group (iv).

In each language there shall be two papers of three hours' duration which shall contain questions on the subject-matter of the set books, a critical knowledge of which will be required, and also passages from those books for translation into English and explanation, together with answers prepared for translation into English from the selected Classical or Foreign language, or original composition in the selected vernacular language.

#### (v) *History and Geography*

##### Part A

(1) General Indian History, (2) Constitutional History of Great Britain and Ireland, (3) Outline of European History, A.D. 476 to A.D. 1875, (4) Elements of Economics, (5) Political Science or a Language.

The courses in the several languages shall be as follows:—

(1) Sanskrit.—Extracts from the Vedic and Classical Literature illustrative of Indian History.

(2) Persian or Arabic.—Extracts from the General Literature illustrative of Modern History.

(3) The Indian Languages, Oriya or Urdu. Books of the same standard of difficulty as those permitted under Group (iv).

In each language there shall be two papers of three hours' duration which shall contain questions on the subject-matter of the set books, a critical

knowledge of which will be required and also passages from these books for translation into English and explanation, together with unseen passages for description into English from the selected Classical or Foreign language or original composition in the selected vernacular language.

#### OR

- (1) *Excursion—General.*
- (2) *Excursion—Period I.*
- (3) *Excursion—Period II.*
- (4) *Modern History, according to a syllabus.*
- (5) *Indian History, according to a syllabus.*

#### (vi) Languages other than English.

Candidates may select any one of the following languages, which shall be taken in conjunction with the selected subject or related language specified for each language in the following list:—

Selected Language.	Related Subject.
Sanskrit .. ..	Early Indian History.
Persian or Arabic ..	Early Muslim History.
Urdu .. ..	Indian History—Muslim Period.
Tamil, Telugu, Malayalam or Kanarese ..	Early South Indian History.
Urdu .. ..	Early History of Orissa.
<i>Related Language.</i>	
Sanskrit, .. ..	Arabic, Urdu, Persian.
<i>Descriptive Language or Sanskrit.</i>	
Urdu .. ..	Gujari.

The course of study in the several languages shall be as follows:—

#### (1) (a) *Sanskrit (main).*

*Sanskrit Language and Literature.* The course shall be:—

(a) Selections from the Early Period, including *Vedas*, *Shruti*, *Smriti*, *Upanishads* and *Epics*, and the *Classical* literature.

(b) Selections from the Middle Period, including the *Mahabharata* and the *Ramayana*, *Upanishads* and the *Classical* literature.

A knowledge of *Alankara*-texts will be required sufficient for the correct understanding of *Upanishads*.

(c) *Sanskrit Grammar* treated historically and comparatively in accordance with a syllabus.

(d) *Upanishads* from and into *Sanskrit*.

(e) *General History of Sanskrit Literature.*

(f) *Early Indian History.*

In the examination there shall be two papers, each of three hours' duration in subject (b) and one paper of three hours' duration in each of other subjects, except translation from *Sanskrit* into the main language.

#### (2) *Sanskrit (subsidiary).*

The course shall consist of the study of one drama of the classical period and poetry of one *Upanishad*. In the examination there shall be one paper of three hours' duration which shall include poems for translation from *Sanskrit* into the main language.

#### (3) *Urdu.*

The course shall consist of:—

(a) Poem books from different periods, including at least one modern work.

(b) Poetry books from different periods, including at least one modern work.

(c) Translation from prose and poetry books other than the set books, translation from English into Urdu to be made in a specified modern style.

(d) History of Language and Literature.

(e) Indian History—Muslim Period or Arabic or Persian.

#### (3) (a) *Arabic or Persian (main).*

The course shall consist of:—

(a) Poem books selected from different periods.

(b) Poetry books selected from different periods.

(c) Translation from poem books other than the set books; translation from the set poetry books and from English into Arabic or Persian.

(d) History of Language and Literature with special reference to the set books.

(e) A selected period of early Muslim History.

The periods of History for Persian or Arabic may be one or more of the following:—

1. The first Arab Khalifa and the Umayyad Khalifa extending Africa and Spain.

2. The Abbasid Khalifa, extending Africa and Spain and the Wars of Crusades.

3. The Muslim Conquest of Egypt and Northern Africa and the fall of the Abbasid Khalifa and extending the wars of the Crusades.

4. The Arab conquest of and rule in Spain.

5. The Wars of the Crusades.

#### (3) *Arabic or Persian (subsidiary).*

The course shall consist of the study of selected poems from one part of the classical period and selected portions from the works of one modern prose writer. There shall be one paper in the examination of three hours' duration which shall include poems for translation from Arabic or Persian into the main language.

(4) *Tamil, Telugu, Kanarese or Malayalam.*

The course shall be:—

(a) The study of selections representative of the several periods of the literature of the selected language including one or more inscriptions.

(b) The history of the literature with special reference to the set books.

(c) The strength of the *Comparative Grammar* of the Descriptive Language.

(d) Composition.

(e) Early South Indian History or *Sanskrit*.

(f) *Gujari*.

The course shall be the same as for the Descriptive language, with the substitution of *Gujari Grammar* for *Descriptive Grammar*, and of the *Early History of Orissa* for *Early South Indian History*.

8. A candidate shall be deemed to have passed the examination in English if he obtains not less than thirty-six per cent of the total number of marks.

A candidate shall be deemed to have passed in an optional group if he obtains not less than thirty per cent of the total marks, and not less than thirty per cent in each division of the examination. All other candidates shall be deemed to have failed in the examination. The divisions shall be as follows:—

Group (1) (a) Pure Mathematics, (b) Applied Mathematics.

Group (2) (a) The written examination in the main subject, (b) The practical examination in the main subject, (c) The subsidiary subject.

Group (3) (a) The written examination in the main subject, (b) The practical examination in the main subject, (c) The subsidiary subject.

Group (4) (a) Psychology and special subjects, (b) *Science and Logic or a Language*.

Group (5) (a) Indian, European, and Constitutional History, (b) Economics and Political Science or a Language.

Group (6) (a) *Excursion*, (b) History.

Group (7) (a) Selected Language, (b) Selected Language.

There shall be separate lists for the English language part and for each of the optional groups. Successful candidates obtaining not less than sixty per cent of the total marks in English or in an optional group shall be placed in the first class. Successful candidates obtaining less than sixty per

sent and not less than 50 per cent shall be placed in the second class. Successful candidates obtaining less than 50 per cent shall be placed in the third class.

#### Chapter XXXIII.

##### DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF EDUCATION.

3. No candidate shall be eligible for the Degree of Bachelor of Education unless he has taken a degree in the University or a Degree in some other University accepted by the Syndicate and has also passed the prescribed examination.

4. Candidates for the B.Ed. Degree Examination shall have taken, or have qualified for, a degree in this University or have taken a degree in some other University accepted by the Syndicate as equivalent thereto and shall have thenceforth undergone the prescribed course in an affiliated college for three terms.

5. The examination shall be a written examination conducted by means of printed papers.

6. Candidates shall undergo a course, and be examined as—

##### (i) the Theory and Practice of Education—

(A) The elements of Human Physiology with special reference to the nervous system and the organs of sense and to the physical stages of development during childhood and youth. School hygiene including lighting and ventilation of school-rooms, school-facilities and its arrangement, detection of physical imperfections and of ill health and measures to be taken by the teacher in typical cases. Pedagog: signs of child minds of ascending stages: Physical training, gymnastics, drill and outdoor games: how far these are a remedy for mental defects.

(B) The elements of Psychology with special attention to the signs of mental development. The meaning of the memory, the nature and conditions of attention and interest, the use of memory and imagination in education, the theory of apperception, 'the five steps' in teaching method. The cultivation of the feelings, the will and the moral intelligence. Theories of punishment. School discipline, its aims and methods. Analysis of habit and character. Development of speech & signs. The cultivation of each habit as discipline, courtesy, workableness, and politeness.

(C) The nature of knowledge & knowledge and language. The nature of judgment and types of judgment. The modes of reasoning, deductive and inductive. Definition, classification and explanation. Specific teaching methods, e.g., expository, inductive and teaching experiment. Classification of subjects usually taught in schools with reference to their educational and practical value, the dividing up of curricula and of materials. Curriculum of studies. Fixing of nature of lessons and of individual lessons and lessons of lesson. Notes of lessons. Classification of pupils according to general progress or progress in separate subjects. Examinations.

(D) Methods appropriate to the teaching of (1) English, and (2) one of the following groups of subjects—(a) all subjects to young children, (b) Mathematics, (c) Physical Science, (d) Natural Science, (e) History, (f) Geography, and (g) one language other than English. Science under (D) may be prescribed as necessary subject.

(E) Candidates shall also undergo a course in practical training involving instruction in school management and practice in teaching.

7. A candidate may further, with the consent of the President of his college, undergo a special course and be examined in the methods of teaching English. A syllabus may be prescribed as necessary course.

There shall be an A paper for the B. Ed. Degree Examination, the first two dealing with the portions

covered by paragraph 4 (i) (A), (B) and (C) above, the third dealing with methods appropriate to the Teaching of English, the fourth to methods appropriate to the teaching of one of the groups of subjects other than English given in paragraph 4 (i) (A) above and the fifth dealing with special English.

8. Candidates who obtain not less than 50 per cent of the marks in the first two papers taken together, and not less than 35 per cent in each of the last two papers not less than 40 per cent in the latter papers taken together shall be declared eligible to receive the Degree of Bachelor of Teaching. All other candidates shall be deemed to have failed. Of successful candidates those who obtain not less than 60 per cent of the total marks shall be placed in the first class and those who obtain not less than 50 per cent of the total marks shall be placed in the second class. The remaining successful candidates shall be placed in the third class.

Successful candidates who obtain not less than 80 per cent of the marks in the papers relating to D (1) or the paper relating to D (2) shall be declared to have obtained distinction in that subject. Candidates who obtain not less than 40 per cent of the marks in the special paper in the methods of teaching English shall be declared to have passed in that subject and the fact shall be recorded in the diploma awarded to them. Candidates who obtain not less than 60 per cent of the marks in the same paper shall be declared to have passed with distinction.

#### Chapter XXXIV.

##### DEGREE OF MASTER OF EDUCATION.

1. The Degree of Master of Education may be conferred upon—

(1) Persons who have passed the B.Ed. Degree Examination of this University and who are of not less than two years standing.

(2) Persons who have passed an examination accepted by the Syndicate as equivalent to the B.Ed. Degree Examination of this University and who are of not less than two years standing.

2. The Degree of Ed. shall only be awarded to candidates who have submitted as a thesis work forming a distinct contribution to the advancement of learning. The degree shall be awarded after the thesis has been approved by each of the three independent judges constituted by the Syndicate.

3. The thesis must comply with the following conditions—

(1) It must be satisfactory in respect of literary presentation as well as in other respects and should be in a form suitable for publication.

(2) The candidate must indicate how far it embodies the results of his own individual researches or observations.

#### Chapter XXXV.

##### DEGREE OF MASTER OF MEDICINE AND SURGERY.

##### Degree of Bachelor of Medicine and Surgery.

1. Candidates for the degree of Bachelor of Medicine and Surgery shall be required—

(1) to have completed the age of seventeen years or to be before the date of admission in a college of Medicine for registration as a student;

(2) to have passed the Intermediate Examination in Arts Science of this University, taking Groups I or II (Mathematics or Natural Science, Physics and Chemistry), or an examination accepted by the Syndicate as equivalent thereto.

(3) to have been subsequently engaged for not less than two years in their professional studies in a college of Medicine affiliated to the University.

2. Candidates shall be required to pass two examinations at biennially intervals, each held twice a year, in December and April in the case of the First

M.B. & B.S. Examination, and April and October in the case of the other examinations.

3. (c) Candidates who fail to pass any examination shall be referred to their studies until the next succeeding examination.

(d) In the case of the examinations other than the First, candidates referred at any examination may on the first occasion on which they are so referred proceed with their studies and re-examine the courses prescribed for the next ensuing higher examination, provided that, if any such candidate should fail to pass the next succeeding examination, no period of study so spent in the process for the next higher examination shall be allowed to count for the grant of the certificate prescribed therein.\*

The courses will not, however, apply to candidates for the Second M.B. & B.S. Examination who fail in Part II of the examination.

(e) Candidates who have been referred to their studies shall on the first occasion on which they are so referred be admitted to the next succeeding examination without the production of additional certificates.

(f) Candidates who have been referred to their studies and who did not appear or who failed at the next succeeding examination shall be deemed to be a subsequent examination only in the production of a certificate, in the form prescribed,\* of having been re-engaged in study at an affiliated college until the next succeeding examination.

(g) Candidates who, not having previously failed at the examination, and having obtained the prescribed certificate did not apply for admission to the next ensuing examination although qualified to do so, or having applied, if admission did not appear, shall be treated, for the purpose of these Regulations as if they had failed at that examination and had been referred to their studies.

#### FIRST M.B. & B.S. EXAMINATION.

4. A candidate for the first M.B. & B.S. examination shall undergo a course of study extending over twelve half years and shall be examined as—

(a) Inorganic Chemistry, according to a syllabus.

(b) Physics, according to a syllabus, and

(c) Biology, according to a syllabus.

The examination in each subject shall be written, Practical and Oral.

5. No candidate shall be admitted to this examination unless he has produced satisfactory evidence of having complied with the provisions contained in paragraphs (b) and (c) of Regulation 4 of this chapter, and has produced the prescribed certificate.\*

6. Candidates who have passed the B.A. Degree examination of the University or of a Degree examination of any other Indian University recognised by the Syndicate as equivalent thereto shall not, however, be required to produce the prescribed certificate fee, or to pass in, any of the subjects laid down for the examination in which they may have already passed at the examination for their degree.

7. A candidate for the First M.B. & B.S. examination shall be deemed to have passed the examination if he obtains not less than one-third of the marks in the Written, and not less than one-third of the marks in the Practical and Oral taken together in each subject, and not less than one-half of the aggregate number of marks. All other candidates shall be deemed to have failed in the examination.

Candidates who obtain partial exemption under Regulation 6 of this Chapter may be deemed to have passed the First M.B. & B.S. examination—

(a) In the case of a candidate who is exempted in two out of the three subjects, if he obtains not less

than one-half of the maximum number of marks allotted to the third subject;

(b) In the case of a candidate who is exempted in only one out of three subjects, if he obtains not less than one-third of the maximum marks in each of the remaining two subjects and not less than one-half of the total maximum marks for both.

8. Candidates for the First M.B. & B.S. examination who fail in a subject may re-examine who obtain not less than one-half of the aggregate number of marks in the whole examination, may, at the option of the candidate, be exempted from re-examination in the subjects in which they have passed.

9. Candidates for the First M.B. & B.S. examination who pass the whole examination at one time shall be ranked in the order of proficiency as determined by the total marks obtained by each and shall be awarded in two classes—

The first, consisting of those who have obtained not less than two-thirds of the aggregate number of marks.

The second, consisting of all others.

Candidates who pass the first class and who obtain not less than seventy five per cent of the marks in any subject shall be deemed to have passed with distinction in that subject.

All candidates who pass the examination in parts shall be ranked in the second class.

#### SECOND M.B. & B.S. EXAMINATION.

10. A candidate for the Second M.B. & B.S. examination shall undergo a course of study extending over one year and shall be examined as—

(a) Organic Chemistry including Bio-Chemistry, according to a syllabus.

(b) Anatomy, including the Elements of Human Embryology.

The examination in each subject shall be written, Practical and Oral.

11. Candidates may present themselves for the whole examination at one time, or may take the examination in two parts, viz. Part I comprising Organic Chemistry including Bio-Chemistry, and Part II comprising Anatomy including the Elements of Human Embryology and Physiology.

12. No candidate shall be admitted to Part I of the examination unless he has completed the First M.B. & B.S. examination or an examination accepted by the Syndicate as equivalent thereto, and has produced the prescribed certificate.

13. No candidate shall be admitted to Part II of the examination unless he has completed with the provisions of Regulation 10 of this Chapter, and has produced the prescribed further certificate.\*

14. No candidate shall be admitted to the whole examination, unless he has completed with all the provisions of Regulations 12 and 13 of this Chapter.

15. A candidate for the whole examination shall be deemed to have passed the examination if he obtains not less than one-half of the marks in Anatomy (including Elements of Human Embryology, Written), and Physiology (Written), respectively, not less than one-half of the marks in the Practical and Oral taken together in Anatomy (including Elements of Human Embryology), and Physiology, respectively, not less than one-third of the marks in Organic Chemistry including Bio-Chemistry, and not less than one-half of the aggregate number of marks. All other candidates shall be deemed to have failed in the examination.

\* Vide Chapter E.I.I.I.

\* Vide Chapter E.I.I.I.

16. A candidate for the Second M.B. & B.S. examination taken in particular is deemed to have passed in Part I of the examination taken alone if he obtains not less than one-half of the marks in Organic Chemistry including Bio-Chemistry, and to have passed in Part II of the examination taken alone if he obtains respectively not less than one-half of the marks in Anatomy including Elements of Human Embryology (Written), in Physiology (Written), and in the Practical and Oral taken together in each subject. All other candidates shall be deemed to have failed in the parts of the examination taken alone.

17. Candidates for the Second M.B. & B.S. examinations who fail in any subject and who obtain not less than one-half of the aggregate number of marks in the whole examination may, at the option of the candidate be exempted from re-examination in the subjects in which they have passed.

18. Successful candidates at the Second M.B. & B.S. examination shall be marked in the order of proficiency as determined by the total marks obtained by each and shall be arranged in two classes—

The first, consisting of those who have obtained not less than two-thirds of the aggregate number of marks.

The second, consisting of all others. Candidates who pass in the first class and who obtain not less than seventy five per cent of the marks in any subject shall be deemed to have passed with distinction in that subject.

No candidate shall be ranked in the first class unless he has either passed the whole examination at one time or has passed each part separately at the first session of appearing therefor.

#### THIRD M.B. & B.S. EXAMINATION.

19. A candidate for the Third M.B. & B.S. examination shall undergo a course of study extending over one year, and shall be examined in—

- (a) Materia Medica,
- (b) General Pathology, and
- (c) Hygiene.

The examination in each subject shall be Written, Practical and Oral.

20. No candidate shall be admitted to the Third M.B. & B.S. examination unless he has passed the Second M.B. & B.S. examination or an examination accepted by the Syndicate as equivalent thereto, and has produced the prescribed certificate.\*

21. A candidate for the Third M.B. & B.S. examination shall be deemed to have passed the examination if he obtains not less than one-half of the marks in the written part of each of General Pathology and Hygiene, and not less than half of the marks in the Practical and Oral taken together in each of these two subjects, and not less than one-third of the marks in the Written, Practical and Oral examinations taken together in Materia Medica, and not less than one-half of the aggregate number of marks. All other candidates shall be deemed to have failed in the examination.

22. Candidates for the Third M.B. & B.S. examinations who fail in not more than one subject, and who obtain not less than one-half of the aggregate number of marks in the whole examination may, at the option of the candidate, be exempted from re-examination in the subjects in which they have passed.

23. Candidates for the Third M.B. & B.S. examination who pass the whole examination at one time

shall be ranked in the order of proficiency as determined by the total marks obtained by each, and shall be arranged in two classes—

The first, consisting of those who have obtained not less than two-thirds of the aggregate number of marks.

The second, consisting of all others. Candidates who pass in the first class and who obtain not less than seventy five per cent of the marks in any subject shall be deemed to have passed with distinction in that subject.

All candidates who do not pass the whole examination at one time shall be marked in the second class.

#### FINAL M.B. & B.S. DIPLOMA EXAMINATION.

24. (1) Candidates may present themselves for the whole examination at one time, or may take the examination in two parts.

(2) A candidate for Part I of the Final M.B. & B.S. Diploma examination shall undergo a course of study extending over one year, and shall be examined in—

- (a) Ophthalmology, and
- (b) Medical Jurisprudence.

(3) A candidate for Part II of the Final M.B. & B.S. Diploma examination shall undergo a course of study extending over two years, and shall be examined in—

- (a) Medicine including Therapeutics, Mental Diseases (according to a Syllabus), and Acute Infectious Diseases,
- (b) Surgery and Surgical Anatomy, and
- (c) Midwifery and Diseases of Women and the New-born Child.

The course for Practical Midwifery required for the M.B. & B.S. Degree shall be as under—

(1) Every candidate for the M.B. & B.S. Degree before entering the study of Practical Midwifery, shall have held the office of Clinical Medical Clerk and Surgical Dresser and shall have attended a course of lectures on Surgery and Midwifery.

(2) Every candidate shall be required to present a certificate bearing that he has conducted every case of labour under official medical supervision subject to the following conditions, viz., either

(a) That he has previously given regular attendance for a period of three months upon the indoor practice of a Lying-in hospital or the Lying-in wards of a General Hospital, and has received practical instruction therein under the supervision of a Medical officer;

(b) That he has previously given regular attendance for a period of one month upon the indoor practice of a Lying-in hospital, or the Lying-in wards of a General Hospital, and that he has conducted cases of labour therein, and has been certified by the Registrar as competent to conduct cases under official medical supervision.

(3) The certificate that the candidate has conducted the aforementioned twenty cases of labour should be given by a member of the staff of a Lying-in hospital or of a Maternity Charity recognized by the University.

(4) The examination in each subject shall be Written, Practical and Oral in the case of Part I, and Written, Clinical and Practical and Oral in the case of Part II.

25. No candidate shall be admitted to Part I of the examination unless he has passed the Third M.B. & B.S. examination or an examination accepted by the Syndicate as equivalent thereto, and has produced the prescribed certificate.\*

26. No candidate shall be admitted to Part II of the examination unless he has passed not less than

\* Vide Chapter XXXIX.

\* Vide Chapter XXXIX.



three years previously the Second M.B. & B.S. Examination, and has complied with all the provisions of Regulations 25 of this Chapter and has passed the prescribed further education.\*

21. No candidate shall be admitted to the whole examination unless he has complied with all the provisions of Regulations 25 and 26 of this Chapter.

22. A candidate for the Final M.B. & B.S. Degree examination shall be declared to have passed the examination if he obtains not less than one-third of the marks in Ophthalmology and in Medical Jurisprudence respectively, and not less than one-half of the marks in the written part of each of the remaining subjects, not less than one-half of the marks in Clinical and Oral Medicine taken together, in Clinical and Oral Surgery taken together, in Ophthalmic Surgery, and in Clinical and Practical and Oral Medicine, and, taken together, not less than one-half of the aggregate number of marks. All other candidates shall be deemed to have failed in the examination.

23. A candidate for the Final M.B. & B.S. Degree examination shall be declared to have passed it in Part I of the examination when shall he obtain not less than one-third of the marks in each subject and not less than one-half of the aggregate number of marks in the two subjects of oral and the same examination. A candidate for the Final M.B. & B.S. Degree Examination shall be declared to have passed in Part II of the examination when shall he obtain not less than one-half of the marks in each subject. All other candidates shall be deemed to have failed in the parts of the examination when above.

24. Successful candidates at the Final M.B. & B.S. Degree examination shall be ranked in the order of proficiency as determined by the total marks obtained by each, and shall be arranged in two classes—

The first, consisting of those who have obtained not less than two-thirds of the aggregate number of marks.

The second, consisting of all others.

Candidates who pass in the first class and who obtain not less than seventy-five per cent of the marks in any subject shall be declared to have passed with distinction in that subject.

No candidate shall be ranked in the first class unless he has either passed the whole examination at one time or has passed each part separately as the first session of appearing thereto obtaining not less than two-thirds of the marks in each part.

25. Candidates for the Final M.B. & B.S. Degree examination who fail in Part II of the examination do not appear for any subject, and who obtain not less than one-half of the aggregate number of marks obtained for the three subjects of this part may, at the option of the candidate, be exempted from re-examination in the subjects in which they have passed.

26. Candidates for the Final M.B. & B.S. Degree examination who having taken the whole examination at one time, fail in not more than two subjects, and who obtain not less than one-half of the aggregate number of marks in the whole examination, may, at the option of the candidate, be exempted from re-examination in the subjects in which they have passed.

Candidates are exempted who fail in two subjects next to each other in the same examination.

Candidates who, having taken the whole examination at one time while failing in one or more subjects, succeed in obtaining the required number of passing marks in the subjects comprising Part I of the examination in accordance with Regulation 25 of this Chapter, shall not be required to

present themselves for re-examination in that part and shall not be deferred from appearing either at the option of the candidate provided for in these Regulations; provided that such candidates who do not appear again in Part I shall be deemed to have passed in Part I only in accordance with the provisions of Regulations 25 and 26.

#### TRANSFERRING REGULATIONS

##### L.M. & S. Degree Examination.

The Regulations printed in Vol. I of the Medical University Calendar for 1925-26, relating to courses of study and examinations for the L.M. & S. Degree shall remain in force for the benefit of candidates who have entered upon their course of study prior to July 1924, subject to such alterations in the schedule of studies corresponding to those made in the Regulations for the M.B. & B.S. Degree in conformity with the recommendations of the General Medical Council of Great Britain in regard to (1) the abbreviation of three years between the date of passing professional examination in Anatomy and Physiology and that of admission to the First examination in Medicine, Surgery and Midwifery, and (2) increases in Bio-Chemistry and Arable Infectious Diseases.

Candidates for the M.B. & B.S. Degree who obtain the L.M. & S. Degree shall be admitted to Part II of the Final M.B. & B.S. Degree Examination without the production of an additional certificate of attendance.

#### Chapter XXXI.

##### TITLE, CERTIFICATION OF PROFICIENCY, AND DEGREE IN ORIENTAL LITERATURE.

1. There shall be an examination in Oriental Learning with a compulsory degree in Sanskrit and an optional division qualifying for Certificate of Proficiency in the modern methods of study.

#### (1) CANDIDATES ENTITLED FOR TITLES.

##### 1. The titles shall be as follows:—

*Shiksha* or *Shiksha* in Sanskrit, *Patanjali*, *Yoga*, *Yajurveda* or *Siddhi* according to the special branch of study selected by the candidate who has offered for his examination Sanskrit alone;

*Patanjali* in the case of a candidate who has offered for his examination either (a) Sanskrit and any one of the following languages, Telugu, Kannada and Oriya, or (b) Telugu, Kannada or Oriya as the main language with Sanskrit as a subsidiary language, or (c) Telugu and Kannada; *Siddhi* in the case of a candidate who has offered for his examination Amharic alone.

*Shiksha-Patanjali* in the case of a candidate who has offered for his examination Persian as the principal language, and Urdu as the subsidiary language, and also possesses an elementary knowledge of Arabic Grammar.

3. Candidates for the *Shiksha* title shall offer for their examination Sanskrit alone; and those for the *Patanjali* title either (a) Sanskrit and any one of the following languages, Telugu, Kannada and Oriya, or (b) Telugu, Kannada or Oriya as the main language with Sanskrit as a subsidiary language, or (c) Telugu and Kannada.

Candidates for the *Siddhi* title shall offer for their examination Amharic alone; and those for the *Shiksha-Patanjali* title Persian as the principal language and Urdu as the subsidiary language.

4. The names of studies for the examination by title shall extend over two years and shall be taken up in succession or collectively approved by the Syndicate.

5. The examination for title shall be divided into two parts, viz.—preliminary and final—the preliminary examination in a specified period of

\* Vide Chapter XXXII.

the course at the end of the second year and the final in the remaining portion of the course at the end of the fourth year. No candidate shall be admitted to the final examination until he has passed the preliminary examination.

A. A. Candidates who have qualified under the regulations of this Chapter for Titles in General Learning may continue their studies under the same regulations in order to qualify further (5) for the same title in an additional language, in an additional branch or branches, or in additional languages, or (6) for other Titles, under the conditions following:—

#### General.

1. No candidate who has qualified for a Title will be admitted to any further examination for a Title except after the expiry of two years from the date of passing the last preceding qualifying examination: provided that candidates who have qualified for (1) the Sanskrit Title in any of the three South Indian Schools of Vedanta included in Branch II or (5) one of the titles in *Amsha or Purana* shall be admitted to a further examination (a) in any other South Indian School of Vedanta, or (b) in the other title in *Amsha or Purana*, after the expiry of one year from the date of passing the last preceding qualifying examination.

2. Applications for exemption from the production of the prescribed certificate shall be forwarded to as to reach the Registrar before the 1st October preceding the examination.

3. No candidate who has already proceeded to a Title and has been awarded his Diploma shall be admitted at Correspondence School, but in this case this, notwithstanding that he may have qualified in an additional branch or in an additional language; an endorsement will be made upon the Diploma setting forth the further examination passed by him, the date of such examination and the time in which it was placed.

4. The provisions of Regulation 14 of this Chapter shall apply to all examinations held under this regulation which shall, for the purposes of this regulation, be deemed to be equivalent to either the Preliminary or the Final Examination for a Title, as the case may be.

#### Special.

1. *Sanskrit*.—A candidate who has qualified for the Title of Sanskrit in any one of the special branches of study may further qualify in any other branch by passing in one and the same year an examination in such branch consisting of the questions papers set that year in the special paper only for both the Preliminary and Final Examinations in that branch provided that, in the case of candidates who have already qualified in one of the three South Indian Schools of Vedanta and seek to qualify in any other South Indian School of Vedanta, such further examination is the special part of the said exam only of all papers except that relating to (4) in the Final Examination (note Regulation 6, Branch II).

2. *Sanskrit and Telugu*.—A candidate who has qualified for the Title of Sanskrit may further qualify for the Title of Telugu by passing the examination for that Title in accordance with the regulations, provided that such a candidate who offers for his examination Sanskrit and a Dravidian language shall be exempt from examination in Sanskrit and shall be permitted to take the whole examination in the Dravidian language in one year, and may qualify for the Title of Telugu by passing the examination in that language: provided also that such a candidate who offers for his examination two Dravidian languages and is exempted by the Senate from the production of the required certificate shall be permitted to take the Preliminary and Final Examinations in successive years.

#### 3. *Telugu*.—

A candidate who has qualified for the Title of Telugu may qualify in an additional language or in additional languages by passing the examination in such language or languages according to the regulations. A candidate who offers an additional language only may take the whole examination in that language in one year, and a candidate who offers for his examination two Dravidian languages and is exempted by the Senate from the production of the required certificate shall be permitted to take the Preliminary and Final Examinations in successive years.

Candidates desiring to qualify in an additional Dravidian language may offer either of the courses in that language detailed in Regulation 7 of this Chapter.

#### 4. *Sanskrit*.—

1. The course of studies shall be as follows:—

##### A. *General*.

(a) The History of Sanskrit Language and Literature.  
(b) Prescribed text-books.

##### B. *A Special Subject*

1. For the preliminary examination, the course in the special part shall comprise:—

(a) Prescribed text-books relating to the elements of *Varke Mimamsa and Vyākhyāna*.  
(b) Prescribed text-books chosen from among the *Maṭras*, the *Shukraśāstra*, the *Upanishads*, the *Ugriya* and *Ugriya Sūtras* and the *Sūtra*.

For the final examination, the course in the special part shall comprise the History of Sanskrit Language and Literature.

2. The course in the special part shall consist of one of the following branches of study taken by the candidate:—

##### Branch I.—*Mīmāṃsā Group*.

For the preliminary examination, prescribed text-books relating to *Parvāṇamīmāṃsā*, *Vāda*, *Śrauta* and *Upanishads*.

For the final examination, (a) prescribed text-books relating to *Parvāṇamīmāṃsā*, (b) prescribed text-books relating to *Vāda* and (c) the proper interpretation of the social and the legal aspects of the *Upanishads*.

##### Branch II.—*Vedānta Group*.

For the preliminary examination, prescribed text-books relating to the *Śāstra* *Prasthanas* of one of the three South Indian Schools of Vedānta, viz.—*Advaita*, *Vaiśeṣika* and *Dvaita*.

For the final examination, (a) prescribed text-books relating to the *Vāda* *Prasthanas* of one of the three South Indian Schools of Vedānta; and (b) prescribed text-books relating to *Yoga*, *Sāṅkhya* and the elements of the three South Indian Schools of Vedānta.

There shall be two papers on the books prescribed under (a) and one paper on the books prescribed under (b).

##### Branch III.—*Yoga Group*.

For the preliminary examination, prescribed text-books relating to the *Śāstra* *Prasthanas* of *Yoga* and *Vaiśeṣika* *Upanishads* including select portions of *Parvāṇamīmāṃsā*.

For the final examination, prescribed text-books relating to *Yoga* and *Vaiśeṣika* *Upanishads* and select portions of *Upanishads* and all the *Śāstra* *Prasthanas* of *Yoga* and *Mīmāṃsā*.

##### Branch IV.—*Vaiśeṣika Group*.

For the preliminary examination, prescribed text-books relating to selected *Vaiśeṣika* *Upanishads*, including select portions of standard commentaries on the *Siddhāntasūtra*.





*Certificate for exemption.*

I hereby certify that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, \_\_\_\_\_ has completed the necessary work before the date of the next General Trial Examination, and that he is qualified by his attainments to appear for the examination.

Student

Date

Signature.

14. A candidate shall be deemed to have passed the preliminary examination if he obtains not less than 45 per cent of the total marks in that examination. A candidate shall be deemed to have passed the final examination if he obtains not less than 40 per cent of the total marks in that examination. All other candidates shall be deemed to have failed. Successful candidates in the final examination shall be arranged in three classes:—

The first, consisting of those who obtain not less than 50 per cent; the second, of those who obtain not less than 45 per cent; and the third, of those who obtain less than 45 per cent of the total marks.

(2) *Certificate of Proficiency in Oriental Learning.*

15. Candidates for certificates shall offer for their examination one of the following subjects:—

(1) Literary Criticism as applied to Sanskrit Literature according to a syllabus.

(2) Indian Philosophy in its relation to Western Philosophy, according to a syllabus.

(3) Indo-European Philology with special reference to Sanskrit, according to a syllabus.

(4) South Indian Languages and Literature in their bearing on Ancient Indian History and Culture.

(5) Hindu Law and Jurisprudence.

(6) Mohammedan Law and Jurisprudence.

(7) Literary Criticism as applied to Arabic and Persian Literature, according to a syllabus.

(8) Arabian Philology in its relation to Western Philosophy, according to a syllabus.

(9) Arabic Philology for Arabic and Indo-European Philology with special reference to Persian for Persian according to a syllabus.

16. The extent of studies for the examination shall extend over a period of two years and shall be taken in an institution or institutions approved for the purpose by the Syndicate.

17. The questions paper in the examination for certificates shall be set and answered in English.

18. The examinations for certificates shall follow immediately the final examinations for Titles in Oriental Learning.

19. No candidate shall be admitted to the examination for certificates until the expiry of two years from the date of his appearing for and passing the preliminary examination for Titles.

20. The Syndicate shall be empowered, after reference to the Board of Examiners in London, or in Arabic or the Sanskrit may be, to appoint for the purpose of the examination for certificates such institutions as in its opinion are fully qualified to provide efficient instruction in accordance with the syllabuses prescribed for the several optional subjects of the examination and also to withdraw such approval if at any time it thinks fit to do so.

21. Applications for exemption from the production of the prescribed certificates shall be forwarded as in reach the Registrar before October 1, preceding the examination.

22. Candidates for certificates, who have passed the examination for Titles and have satisfied the examiners in one optional subject, may present themselves for examination in another optional subject after an interval of two years without further attendance in an approved institution.

23. In each subject the examination for certificates shall be one paper of three hours' duration which candidates shall be required to answer on the morning of the day following the final examination for Titles.

24. The correspondence of approved institutions shall submit every year to the Syndicate a full report on the working and progress of their respective institutions during the previous academic year. This report should reach the Registrar not later than July 1, and should be referred to the Board of Examiners concerned for consideration and advice as to further action, if any.

#### Chapter XXXVII.

##### DEGREE OF MASTER OF ORIENTAL LEARNING.

1. Every candidate for the Degree of Master of Oriental Learning shall have passed the Examination for Certificate of Proficiency in Oriental Learning and shall have thereafter pursued for two years an advanced course of study bearing upon the subject selected by him for the examination for that certificate.

2. Every candidate for the Degree shall be required to submit with his application:—

(a) a certificate in the following terms from the head of an institution approved under Regulation 22 of Chapter XXXVI for imparting instruction in, or from a member of the Board of Examiners dealing with the subject of the candidate's Certificate of Proficiency, or from some competent scholar recommended by the Syndicate:—

#### *Form of Certificate.*

I hereby certify that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, \_\_\_\_\_ has pursued, for not less than two years a course qualifying for the Certificate of Proficiency in Oriental Learning, an advanced course of study bearing upon the subject of his Certificate of Proficiency.

Student

Date

Signature.

Description.

and

(b) an original thesis in English, showing evidence of original work connected with the special subject in which he qualified. himself for his certificate, the candidate submitting in a preface to his thesis and specially in notes, the sources from which his information is taken and the extent to which he has availed himself of the work of others.

3. The thesis shall be referred by the Syndicate to a Board consisting of not more than three persons who at their discretion may require the candidate to appear before them to be tested orally with reference to the thesis (and in his thesis to the use of the English language). The Board shall report to the Syndicate the result of the examination of the thesis, and of the oral examination, if any, stating whether, in their opinion, the candidate is, by reason of his attainments, a fit person to receive the Degree of Master in Oriental Learning. The Syndicate shall publish the name of each successful candidate for the Degree with the title of his thesis.

#### Chapter XXXVIII.

##### THIRTEEN-PART EXAMINATIONS.

The order of time and subjects in which the several examinations shall be conducted shall be as set forth in the following tables and the number of marks assignable to each subject shall be as therein specified:—

#### *First table always*

(1) That, in the event of no candidate appearing for any paper in the B.A. (Honours) Degree Examination, the time-table for that examination may be altered by the Syndicate, but the order of the papers shall, so far as possible, be maintained;

(3) that, in the case of Part II of the B.A. Examination held in April the first day of the examination in each of the optional groups shall be determined annually by the Syndicate and shall be notified in the Gazette in the month of February;

(3) that, subject otherwise determined by the Syndicate, the Medical, Chemical and Civil Examinations shall follow the Written Examinations;

(4) that the time-table for the Victoria Examination as may be annually determined by the Syndicate shall be duly notified in the Gazette in the preceding February.

**MATRICULATION EXAMINATION.**

Day and hours.	Subjects.	Marks.
<b>First day—</b>		
10 a.m. to 12:00 p.m.	English 1st paper ..	75
2 p.m. to 4:30 p.m.	Do. 2nd paper ..	75
	<b>Total ..</b>	<b>150</b>
<b>Second day—</b>		
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	Arithmetic and Algebra ..	50
2 p.m. to 5:30 p.m.	Geometry ..	70
	<b>Total ..</b>	<b>120</b>
<b>Third day—</b>		
11 a.m. to 1 p.m.	Second Language ..	75
2 p.m. to 4 p.m.	History ..	45
<b>Fourth day—</b>		
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	Euclidean Geometry ..	75
2 p.m. to 4 p.m.	Geography ..	45

**INTERMEDIATE EXAMINATION IN ARTS AND SCIENCE.**

**PART I-A.**

*English Language and Literature.*

<b>First day—</b>		
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	Poetry ..	50
2 p.m. to 4 p.m.	Prose ..	50
<b>Second day—</b>		
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	Subjects for Composition ..	50
2 p.m. to 4 p.m.	Composition ..	50

**PART I-B.**

*Composition in a Foreign or Translated from a Chinese or Foreign Language.*

<b>First day—</b>		
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	Composition or Translation ..	100

**PART II.**

*Optional Group (i).*

**(a) Mathematics.**

<b>First day—</b>		
10 a.m. to 12:30 p.m.	First Paper ..	50
2 p.m. to 4:30 p.m.	Second Paper ..	50

**(b) Physics.**

<b>Second day—</b>		
10 a.m. to 12 noon	First Paper ..	50
2 p.m. to 4 p.m.	Second Paper ..	50

**(c) Chemistry.**

<b>Third day—</b>		
10 a.m. to 12 noon	First Paper ..	50
2 p.m. to 4 p.m.	Second Paper ..	50

**Total .. 200**

**Group (ii).**

**(a) Natural Science.**

<b>First day—</b>		
10 a.m. to 12:30 p.m.	Botany ..	50
2 p.m. to 4:30 p.m.	Zoology ..	50

**(b) Physics.**

<b>Second day—</b>		
10 a.m. to 12 noon	First Paper ..	50
2 p.m. to 4 p.m.	Second Paper ..	50

**INTERMEDIATE EXAMINATION IN ARTS AND SCIENCE—cont.**

**PART II—cont.**

**Group (iii)—cont.**

**(c) Chemistry.**

Days and hours.	Subjects.	Marks.
<b>Third day—</b>		
10 a.m. to 12 noon	First Paper ..	50
2 p.m. to 4 p.m.	Second Paper ..	50
	<b>Total ..</b>	<b>100</b>

**Group (iv).**

**(a) Ancient History.**

<b>First day—</b>		
10 a.m. to 12 noon	History of Greece ..	50
2 p.m. to 4 p.m.	History of Rome ..	50

**(b) Modern History.**

<b>Second day—</b>		
10 a.m. to 12 noon	History of Great Britain and Ireland, Political & Economic ..	50
2 p.m. to 4 p.m.	Do. ..	50

**(c) Indian History.**

<b>Third day—</b>		
10 a.m. to 12 noon	First Paper ..	50
2 p.m. to 4 p.m.	Second Paper ..	50

**(d) Logic.**

<b>Fourth day—</b>		
10 a.m. to 12 noon	First Paper ..	50
2 p.m. to 4 p.m.	Second Paper ..	50

**(e) Classical Language.**

<b>Fifth day—</b>		
10 a.m. to 12 noon	First Paper ..	50
2 p.m. to 4 p.m.	Second Paper ..	50

**(f) Classical, or other Languages.**

<b>Sixth day—</b>		
10 a.m. to 12 noon	First Paper ..	50
2 p.m. to 4 p.m.	Second Paper ..	50

**Total of any three subjects .. 300**

**B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION.**

**PART I.**

*English Language and Literature.*

<b>First day—</b>		
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	Composition ..	50
2 p.m. to 4:30 p.m.	Shortest Essay ..	50

<b>Second day—</b>		
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	Shakespeare ..	75
2 p.m. to 4:30 p.m.	Scottish and English Literature ..	75

<b>Third day—</b>		
10 a.m. to 12:30 p.m.	Modern Poetry ..	50

**Total .. 300**

**PART II.**

*Optional Group (i).*

**Mathematics.**

<b>First day—</b>		
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	Algebra and Trigonometry ..	50
2 p.m. to 4 p.m.	Geometry ..	50

<b>Second day—</b>		
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	Calculus and Analytical Geometry ..	50
2 p.m. to 4 p.m.	Optics ..	50

<b>Third day—</b>		
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	Hydrostatics Properties of Matter and Heat ..	200
2 p.m. to 4 p.m.	Pure Chemistry ..	50

**Total .. 450**

## S.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION—cont.

## PART II—cont.

## Group (i)—Physical Science.

Days and hours	A	Subjects	Marks
First day— 8 p.m. to 10 p.m.	..	Chemistry ..	80
Second day— 2 p.m. to 4 p.m.	..	Dynamics ..	80
Third day— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	..	Hydrostatics, Properties of Matter and Heat	100
Fourth day— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	..	Light, Electricity and Magnetism	100
5 p.m. to 8 p.m.	..	Practical Examination in Physics	100
Fifth day— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	..	Practical Examination in Chemistry	80
..	..	Total ..	440

## B

First day— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	..	General Chemistry ..	80
2 p.m. to 4 p.m.	..	Physics ..	80
Second day— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	..	Inorganic Chemistry ..	80
2 p.m. to 4 p.m.	..	Chemistry of Carbon Compounds	100
Third day— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	..	Practical Examination in Chemistry	100
Fourth day— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	..	Practical Examination in Physics	80
..	..	Total ..	440

## (ii) Natural Science.

## (a) Botany.

First day— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	..	Written Examination in Main Subject I	80
2 p.m. to 4 p.m.	..	Written Examination in Main Subject II	80
..	..	Oral examination ..	20
..	..	Practical examination ..	20
Second day— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	..	Practical Examination in Main Subject I	80
2 p.m. to 4 p.m.	..	Practical Examination in Main Subject II	80
Third day— 10 a.m. to 12 noon	..	Written Examination in Subsidiary Subject I	80
2 p.m. to 4 p.m.	..	Written Examination in Subsidiary Subject II	80
Fourth day— ..	..	Practical Examination in Subsidiary Subject	80
..	..	Total ..	420

## (b) Zoology; (c) Geology.

First day— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	..	Written Examination in Main Subject I	80
2 p.m. to 4 p.m.	..	Written Examination in Main Subject II	80
Second day— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	..	Practical Examination in Main Subject I	80
2 p.m. to 4 p.m.	..	Practical Examination in Main Subject II	80
Third day— 10 a.m. to 12 noon	..	Written Examination in Subsidiary Subject I	80
2 p.m. to 4 p.m.	..	Written Examination in Subsidiary Subject II	80
Fourth day— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	..	Practical Examination in Subsidiary Subject	80
..	..	Total ..	440

## S.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION—cont.

## PART II—cont.

## (iv) Psychology, Ethics, and Logic or a Language.

Days and hours	Subjects	Marks
First day— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	.. Logic and Theory of Knowledge or a Language	80
2 p.m. to 4 p.m.	.. Special Subject ..	80
Second day— 10 a.m. to 12 noon	.. Psychology ..	80
2 p.m. to 4 p.m.	.. Do. ..	80
Third day— 10 a.m. to 12 noon	.. Ethics ..	80
2 p.m. to 4 p.m.	.. Do. ..	80
..	Total ..	400

## (v) History and Economics.

## A

First day— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	.. Practical Science or a Language	80
2 p.m. to 4 p.m.	.. General Indian History	80
Second day— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	.. Constitutional History of Great Britain and Ireland	80
2 p.m. to 4 p.m.	.. Outline of European History	80
Third day— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	.. Economics—General ..	80
..	Total ..	400

## B

First day— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	.. Modern History ..	80
2 p.m. to 4 p.m.	.. General Indian History	80
Second day— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	.. Intermediate Special I ..	80
2 p.m. to 4 p.m.	.. Intermediate Special II ..	80
Third day— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	.. Economics—General ..	80
..	Total ..	400

## (vi) Languages other than English.

## (i) Sanskrit and Early Indian History.

First day— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	.. Study of the Early Period	40
2 p.m. to 4 p.m.	.. Study of the Later Period	40
Second day— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	.. Study of the Later Period	40
2 p.m. to 4 p.m.	.. Grammar ..	40
Third day— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	.. History of Sanskrit Literature	80
2 p.m. to 4 p.m.	.. Early Indian History ..	80
..	Total ..	400

## (ii) Urdu and Indian History—Modern Period or Arabic or Persian.

First day— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	.. From books ..	40
2 p.m. to 4 p.m.	.. Poetry ..	40
Second day— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	.. Translation ..	40
2 p.m. to 4 p.m.	.. Grammar, including Syntax and Prosody	40
Third day— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	.. History of Language and History of Indian Literature	80
2 p.m. to 4 p.m.	.. Indian History—Modern Period or Arabic or Persian	80
..	Total ..	400

**1st DEGREE EXAMINATION—cont.**

**PART II—cont.**

- (vi) *Largely other than English—cont.*  
(v) *Arabic or Persian and Early Muslim History.*

Days and hours.	Subjects.	Marks.
<b>First day—</b>		
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	— From books ..	40
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	— Poetry ..	40
<b>Second day—</b>		
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	— Translation ..	40
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	— Grammar including Persian and Farsi ..	40
<b>Third day—</b>		
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	— History of Arabic in Persian language and Literature ..	40
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	— Early Muslim History ..	40
	<b>Total</b> ..	<b>400</b>

- (4) *A Dominion language or Urdu, and a related subject or Sanskrit.*

Days and hours.	Subjects.	Marks.
<b>First day—</b>		
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	— Set books and History of Literature ..	70
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	— Do do ..	30
<b>Second day—</b>		
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	— History of Language and Grammar ..	40
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	— Composition Grammar—Translation in Question ..	40
<b>Third day—</b>		
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	— Composition ..	40
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	— Related subject—Sanskrit ..	40
	<b>Total</b> ..	<b>400</b>

**2nd DEGREE EXAMINATION.**

Days and hours.	Subjects.	Marks.
<b>First day—</b>		
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	— Theory and Practice of Medicine I & II ..	100
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	— Theory and Practice of Medicine I & II ..	100
<b>Second day—</b>		
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	— Theory and Practice of Medicine I & II ..	100
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	— Theory and Practice of Medicine I & II ..	100
<b>Third day—</b>		
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	— English (Special) ..	100
	<b>Total</b> ..	<b>600</b>

**3rd DEGREE EXAMINATION.**

Days and hours.	Subjects.	Marks.
<b>First day—</b>		
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	— Chemistry (Written) ..	100
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	— Physics (Do) ..	100
<b>Second day—</b>		
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	— General Biology (Written) ..	100
	— Chemistry (Practical) ..	40
	— Physics (Do) ..	40
<b>Days and hours will be duly varied.</b>	— General Biology (Practical) ..	40
	— Chemistry (Oral) ..	40
	— Physics (Do) ..	40
	— General Biology (Oral) ..	40

**4th DEGREE EXAMINATION.**

Days and hours.	Subjects.	Marks.
<b>First day—</b>		
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	— Organic Chemistry (with drug) ..	40
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	— Physiology (Written) ..	100
<b>Second day—</b>		
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	— Anatomy including Histology of Human Embryology (Written) ..	100

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**5th DEGREE EXAMINATION—cont.**

Days and hours.	Subjects.	Marks.
<b>First day—</b>		
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	— Systemic Chemistry including Bio-Chemistry (Written) ..	40
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	— Systemic Chemistry including Bio-Chemistry (Oral) ..	40
<b>Second day—</b>		
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	— Anatomy including Histology of Human Embryology (Written) ..	40
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	— Physiology including Histology of Human Embryology (Oral) ..	40
<b>Days and hours will be duly varied.</b>		

**6th DEGREE EXAMINATION.**

Days and hours.	Subjects.	Marks.
<b>First day—</b>		
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	— Material Metabolism (Written) ..	40
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	— General Pathology (Written) ..	100
<b>Second day—</b>		
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	— Hygiene (Written) ..	100
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	— Material Metabolism (Oral) ..	40
<b>Days and hours will be duly varied.</b>	— General Pathology (Oral) ..	40
	— Hygiene (Practical and Oral) ..	40

**7th DEGREE EXAMINATION.**

Days and hours.	Subjects.	Marks.
<b>First day—</b>		
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	— Medicine including Therapeutics and Nosology (Written) ..	100
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	— Ophthalmology (Written) ..	40
<b>Second day—</b>		
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	— Surgery and Surgical Anatomy (Written) ..	100
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	— Medicine (Surgery) (Written) ..	100
<b>Third day—</b>		
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	— Medicine and Diseases of Women and the New-born Child (Written) ..	100
<b>Days and hours will be duly varied.</b>	— Clinical Medicine ..	100
	— Medicine (Oral) ..	40
	— Clinical Surgery ..	40
	— Surgery (Oral) ..	40
	— Diseases of Women ..	40
	— Diseases of New-born ..	40
	— Ophthalmology (Practical and Oral) ..	40
	— Medical Jurisprudence (Oral) ..	40

**8th DEGREE EXAMINATION.**

Days and hours.	Subjects.	Marks.
<b>First day—</b>		
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	— Forensic Toxicology (Written) ..	100
<b>Second day—</b>		
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	— Forensic Toxicology (Oral) ..	100
<b>Third day—</b>		
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	— Forensic Toxicology (Special) ..	100
<b>Fourth day—</b>		
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	— Forensic Toxicology (Special) ..	100
	<b>Total</b> ..	<b>700</b>



## GRADUATE STUDENT EXAMINATION—cont.

MIRANDA, YUTUYA, NYASA, YECARARA AND  
SANTITA SUBGRANT—cont.

Final.		Marks
Day and time	Subjects	
First day— 8 a.m. to 1 p.m.	History of Ecuador Language and Literature	100
Second day— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	French and Spanish —Special (4)	200
Third day— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	French and Spanish —Special (4)	200
Fourth day— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	French and Spanish —Special (4)	200
Total ..		800

## YUTUYA.

## Preliminary.

For Parts A and C in Regulation 7 of  
Chapter XXXVI.

First day— 8 a.m. to 1 p.m.	French and Spanish Test-books	100
Second day— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	French and Spanish Composition	200
Third day— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	French and Spanish Test-books (2)	100
Fourth day— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	French and Spanish Test-books (2)	100
Total ..		500

For Part B in Regulation 7 of Chapter XXXVI.

First day— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	French and Spanish (2)	100
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	French and Spanish (2)	100
Second day— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	Composition	100
Third day— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	French and Spanish Translation	100
Total ..		400

## Final.

For Parts A and C in Regulation 7 of  
Chapter XXXVI.

First day— 8 a.m. to 1 p.m.	History of Ecuador Language and Literature	100
Second day— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	French and Spanish Test-books	200
Third day— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	French and Spanish Test-books	200
Total ..		500

For Part B in Regulation 7 of Chapter XXXVI.

First day— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	French and Spanish (2)	100
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	French and Spanish (2)	100
Second day— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	History of Ecuador and Literature	100
Third day— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	French and Spanish (2)	100
Total ..		400

## CERTIFICATE OF PROFICIENCY.

A paper of three hours' duration is to be answered  
on the writing of the day following final exami-  
nation in Yutuya.

## ANAL-DE-CLARA.

## I. Preliminary.

Day and time	Subjects	Marks
First day— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. 2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	Yutuy and Spanish Test-books and History	100 100
Second day— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. 2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	French Test-books French Test-books	100 100
Third day— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. 2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	History Translation from French into Yutuy and vice versa	100 100
Total ..		800

## II. Final.

First day— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. 2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	Yutuy, Spanish and History Yutuy and "Yutuy" Yutuy	100 100
Second day— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. 2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	French Test-books French Test-books	100 100
Third day— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. 2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	History Translation from French into Yutuy and vice versa	100 100
Fourth day— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. 2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	Reading and Writing Composition in French	200 200
Total ..		1000

## MIRANDA-PARIS.

## I. Preliminary.

First day— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. 2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	French Test-books Yutuy Test-books	100 100
Second day— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. 2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	Translation from French into Yutuy Translation from Yutuy into French	100 100
Third day— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. 2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	Composition in French Yutuy Test-books	100 100
Total ..		400

## II. Final.

First day— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. 2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	French Test-books Yutuy Test-books	100 100
Second day— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. 2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	Translation from French into Yutuy Translation from Yutuy into French	100 100
Third day— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. 2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	History of French Language and Literature Yutuy Test-books	100 100
Fourth day— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	Composition in French	100
Total ..		500

## Chapter XXXIX.

TRANSFER AND TRANSFER TO ANNUAL  
CERTIFICATION.1. No student who has previously studied in any  
university, school or college shall be admitted to a  
college unless he presents a transfer certificate showing—

- the name of the student in full;
- the date of birth as entered in the admission register.

(c) the dates on which he was admitted to and on which he left the college;

(d) the date on which he studied at the time of leaving it;

(e) the subjects are portions thereof studied by him while enrolled;

(f) if it is the time when annual promotions take place whether he is qualified for promotion to a higher class;

(g) that he has paid all fees or other moneys due or that liabilities in respect of the last term in which he was enrolled;

No student shall be entitled pending the production of such certificate. Every such certificate shall be endorsed with the admission number under which the student is enrolled and shall be filed for reference and inspection.

2. A student applying for a transfer certificate during a college term on any day on which he has been enrolled, or applying not later than the fifth working day of the college term immediately following that forthwith be given such certificate upon payment of all fees or other moneys due, or of such portion thereof as the principal may see fit to demand, in respect of the college term in which he was last enrolled, and (3) an additional fee of Rs. 2 at the option of the principal.

Provided that, when a student has been enrolled at favourable fees rates, he shall be liable for such rates only.

No student shall be considered to have been enrolled in any college term unless he has attended the college and received instruction for at least ten days of that college term or has paid the fees or portions thereof prescribed.

In the case of a student who has been a candidate for a University Examination, the results of which have not been published before the beginning of the college term or a month day after the results of that examination have been announced at the Senate House shall be received for him the first working day of the college term or as far as the grant of a transfer certificate is concerned.

In the event of a Principal refusing or delaying to give a transfer certificate in which a student may be enrolled, the student shall have right of appeal to the Syndicate.

3. If any student is expelled from an affiliated college, irrespective of the fact of expulsion, with a statement of the reasons therefor, shall be given forthwith by the Principal (a) to the principal governing body of the student, (b) to the Syndicate; intimations to the Syndicate shall be accompanied by the transfer certificate of the student. The Syndicate, on the application of the student or his parent or guardian, may after making such enquiry as it deems proper direct the certificate to the student with any necessary endorsement, or withhold it temporarily or permanently.

4. The academic year for colleges affiliated to Arts, Teaching and Law shall consist of three terms, which shall uniformly begin and end as follows:

First term—June to September, closing with the Midsummer holidays.

Second term—October to December, closing with the Christmas holidays.

Third term—January to April closing with the Summer holidays.

5. A student shall ordinarily qualify for the annual certificate in one and the same college but in

special cases the Syndicate may allow attendance in different colleges to be reckoned for the purposes of the annual certificate.

6. A college affiliated to Arts, Teaching and Law the grant of the annual certificate shall be in respect of three terms collectively consecutive non-paying one year; but it shall be competent for the authorities of an affiliated college to grant such certificate in respect of three terms which are not consecutive provided that the student has during those terms completed the necessary amount of study for the year.

7. The grant of the annual certificate shall be subject, in addition, to the following conditions—

(1) In colleges affiliated to Arts, Teaching and Law the certificate shall not be granted unless a student has kept three-fourths of the attendance prescribed by the college in the course of instruction followed by him during the year, and in institutions approved by the Syndicate under the regulations for General Voice and Certificate of Proficiency in Oriental Learning unless he has kept three-fourths of the attendance prescribed by the institution in the particular course of study for which the certificate is issued.

(2) In colleges of Science the certificate shall not be granted unless a student has kept three-fourths of the attendance prescribed by the college in the course of instruction followed by him during the year, in colleges of Medicine unless he has attended three-fifths of the lectures in each course.

(3) The certificate shall not be granted unless the student has completed the course of instruction to the satisfaction of the authorities of his college and his progress and conduct have been satisfactory.

8. The certificate shall be drawn up in the following forms—

#### MATRICULATION EXAMINATION.

I hereby certify that *has kept attendance for not less than 125 days of the previous academic year before 10th March in* *school* *that he has completed the course of study prescribed for the several classes of a High school and that his progress and conduct have been satisfactory.*

10. *Syndicate.*

#### INTERMEDIATE EXAMINATION IN ARTS AND SCIENCE.

I certify that *has kept three-fourths of the attendance prescribed by the College in the course of instruction followed by him during the year commencing on the following date—* *1* *2* *and that his progress and conduct have been satisfactory.*

10. *Principal.*

I certify that *has attended the course of practical instruction in* *Differential.*

10. *Professor or Lecturer.*

I certify that *has attended the course of practical instruction in* *Physics.*

10. *Professor or Lecturer.*

I certify that *has attended the course of practical instruction in* *Chemistry.*

10. *Professor or Lecturer.*

I certify that *has attended the course of practical instruction in* *Natural Science*

(1) *Professor or Lecturer.*

(2) *Professor or Lecturer.*

I certify that *has kept three-fourths of the attendance prescribed by the College*

*College*

(in the course of instruction followed by him during the year consisting of the following terms:—)

1. That his conduct and progress have been satisfactory and that he has completed the course of study prescribed for the Intermediate Examination in Arts and Science.

19. Principal.

I certify that has satisfactorily completed the course of practical instruction in Mathematics.

20. Professor or Lecturer.

I certify that has satisfactorily completed the course of practical instruction in Physics.

21. Professor or Lecturer.

I certify that has satisfactorily completed the course of practical instruction in Chemistry.

22. Professor or Lecturer.

I certify that has satisfactorily completed the course of practical instruction in Natural Science.

(1)

(2)

23. Professor or Lecturer.

#### B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION.

I certify that has kept three-fourths of the attendance prescribed by the College in the course of instruction in during the year consisting of the following terms:—

24. Principal.

I certify that has kept three-fourths of the attendance prescribed by the College in the course of instruction in during the year consisting of the following terms:—

25. Principal.

\* I certify that has attended the course of practical instruction in for the B.A. Degree Examination of the during the year consisting of the following terms:—

26. Professor or Lecturer.

\* I certify that has attended the course of practical instruction in for the B.A. Degree Examination of the during the year consisting of the following terms:—

27. Professor or Lecturer.

#### B. Ed. DEGREE EXAMINATION.

I certify that has kept three-fourths of the attendance prescribed by the College in the course of instruction and practical training in teaching during the year consisting of the following terms:—

(Signature.)

28. Principal.

I further certify that with my consent has satisfactorily completed special course in the methods of Teaching English.

(Signature.)

29. Principal.

\* These examinations have to be passed only by candidates in groups (1), (16) and (24).

#### FIRST M.B. & B.S. EXAMINATION.

I certify to the best of my knowledge and belief completed the age of seventeen years or is before the date of admission to the Medical College. That he has been engaged in medical studies for not less than an academic half year, and that his progress and conduct have been satisfactory.

(Signature.)

30. Principal.

I certify that has attended a course of lectures on Forensic Chemistry and history of instruction in Forensic Chemistry.

(Signature.)

31. Professor of Chemistry.

I certify that has attended a course of Experimental Physics, including Practical Physics.

(Signature.)

32. Professor of Physics.

I certify that has attended a course of General Biology, Theoretical and Practical.

(Signature.)

33. Professor of Biology.

#### SECOND M.B. & B.S. EXAMINATION.

##### PART I.

I certify that has been engaged in medical studies at the Medical College for not less than six months subsequently to passing 'or after completing and receiving its certificate for the course prescribed for the First M.B. & B.S. Examination, and that his progress and conduct have been satisfactory.

(Signature.)

34. Principal.

I certify that has attended a course of lectures on Organic Chemistry including Bio-Chemistry and a course of instruction in Practical Organic Chemistry including Bio-Chemistry.

(Signature.)

35. Professor of Chemistry.

##### PART II.

I certify that has been engaged in medical studies at the Medical College for not less than one and a half years subsequently to passing 'or after completing and receiving the certificate for the course prescribed for the First M.B. & B.S. Examination, and that his progress and conduct have been satisfactory.

(Signature.)

36. Principal.

I certify that has attended a course of instruction in Anatomy including Microscopic Human Embryology, Theoretical and Practical.

(Signature.)

37. Professor of Anatomy.

I certify that has directed for twelve months during the regular session and has completed the duration of the human body.

(Signature.)

38. Professor of Anatomy.

I certify that \_\_\_\_\_ has attended a course of lectures on Physiology and a course of instruction in Practical Physiology including Histology, and Chemical Physiology.

(Signature)

Professor of Physiology.

THIRD M.B. & B.S. EXAMINATION.

I certify that \_\_\_\_\_ has been engaged in medical studies at the Medical College \_\_\_\_\_ for not less than one year after passing the Second M.B. & B.S. Examination, and that his progress and conduct have been satisfactory.

(Signature)

19

Principal.

I certify that \_\_\_\_\_ has attended a course of lectures on General Pathology and a course of instruction in Practical Pathology including Histology.

(Signature)

19

Professor of Pathology.

I certify that \_\_\_\_\_ has attended a course of lectures on Hygiene and a course of instruction in Practical Hygiene.

(Signature)

19

Professor of Hygiene.

I certify that \_\_\_\_\_ has attended a course of lectures on Materia Medica and a course of instruction in Practical Pharmacy.

(Signature)

19

Professor of Materia Medica.

I certify that \_\_\_\_\_ has attended a course of instruction in Minor Surgery.

(Signature)

19

Professor of Surgery.

I certify that \_\_\_\_\_ has attended the medical practice of the \_\_\_\_\_ Hospital for a period of three months and lectures on Clinical Medicine during such attendance.

(Signature)

19

Physician \_\_\_\_\_ Hospital.

I certify that \_\_\_\_\_ has attended the surgical practice of the \_\_\_\_\_ Hospital for a period of three months and lectures on Clinical Surgery during such attendance.

(Signature)

19

Surgeon \_\_\_\_\_ Hospital.

I certify that \_\_\_\_\_ has attended the out-patient department of the \_\_\_\_\_ Hospital for a period of three months.

(Signature)

19

Medical Officer.

I certify that \_\_\_\_\_ has been engaged in post-mortem work during for a period of one month.

(Signature)

19

Professor of Pathology.

FOURTH M.B. & B.S. EXAMINATION.

Part I.

I certify that \_\_\_\_\_ has been engaged in medical studies at the Medical College \_\_\_\_\_ for not less than one year subsequently to passing or after completing and passing the certificate for the previous examination for Part I of the Fourth M.B. & B.S. Examination, and that his progress and conduct have been satisfactory.

(Signature)

19

Principal.

I certify that \_\_\_\_\_ has attended a course of lectures on Medicine, including Therapeutics.

(Signature)

Professor of Medicine.

I certify that \_\_\_\_\_ has attended a course of lectures on Surgery.

(Signature)

Professor of Surgery.

I certify that, before commencing the study of Practical Histology \_\_\_\_\_ has attended a course of lectures on Surgery and on Histology and Dissection equal to or more and the same have been.

(Signature)

19

Professor of Histology.

I certify that \_\_\_\_\_ has attended a course of lectures on Medical Jurisprudence.

(Signature)

19

Professor of Medical Jurisprudence.

I certify that \_\_\_\_\_ has attended a course of lectures on Ophthalmology.

(Signature)

19

Professor of Ophthalmology.

I certify that \_\_\_\_\_ has attended the medical practice of \_\_\_\_\_ Hospital for three months, and lectures on Clinical Medicine during such attendance.

(Signature)

19

Surgeon \_\_\_\_\_ Hospital.

I certify that \_\_\_\_\_ has attended the surgical practice of the \_\_\_\_\_ Hospital for three months, and lectures on Clinical Surgery during such attendance.

(Signature)

19

Surgeon \_\_\_\_\_ Hospital.

I certify that \_\_\_\_\_ has attended the practice of the \_\_\_\_\_ Hospital for three months.

(Signature)

19

Professor of Ophthalmology.

I certify that \_\_\_\_\_ has been engaged in post-mortem work during for a period of two months.

(Signature)

19

Professor of Pathology.

I certify that \_\_\_\_\_ has worked in the out-patient department of the \_\_\_\_\_ Hospital for a period of three months.

(Signature)

Medical Officer.

Part II.

I certify that \_\_\_\_\_ has been engaged in Medical studies at the Medical College \_\_\_\_\_ for an additional year subsequently to passing or after completing and passing the certificate for the previous examination for Part I of the Fourth M.B. & B.S. Examination, and that his progress and conduct have been satisfactory.

(Signature)

19

Principal.

\* The name of the Hospital must be stated here.



any after a question paper has been given out; and no candidate who leaves the room during the period allotted for a paper will be allowed to return within that period.

2. Candidates are forbidden to ask questions of any kind during the examination. They are further forbidden to communicate with the examiners; should they do so their answers will not be marked, and their conduct will be reported to the *Superintendent* for disciplinary action.

3. Candidates are not allowed the use of books of any kind (except as provided in rule 8). They are also prohibited from introducing into the examination room any book or portion of a book, slate, manuscript, or paper of any description and from making use of any of these whether introduced into the room by themselves or by any one else; from communicating with or copying from each other, and from communicating with any person outside the examination room. Any candidate detected in the violation of these rules will be immediately sent out of the room forthwith, and his conduct will be reported to the *Superintendent*. Such a candidate runs the risk of having all his answer papers for the examination for which he has appeared, reported by the *Superintendent*. The use of stenotype at University examinations is not permitted except in students answering papers in Mathematics. The use of mathematical instruments whilst answering papers in Mathematics and in the *Advanced Science* will be allowed. Such instruments will not be supplied by the University.

4. Candidates' Mathematical and Physical Tables will be supplied to candidates in Groups (I) and (II) of the Intermediate, Groups I and II of B.A. and first M.B. & B.S. examinations.

5. Candidates for the B.A. Degree Examinations under Groups (I, A) and (I-B) are required to submit their laboratory books to the Examiners reviewed on the first day of the practical examination, and to get them back at the close of the examination. The submission of laboratory notebooks is optional in the case of those students who appeared for the examinations prior to 1925.

6. Candidates are required to provide themselves with their own pens. Candidates may bring into the examination hall their own ink-bottles. They must, however, use only black ink while answering their question papers.

7. Particular attention is requested to the instructions regarding rough working and loose scraps of paper printed on the answer books. All rough working must be shown on the left-hand page of the answer books themselves. No separate books for rough working will be supplied to candidates. Papers must not be detached from the answer books of candidates. If the ordinary answer books are found insufficient, additional books will be allowed and these should be strictly fastened to the answer books.

8. When candidates have finished writing their answers, and wish to give up their answer books, or at the end of the period prescribed for each particular part of the examination, each should stand up in his place and announce standing with one of the superintendents has gone up to him and has received his answer book from him.

9. Candidates sitting for the examinations at the different centres should apply to the Chief Superintendents of the respective centres for their list of rules.

10. No College student will be allowed to select a centre for his examination other than that in which the College he studies is situated, except for satisfactory reasons and on the recommendation of the Principal of his College.

11. Candidates appearing at centres where they are not known need to be prepared to satisfy the Chief Superintendents of such centres as to their identity.

(By order)

C. D. S. CHETTY,  
*Superintendent*

Senate House, Browda,  
2nd February 1937.

#### EXAMINATION—JANUARY 1937.

The undersigned officer has been directed by the Board to have passed the following list in the Khast language at the examination held in January 1937:—

Mohammed Hussain Sahib Bahadur, Special Assistant Agent, Belgoda.

(By order)

A. E. RAMSBOOTHAM,  
*Secretary*

Office of the Board of Examiners, Chappa,  
Madras, 21st January 1937.

#### EUROPEAN HIGH SCHOOL EXAMINATION, 1938.

EXAM. TENTS.

1. Museum by N. K. Chandrasekhar Pillai (Amara Mathai Press, Madras), Price Rs. 14.

2. The House Lady by T. Rajagopal Appaygar (C. Government Mysore & Son, Madras), Price Rs. 2.

H. G. KESKHAFF,  
*Inspector of European Schools*

Madras, 22nd January 1937

#### GOVERNMENT TRAINING SCHOOL FOR MUJLIMAHADAN WOMEN, GUNTUR.

Applicants for admission to the above Training School should be sent before the 15th April 1937 to the Headmistress of the school in the prescribed form, which will be supplied on request. The candidates before their admissions will be examined in the three M's.

Those who have no prospect of appointment must bind themselves to go wherever they are sent as per suggestions of the Director of Public Instruction. Preference will be given to those who have completed a course of study in standards higher than the G.U., which is the minimum qualification required for admission into the school. A stipend of Rs. 10-4-0 will be given.

The students will be expected to reside in the Hostel attached to the school.

The following certificates are original must accompany the application:—

(1) Educational certificate;

(2) Criminal certificate;

(3) Age and health certificate, from registered medical practitioner on behalf of the selected candidates only;

(4) The address of the candidates should be clearly given in the application.

The selected candidates will be examined to be on probation for a period of fifty working days, and, if at the end of that period any are found unfit, they will be released from the Training School.

# GOVERNMENT TRAINING SCHOOL FOR MISTRESSES, BELLARY.

The Inspectors of Girls' Schools, Ceded Districts Coimbatore, hereby notify, for the information of the Inspecting Officers, Managers of Aided Girls' Schools and the Board of Directors of Government and Board Girls' Schools, that candidates of the Elementary Grade will be admitted for training on July 1875 in the Government Training School for Mistresses, Bellary.

2. The period of training is two years in the case of students of both the Elementary Higher and Lower Grades.

The rates of provincial stipends shall be as follows:—

Stipendaries in the Elementary Higher Grade (those who completed the old Seventh Standard or the new Eighth Standard course) .. .. .	10 8
Stipendaries of the Elementary Lower Grade (those who have completed the old Fourth Standard or the new Fifth Standard and more) .. .. .	8 8
India Mistresses of both the grade .. .. .	30 8
Depressed classes .. .. .	30 8

3. In addition to the provincial stipendaries, candidates whose stipends are paid by local or municipal boards will be admitted for training. No provincial stipends will be granted to teachers who hold permanent appointments in local or municipal schools.

4. The nature of the appointments held by them (permanent, temporary, sub, pro tem, or acting, as the case may be) should be clearly stated in column 4 of the application. The application of those candidates should separately be signed by the presidents of local boards or the chairman of the municipal councils concerned.

5. As regards the qualifications for admission, only those candidates who have passed the annual examination of the Third Form or the old Seventh Standard or new Eighth Standard have been found fit for admission to the Fourth Form or have been awarded an Elementary School-Leaving Certificate of the old Seventh or the new Eighth Standard are eligible for admission into the Elementary Higher grade, and those who have passed the late Primary examination or a corresponding public or school examination or whose recommendations in the opinion of the Inspecting Officers are not lower than those, are eligible for admission into the Elementary Grade. Candidates who have completed the Third Form course of a Secondary School will be admitted into the Higher Elementary Grade even though they do not possess any certificate. Candidates who do not possess any certificate will also be admitted from three years' course of Elementary Lower Grade training and be paid a stipend of Rs. 10-8-8.

6. Candidates who do not satisfy the condition of age both under 25 & 18 of the Indian Educational Rules, will not be admitted. The age must be not less than 18 and must not exceed 25 years or in the case of candidates who have been employed continuously as teachers in a recognized school for not less than three years, 25 years.

7. A selective examination will be held prior to the admission of candidates into the Training school in Arithmetic, Geography and general knowledge, and only those who obtain the maximum number of marks will be admitted. The papers will be set and valued by the Inspectors, Government Training School for Mistresses, Bellary, and the examination will be held in that school.

8. Every student selected for admission shall be expected to reside in one of the Government hostels attached to the institution. There

are two hostels, one for Christian students and the other for Hindus.

9. Applications in the prescribed form signed by an Inspecting Officer, or the President of a Local Board, or the Chairman of a Municipal Council, or Managers of a recognized Secondary School with a promise of sponsorship after training should be sent before the 15th April 1875 to the Inspectors of the above mentioned Training School from whom forms may be obtained. The address of the candidates should be clearly given in the application. Certificate of general education and training should be attached to the application. A certificate of physical fitness will be required only from the selected candidates. The selected candidates will be ascertained for a period of three working days and of proved truth at the end of that time, will be received from the Training school.

M. F. PRADUE,

Inspector of Girls' Schools, Ceded Districts Coimbatore, 1st February 1875.

## UNCLAIMED SERVICE REGISTERS

The service registers and the record of service of B. Venkayya, late clerk, Office of the Deputy Inspector of Schools, Ponnampet Nalgoda, are lying unclaimed in this office for over four years.

If they are not claimed within one month from the date of this notification, the registers will be destroyed.

A. V. SUTHA RAO,

Deputy Inspector of Schools, Ponnampet Nalgoda, Ponnampet, 25th January 1892.

The following service registers are lying unclaimed in this office for over a year. It is hereby notified that they will be destroyed if they are not claimed within one month from the date of this notification:—

(1) Service book and leave account of G. Parthasarathy Naidu, late clerk of this office.

(2) Service roll and record of service roll of Y. Narayana Naidu, former peon of this office.

D. SANKARIVAM,

Deputy Inspector of Schools, Ponnampet Nalgoda, Ponnampet, 25th January 1892.

## THE PRESIDENCY COLLEGE, MADRAS.

THE LEAD REFINESING PRIZE FOR 1871.

Subject for English composition of the following:—

- (1) Wisdom, science and modern.
- (2) Poverty.
- (3) The teaching of literary criticism.
- (4) It is impossible to regard the universe as a governing whole or as men and nature at strife?

### COMMITTEES.

1. The competition is open to students who were students of the fourth year Post or fifth year Honours class at the end of the academic year 1870-71 and who are Hindus by race and religion.

2. The essay must be neatly and legibly written or typed on thick English foolscap and on one side of the paper only.

3. The writer is required to attach to his essay a declaration in the following terms:—

'I hereby declare upon my honour that, in writing this essay, I have not received assistance from any one but have I referred to works other than those mentioned below.'

4. The essay must reach the Principal on or before the 31st July 1937.

THE POWELL AND MORTIMER VERACLAIR  
PRIZE FOR 1937.

Subject of essay: The Method and Materials of Literary criticism in Tamil.

Conditions.

1. The competition is open to all students who have graduated from the Presidency College, provided that (1) they were students in the Senior Department of the said college of at least two years' standing and (2) that at the time fixed for the competition they are graduates of not more than five years' standing.

2. The essay must be in Tamil.

3. The essay must be neatly and legibly written in black English ink on one side of the paper only.

4. The writer will be required to attach to his essay a declaration in the following terms:—

'I hereby declare upon my honour that, in writing this essay, I have not received assistance from any one but have I referred to works other than those mentioned below.'

5. The essay must reach the Principal not later than the 31st December 1937.

6. The value of the prize is Rs. 100.

P. F. FUSON,  
Principal.

The Presidency College, Madras,  
24th January 1937.

GOVERNMENT TRAINING SCHOOL,  
COMBATORE.

The Principal, Government Arts College, Coimbatore, hereby enquires for the information of the Deputy Inspector and the Managers of Board and Aided Schools in the district, that candidates for training will be admitted in the Training Department of this College during 1937 as noted below:—

	Number of seats available
Secondary Grade .. .. .	40
Higher Elementary Grade .. .. .	40

2. The period of training will be two years. In the case of those who have passed the Intermediate or P. A. Examination or who have completed the Intermediate or P. A. Course, but have failed in the University Examination, the period will be only one year.

3. Persons holding certificate of having passed the Matriculation or the Upper Secondary or the Intermediate Examinations or those holding satisfactory secondary school leaving certificate are eligible for admission into the Secondary Grade. In the case of secondary school leaving certificate holders, a true copy of their final examination marks should accompany the application.

4. As regards qualifications for admission into the Elementary Higher Grade, only those candidates who have passed at least Form III or Standard VIII or have been awarded an Elementary School leaving certificate of the VIII Standard marked four

or good, are eligible for admission into the Elementary Higher Grade.

5. Candidates for admission should state whether they are willing to reside in the school hostel. Preference will be given to those who are so willing.

6. The ordinary rate of provision stipend for Secondary Training students is Rs. 12 and Higher Elementary, Rs. 10-5-0 per mensem. In addition to Provisional stipend, teachers employed in Board and Municipal schools, will also be admitted for training, but no provisional stipend will be granted to teachers who hold permanent appointments in Board and Municipal schools.

7. Candidates of the Secondary grade should submit their applications direct to the Principal. Candidates of the Elementary grade should submit their applications to the Deputy Inspector of their taluk, who will forward a consolidated list to the Principal along with the applications. Candidates of the Secondary grade who held no appointments, or who held appointments in Elementary schools, should however submit their applications through the Deputy Inspector or President of a Local Board or Chairman of a Municipal Council.

8. Applications for admission from Secondary candidates, and the list with applications from subordinate inspecting officers, should reach the undersigned not later than the 15th April 1937. Those received after this date will not be considered.

9. Printed forms of application in the case of secondary candidates can be obtained from the Office of the District Educational Officer, and also from Higher Elementary training from the Deputy Inspector of Schools.

T. K. VENKATARAMAN,  
Principal.

Government Arts College, Coimbatore,  
26th January 1937.

EX-STUDENTS—GOVERNMENT TRAINING  
SCHOOL, SAILEM.

Managers and heads of institutions and other officers public and private in which the undermentioned ex-students of the Government Training School, Salem, are employed or are present as teachers who happen to know their whereabouts are requested to be good enough, to inform the fact to the Headmaster, Government Training School, Salem, so as to enable him to take steps to see that the conditions of the bond executed by them while under training are fulfilled.

LOWER GRADE.

Name of student.	Date of leaving.
Gowdappa Pillai .. .. .	29-8-36
S. Ponnappa Chetty .. .. .	1-9
Lakshminarasimha Iyengar .. .. .	24-5-36
D. Venkatasubramanian Iyengar .. .. .	1-9
S. Subramanyam Chetty .. .. .	1-9
A. Rajagopal Pillai .. .. .	26-8-1936
Perumal Rajappa .. .. .	1-9
Thangappa Iyengar .. .. .	1-9
S. Rajya Iyengar .. .. .	1-9
C. P. Kumaram Iyengar .. .. .	1-11-1912
A. V. Srinivas Iyengar .. .. .	26-8-1912
V. Subramanyam Rajappa .. .. .	1-9
Marudhai Iyengar .. .. .	1-9
E. Venkatasubramanian Iyengar .. .. .	1-9
Adhiyaman Pillai .. .. .	1-9
V. Chinnappa Iyengar .. .. .	1-11-1912
K. Venkatasubramanian Iyengar .. .. .	24-8-1912

N. KARIMABAI ATTAR,  
Headmaster.

Govt. Higher Elementary Training School,  
Salem, 21st January 1937.



#### UNCLAIMED CERTIFICATES

The Secretary Richard Leaning, Certificate of the undersigned public laws have been received from the High Schools of this district by which they were left unsold for over two years. Such of the left unsold as are claimed within one month from the date of this notification will be sent to the people concerned through the Secretary, Secondary School-Leaving Certificate Board, Madras, provided the applicant along with their application for their refund of the money paid for the purchase of the left-hand page, agree to pay a Government officer of a respectable status on the Headmaster of the school where the paper studied. Certificates that are not claimed within the period mentioned above will be disposed as per instructions of the Director of Public Instruction, Madras, in his Private Order No. 2969-1923, dated 20th November 1923.

## ZAMORINS' COLLEGE HIGH SCHOOL, CHICAGO

Cardinalis, and name of papal.	Cardinalis, and name of papal.
13180a. P. K. Kozhikodan Nale	12710a. P. Narayana Nadikannu
13181a. V. K. Kozhikodan Nale	12711a. T. K. Kozhikodan Nale
13182a. K. A. Kozhikodan Nale	12712a. P. K. Kozhikodan Nale
13183a. T. K. Kozhikodan Nale	12713a. P. K. Kozhikodan Nale
13184a. P. K. Kozhikodan Nale	12714a. P. K. Kozhikodan Nale
13185a. P. K. Kozhikodan Nale	12715a. P. K. Kozhikodan Nale
13186a. P. K. Kozhikodan Nale	12716a. P. K. Kozhikodan Nale
13187a. P. K. Kozhikodan Nale	12717a. P. K. Kozhikodan Nale
13188a. P. K. Kozhikodan Nale	12718a. P. K. Kozhikodan Nale
13189a. P. K. Kozhikodan Nale	12719a. P. K. Kozhikodan Nale
13190a. P. K. Kozhikodan Nale	12720a. P. K. Kozhikodan Nale
13191a. P. K. Kozhikodan Nale	12721a. P. K. Kozhikodan Nale
13192a. P. K. Kozhikodan Nale	12722a. P. K. Kozhikodan Nale
13193a. P. K. Kozhikodan Nale	12723a. P. K. Kozhikodan Nale
13194a. P. K. Kozhikodan Nale	12724a. P. K. Kozhikodan Nale
13195a. P. K. Kozhikodan Nale	12725a. P. K. Kozhikodan Nale
13196a. P. K. Kozhikodan Nale	12726a. P. K. Kozhikodan Nale
13197a. P. K. Kozhikodan Nale	12727a. P. K. Kozhikodan Nale
13198a. P. K. Kozhikodan Nale	12728a. P. K. Kozhikodan Nale
13199a. P. K. Kozhikodan Nale	12729a. P. K. Kozhikodan Nale
13200a. P. K. Kozhikodan Nale	12730a. P. K. Kozhikodan Nale

INGRAM: TERRY SACHS, UNIVERSITY

1994a Y. H. Hsieh/Johns Hopkins Univ.	1994a R. P. Hsieh/Johns Hopkins Univ.
1994a C. Gervais Univ. of B. Columbia	1994a Z. Krasnowska Univ. of B. Columbia
1994a L. Vandenberg Univ. of B. Columbia	1994a Y. H. Hsieh/Johns Hopkins Univ.

第34卷第2期 湖南财政经济学院学报 2018年4月

40710a	Chrysomelid	40711a	Chrysomelid
40712a	Chrysomelid	40713a	Chrysomelid
40714a	Chrysomelid	40715a	Chrysomelid
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40772a	Chrysomelid	40773a	Chrysomelid
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40786a	Chrysomelid	40787a	Chrysomelid
40788a	Chrysomelid	40789a	Chrysomelid
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40796a	Chrysomelid	40797a	Chrysomelid
40798a	Chrysomelid	40799a	Chrysomelid
40800a	Chrysomelid		

謝江民、劉國治、陳文雄等，2006。

1991a M. K. Krishna	1991b T. F. Sankata Ma-
1991c J. E. Sanyalan	1991d T. F. Sankata Ma-
1991e G. Sankata Ma-	1991f T. F. Sankata Ma-
1991g T. F. Sankata Ma-	1991h T. F. Sankata Ma-
1991i T. F. Sankata Ma-	1991j T. F. Sankata Ma-
1991k T. F. Sankata Ma-	1991l T. F. Sankata Ma-
1991m T. F. Sankata Ma-	1991n T. F. Sankata Ma-
1991o T. F. Sankata Ma-	1991p T. F. Sankata Ma-
1991q T. F. Sankata Ma-	1991r T. F. Sankata Ma-
1991s T. F. Sankata Ma-	1991t T. F. Sankata Ma-
1991u T. F. Sankata Ma-	1991v T. F. Sankata Ma-
1991w T. F. Sankata Ma-	1991x T. F. Sankata Ma-
1991y T. F. Sankata Ma-	1991z T. F. Sankata Ma-

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28022a S. H. Chakraverty	28077a K. S. Chatterjee
28044a C. E. Chakraverty	28078a M. Chatterjee
28045a S. H. Chakraverty	28079a M. Chatterjee

[illegible]

41414	C. S. Bicknell, New York	208112	M. Eastman, Kansas
41415	C. F. Allen, Ohio	472048	E. A. Eastman, Kansas
32012	C. F. Allen, Ohio	474100	St. E. Eastman, Kansas
41416	F. J. Allen, Ohio	471700	M. Eastman, Kansas
41417	T. J. Allen, Ohio		
325510	W. J. Allen, Ohio	471710	K. Eastman, Kansas
474101	E. F. Allen, Ohio	511010	C. Eastman, Kansas
475070	F. Allen, Ohio		
474102	V. M. Eastman, Ohio		
	Allen, Ohio		
474103	M. E. Eastman, Ohio		
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474193	M. E. Eastman, Ohio		
474194	M. E. Eastman, Ohio		
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474196	M. E. Eastman, Ohio		
474197	M. E. Eastman, Ohio		
474198	M. E. Eastman, Ohio		
474199	M. E. Eastman, Ohio		
474200	M. E. Eastman, Ohio		

RECEIVED: 22 February 2006; REVISED: 10 May 2006; ACCEPTED: 10 May 2006

1922a T. A. Greenham	1926a T. Humphreys Dale,
Maine	E. C. Farnsworth
1922b M. F. Thompson	Maine

A. Z. TROJAN, E. J. HAN, S. H. KIM, and S. H. KIM, *Macromolecules* **34**, 1000 (2001)

White, R. A. 1983. *Field book*. 1.

## BOARD HIGH SCHOOL, MINNEAPOLIS

191716 J. M. Martinez-Munoz	191914 P. Shargoroba Nair
191717 D. Angel, M. Benhar	191915 H. Turekian Amara
191718 K. R. Raghavachari	191916 J. P. Pongracic
191719 A. Tzeng	191917 S. Hironaka Aoyagi
191720 P. K. Raghava Rao	191918 M. Koppesberg
191721 G. P. Singh, P. D.	191919 T. Kozeki
191722 G. P. Singh, P. D.	191920 T. Kozeki
191723 T. Kozeki, P. D.	191921 K. Tachibana
191724 S. Kozeki, P. D.	191922 Y. C. Fung
191725 T. Kozeki, P. D.	191923 and 191924
191726 S. Kozeki, P. D.	191925 and 191926
191727 S. Kozeki, P. D.	191927 and 191928
191728 S. Kozeki, P. D.	191929 and 191930
191729 S. Kozeki, P. D.	191931 and 191932
191730 S. Kozeki, P. D.	191933 and 191934
191731 S. Kozeki, P. D.	191935 and 191936
191732 S. Kozeki, P. D.	191937 and 191938
191733 S. Kozeki, P. D.	191939 and 191940
191734 S. Kozeki, P. D.	191941 and 191942
191735 S. Kozeki, P. D.	191943 and 191944
191736 S. Kozeki, P. D.	191945 and 191946
191737 S. Kozeki, P. D.	191947 and 191948
191738 S. Kozeki, P. D.	191949 and 191950
191739 S. Kozeki, P. D.	191951 and 191952
191740 S. Kozeki, P. D.	191953 and 191954
191741 S. Kozeki, P. D.	191955 and 191956
191742 S. Kozeki, P. D.	191957 and 191958
191743 S. Kozeki, P. D.	191959 and 191960
191744 S. Kozeki, P. D.	191961 and 191962
191745 S. Kozeki, P. D.	191963 and 191964
191746 S. Kozeki, P. D.	191965 and 191966
191747 S. Kozeki, P. D.	191967 and 191968
191748 S. Kozeki, P. D.	191969 and 191970
191749 S. Kozeki, P. D.	191971 and 191972
191750 S. Kozeki, P. D.	191973 and 191974
191751 S. Kozeki, P. D.	191975 and 191976
191752 S. Kozeki, P. D.	191977 and 191978
191753 S. Kozeki, P. D.	191979 and 191980
191754 S. Kozeki, P. D.	191981 and 191982
191755 S. Kozeki, P. D.	191983 and 191984
191756 S. Kozeki, P. D.	191985 and 191986
191757 S. Kozeki, P. D.	191987 and 191988
191758 S. Kozeki, P. D.	191989 and 191990
191759 S. Kozeki, P. D.	191991 and 191992
191760 S. Kozeki, P. D.	191993 and 191994
191761 S. Kozeki, P. D.	191995 and 191996
191762 S. Kozeki, P. D.	191997 and 191998
191763 S. Kozeki, P. D.	191999 and 192000

## HIGH SCHOOLS, EGYPTIAN

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## MALAYSIAN CHRISTIAN COLLEGE, CALESTON

Certificate number and name of pupil.	Certificate number and name of pupil.
3171a K. Kuchindan.	3181a T. Karthikeyan.
3172a P. Chinn Kaly.	3182a T. Prudhvi.
3173a H. Kallan.	3183a T. Anandam.
3174a E. Krishna Sankar.	3184a T. Prudhvi.
3175a J. P. Ramany.	3185a T. Anandam.
3176a T. Ramany.	

T. K. RAMAN MENON,  
District Educational Officer, Malabar.

Calest, 26th January 1927.

The Secondary School-Learning Certificate of the undersigned pupils have been received in this office from the schools to which they were sent for examination for two years. Certificates for the certificate should send in their application to the undersigned within one month from the date of this notification through the Headmaster of the institution in which they last studied, specifying their father's name and other particulars necessary for their identification. Certificates not claimed within one month from the date of this notification will be destroyed.

## GOVERNMENT MALABAR COLLEGE.

Certificate number and name of pupil.	Certificate number and name of pupil.
3171a Abdul Quader.	3181a Anandam Khan.
3172a Sayyid Ali.	3182a M. Ibrahim.
3173a M. Ibrahim Sultan.	3183a M. Anandam Khan.
3174a M. Sultan.	3184a T. K. Anandam Khan.
3175a M. Sultan.	3185a M. Anandam Khan.
3176a M. Sultan.	3186a M. Anandam Khan.
3177a M. Sultan.	3187a M. Anandam Khan.
3178a M. Sultan.	3188a M. Anandam Khan.
3179a M. Sultan.	3189a M. Anandam Khan.
3180a M. Sultan.	3190a M. Anandam Khan.
3181a M. Sultan.	3191a M. Anandam Khan.
3182a M. Sultan.	3192a M. Anandam Khan.
3183a M. Sultan.	3193a M. Anandam Khan.
3184a M. Sultan.	3194a M. Anandam Khan.
3185a M. Sultan.	3195a M. Anandam Khan.
3186a M. Sultan.	3196a M. Anandam Khan.
3187a M. Sultan.	3197a M. Anandam Khan.
3188a M. Sultan.	3198a M. Anandam Khan.
3189a M. Sultan.	3199a M. Anandam Khan.
3190a M. Sultan.	3200a M. Anandam Khan.
3191a M. Sultan.	3201a M. Anandam Khan.
3192a M. Sultan.	3202a M. Anandam Khan.
3193a M. Sultan.	3203a M. Anandam Khan.
3194a M. Sultan.	3204a M. Anandam Khan.
3195a M. Sultan.	3205a M. Anandam Khan.
3196a M. Sultan.	3206a M. Anandam Khan.
3197a M. Sultan.	3207a M. Anandam Khan.
3198a M. Sultan.	3208a M. Anandam Khan.
3199a M. Sultan.	3209a M. Anandam Khan.
3200a M. Sultan.	3210a M. Anandam Khan.

B-10

## HINDU THEOLOGICAL HIGH SCHOOL

Certificate number and name of pupil.	Certificate number and name of pupil.
3171a K. Kuchindan.	3181a T. Karthikeyan.
3172a P. Chinn Kaly.	3182a T. Prudhvi.
3173a H. Kallan.	3183a T. Anandam.
3174a E. Krishna Sankar.	3184a T. Prudhvi.
3175a J. P. Ramany.	3185a T. Anandam.
3176a T. Ramany.	
3177a M. Sultan.	3186a M. Anandam Khan.
3178a M. Sultan.	3187a M. Anandam Khan.
3179a M. Sultan.	3188a M. Anandam Khan.
3180a M. Sultan.	3189a M. Anandam Khan.
3181a M. Sultan.	3190a M. Anandam Khan.
3182a M. Sultan.	3191a M. Anandam Khan.
3183a M. Sultan.	3192a M. Anandam Khan.
3184a M. Sultan.	3193a M. Anandam Khan.
3185a M. Sultan.	3194a M. Anandam Khan.
3186a M. Sultan.	3195a M. Anandam Khan.
3187a M. Sultan.	3196a M. Anandam Khan.
3188a M. Sultan.	3197a M. Anandam Khan.
3189a M. Sultan.	3198a M. Anandam Khan.
3190a M. Sultan.	3199a M. Anandam Khan.
3191a M. Sultan.	3200a M. Anandam Khan.
3192a M. Sultan.	3201a M. Anandam Khan.
3193a M. Sultan.	3202a M. Anandam Khan.
3194a M. Sultan.	3203a M. Anandam Khan.
3195a M. Sultan.	3204a M. Anandam Khan.
3196a M. Sultan.	3205a M. Anandam Khan.
3197a M. Sultan.	3206a M. Anandam Khan.
3198a M. Sultan.	3207a M. Anandam Khan.
3199a M. Sultan.	3208a M. Anandam Khan.
3200a M. Sultan.	3209a M. Anandam Khan.
3201a M. Sultan.	3210a M. Anandam Khan.

R. W. ROSE,  
District Educational Officer, Malabar.

Malabar, 1st February 1927.

The Secondary School-Learning Certificate of the undersigned pupils have been received from the Government College High School, Mangalore, where they were last studied for two years. Each of the certificates are one claimed within one month from the date of this notification through the Headmaster of the institution in which they last studied, specifying their father's name and other particulars necessary for their identification. Certificates not claimed within one month from the date of this notification will be destroyed.

## GO. HINDU THEOLOGICAL HIGH SCHOOL.

Certificate number and name of pupil.	Certificate number and name of pupil.
3171a K. Kuchindan.	3181a T. Karthikeyan.
3172a P. Chinn Kaly.	3182a T. Prudhvi.
3173a H. Kallan.	3183a T. Anandam.
3174a E. Krishna Sankar.	3184a T. Prudhvi.
3175a J. P. Ramany.	3185a T. Anandam.
3176a T. Ramany.	

ABDUL RAHMAN,  
District Educational Officer, North Arcot.

Madras, 1st February 1927.



R. K. HIGH SCHOOL, NUNEE—cont.

Certificate number and name of pupil	Certificate number and name of pupil
4313 E. G. G. G. G. G.	4313 E. G. G. G. G. G.
4314 V. V. V. V. V. V.	4314 V. V. V. V. V. V.
4315 G. G. G. G. G. G.	4315 G. G. G. G. G. G.
4316 H. H. H. H. H. H.	4316 H. H. H. H. H. H.
4317 J. J. J. J. J. J.	4317 J. J. J. J. J. J.
4318 K. K. K. K. K. K.	4318 K. K. K. K. K. K.
4319 L. L. L. L. L. L.	4319 L. L. L. L. L. L.
4320 M. M. M. M. M. M.	4320 M. M. M. M. M. M.
4321 N. N. N. N. N. N.	4321 N. N. N. N. N. N.
4322 O. O. O. O. O. O.	4322 O. O. O. O. O. O.
4323 P. P. P. P. P. P.	4323 P. P. P. P. P. P.
4324 Q. Q. Q. Q. Q. Q.	4324 Q. Q. Q. Q. Q. Q.
4325 R. R. R. R. R. R.	4325 R. R. R. R. R. R.
4326 S. S. S. S. S. S.	4326 S. S. S. S. S. S.
4327 T. T. T. T. T. T.	4327 T. T. T. T. T. T.
4328 U. U. U. U. U. U.	4328 U. U. U. U. U. U.
4329 V. V. V. V. V. V.	4329 V. V. V. V. V. V.
4330 W. W. W. W. W. W.	4330 W. W. W. W. W. W.
4331 X. X. X. X. X. X.	4331 X. X. X. X. X. X.
4332 Y. Y. Y. Y. Y. Y.	4332 Y. Y. Y. Y. Y. Y.
4333 Z. Z. Z. Z. Z. Z.	4333 Z. Z. Z. Z. Z. Z.

R. K. HIGH SCHOOL, JAPANYATARA.

4334 K. K. K. K. K. K.	4334 K. K. K. K. K. K.
4335 L. L. L. L. L. L.	4335 L. L. L. L. L. L.
4336 M. M. M. M. M. M.	4336 M. M. M. M. M. M.
4337 N. N. N. N. N. N.	4337 N. N. N. N. N. N.
4338 O. O. O. O. O. O.	4338 O. O. O. O. O. O.
4339 P. P. P. P. P. P.	4339 P. P. P. P. P. P.
4340 Q. Q. Q. Q. Q. Q.	4340 Q. Q. Q. Q. Q. Q.
4341 R. R. R. R. R. R.	4341 R. R. R. R. R. R.
4342 S. S. S. S. S. S.	4342 S. S. S. S. S. S.
4343 T. T. T. T. T. T.	4343 T. T. T. T. T. T.
4344 U. U. U. U. U. U.	4344 U. U. U. U. U. U.
4345 V. V. V. V. V. V.	4345 V. V. V. V. V. V.
4346 W. W. W. W. W. W.	4346 W. W. W. W. W. W.
4347 X. X. X. X. X. X.	4347 X. X. X. X. X. X.
4348 Y. Y. Y. Y. Y. Y.	4348 Y. Y. Y. Y. Y. Y.
4349 Z. Z. Z. Z. Z. Z.	4349 Z. Z. Z. Z. Z. Z.

RINDU HIGH SCHOOL, KANULIPATAM.

4350 A. A. A. A. A. A.	4350 A. A. A. A. A. A.
4351 B. B. B. B. B. B.	4351 B. B. B. B. B. B.
4352 C. C. C. C. C. C.	4352 C. C. C. C. C. C.
4353 D. D. D. D. D. D.	4353 D. D. D. D. D. D.
4354 E. E. E. E. E. E.	4354 E. E. E. E. E. E.
4355 F. F. F. F. F. F.	4355 F. F. F. F. F. F.
4356 G. G. G. G. G. G.	4356 G. G. G. G. G. G.
4357 H. H. H. H. H. H.	4357 H. H. H. H. H. H.
4358 I. I. I. I. I. I.	4358 I. I. I. I. I. I.
4359 J. J. J. J. J. J.	4359 J. J. J. J. J. J.
4360 K. K. K. K. K. K.	4360 K. K. K. K. K. K.
4361 L. L. L. L. L. L.	4361 L. L. L. L. L. L.
4362 M. M. M. M. M. M.	4362 M. M. M. M. M. M.
4363 N. N. N. N. N. N.	4363 N. N. N. N. N. N.
4364 O. O. O. O. O. O.	4364 O. O. O. O. O. O.
4365 P. P. P. P. P. P.	4365 P. P. P. P. P. P.
4366 Q. Q. Q. Q. Q. Q.	4366 Q. Q. Q. Q. Q. Q.
4367 R. R. R. R. R. R.	4367 R. R. R. R. R. R.
4368 S. S. S. S. S. S.	4368 S. S. S. S. S. S.
4369 T. T. T. T. T. T.	4369 T. T. T. T. T. T.
4370 U. U. U. U. U. U.	4370 U. U. U. U. U. U.
4371 V. V. V. V. V. V.	4371 V. V. V. V. V. V.
4372 W. W. W. W. W. W.	4372 W. W. W. W. W. W.
4373 X. X. X. X. X. X.	4373 X. X. X. X. X. X.
4374 Y. Y. Y. Y. Y. Y.	4374 Y. Y. Y. Y. Y. Y.
4375 Z. Z. Z. Z. Z. Z.	4375 Z. Z. Z. Z. Z. Z.

RINDU HIGH SCHOOL, KANULIPATAM—cont.

Certificate number and name of pupil	Certificate number and name of pupil
4376 A. A. A. A. A. A.	4376 A. A. A. A. A. A.
4377 B. B. B. B. B. B.	4377 B. B. B. B. B. B.
4378 C. C. C. C. C. C.	4378 C. C. C. C. C. C.
4379 D. D. D. D. D. D.	4379 D. D. D. D. D. D.
4380 E. E. E. E. E. E.	4380 E. E. E. E. E. E.
4381 F. F. F. F. F. F.	4381 F. F. F. F. F. F.
4382 G. G. G. G. G. G.	4382 G. G. G. G. G. G.
4383 H. H. H. H. H. H.	4383 H. H. H. H. H. H.
4384 I. I. I. I. I. I.	4384 I. I. I. I. I. I.
4385 J. J. J. J. J. J.	4385 J. J. J. J. J. J.
4386 K. K. K. K. K. K.	4386 K. K. K. K. K. K.
4387 L. L. L. L. L. L.	4387 L. L. L. L. L. L.
4388 M. M. M. M. M. M.	4388 M. M. M. M. M. M.
4389 N. N. N. N. N. N.	4389 N. N. N. N. N. N.
4390 O. O. O. O. O. O.	4390 O. O. O. O. O. O.
4391 P. P. P. P. P. P.	4391 P. P. P. P. P. P.
4392 Q. Q. Q. Q. Q. Q.	4392 Q. Q. Q. Q. Q. Q.
4393 R. R. R. R. R. R.	4393 R. R. R. R. R. R.
4394 S. S. S. S. S. S.	4394 S. S. S. S. S. S.
4395 T. T. T. T. T. T.	4395 T. T. T. T. T. T.
4396 U. U. U. U. U. U.	4396 U. U. U. U. U. U.
4397 V. V. V. V. V. V.	4397 V. V. V. V. V. V.
4398 W. W. W. W. W. W.	4398 W. W. W. W. W. W.
4399 X. X. X. X. X. X.	4399 X. X. X. X. X. X.
4400 Y. Y. Y. Y. Y. Y.	4400 Y. Y. Y. Y. Y. Y.
4401 Z. Z. Z. Z. Z. Z.	4401 Z. Z. Z. Z. Z. Z.

## MINDO HIGH SCHOOL, MANILATA-MANANT.

Candidate number and name of pupil.	Candidate number and name of pupil.
4914a Chongk. Gochap- conson.	5079a Tadolaga. Tachio- conson.
4915a Kull. Kanchana.	5080a Kanchana. Kanchana.
4916a Kull. Kanchana.	5081a Kull. Kanchana.
4917a Kull. Kanchana.	5082a Kull. Kanchana.
4918a Kull. Kanchana.	5083a Kull. Kanchana.
4919a Kull. Kanchana.	5084a Kull. Kanchana.
4920a Kull. Kanchana.	5085a Kull. Kanchana.
4921a Kull. Kanchana.	5086a Kull. Kanchana.
4922a Kull. Kanchana.	5087a Kull. Kanchana.
4923a Kull. Kanchana.	5088a Kull. Kanchana.
4924a Kull. Kanchana.	5089a Kull. Kanchana.
4925a Kull. Kanchana.	5090a Kull. Kanchana.
4926a Kull. Kanchana.	5091a Kull. Kanchana.
4927a Kull. Kanchana.	5092a Kull. Kanchana.
4928a Kull. Kanchana.	5093a Kull. Kanchana.
4929a Kull. Kanchana.	5094a Kull. Kanchana.
4930a Kull. Kanchana.	5095a Kull. Kanchana.
4931a Kull. Kanchana.	5096a Kull. Kanchana.
4932a Kull. Kanchana.	5097a Kull. Kanchana.
4933a Kull. Kanchana.	5098a Kull. Kanchana.
4934a Kull. Kanchana.	5099a Kull. Kanchana.
4935a Kull. Kanchana.	5100a Kull. Kanchana.
4936a Kull. Kanchana.	5101a Kull. Kanchana.
4937a Kull. Kanchana.	5102a Kull. Kanchana.
4938a Kull. Kanchana.	5103a Kull. Kanchana.
4939a Kull. Kanchana.	5104a Kull. Kanchana.
4940a Kull. Kanchana.	5105a Kull. Kanchana.
4941a Kull. Kanchana.	5106a Kull. Kanchana.
4942a Kull. Kanchana.	5107a Kull. Kanchana.
4943a Kull. Kanchana.	5108a Kull. Kanchana.
4944a Kull. Kanchana.	5109a Kull. Kanchana.
4945a Kull. Kanchana.	5110a Kull. Kanchana.
4946a Kull. Kanchana.	5111a Kull. Kanchana.
4947a Kull. Kanchana.	5112a Kull. Kanchana.
4948a Kull. Kanchana.	5113a Kull. Kanchana.
4949a Kull. Kanchana.	5114a Kull. Kanchana.
4950a Kull. Kanchana.	5115a Kull. Kanchana.
4951a Kull. Kanchana.	5116a Kull. Kanchana.
4952a Kull. Kanchana.	5117a Kull. Kanchana.
4953a Kull. Kanchana.	5118a Kull. Kanchana.
4954a Kull. Kanchana.	5119a Kull. Kanchana.
4955a Kull. Kanchana.	5120a Kull. Kanchana.
4956a Kull. Kanchana.	5121a Kull. Kanchana.
4957a Kull. Kanchana.	5122a Kull. Kanchana.
4958a Kull. Kanchana.	5123a Kull. Kanchana.
4959a Kull. Kanchana.	5124a Kull. Kanchana.
4960a Kull. Kanchana.	5125a Kull. Kanchana.
4961a Kull. Kanchana.	5126a Kull. Kanchana.
4962a Kull. Kanchana.	5127a Kull. Kanchana.
4963a Kull. Kanchana.	5128a Kull. Kanchana.
4964a Kull. Kanchana.	5129a Kull. Kanchana.
4965a Kull. Kanchana.	5130a Kull. Kanchana.
4966a Kull. Kanchana.	5131a Kull. Kanchana.
4967a Kull. Kanchana.	5132a Kull. Kanchana.
4968a Kull. Kanchana.	5133a Kull. Kanchana.
4969a Kull. Kanchana.	5134a Kull. Kanchana.
4970a Kull. Kanchana.	5135a Kull. Kanchana.
4971a Kull. Kanchana.	5136a Kull. Kanchana.
4972a Kull. Kanchana.	5137a Kull. Kanchana.
4973a Kull. Kanchana.	5138a Kull. Kanchana.
4974a Kull. Kanchana.	5139a Kull. Kanchana.
4975a Kull. Kanchana.	5140a Kull. Kanchana.
4976a Kull. Kanchana.	5141a Kull. Kanchana.
4977a Kull. Kanchana.	5142a Kull. Kanchana.
4978a Kull. Kanchana.	5143a Kull. Kanchana.
4979a Kull. Kanchana.	5144a Kull. Kanchana.
4980a Kull. Kanchana.	5145a Kull. Kanchana.
4981a Kull. Kanchana.	5146a Kull. Kanchana.
4982a Kull. Kanchana.	5147a Kull. Kanchana.
4983a Kull. Kanchana.	5148a Kull. Kanchana.
4984a Kull. Kanchana.	5149a Kull. Kanchana.
4985a Kull. Kanchana.	5150a Kull. Kanchana.
4986a Kull. Kanchana.	5151a Kull. Kanchana.
4987a Kull. Kanchana.	5152a Kull. Kanchana.
4988a Kull. Kanchana.	5153a Kull. Kanchana.
4989a Kull. Kanchana.	5154a Kull. Kanchana.
4990a Kull. Kanchana.	5155a Kull. Kanchana.
4991a Kull. Kanchana.	5156a Kull. Kanchana.
4992a Kull. Kanchana.	5157a Kull. Kanchana.
4993a Kull. Kanchana.	5158a Kull. Kanchana.
4994a Kull. Kanchana.	5159a Kull. Kanchana.
4995a Kull. Kanchana.	5160a Kull. Kanchana.
4996a Kull. Kanchana.	5161a Kull. Kanchana.
4997a Kull. Kanchana.	5162a Kull. Kanchana.
4998a Kull. Kanchana.	5163a Kull. Kanchana.
4999a Kull. Kanchana.	5164a Kull. Kanchana.
5000a Kull. Kanchana.	5165a Kull. Kanchana.

V. NABASINERAYUDU,  
District Educational Officer, Manilata-Manant.

Manilata, 28th January 1937.

## GOVERNMENT TRAINING SCHOOLS IN THE CHITTORGH DISTRICT.

Applications are invited from candidates for admission in July 1937 into the Government Training Schools in the Chittorg District.

2. Subject to the condition that candidates' education is passed at his school, the District Educational Officer will select candidates as noted below:-

Number of pupils available.	Secondary, Elementary, Elementary		
	Secondary	Elementary	Elementary
Government Training School, Chittorg.	40	40	40
Government Training School, Tirupur.	..	..	40

In addition to the above stipendiaries candidates whose pupils are paid by local bodies, or who are prepared to be admitted as free students, will also be admitted for training.

3. No provisional stipends will be sanctioned for teachers who hold permanent appointments in board and municipal schools, or who hold such positions, appointments in permanent vacancies or who have been given provisional appointments by presidents of local boards who employ them. In the case of such teachers, clear information should be given in the application regarding the nature of the appointment held by them (permanent, temporary, sub-graduate, or acting as the case may be) and whether the presidents of local boards concerned are prepared to pay stipends on behalf of the teachers recommended by them. The applications of these candidates should be signed by the presidents concerned.

4. Persons holding certificates of having passed the Matriculation or the Upper Secondary or the Intermediate Examination or those holding Secondary School Leaving Certificate as are accepted by the undersigned, are eligible for admission into the Secondary Grade.

Persons who have passed the eighth standard examination and hold an elementary school-leaving certificate issued by a Deputy Inspector of Schools, or who have passed the third form examination in a secondary school are eligible for admission into the Higher Elementary Grade.

Persons who have reached some lower stage of instruction and who have passed the fifth standard or sixth class examination are treated for the Elementary Lower Grade. Masters of Secondary School Certificate will also be admitted in the grade. Candidates who do not possess the prescribed educational qualifications will be admitted for Elementary Lower Grade on the strength of a certificate granted by an officer not below the rank of a Deputy Inspector of Schools.

5. Applicants for secondary grade, who obtain Secondary School Leaving Certificate holders, should attach copies of their general educational certificates to their applications. Secondary School Leaving Certificate holders should submit certified copies of their results and school examination records with strength marks for the University.

Applicants for the elementary grade should submit their certificates in original.

6. The period of training will be two years. In the case of those who have passed the Intermediate or the late P.A. examination or who have attended a College for the P.A. or Intermediate course but have failed in the University Examination, the period of training will be one year. Those coming under the last classification should note in their application their examination number and the stage and date of the Port St. George Exam, in which their failure was notified.

7. In all applications the certificate of previous appointment should be signed by the responsible manager or correspondent of the institution, and not by somebody else on their behalf. Unless this is so signed, the application will not be considered.

8. In the case of persons coming from outside the Chittorg District, their applications should be accompanied by an Inspecting Officer of that district.

Teachers in elementary schools in the district should submit their applications through the Managers of their localities. Teachers in elementary schools and others will submit their applications to the Deputy Inspector of Schools of the zone concerned. The Deputy Inspectors of Schools are requested to submit the applications of all teachers employed in the elementary schools in their jurisdiction with a consolidated list of candidates recommended for admission or rejection, with reasons against such name, in the form given in the printed application. The recommended applications together with certificates should also be submitted to this office. All applications and lists should reach this office on or before 31st May 1927. Applications received after this date will not be considered. Full address should be given in the application. Applications containing certificates in original should be sent by registered post.

9. There is a hotel attached to the Training School, Chittoor, which provides board and accommodation for all candidates. All non-resident students of the school shall become members of the hotel, unless exempted by the Warden.

10. Printed forms of application can be had from this office or from any Deputy Inspector of Schools on application.

H. A. HART,  
District Educational Officer, Chittoor.

Chittoor, 1st February 1927.

#### GOVERNMENT HIGHER ELEMENTARY TRAINING SCHOOL FOR MASTERS, MANGALORE.

The District Educational Officer, South Kanara, hereby notifies, for the information of the Deputy Inspectors of Schools and Managers of Schools, that candidates for the Higher and Lower Elementary grades will be admitted for training in July 1927 in the Government Higher Elementary Training School, Mangalore.

1. Teachers will have passed the annual examination of the Third Form or who have been found fit for promotion to the Fourth Form or who hold Elementary School-leaving certificates of the Eighth Standard issued by the Deputy or Sub-District Inspectors are eligible for admission into the Higher Elementary Training School; those who have passed the Late Primary examination or a corresponding public or school examination, or whose attainments are, in the opinion of the inspecting officers, not lower than those, are eligible for admission into the Lower Elementary Training class.

2. The period of training will be two years.

3. The District Educational Officer will make the selection on the recommendation of the Deputy Inspectors.

4. In addition to the projected expenditures, candidates whose stipends are paid from local and municipal funds will be selected for training, as also private candidates and free students. No pecuniary rewards will be conferred on teachers who hold permanent appointments in Board or Municipal schools.

5. Applicants should be accompanied by certificates of general character and conduct as required. Certificates of physical fitness may be produced after the students are admitted in the training school.

7. Printed forms of application can be obtained from the Deputy Inspectors of Schools.

8. The candidates as to employment should be signed by the manager of a recognized school, statement in regard to conduct, etc., should be signed by an inspecting officer of rank not lower than the Deputy Inspector of Schools.

9. Applications accepted in accordance with the above instructions should reach the District Educational Officer before the 15th May 1927.

10. For instructions for selection of lists of candidates recommended for admission the Deputy Inspectors will refer to B.O. No. 178 B.C., dated 18th April 1926, of the Inspector of Schools, South Kanara, Coorg and Bargarpet.

K. SANKARA MENON,

District Educational Officer, South Kanara,  
Mangalore, 28th January 1927.

#### GOVERNMENT TRAINING SCHOOLS IN THE NORTH ARCADE DISTRICT.

The District Educational Officer, North Arcot district, hereby notifies for the information of other District Educational Officers and Deputy Inspectors of Schools and the Managers of school schools that candidates of the Elementary grade will be admitted for training on 1st July 1927 in the Government Training schools under his charge as shown below:—

Number and name of institutions.	Number of students available.		
	Higher Elementary.	Lower Elementary.	Total.
(1) Government Higher Elementary Training School, Kuppam.	62	22	84
(2) Government Mahomedan Training School, Arani.		40	40

3. The period of training is two years.

4. The selection of candidates will be made by the District Educational Officer.

5. Inspecting officers are requested to forward before the 15th May 1927, two lists, one of recommended and the other of rejected candidates. The names of recommended candidates should appear on the list in the order in which the inspecting officers wish they should be taken, i.e., they should be arranged in reference to their general educational attainments, then agree as to teachers, the need for their training and the nature of their appointments and the school from which they apply for training. Candidates who do not satisfy the condition of paragraph under rule 113 of the Madras Educational Order should not, except in very special circumstances, be included in the list and the recommendation should be regulated, by rule 114. In the case of rejected candidates, the reasons for rejection should invariably be indicated in the list against each.

6. In addition to projected stipendaries, candidates whose stipends are paid by local or municipal boards, will be admitted for training, as also private candidates or free students. No pecuniary rewards will be conferred on teachers who hold permanent appointments in Board or Municipal schools. In the case of these teachers clear information should be given in the application regarding the nature of the appointment held by them (permanent or acting or the one may be) and whether the Teachers or Clerks are mentioned as proposed to pay stipends as school or the teachers recommended, by them. The applications of these candidates should invariably be signed by the President or Chairman.

7. Candidates who have passed at least the annual examination of the III form or have been awarded an Elementary School-Leaving Certificate of the VIII standard will be considered fit for admission into the Elementary Higher class, and those who have passed the late Primary School Examination or a corresponding public or school examination or whose attainments in the opinion of the inspecting officers are not lower than these will



be admitted fit for admission into the Elementary Lower class. Preference should be given, as much as possible, to candidates whose educational attainments are above the minimum requirements. The certificate of general education should be sent in original along with the application. The certificate of physical fitness need be produced only by the candidates selected.

7. Applications not received before the prescribed date or without the parental educational certificate in original will be rejected.

8. Printed forms of application can be obtained from the subordinates inspecting officers.

9. Applications from students employed outside this district must come through the respective District Educational Officers.

10. There are hostels in the two training schools. Of the students selected and admitted into the training schools, those who do not live with their families or relations must become members of the hostels.

ANDUR RAJIM,

*Acting District Educational Officer, North Arcot,  
Vellore, 11th January 1927.*

#### ERRATA.

In the notification published in the Fort St. George Gazette, Part I-B, page 52, dated 14th January 1927, under sub-heading certificate—

Read '45012-A Ditya Eala Sundaram,' for '45012 Ditya Eala Sundaram.'

Read '31210-A Malladi Venkata Krishnaswamy,' for '30210 Malladi Venkata Krishnaswamy.'

Read '45113-A M. K. S. Prabhakaran Rao,' for '48213-B M. K. S. Prabhakaran Rao,'  
Read '46304-B Mungala Venkata , Rao,' for '94304-B Prabhala Venkata Rao.'

CA. SURYAPRAKASA, BAO.

*Acting District Educational Officer, South Arcot, 10th January 1927.*

#### VACANCY.

Advertisements giving the following particulars are invited for the Typewriting clerk's post of the office on Rs. 35-80, to which the undersigned on the 12th February 1927 at the latest. None but eligible candidates need apply. The post is likely to last for about four months for the present.—

Name of applicant, caste, age, caste, languages known, date of birth, educational qualifications, with marks in the public examination, if S.S.I.C. test in each subject, present appointment and pay, nature of testimonials, previous appointments held under Government with pay and service.

Those who are at present employed should submit their applications through the proper channel sending if necessary a very direct. Also with departmental experience will be preferred.

H. PERAYYA SASTRI,

*Acting District Educational Officer, Kaveri.  
Kaveri, 30th January 1927.*



# SUPPLEMENT TO PART I-B

OF

# THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE

No. 6.]

MADRAS, TUESDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 8, 1927.

[PART, 2 PAGES.]

## GOVERNMENT EXAMINATIONS.

### GOVERNMENT TECHNICAL EXAMINATIONS, NOVEMBER 1926.

The following candidates are declared to have passed the GOVERNMENT TECHNICAL EXAMINATIONS held in November 1926 in the subjects under which their names appear:—

(A notice will be published in Part I-B of the Fort St. George Gazette on the week of March ending when and to which application should be made for admission.)

[N.B.—Applications from successful candidates asking for information as to the mode of taking or for a re-examination of their answer papers will not be admitted.]

R = Roman, H = Hindustani, C = Indian Christian, E = European, P = Persian, A = Anglo-Indian, A.D. = Ad-Daril, (F) = Farsi.

Register number and name of candidate. Class of examination. Place of examination.

### BUILDING MATERIALS AND CONSTRUCTION (LOWER GRADE).

First Class.  
1300 B. Yashwanthi Ayyar .. H Telukutta.  
1301 B. Maheshwari Pillai .. P D.  
1314 V. Suba Ayyar .. E Selam.

Second Class.  
1316 Perikumar Krishnaswami .. H Secunder.  
1317 S. Sankaranarayanan Aiyar .. H D.  
1318 P. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1319 L. Ravi Prasad Pillai .. H D.  
1320 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1321 M. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1322 K. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1323 K. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1324 K. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1325 K. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1326 K. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1327 K. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1328 K. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1329 K. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1330 K. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1331 K. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1332 K. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1333 K. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1334 K. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1335 K. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1336 K. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1337 K. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1338 K. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1339 K. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1340 K. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.

R.-S. 2, 1

Register number and name of candidate. Class of examination. Place of examination.

### BUILDING MATERIALS AND CONSTRUCTION (HIGHER GRADE).

First Class.  
1302 M. S. Krishnaswami Aiyar .. H Kalyani.  
1303 M. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.

### BUILDING DRAWING AND ESTIMATING (LOWER GRADE).

First Class.  
1304 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H Kalyani.  
1305 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1306 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1307 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1308 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1309 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1310 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1311 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1312 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1313 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1314 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1315 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1316 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1317 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1318 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1319 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1320 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.

Second Class.  
1321 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H Kalyani.  
1322 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1323 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1324 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1325 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1326 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1327 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1328 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1329 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1330 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1331 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1332 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1333 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1334 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1335 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1336 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1337 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1338 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1339 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1340 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.

Third Class.  
1341 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H Kalyani.  
1342 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1343 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1344 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1345 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1346 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1347 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1348 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1349 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1350 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.

Fourth Class.  
1351 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H Kalyani.  
1352 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1353 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1354 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1355 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1356 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1357 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1358 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1359 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1360 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.

Fifth Class.  
1361 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H Kalyani.  
1362 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1363 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1364 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1365 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1366 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1367 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1368 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1369 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1370 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.

Sixth Class.  
1371 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H Kalyani.  
1372 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1373 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1374 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1375 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1376 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1377 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1378 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1379 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1380 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.

Seventh Class.  
1381 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H Kalyani.  
1382 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1383 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1384 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1385 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1386 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1387 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1388 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1389 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1390 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.

Eighth Class.  
1391 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H Kalyani.  
1392 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1393 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1394 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1395 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1396 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1397 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1398 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1399 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1400 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.

Ninth Class.  
1401 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H Kalyani.  
1402 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1403 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1404 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1405 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1406 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1407 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1408 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1409 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1410 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.

Tenth Class.  
1411 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H Kalyani.  
1412 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1413 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1414 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1415 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1416 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1417 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1418 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1419 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1420 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.

Eleventh Class.  
1421 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H Kalyani.  
1422 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1423 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1424 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1425 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1426 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1427 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1428 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1429 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1430 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.

Twelfth Class.  
1431 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H Kalyani.  
1432 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1433 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1434 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1435 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1436 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1437 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1438 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1439 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.  
1440 S. Sankaranarayanan .. H D.





Trained Teachers' certificate number, name of candidate, institutions in which trained and year of passing the T.E.S.S.C. examination.

#### LOWER ELEMENTARY GRADE—cont.

Senior Class—cont.

(Male)—cont.

- 1204/24 Dandamudi Sulu, Government Training School, P. O. Gungah, 1925.  
 1204/24 Dandamudi Sulu, Government Training School, P. O. Gungah, 1925.  
 1204/24 Dandamudi Sulu, Government Training School, P. O. Gungah, 1925.  
 1204/24 Dandamudi Sulu, Government Training School, P. O. Gungah, 1925.  
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 1204/24 Dandamudi Sulu, Government Training School, P. O. Gungah, 1925.  
 1204/24 Dandamudi Sulu, Government Training School, P. O. Gungah, 1925.

Trained Teachers' certificate number, name of candidate, institutions in which trained and year of passing the T.E.S.S.C. examination.

#### LOWER ELEMENTARY GRADE—cont.

Senior Class—cont.

(Male)—cont.

- 1204/24 Dandamudi Sulu, Government Training School, P. O. Gungah, 1925.  
 1204/24 Dandamudi Sulu, Government Training School, P. O. Gungah, 1925.

P. KAHANTY,

Acting Deputy Educational Officer.

Vincentown, 1st February 1927.

#### ERRATA.

To the list of teachers' certificates completed during 1926 by the District Educational Officer, Kumbal, published in pages 7 and 8 of the Port St. George Gazette, Part I-B Supplement, dated 25th January 1927:—

No. 4224 S.C.S. of Secondary Lower grade—For "Chinn Neryana", read "Chinn Neryana", For "Chinn Neryana", read "Chinn Neryana", and "4224 of 25".

H. PERAYYA CASIRI,

Acting District Educational Officer.

Kumbal, 31st January 1927.



# THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE

Published by Authority.

No. 6.] MADRAS, TUESDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 8, 1927. [Price, 4 rs. 8 p.

## Part III—Miscellaneous Notifications.

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General .. .. .	111	

### APPPOINTMENTS, LEAVE, ETC.

#### JUDICIAL.

No. 6.—M.R.Ry. Sankhal Varada Araya Araya is permitted to accept the temporary position of the leave and post Kumbakonam the Additional District Munsif thereof. To proceed forthwith.

Transfer.—The following transfer of a District Munsif has been ordered by the High Court:—

M.R.Ry. Sankhal Varada Araya Araya, Additional District Munsif, Kumbakonam, to Nanganagudi, also M.R.Ry. K. A. Krishna Araya Araya, on other duty or until further orders. To join forthwith.

Repealing.—M.R.Ry. Totamangudi Subramanya Vennambal Araya Araya is reported to Kumbakonam as the Additional District Munsif thereof.

Note.—The will stay claim to leave pay and allowance under Provisional Act, 1925, High Court, Madras, 27th January 1927.

No. 7. Appointment and Posting.—M.R.Ry. Chellappan Narayanasami Madhav Araya, B.A., B.L., Bench Clerk, High Court, Madras, is appointed to act as District Munsif and is posted to Nanganagudi, also M.R.Ry. K. Gopala Araya Araya reported leave on until further orders. To join on the 2nd February 1927.

A. C. HAPPELL,  
Registrar.

High Court, Madras,  
28th January 1927.

11-1

#### SALT.

Posting.—Mr. H. A. Perera, Inspector, on the expiry of his leave, to the Transgular Circle, also M.R.Ry. A. F. Vardana, Officiating Inspector, reported. (This vacates the position of Inspector M.R.Ry. P. A. Puhara on the Transgular Circle and of Mr. H. A. Perera in the Transgular Circle.)

C. M. MASTHEMAN,  
Collector of Salt Revenue.

Madras, 1st February 1927.

#### FOREST.

Leave.—M.R.Ry. V. Narayana Araya Araya, Extra Assistant Conservator of Forests, Tanjore, is granted leave on average pay for one month from or after 28th January 1927.

Extension of Leave.—Subject to the Assistant-Conservator's certificate of eligibility, Mr. J. A. Martin, Deputy Conservator of Forests, is granted an extension of leave on average pay for the days with effect from 15th January 1927.

H. THIRMAN,  
Chief Conservator of Forests.

Madras, 28th January 1927.

#### PUBLIC WORKS.

Posting.—M.R.Ry. A. Rama Araya Araya, Assistant Engineer, posted to the Circle in Chief Engineer's notification No. 1075-E-26/C.E., dated

25th January 1927, is reported, to the South Agent  
for charge of the Co. Cuddalore subdivision.

**M. NELLAKANTA AYYAR,**  
Offy. *Superintending Engineer, Trigon. Chd.*  
Tanjore, 1st February 1927.

*Reporting and Transfer.*—(1) M. E. H. B. Saran-  
das, B.A., B.E., A.C.E.I., Assistant Engineer, posted  
to this Circle in Chief Engineer's notification No.  
15,275/2, dated 21st January 1927, is reported to  
the Co. Cuddalore for charge of the Rameswaram  
subdivision.

(2) M. E. H. B. Saranadas, Assistant Engineer, Rameswaram  
subdivision, is transferred to the Rameswaram  
subdivision, for charge of the Rameswaram  
subdivision, now M. V. Ramaswami Ayyar, who will report to a  
senior in relief. To proceed on relief.

**M. SWAMINATHA AYYAR,**  
Offy. *Superintending Engineer, Trigon. Chd.*  
Tanjore, 25th January 1927.

### Police.

*Comm.*—M. E. H. B. Saranadas, Deputy Superintendent of Police, Madhavaram sub-  
division, is granted 10th reference to G.O. No. 274,  
Police, dated 27th October 1926 and No. 464, Police,  
dated 14th June 1923, concessional leave on average  
pay for one month and six days from 1st after 1st  
May 1927.

**F. A. HAMILTON,**  
Offy. *Inspector-General of Police.*  
Madras, 2nd February 1927.

## GENERAL NOTIFICATIONS.

### IMPERIAL LIBRARY.

BOOKS BY THE LIBRARY, 1, BRANFORD ROAD,  
CHENNAI.

*Open* { Week-days and Sundays, from 10 a.m.  
to 3 p.m.  
Sundays and Holidays, from 2 p.m. to  
5 p.m.

The Imperial Library is also a lending library.  
It is free to all except students. There is no ab-  
scription to pay.

**J. A. CHAPMAN,**  
Librarian.

### PATENTS.

The following printed reproductions of applications  
for patents, which have been accepted under  
section 5 of the Indian Patents and Designs Act,  
1904, have been published and can be inspected  
free of charge at the Madras Patent Office, Kington.  
Copies of these applications may be purchased at  
the Patent Office, 1, Convent House Street, Chennai,  
at the price of one anna per copy.

Directions for the preparation of documents and  
others are given in the Indian Patents and Designs  
Act (which has been) and to the Indian Patents and  
Designs Rules, 1912 (which have been). These  
should be consulted before an application is made  
to the Controller of Patents and Designs.

11548, Luggage  
11549, Hyper-Touch Appliances Co.  
11550, Train  
11551, Train  
11552, British Yarn Artificial Silk Co., Ltd.

11542, British Yarn Artificial Silk Co., Ltd.  
11543, Spun yarn  
11544, Norman's Wireless Telegraph Co., Ltd.  
11545, Radio Industries Incorporated.  
11546, Radio Industries and Company Engineers, Ltd.,  
and others.  
11547, Norman's Brothers & Co., Ltd., and  
others.  
11548, International General Electric Co., Inc.  
11549, N. V. Philips' Gloeilampenfabriek.  
11550, Siemens.  
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**F. PANDURANG ROW,**  
Surveyor to Govt., *Engineered Dept.*  
Port St. George, 1st February 1927.

### TREASURY TROVE.

It is hereby notified under section 5 of the Indian  
Treasury Trove Act VI of 1870 that on or about  
1st July 1926 the treasure specified below is stated  
to have been found in my land U.S. No. 23-4 of the  
village of Pambanpatti in Chikmagalur taluk by  
one Chinnappaiah while digging earth:—

Two gold pieces—Value Rs. 20.  
Four silver pieces—Value Rs. 20.  
A small broken gold coin.  
A small broken silver coin.

2. All persons claiming the said treasure or any  
part thereof are required to appear personally or  
by duly authorized agent before the Collector of  
South Arcot District at his office in Cuddalore at  
11 a.m. on Monday the 11th July 1927 with a view  
to the matter being inquired into and determined  
according to law.

**A. UPENDRA PAI,**  
Collector.

South Arcot District's Office,  
Cuddalore, 1st February 1927.

It is hereby notified under section 5 of the  
Indian Treasury Trove Act VI of 1870, that a  
few months ago, treasure consisting of a silver  
image of Lord Venkateswara of the village of  
Pambanpatti in Chikmagalur taluk by  
one Chinnappaiah while digging earth:—

2. All persons claiming the said treasure or any  
part thereof are required to appear personally or  
by duly authorized agent before the Collector of  
South Arcot District at his office in Cuddalore at  
11 a.m. on the 11th of April 1927 with a view  
to the matter being inquired into and determined  
according to law.

**G. E. H. BRACKEN,**  
Collector.

South Arcot District's Office,  
Cuddalore, 1st February 1927.





## MAYFAIR DISTRICT.

## Mayfair Island, District.

Names of fishing and names of owner	Special mark.
The Midland Trawl Fish Co., Ltd. (Messrs. Patrick Ross & Co., Dunbarton) .. ..	42 M

## COMBINATION DISTRICT.

## Combination Island, Papanagelakopoulo.

Volker's Trawl Fish Co., Ltd., Fishing and Trawling (Messrs. Volker's Trawl Fish Co., Ltd., Dunbarton) .. ..	26 M
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## Combination Island, Combination.

The Midland Trawl Fish Co., Ltd. (Messrs. Patrick Ross & Co., Dunbarton) .. ..	12 M
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## Combination Island, Papanagelakopoulo.

Mr. Robert Fleming and Fishing Trawling (Mr. T. Robert Fleming, Ocean Fisheries, Combination) .. ..	16 M
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## Palladium Island, Treppe.

The Treppe Sea Fishing Trawling and Fishing Trawling (The Sea Fishing Trawling, Ltd., Treppe, Hamburg, Germany) .. ..	18 M
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The Southampton and German Co., Ltd., Treppe Fish (Messrs. The Southampton and German Co., Ltd.) .. ..	10 M
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Midland German Marine Fishing Co., Ltd., Fishing and Fishing Trawling (Messrs. Midland German Marine Fishing Co., Ltd., Hamburg) .. ..	25 M
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The Midland German Marine Fishing Co., Ltd. (Messrs. The Midland German Marine Fishing Co., Ltd., Hamburg) .. ..	23 M
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The Midland German Marine Fishing Co., Ltd. (Messrs. Patrick Ross & Co., Dunbarton) .. ..	22 M
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The German Marine Fishing and Fishing Co., Ltd. (Messrs. A. & F. Harvey) .. ..	20 M
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## THERMOPOL DISTRICT.

## Thermopol Island, Arizola.

K. B. & Matheson Marine Fishing (Messrs. K. B. & Matheson Marine Fishing) .. ..	14 M
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## CYPRUS DISTRICT.

## Cyprus Island, Cyprus.

The Midland Trawl Fish Co., Ltd. (Messrs. The Midland Trawl Fish Co., Ltd.) .. ..	26 M
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The Midland Trawl Fishing, Fishing, Fishing, and Fishing Trawling (The Midland Trawl Fishing and Fishing Co., Ltd., Dunbarton) .. ..	26 M
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## Jamaica Island, Jamaica.

Mr. Robert Fleming and Fishing Trawling (Mr. Robert Fleming) .. ..	27 M
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## ANATOLIA DISTRICT.

## Anatolia Island, Anatolia.

The Southampton and German Co., Ltd., Anatolia Fish (Messrs. Southampton and German Co., Ltd.) .. ..	26 M
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The Southampton Fish Co., Ltd. (Messrs. K. Yachin, Sea, Chairman, Board of Directors) .. ..	26 M
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## Gedy Island, Gedy.

Volker's Trawl Fish Co., Ltd., Fishing and Fishing Trawling (Messrs. Volker's Trawl Fish Co., Ltd., Dunbarton) .. ..	26 M
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Messrs. B. & Co., Fishing Trawling and Fishing Trawling (Messrs. B. & Co.) .. ..	21 M
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The Midland Trawl Fish Co., Ltd. (Messrs. Patrick Ross & Co., Dunbarton) .. ..	22 M
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## BELLARY DISTRICT.

## Bellary Island, Bellary.

The Midland Trawl Fish Co., Ltd. (Messrs. The Midland Trawl Fish Co., Ltd.) .. ..	26 M
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Mr. Robert Fleming and Fishing Trawling (Messrs. K. Yachin, Sea, Chairman, Board of Directors) .. ..	26 M
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## BELLARY DISTRICT.

## Bellary Island, Bellary.

Names of fishing and names of owner	Special mark.
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Mr. Robert Fleming and Fishing Trawling (Mr. Robert Fleming) .. ..	21 M
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The Southampton Fish Co., Ltd. (Mr. K. Yachin, Sea, Chairman, Board of Directors) .. ..	26 M
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The Bellary Fish Co. (Messrs. Robert Fleming & Co., Southampton and Agents) .. ..	27 M
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## Adoni Island, Adoni.

The Adoni Fish Co., Ltd. (Messrs. The Adoni Fish Co., Ltd.) .. ..	26 M
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Mr. Robert Fleming and Fishing Trawling (Mr. Robert Fleming) .. ..	21 M
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Mr. Robert Fleming and Fishing Trawling (Mr. Robert Fleming) .. ..	21 M
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The Southampton Fish Co., Ltd. (Mr. K. Yachin, Sea, Chairman, Board of Directors) .. ..	26 M
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Mr. Robert Fleming and Fishing Trawling (Mr. Robert Fleming) .. ..	21 M
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Mr. Robert Fleming and Fishing Trawling (Mr. Robert Fleming) .. ..	21 M
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Mr. Robert Fleming and Fishing Trawling (Mr. Robert Fleming) .. ..	21 M
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## KERNEL DISTRICT.

## Kernel Island, Kernel.

Volker's Trawl Fish Co., Ltd. (Messrs. Volker's Trawl Fish Co., Ltd.) .. ..	26 M
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## Nandyl Island, Nandyl.

Mr. Robert Fleming and Fishing Trawling (Mr. Robert Fleming) .. ..	21 M
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Mr. Robert Fleming and Fishing Trawling (Mr. Robert Fleming) .. ..	21 M
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Mr. Robert Fleming and Fishing Trawling (Mr. Robert Fleming) .. ..	21 M
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Mr. Robert Fleming and Fishing Trawling (Mr. Robert Fleming) .. ..	21 M
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Mr. Robert Fleming and Fishing Trawling (Mr. Robert Fleming) .. ..	21 M
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Mr. Robert Fleming and Fishing Trawling (Mr. Robert Fleming) .. ..	21 M
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Mr. Robert Fleming and Fishing Trawling (Mr. Robert Fleming) .. ..	21 M
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Mr. Robert Fleming and Fishing Trawling (Mr. Robert Fleming) .. ..	21 M
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Mr. Robert Fleming and Fishing Trawling (Mr. Robert Fleming) .. ..	21 M
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Mr. Robert Fleming and Fishing Trawling (Mr. Robert Fleming) .. ..	21 M
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Mr. Robert Fleming and Fishing Trawling (Mr. Robert Fleming) .. ..	21 M
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Mr. Robert Fleming and Fishing Trawling (Mr. Robert Fleming) .. ..	21 M
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Mr. Robert Fleming and Fishing Trawling (Mr. Robert Fleming) .. ..	21 M
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Mr. Robert Fleming and Fishing Trawling (Mr. Robert Fleming) .. ..	21 M
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Mr. Robert Fleming and Fishing Trawling (Mr. Robert Fleming) .. ..	21 M
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Mr. Robert Fleming and Fishing Trawling (Mr. Robert Fleming) .. ..	21 M
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Mr. Robert Fleming and Fishing Trawling (Mr. Robert Fleming) .. ..	21 M
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Mr. Robert Fleming and Fishing Trawling (Mr. Robert Fleming) .. ..	21 M
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Mr. Robert Fleming and Fishing Trawling (Mr. Robert Fleming) .. ..	21 M
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Mr. Robert Fleming and Fishing Trawling (Mr. Robert Fleming) .. ..	21 M
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Mr. Robert Fleming and Fishing Trawling (Mr. Robert Fleming) .. ..	21 M
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## DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

SUBSIDING CROP OF HIGH-YIELDING OR  
FINAL REPORT.

(On an average of the five years ending 1926-27, the area under sugarcane in the Madras Presidency has represented 4.9 per cent of the total area under sugarcane in India.)

The area planted with sugarcane up to the end of December 1926 is estimated at 111,210 acres as compared with 113,780 acres at the corresponding date of last year, or an increase of only one per cent. Last year's estimate was in excess of the final figures by less than one per cent. The area in an average year is estimated at 111,190 acres.

3. The present estimate of area exceeds the second forecast by 5,720 acres only. The excess covers mainly in Vengalpetam, Bellary, South Arcot, and the Central districts.

4. The harvesting of the crop has commenced in most districts. Normal yields are expected only in

West Godavari, Kistna, Beisar, Cuddapah, Nellore, and Madhav where the crop is of minor importance. In South Kanara, the yield will be slightly above normal. The crops suffered from drought in the other districts, especially in the important districts of Vengalpetam, East Godavari, Karnool, North Arcot, Chittoor, North Arcot, and Tenkadiply. The crop also suffered from the attack of mealy-bug in parts of North Arcot.

4. The second forecast for the Presidency works out at 84 per cent of the average. This is the lowest reported and is even less than in the last year 1925-26 when it was 89 per cent. On this basis, the yield is estimated at 235,150 tons of sugarcane as against 238,075 tons at the corresponding date of last year, 315,483 tons in the second and crop of last year, and an average yield of 232,450 tons.

5. Figures by districts are given in the statement below.

[Area in tons of cane, &c., 0 being omitted; yield in tons of sugarcane, &c., 0 being omitted.]

District and group	Estimate of the area planted with sugarcane up to the end of			Increase (or decrease) in the area of sugarcane (in acres) compared with the area in estimate 1925.	Second forecast of the percentage of the estimated yield per acre in the average year to the yield per acre in a year of high average.	Estimated yield of sugarcane in	
	September 1926.	December 1926	December 1925.			Col. (7)	Col. (8)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
<b>Coastal</b>							
Madras .. .. .	4,50	4,50	4,50	—	20	91	91
Vengalpetam .. .. .	10,00	10,00	10,00	—	20	91	91
East Godavari .. .. .	8,50	8,50	8,50	—	20	91	91
West Godavari .. .. .	1,10	1,10	1,10	—	20	91	91
East .. .. .	10	10	10	—	20	91	91
North .. .. .	10	10	10	—	20	91	91
<b>Total, Coastal ..</b>	<b>45,70</b>	<b>45,70</b>	<b>45,70</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>363,27</b>	<b>363,27</b>
<b>Central</b>							
Madras .. .. .	70	70	70	—	20	91	91
Madhav .. .. .	1,00	1,00	1,00	—	20	91	91
Chittoor .. .. .	2,00	2,00	2,00	—	20	91	91
Chittoor .. .. .	10	10	10	—	20	91	91
<b>Total, Central ..</b>	<b>11,70</b>	<b>11,70</b>	<b>11,70</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>363,27</b>	<b>363,27</b>
<b>Deccan</b>							
Madras .. .. .	80	80	80	—	20	91	91
Chittoor .. .. .	10	10	10	—	20	91	91
North .. .. .	10	10	10	—	20	91	91
<b>Total, Deccan ..</b>	<b>1,70</b>	<b>1,70</b>	<b>1,70</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>363,27</b>	<b>363,27</b>
<b>Central</b>							
Madras .. .. .	1,00	1,00	1,00	—	20	91	91
Madhav .. .. .	1,00	1,00	1,00	—	20	91	91
Chittoor .. .. .	1,00	1,00	1,00	—	20	91	91
Chittoor .. .. .	1,00	1,00	1,00	—	20	91	91
<b>Total, Central ..</b>	<b>4,00</b>	<b>4,00</b>	<b>4,00</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>363,27</b>	<b>363,27</b>
<b>South</b>							
Madras .. .. .	1,00	1,00	1,00	—	20	91	91
Madhav .. .. .	1,00	1,00	1,00	—	20	91	91
Chittoor .. .. .	1,00	1,00	1,00	—	20	91	91
Chittoor .. .. .	1,00	1,00	1,00	—	20	91	91
<b>Total, South ..</b>	<b>4,00</b>	<b>4,00</b>	<b>4,00</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>363,27</b>	<b>363,27</b>
<b>West Coast</b>							
Madras .. .. .	1,00	1,00	1,00	—	20	91	91
Madhav .. .. .	1,00	1,00	1,00	—	20	91	91
Chittoor .. .. .	1,00	1,00	1,00	—	20	91	91
Chittoor .. .. .	1,00	1,00	1,00	—	20	91	91
<b>Total, West Coast ..</b>	<b>4,00</b>	<b>4,00</b>	<b>4,00</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>363,27</b>	<b>363,27</b>
<b>Grand total ..</b>	<b>101,70</b>	<b>101,70</b>	<b>101,70</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>363,27</b>	<b>363,27</b>

Madras, 2nd February 1927.

Statement showing the inland consumption and exports of raw cotton in the Madras Presidency for the week ending 25th January 1927.

(Note.—All figures are in bales of 400 lb. each.)

Variety of cotton.	For the corresponding week of the previous year.		For the current week.			Total from 1st February to the corresponding week of the previous year.		For the current year from 25th January 1926 to date.		
	Bales of seed cotton by bale.	Net exports by ton.	Bales of seed cotton by bale.	Net exports by ton.	Total.	Bales of seed cotton by bale.	Net exports by ton.	Bales of seed cotton by bale.	Net exports by ton.	Total.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Unimproved .. ..	429		41	32	43	47,304		46,385		
Belona .. ..	374	371	879	309	479	34,361	215,308	26,504	149,219	292,818
Guatemala .. ..	174		122	21	133	16,403		16,122		
Southward and Western .. ..	482		345	514	859	71,297		28,022	26,466	12,474
Guatemala .. ..	221	1,835	301	641	733	23,707	223,709	300	41,387	11,842
Outside cotton .. ..			1,000	—	1,000	18,318		26,814	—	31,667
Total .. ..	1,506	1,206	1,875	811	1,273	197,091	344,975	101,285	249,898	427,802

(a) Belona supplied in the corresponding week of previous year by direct sale.

(b) Unimproved is the subject of special notice.

(c) Exports by sea in the current week—Belona—Northern and Western 82½; Guatemala 428; Guatemala 30; Guatemala—Guatemala 15; Other—Belona, 11; Guatemala—24.

(d) Exports by rail in the current week—Guatemala 41 (from Karachi).

Quantity of cotton pressed in the pressing factories and of unpressed cotton received at spinning mills in the Madras Presidency during the week ending 25th January 1927.

(Note.—All figures are in bales of 400 lb. each.)

Variety of cotton.	In the previous year.				In the current year.				Total cotton received at spinning mills from 1st February 1926 to date.
	Bales of seed cotton by bale.	Net exports by ton.	Unimproved cotton received at spinning mills from 1st February 1926 to date.	Total cotton received at spinning mills from 1st February 1926 to date.	Bales of seed cotton by bale.	Net exports by ton.	Unimproved cotton received at spinning mills from 1st February 1927 to date.	Total cotton received at spinning mills from 1st February 1927 to date.	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Unimproved .. ..	374	181,183	6,311	187,494	368	126,220	4,916	179,225	186,710
Belona .. ..	374	31,294	1,374	31,668	148	38,186	11,641	15,327	30,746
Guatemala .. ..	218	174,197	14,121	188,318	940	125,280	10,960	141,790	182,496
Southward and Western .. ..	482	1,67,779	3,671	1,71,450	814	115,198	40	115,238	181,490
Guatemala .. ..	221	6,122	169	6,291	211	42,421	230	42,651	52,900
Outside cotton .. ..			43	43			223	109	
Total .. ..	1,506	186,576	22,630	209,206	1,626	410,305	26,972	458,851	607,862

Statement of cotton pressed in the Madras Presidency for the week ending 25th January 1927, [Section 4 (2) of the Cotton Spinning and Pressing Factories Act, 1926.]

Variety of cotton.	Number of bales pressed			
	During the week.	During the corresponding week last year.	From 1st January 1926.	During the corresponding period last year.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Unimproved .. ..	32		151,020	151,020
Belona .. ..	118	36	16,019	16,019
Guatemala .. ..	462		1,75,795	1,75,795
Southward and Western .. ..	474	492	1,14,589	1,14,589
Guatemala .. ..	482	412	67,634	67,634
Total .. ..	1,428	1,300	415,057	415,057

statement showing the quantity of raw cotton exported from and imported into the ports of Madras, Telukutta, Ceylon, Singapore, and Cochin, during the periods 1st January 1927 to 31st January 1927 and 10th January 1926 to 10th January 1927.

(All quantities in bales of 490 lb. each.)

Port.	Export			Destinations.	Import		Whence imported.
	From 1st January 1927 to 31st January 1927.	From 10th January 1926 to 10th January 1927.			From 1st January 1927 to 31st January 1927.	From 10th January 1926 to 10th January 1927.	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Madras	48	3,482	United Kingdom	320	1,870	Bombay, Karachi.	
	18	15,791	France	316	728		
	2,077	89,015	Belgium	..	..	..	..
	Not	7,038	Netherlands	..	..	..	..
	48	412	Germany	..	..	..	..
	32	9,554	Italy	..	..	..	..
	5,62	5,459	Spain	..	..	..	..
	2,61	2,119	China	..	..	..	..
	5,62	974	Ceylon	..	..	..	..
	776	10,278	Canton	..	..	..	..
	41	10,047	Switzerland	..	..	..	..
	Not	2,129	United Kingdom	..	..	5,412	Bombay, Karachi.
Telukutta	106	1,703	France	..	..	5,417	
	3,12	..	Belgium	..	..	..	New York (U.S.A.)
	2,61	3,394	Germany	..	..	..	..
	3,12	441	Italy	..	..	..	..
	2,61	3,017	Spain	..	..	..	..
	3,12	948	Japan	..	..	..	..
	2,61	42,877	Ceylon	..	..	..	..
	2,61	11,759	China	..	..	..	..
	2,61	1,117	Switzerland	..	..	..	..
	3,12	16,019	Switzerland	..	..	..	..
	2,61	251	French Congo-Gabon	..	..	..	..
	2,61	1,848	and Madagascar	..	..	..	..
Ceylon	2,61	..	Belgian Congo	..	..	..	..
	2,61	128	France	..	..	..	..
	2,61	181	United Kingdom	..	..	1,841	Bombay, Karachi.
	2,61	16	Germany	..	..	2,011	
	2,61	808	Ceylon	..	..	..	Port Swettenham.
	2,61	10,077	Switzerland	..	..	..	..
	2,61	85	Switzerland	..	..	..	..
	2,61	1,250	United Kingdom	..	..	..	..
	2,61	1,710	Switzerland	..	..	..	..
	2,61	246	France	..	..	..	..
	2,61	219	Belgium	..	..	..	..
	2,61	44	Germany	..	..	..	..
Cochin	2,61	313	Germany	..	..	..	..
	2,61	250	Belgium	..	..	..	..
	2,61	42	Switzerland	..	..	..	..
Total	3,440	248,991			5,115	18,758	

Madras, 4th February 1927.

R. D. ANSTEAD,  
Director of Agriculture.

**SANITARY INSPECTORS—RECRUIT—  
RULES FOR ADMISSION.**

Applications are invited from fully qualified Sanitary Inspectors with experience, training for appointment in the temporary service attached to the Office of the Director of Public Health, Madras, and also from Sanitary Inspectors and Sub-District Engineers who are willing to take up temporary appointments on optional and festival dates.

The conditions for admission to the service are given below—

*Notes for the admission of Sanitary Inspectors to the special service in the Office of the Director of Public Health, Madras (vide D. No. 417-S, dated 10th February 1925, of the Office of the Director of Public Health).*

1. The number of Sanitary Inspectors on the service should not at any time exceed two.

2. The service is open only to fully qualified Sanitary Inspectors.

3. A Sanitary Inspector on the service should be prepared to proceed in any part of the Presidency Or Director of Public Health may require, on temporary epidemic or festival dates or on any other

time for other temporary employment under any local body, within 24 hours of notice. Failure to obey will be followed by suspension or cancellation of his certificate of qualification and a compulsory refund of all pay received by him while on the service.

4. Each Sanitary Inspector on the service will get a pay of Rs. 30 per mensem. When deputed for special duties mentioned in rule 1 above, they will draw advanced rates of pay according to the scales fixed by Government at the local body concerned.

5. Prior to the admission to the service the Sanitary Inspectors should satisfy the Director of Public Health that they are able to read and write and should produce a medical certificate of fitness for active duty. The negative answer to the Director's question for medical examination will be given by the Director of Public Health on application.

6. No travelling allowance will be allowed for joining the service.

7. While on the service, the Sanitary Inspectors will do such other work as will be assigned to them by the Director.

Madras, 31st January 1927.

*Vital Statistics of the Indians residing Municipal Towns of the Madre Province for the month of November 1925*

For the

Ward Statistics of the Municipal Towns of the Malacca Presidency for the month of November 1926.

District	Ward number	Municipal town	Population whose Registration addresses in the Census of 1921.			Males														Total			Total of corresponding month of previous year.					
			Males	Females	Total	Muslims registered under the Census of 1921.	Hindus	Buddhists	Christians	Sikhs	Jains	Others	Total	Muslims	Hindus	Buddhists	Christians	Sikhs	Jains	Others	Total							
Geylang	1	Selegie	16,081	14,743	30,824	134	4	..	..	..	..	..	138	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	142	134	4	..	..	..	..	..
	2	Pasir Ris	4,408	4,911	9,319	48	..	..	..	..	..	..	52	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	56	48	..	..	..	..	..	..
	3	Chinatown	5,648	8,263	13,911	47	..	..	..	..	..	..	51	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	55	47	..	..	..	..	..	..
	4	Thangpoo	20,440	20,414	40,854	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..
Singapore	5	Thangpoo	20,440	20,414	40,854	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..
	6	Thangpoo	20,440	20,414	40,854	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..
	7	Thangpoo	20,440	20,414	40,854	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..
	8	Thangpoo	20,440	20,414	40,854	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..
Guthrie, East.	9	Thangpoo	20,440	20,414	40,854	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..
	10	Thangpoo	20,440	20,414	40,854	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..
	11	Thangpoo	20,440	20,414	40,854	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..
	12	Thangpoo	20,440	20,414	40,854	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..
Kuala	13	Thangpoo	20,440	20,414	40,854	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..
	14	Thangpoo	20,440	20,414	40,854	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..
	15	Thangpoo	20,440	20,414	40,854	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..
	16	Thangpoo	20,440	20,414	40,854	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..
Guthrie, West.	17	Thangpoo	20,440	20,414	40,854	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..
	18	Thangpoo	20,440	20,414	40,854	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..
	19	Thangpoo	20,440	20,414	40,854	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..
	20	Thangpoo	20,440	20,414	40,854	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..
Kuala	21	Thangpoo	20,440	20,414	40,854	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..
	22	Thangpoo	20,440	20,414	40,854	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..
	23	Thangpoo	20,440	20,414	40,854	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..
	24	Thangpoo	20,440	20,414	40,854	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..
Guthrie, East.	25	Thangpoo	20,440	20,414	40,854	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..
	26	Thangpoo	20,440	20,414	40,854	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..
	27	Thangpoo	20,440	20,414	40,854	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..
	28	Thangpoo	20,440	20,414	40,854	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..
Kuala	29	Thangpoo	20,440	20,414	40,854	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..
	30	Thangpoo	20,440	20,414	40,854	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..
	31	Thangpoo	20,440	20,414	40,854	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..
	32	Thangpoo	20,440	20,414	40,854	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..
Guthrie, West.	33	Thangpoo	20,440	20,414	40,854	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..
	34	Thangpoo	20,440	20,414	40,854	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..
	35	Thangpoo	20,440	20,414	40,854	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..
	36	Thangpoo	20,440	20,414	40,854	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..
Kuala	37	Thangpoo	20,440	20,414	40,854	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..
	38	Thangpoo	20,440	20,414	40,854	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..
	39	Thangpoo	20,440	20,414	40,854	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..
	40	Thangpoo	20,440	20,414	40,854	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..
Guthrie, East.	41	Thangpoo	20,440	20,414	40,854	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..
	42	Thangpoo	20,440	20,414	40,854	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..
	43	Thangpoo	20,440	20,414	40,854	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..
	44	Thangpoo	20,440	20,414	40,854	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..
Kuala	45	Thangpoo	20,440	20,414	40,854	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..
	46	Thangpoo	20,440	20,414	40,854	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..
	47	Thangpoo	20,440	20,414	40,854	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..
	48	Thangpoo	20,440	20,414	40,854	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..
Guthrie, West.	49	Thangpoo	20,440	20,414	40,854	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..
	50	Thangpoo	20,440	20,414	40,854	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..
	51	Thangpoo	20,440	20,414	40,854	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..	245	241	4	..	..	..	..	..

Vital Statistics of the Municipal Towns of the Madras Presidency for the month of November 1910—contd.

[illegible]

Final Statistics of the Rural Towns of the Madras Presidency for the month of November 1928

District.	Serial number.	Hind names.	Population of the Region—Data according to the Census of 1921.	Source.					Excess.										Total.			Total of accompanying sheets of previous years.						
				Number of registered students.	Number of students.	Number of students.	Number of students.	Number of students.	Number of students.	Number of students.	Number of students.	Number of students.	Number of students.	Number of students.	Number of students.	Number of students.	Number of students.	Number of students.	Number of students.	Number of students.	Number of students.							
Tamilnadu.	1	Madurai	18,179	81	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
	2	Trichy	18,000	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
	3	Madurai	18,000	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
	4	Madurai	18,000	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Madurai.	5	Madurai	18,000	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
	6	Madurai	18,000	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
	7	Madurai	18,000	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
	8	Madurai	18,000	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Tamilnadu.	9	Madurai	18,000	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
	10	Madurai	18,000	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
	11	Madurai	18,000	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
	12	Madurai	18,000	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Tamilnadu.	13	Madurai	18,000	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
	14	Madurai	18,000	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
	15	Madurai	18,000	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
	16	Madurai	18,000	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Tamilnadu.	17	Madurai	18,000	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
	18	Madurai	18,000	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
	19	Madurai	18,000	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
	20	Madurai	18,000	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Tamilnadu.	21	Madurai	18,000	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
	22	Madurai	18,000	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
	23	Madurai	18,000	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
	24	Madurai	18,000	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Tamilnadu.	25	Madurai	18,000	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
	26	Madurai	18,000	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
	27	Madurai	18,000	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
	28	Madurai	18,000	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Tamilnadu.	29	Madurai	18,000	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
	30	Madurai	18,000	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
	31	Madurai	18,000	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
	32	Madurai	18,000	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Tamilnadu.	33	Madurai	18,000	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
	34	Madurai	18,000	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
	35	Madurai	18,000	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
	36	Madurai	18,000	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Tamilnadu.	37	Madurai	18,000	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
	38	Madurai	18,000	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
	39	Madurai	18,000	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
	40	Madurai	18,000	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Tamilnadu.	41	Madurai	18,000	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
	42	Madurai	18,000	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
	43	Madurai	18,000	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
	44	Madurai	18,000	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Tamilnadu.	45	Madurai	18,000	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
	46	Madurai	18,000	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
	47	Madurai	18,000	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
	48	Madurai	18,000	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Tamilnadu.	49	Madurai	18,000	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
	50	Madurai	18,000	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
	51	Madurai	18,000	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
	52	Madurai	18,000	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Tamilnadu.	53	Madurai	18,000	100	100	100	100	100																				

[Continued on next page]



Vital Statistics of the Rural Towns of the Malabar Presidency for the month of November 1926—cont.

District	Rural towns	Population in 1921	Registered births in 1926	Deaths in 1926	Deaths										Total			Total of corresponding months of 20 years		
					Number registered deaths	Number not registered	Cholera	Smallpox	Typhoid	Fever	Dysentery and diarrhoea	Scabies and other skin diseases	Other fevers	Other diseases	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	Total
Kannur	41. Bannur	11,284	12	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20	10	10	20
	42. Bannur	11,284	12	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20	10	10	20
	43. Bannur	11,284	12	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20	10	10	20
	44. Bannur	11,284	12	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20	10	10	20
	45. Bannur	11,284	12	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20	10	10	20
	46. Bannur	11,284	12	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20	10	10	20
	47. Bannur	11,284	12	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20	10	10	20
	48. Bannur	11,284	12	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20	10	10	20
	49. Bannur	11,284	12	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20	10	10	20
	50. Bannur	11,284	12	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20	10	10	20
Kannur	51. Bannur	11,284	12	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20	10	10	20
	52. Bannur	11,284	12	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20	10	10	20
	53. Bannur	11,284	12	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20	10	10	20
	54. Bannur	11,284	12	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20	10	10	20
	55. Bannur	11,284	12	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20	10	10	20
	56. Bannur	11,284	12	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20	10	10	20
	57. Bannur	11,284	12	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20	10	10	20
	58. Bannur	11,284	12	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20	10	10	20
	59. Bannur	11,284	12	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20	10	10	20
	60. Bannur	11,284	12	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20	10	10	20
Kannur	61. Bannur	11,284	12	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20	10	10	20
	62. Bannur	11,284	12	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20	10	10	20
	63. Bannur	11,284	12	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20	10	10	20
	64. Bannur	11,284	12	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20	10	10	20
	65. Bannur	11,284	12	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20	10	10	20
	66. Bannur	11,284	12	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20	10	10	20
	67. Bannur	11,284	12	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20	10	10	20
	68. Bannur	11,284	12	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20	10	10	20
	69. Bannur	11,284	12	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20	10	10	20
	70. Bannur	11,284	12	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20	10	10	20
Kannur	71. Bannur	11,284	12	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20	10	10	20
	72. Bannur	11,284	12	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20	10	10	20
	73. Bannur	11,284	12	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20	10	10	20
	74. Bannur	11,284	12	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20	10	10	20
	75. Bannur	11,284	12	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20	10	10	20
	76. Bannur	11,284	12	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20	10	10	20
	77. Bannur	11,284	12	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20	10	10	20
	78. Bannur	11,284	12	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20	10	10	20
	79. Bannur	11,284	12	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20	10	10	20
	80. Bannur	11,284	12	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20	10	10	20
Kannur	81. Bannur	11,284	12	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20	10	10	20
	82. Bannur	11,284	12	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20	10	10	20
	83. Bannur	11,284	12	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20	10	10	20
	84. Bannur	11,284	12	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20	10	10	20
	85. Bannur	11,284	12	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20	10	10	20
	86. Bannur	11,284	12	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20	10	10	20
	87. Bannur	11,284	12	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20	10	10	20
	88. Bannur	11,284	12	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20	10	10	20
	89. Bannur	11,284	12	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20	10	10	20
	90. Bannur	11,284	12	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	20	10	10	20
Total of towns		1,572,000	8,000	20	20	20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,572,000	1,572,000	3,144,000	1,572,000	1,572,000	3,144,000
Total of corresponding months of previous year		1,572,000	8,000	20	20	20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,572,000	1,572,000	3,144,000	1,572,000	1,572,000	3,144,000
Increase (+) or decrease (-)			+ 0	- 0	+ 0	+ 0	+ 0	+ 0	+ 0	+ 0	+ 0	+ 0	+ 0	- 0	- 0	- 0	- 0	- 0	- 0	- 0

Malabar, 12th January 1927.





# JUDICIAL NOTIFICATIONS.

## SESSIONS CALENDAR.

CALENDAR OF PERSONS FOR TRIAL AT THE FIRST SESSIONS OF CIVIL AND CRIMINAL AND GENERAL CIVIL DIVISIONS AND APPELLATE, TO BE HELD ON MONDAY THE 7TH DAY OF FEBRUARY 1937, AND FOLLOWING DAYS, BEFORE THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT MADRAS.

- No. 1. Subbaya, committed by Rao Bahadur Dr. K. Padmalai, the Chief Presidency Magistrate, charged that, on or about the 6th day of November 1935, he committed the offence of theft.
- " 2. Nageswara Mudali alias Nagarathna Mudali, committed by the same Magistrate, charged that, on or about the 17th day of December 1935, he committed the offence of murder.
- " 3. Abdulali and Ayup Ali, committed by Mr. Venkatasubramanian Subb Bahadur, a Presidency Magistrate, charged that, on or about the 21st day of December 1935, they committed the offence of possession of instruments or materials for the purpose of using the same for counterfeiting King's coin, and possession of King's coin knowing them to be counterfeit when become possessed thereof.
- " 4. Natesa Chetti, committed by Rao Bahadur Dr. K. Padmalai, the Chief Presidency Magistrate, charged that, on or about the 21st day of September 1935, he committed the offences of cheating and dishonestly inducing delivery of property, fraudulent destruction of a valuable security and mischief.
- " 5. (1) Ramalingam alias Natesa Mudali, (2) Theppai and (3) Karthaswami, committed by the same Magistrate, charged that, on or about the 30th day of March 1935, they committed the offence of dishonestly receiving or retaining stolen property.
- " 6. P. H. Ramaswami, committed by the same Magistrate, charged that, on or about the 17th day of October 1935, he committed the offence of possession of counterfeit currency notes.

## 2. ANDERU DARACHARI,

*Acting Clerk of the Court.*

Crown Side, High Court, Madras,  
2nd February 1937

## INVESTITURE OF POWERS.

Under section 28 of the Madras Civil Courts Act, 1925, as amended by section 5 of the Madras Civil Courts Act, 1934, and further amended by the Decree Amendment Act, 1934 (IV of 1934), and the Madras Civil Courts (Amendment) Act, 1935, the High Court is pleased to invest a undersigned District Magistrate with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such Courts arising within the local limits of their jurisdiction up to the amount of Rs. 300.—

M.R. Prudhomiah Mahalingam Swaminathan,  
Appellate Judge, District Magistrate of Coimbatore in the Bangalore District.

M.R. Vellayudhanthi Nataraj Appayal,  
District Magistrate of Talpambadi in the North Malabar District.

M.R. V. Lakshmi Narayanan Parthasarathy Appayal,  
District Magistrate of Ponnani in the Malabar District.

3. The powers given by this notification are general and will be exercised by the District Magistrate only so long as they continue to be District Magistrate of the said Courts.

4. This notification will have effect from the date of its publication in the Port St. George Gazette.

R. RATHANATHI APPAYAL,

*Acting District Magistrate, Appellate Judge,*  
High Court, Madras,  
25th January 1937.

## NOTIFICATIONS.

The High Court has made the following additions to Rule 59 of the Appellate Side Rules, 1935, and publishes it for general information:—

Insert the following clause at the end of Rule 59:—

Notes.—In calculating the translation and printing fees, the amounts should be taken to the nearest anna, i.e., six paise and any should be rounded up to one anna and six paise less than six paise should be rounded.

(Sd.) MURRAY CARTER-THORNTON, Chief Justice.

- |       |                          |           |
|-------|--------------------------|-----------|
| (Sd.) | C. V. KURUMAYAN NATHAN   | } Judges. |
| "     | C. KUNDELL               |           |
| "     | V. RAMAN                 |           |
| "     | U. K. CHENNAI            |           |
| "     | M. D. DAVANTRI           |           |
| "     | M. VENKATASUBRAMANIAM    |           |
| "     | H. H. WALLACE            |           |
| "     | H. O. C. FRANKLIN        |           |
| "     | D. H. WALLACE            |           |
| "     | G. MURRAY NATHAN         |           |
| "     | T. V. PRUDHOMIAH APPAYAL |           |
| "     | H. H. JACKSON            |           |
| "     | H. O. C. FRANKLIN        |           |
| "     | A. J. CHANDRASEKHAR      |           |

High Court, Madras,  
15th November 1936.

Under the provisions of section 122 of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, and with the approval of His Excellency the Governor in Council, the High Court makes the following amendment to the First Schedule to the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, viz:—

Substitute a column for the period at the end of sub-rule (2) of Rule 61 in Order XXI and add the following words at the end of the sub-rule:—

" Such amount or percentage being calculated on the amount due by deduction of an anna of six paise and over being rounded up to one anna and six paise less than six paise."

(Sd.) MURRAY CARTER-THORNTON, Chief Justice.

- |       |                          |           |
|-------|--------------------------|-----------|
| (Sd.) | C. V. KURUMAYAN NATHAN   | } Judges. |
| "     | C. KUNDELL               |           |
| "     | V. RAMAN                 |           |
| "     | U. K. CHENNAI            |           |
| "     | M. D. DAVANTRI           |           |
| "     | M. VENKATASUBRAMANIAM    |           |
| "     | H. H. WALLACE            |           |
| "     | H. O. C. FRANKLIN        |           |
| "     | D. H. WALLACE            |           |
| "     | G. MURRAY NATHAN         |           |
| "     | T. V. PRUDHOMIAH APPAYAL |           |
| "     | H. H. JACKSON            |           |
| "     | H. O. C. FRANKLIN        |           |
| "     | A. J. CHANDRASEKHAR      |           |

High Court, Madras,  
25th November 1936.

Under the provisions of section 125 of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, and with the approval of His Excellency the Governor in Council, the High Court hereby makes the following additions to the Civil Rules of Practice, 1902:—

And the following as rule 251 under the heading:—

"Assignment of Guaranties Issued as mortgag."

Rule 251.—(1) Notwithstanding anything in the foregoing rules, in all cases in which a court requires a party to a proceeding to execute a bond with one or more sureties, a Guaranty Society duly approved by the High Court may be accepted as surety upon its joining in a bond with the person ordered to give security.

(2) The High Court may, from time to time, after such inquiry as it deems sufficient, and subject to such conditions as it may see fit to impose, by a commission in the Gazette, declare the names of the Guaranty Societies together with the names of their duly authorized agents, if any, qualified to join in a bond within the meaning of the above sub-rule. The High Court may also for sufficient cause remove from the approved list the name of any such Guaranty Society or of any agent of any such Guaranty Society.

(M.)	MURRAY CURTIS-THOMSON, <i>Chief Justice.</i>	
"	C. V. KIRKAPPAIAH SAHAI	Judges
"	C. KRISHNA	
"	V. RAMAIAH	
"	E. K. CHENNAI	
"	M. VENKATACHARI RAO	
"	K. H. WALLACE	
"	H. D. C. BRADLEY	
"	D. G. WALKER	
"	C. MANDAYAT NAYAR	
"	F. V. SUDHARMA ATTARUAI	
"	H. H. R. JENNINGS	
"	A. J. CUNNINGHAM	

High Court, Madras,  
21st January 1927.

Under the provisions of section 125 of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, and with the approval of His Excellency the Governor in Council, the High Court hereby makes the following amendment to Appendix III to the Civil Rules of Practice, 1902:—

Insert the following note in the column relating to "Executing Affidavits" by road for fourth class witnesses in Appendix III to the Civil Rules of Practice:—

Note.—In calculating travelling allowances by road for witnesses attending for trial, sections of the rule shall not apply to witnesses to be examined, whose stations of the court and where they are to attend are equivalent to the rule.

(M.)	MURRAY CURTIS-THOMSON, <i>Chief Justice.</i>	
"	C. V. KIRKAPPAIAH SAHAI	Judges
"	C. KRISHNA	
"	V. RAMAIAH	
"	E. K. CHENNAI	
"	M. D. DIVAKARI	
"	M. VENKATACHARI RAO	
"	F. H. WALLACE	
"	H. D. C. BRADLEY	
"	D. G. WALKER	
"	C. MANDAYAT NAYAR	
"	F. V. SUDHARMA ATTARUAI	
"	H. H. R. JENNINGS	
"	A. J. CUNNINGHAM	

High Court, Madras,  
3rd February 1927.

High Court, Madras, 1927.

The High Court and the Office of the Registrar will be closed for business from Monday the 28th May to Sunday the 17th July 1927, both days included. Arrangements for the disposal of urgent work during the recess will be notified later.

A. C. HAPPELL,

*Registrar.*

High Court, Madras,  
26th January 1927.

#### ADJOURNMENT OF COURTS.

Notice is hereby given that the Courts in the District will be closed for the usual recess as follows:—

The District and Sessions Court, Bellary.—For two months from Monday the 14th day of April to Saturday, the 18th day of June 1927, both days inclusive.

The Courts of the District Magistrate of Bellary and District and Sessions Court, Bellary.—For six weeks from Monday the 18th day of April to Saturday, the 25th day of May 1927, both days inclusive.

During the adjournment no pleas, petitions or other papers will be received, and copies of papers granted other than those for which applications have been presented before the adjournment.

3. Urgent applications for bail during the Sessions Judge's absence from the District during the recess should be made to the High Court, Madras.

H. R. BARNESWELL,  
*District and Sessions Judge.*

Bellary, 1st February 1927.

#### INSOLVENCY PETITIONS.

No. 2 of 1927 DISTRICT COURT, ANANTAPUR.

CHENNAI SELLAYYA and another—*Debtors.*

Ranganatha Lakshmana Rao and six others—*Creditors.*

Notice is hereby given that the above petitioners have applied to declare them insolvent and that the petition stands posted to 18th March 1927 for objections, if any.

L. C. DORVILLE,  
*District Judge.*

Anantapur, 3rd February 1927.

No. 2 of 1927 (I.A. No. 251 of 1926).

DISTRICT COURT, BANGALORE.

Firm of Chetty & Co. of Bellary—*Prothonotary (Creditors).*

Bala Kotesappa, son of Narayana, resident of Bellary—*Counter-claimant (Debtor).*

Notice is hereby given that the insolvent Bala Kotesappa has put in a petition to the Court praying that he may be discharged under section 41 of the Provincial Insolvency Act V of 1920 and that the hearing of the petition is fixed for 4th day of March 1927.

H. R. BARNESWELL,  
*District Judge.*

Bellary, 26th January 1927.

No. 1 of 1927, DISTRICT COURT, WEST GONAVALLI.  
**Varan Ramayya—Plaintiff (Defendant).**  
*Deputie Appellate and others—Respondents (Defendants).*

Notice is hereby given under section 18 (2) of Act V of 1920 that the above-named petitioner has applied to this Court for being declared an insolvent and that his petition stands posted to 2nd March 1927 for hearing. Any creditor wishing to oppose the same may appear in this Court either in person or by pleader by 10 a.m. on the said date.

No. 74 of 1925, DISTRICT COURT, KUTUBA.  
**Kandiah Nayagal—Plaintiff (Defendant).**  
**Kandiah Vekala Lingam and others—Respondents (Defendants).**

Notice is hereby given that the above-named petitioner has applied to this Court for an absolute order of discharge under section 41 of Act V of 1920 and that the application stands posted to 11th March 1927 for hearing. Any creditor wishing to oppose the same may appear before this Court either in person or by pleader by 10 a.m. on the said date.

**S. BHONAVA AYYANGAR,**  
*Judicial Judge.*

Elloor, 2nd February 1927.

No. 78 of 1926, DISTRICT COURT, SAKAM.  
**Chockalingam Pillai, son of Kappaswami Pillai, ex Petitioner—Plaintiff (Defendant).**

Notice is hereby given under section 18 (2) of Act V of 1920 that the above-named petitioner has applied to this Court for an absolute order of discharge under section 41 of Act V of 1920 and that the application stands posted to 11th March 1927 for hearing. Any creditor wishing to oppose the same may appear before this Court either in person or by pleader by 10 a.m. on the said date.

**B. H. COUTESAY,**  
*Judicial Judge.*

Sakam, 20th January 1927.

No. 1 of 1927, DISTRICT COURT, SOUTH ANJOM.  
**Sellu is hereby given to all that Vijayaraghava Reddi, son of Vekata Varada Reddi, residing at Kankumpala, Thiruvananthapuram, has applied to this Court to be adjudged insolvent and any body who intends to oppose the said petition may appear either in person or by pleader before this Court at 10.30 a.m. on 15th March 1927 and oppose.**

**X. SUNDARAM CHETTIYAR,**  
*Judicial Judge.*

Cuddalore, 1st February 1927.

No. 37 of 1925, DISTRICT COURT, EAST THIRUVARUR.  
**S. V. Annaswami Nalliah—Plaintiff (Defendant).**  
**Sethuram Chettygar and others—Respondents (Defendants).**

Notice is hereby given under section 41 of Act V of 1920 that the above-named petitioner has applied to this Court in I.A. No. 28 of 1927 in the above cause and petition praying that he may be granted an absolute order of discharge and the petition is posted to 22nd February 1927 for hearing. Any creditor wishing to oppose the same may either in person or through pleader appear before this Court and file his objection, if any, on that date.

No. 46 of 1926, DISTRICT COURT, EAST THIRUVARUR.  
**Sethuram Ayyar—Plaintiff (Defendant).**  
**Annamalai Ayyar and others—Respondents (Defendants).**

Notice is hereby given under section 41 of Act V of 1920 that the above-named petitioner has

applied to this Court in I.A. No. 22 of 1927 in the above cause and petition praying that he may be granted an absolute order of discharge and the petition is posted to 22nd February 1927 for hearing. Any creditor wishing to oppose the same may either in person or through pleader appear before this Court and file his objection, if any, on that date.

**MIR SYDDEEN,**  
*Judicial Judge.*

Vijayapattinam, 2nd February 1927.

No. 2 of 1926, (I.A. No. 612 of 1925)  
**DISTRICT COURT, VILLUPPATTINAM.**

**Kutubi Chinnappa, son of Appaswamy, 31 years, Thiruvannamalai, near the 12th Mile, Sular Island—Plaintiff.**

Notice is hereby given under section 41 of Act V of 1920 that the above-named petitioner has applied to this Court for an absolute order of discharge and that the said application stands posted to 22nd March 1927 for hearing objections.

**P. C. LOBB,**  
*Judicial Judge.*

Villupattinam, 2nd January 1927.

No. 1 of 1927, DISTRICT COURT, MANJALAI.

**Manappall Vekala Nagalingam—Plaintiff,**  
**Sethuram Vekala, son of Mathalingam, Villupattinam and Goldsmith, of Manjurai, husband of Pallakam, Respondents—Defendants.**

Notice is hereby given under section 18 (2) of Act V of 1920 that the above-named petitioner has applied to this Court for an absolute order of discharge and that the said petition stands posted to 22nd February 1927 for hearing.

**A. S. KRISHNASWAMI AYYAR,**  
*Principal Judicial Judge.*

Manjurai, 2nd February 1927.

No. 4 of 1926 (I.A. No. 112 of 1927),  
**DISTRICT COURT, COIMBATORE.**

**Chandras Chettygar—Plaintiff (Defendant).**  
**Chandras Kandaswami and others—Respondents (Defendants).**

Notice is hereby given under sections 31 and 32 of Provincial Insolvency Act that the above-named petitioner applied to this Court that the absolute order of discharge be granted to him and that the order of adjudication may be annulled. The petition stands posted to 10th March 1927 for hearing.

No. 12 of 1926, DISTRICT COURT, COIMBATORE.

**Pelichetty Thevaraswami and two others—Plaintiffs (Defendants).**

**Pelichetty Thevaraswami and Pelichetty Thevaraswami—Plaintiffs (Defendants).**

Notice is hereby given under section 38 of the Provincial Insolvency Act V of 1920 that the above-named respondents have applied to this Court for an absolute order of discharge and that the said application stands posted to 10th March 1927 for hearing. Any creditor wishing to oppose the same may either in person or through pleader appear before this Court and file his objection, if any, on that date.

No. 19 of 1925, *Sen-Court, COCHIN*.  
*Somana Venkata Rameshchandra—Jawab (Petitioner).*

*Taty Madhappa, Secretary, Cochin, School Committee and others—Opposition (Respondent).*

Notice is hereby given under section 30 of the Portuguese Decree-Law No. V of 1920 that the above-named petitioner was adjudged insolvent by this Court on 15th January 1925 and that he was given one year's time to apply for discharge. All creditors should prove their debts before the Official Receiver, East District, on or before the date to be fixed by him by filing or sending by registered post the usual affidavit.

No. 27 of 1928, *Sen-Court, COCHIN*.  
*Somadasappa Jagannath and four others—Petitioner (Creditors).*  
*Ranga Gattings of Cochin—Respondent (Jawab).*

Notice is hereby given under section 30 of the Portuguese Decree-Law No. V of 1920 that the above-named respondent, Ranga Gattings, was adjudged insolvent by this Court on 15th January 1927 and he was given time to apply for discharge within one year from that date. All creditors should prove their debts before the Official Receiver, East District, to whom the assets were sent, on or before the date to be fixed by him by filing in person or by pleader, or by sending the usual affidavit by registered post.

C. VABARAJULU,  
*Acting Subordinate Judge.*

Cochin, 27th January 1928.

No. 1 of 1927, *Tenasserim Sen-Court, DENIAH.*

*Lakshman Chetti—Petitioner (Opposition).*  
*N. K. P. K. S. Perumalappa Chetti, son of Selve-  
 mas Chetti at Deniah—Respondent (Debtor).*

Notice is hereby given that the above-named petitioner has applied to this Court to adjudicate the respondent an insolvent and the said petition is pending in the 11th day of March 1927 for hearing. Any person wishing to oppose the same may appear to this Court in person or by pleader at 11 a.m. on the said day.

M. R. SANKARA AYYAR,  
*Acting Subordinate Judge.*

Deniah, 25th January 1927.

M.D. No. 2 of 1927, *Sen-Court, DENIAH*.  
 No. 20 of 1924, *Deniah Court, MADRAS.*

*Rangaswami Nalair—Jawab (Petitioner).*  
*Thirupathi Nalair and others—Opposition.*

Notice is hereby given that the above-named petitioner has applied to this Court for an order of absolute discharge under section 41 of Act V of 1920 and that the petition stands pending for hearing on 15th February 1927 for hearing.

K. A. KRISHNA AYYAR,  
*Acting Subordinate Judge.*

Madras, 27th January 1927.

No. 1 of 1927, *Sen-Court, MADRAS.*

*Thirupathi Venkata Sankappa—Jawab (Petitioner).*

*Palanisalai Lakshmanaswami and some others—Opposition.*

Notice is hereby given under section 18 (2) of Act V of 1920 that the above-named petitioner has applied for being declared an insolvent and that he

application stands pending for 1st March 1927 for hearing. Any creditor wishing to oppose the same may appear before this Court either in person or by pleader at 11 a.m. on the said date.

C. R. VENKATESWARA AYYAR,  
*Subordinate Judge.*

Madras, 29th January 1927.

No. 1 of 1927, *Sen-Court, MADRAS.*

*Arava Pella Venkataswami of Nandyal—Petitioner.*  
*Henry Solomon, House Resident and others—Opposition.*

Notice is hereby given under section 18 of Act V of 1920 that the above-named petitioner has applied to this Court praying that he may be adjudged insolvent and the petition stands pending for 15th March 1927 for hearing. Any creditor wishing to oppose the same may do so either in person or by pleader on the said date.

K. SAMBASIVA RAO NAYUDU,  
*Subordinate Judge.*

Madras, 2nd February 1927.

No. 4 of 1927, *Sen-Court, MADRAS.*

*M. K. Vallabhaiah Pillai, son of Karpaswami Pillai, residing at Thakkal Toppa street, Yanchal, Madras town—Petitioner (Opposition).*

*Darood Sahib, son of Fakir Muhammad Sahib, residing at Kattupalyam street, next to Narayanaswami Kudi, Madras town—Jawab (Debtor).*

Notice is hereby given under section 18 (2) of section 18 of Act V of 1920 that the above-named petitioner (petitioner) has applied to this Court under section 6 of Act V of 1920 praying to adjudicate the said respondent (debtor) as insolvent and that the said petition stands pending for hearing in this Court on the 1st day of March 1927.

No. 2 of 1927, *Sen-Court, MADRAS.*

*Palanis A. Ranganatha Ayyar & Son, through one of its partners P. A. R. Ranganatha Ayyar, son of Palanis A. Ranganatha Ayyar, residing at Chinnakkudi street, South-City, Madras—Petitioner (Creditors).*

*Palanis K. Ranganatha Ayyar, son of Palanis Ranganatha Ayyar, residing at Chinnakkudi street, South-City, Madras—Respondent (Debtor).*

Notice is hereby given under section 18 (2) of section 18 of Act V of 1920 that the above-named petitioner (creditors) has applied to this Court under sections 6 and 18 of Act V of 1920 praying to adjudicate the respondent (debtor) as insolvent and that the said petition stands pending for hearing in this Court on the 6th March 1927.

No. 16 of 1927, *Sen-Court, MADRAS.*

*Oldi E. Gopichand, son of Oldi E. M. Pannu, residing at No. 171, South Main street, Madras and Oldi S. Vandyasari, son of Oldi K. M. Sankaranathan, residing at No. 371, South Main street, Madras—Petitioner (Creditors).*

*Palanis K. Ranganatha Ayyar, son of Palanis Ranganatha Ayyar, residing at Chinnakkudi street, South-City, Madras town and Palanis K. Sankaralinga Ayyar, son of Palanis K. Ranganatha Ayyar, residing at Chinnakkudi street, South-City, Madras town—Respondent (Debtor).*

Notice is hereby given under section 18 (2) of section 18 of Act V of 1920 that the above-named

petitioners (petitioners) have applied to this Court under section 9 of Act V of 1920 praying to adjudge the respondents (defendants) an insolvent and that the said petition stands posted for hearing in this Court on the 4th March 1937.

**B. VENKATA RAO,**  
Second Additional District Judge  
Madras, 27th January 1937.

No. 5 of 1936 [I.A. No. 417 of 1936],  
Ses-Case, MAYAVARAM.  
Pudiri Mahomed Bowther, son of Mahomed Ali  
Mahomed Bowther, residing at Kalyanapur,  
Mysore District and District Munsif—Plaintiff  
(Respondent).  
Toda Nagudu and nine others—Respondents  
(Defendants).

Notice is hereby given that the above-named  
applicant has applied to this Court under section  
41 (1) of Act V of 1920 for an absolute order of  
discharge and the petition is posted on 10th March  
1937.

No. 7 of 1936, Ses-Case, MAYAVARAM.  
Kandamalai Pili, son of Kandamalai Pili, residing  
at Perambalur, Mysore District Munsif—Plaintiff.  
Raghavanna Appay and three others—Respondents.

Notice is hereby given under section (2) of section  
39 of Act V of 1920 that the above-named petitioner  
(debtor) has applied to this Court under section  
39 (1) of the said Act praying to be adjudged an  
insolvent and the said petition stands posted for  
hearing on 10th March 1937. Any creditor wishing  
to oppose the said petition may appear before this  
Court either in person or by pleader on the said  
day.

No. 1 of 1937, Ses-Case, MAYAVARAM.  
Vinnayappa Appay, son of Subramanian Appay,  
residing at Kalyanapur, Mysore District Munsif and  
District Munsif—Plaintiff (Respondent).  
Raghavanna Nagudu, son of Raghavanna Nagudu,  
residing at Kalyanapur, Mysore District Munsif and  
District Munsif—Respondent (Defendant).

Notice is hereby given that the above petitioner  
has applied to this Court to adjudge the respondent  
insolvent and the petition stands posted on 10th  
March 1937.

**M. SARAYANAN NAYAR,**  
Subordinate Judge.  
Mysore, 1st February 1937.

No. 1 of 1937, Ses-Case, SOUTH MADRAS.  
Kandas Chinn Chinnakandan of Chennay  
and others—Plaintiff.  
Uman Kandas and seven others—Respondents.  
Notice is hereby given that the petitioner has  
applied to this Court to be adjudged an insolvent  
and the petition is posted for hearing on 4th March  
1937.

**T. K. SUBRA APPAY,**  
Principal Subordinate Judge.  
Colicut, 27th January 1937.

No. 4 of 1936, Ses-Case, MAYAVARAM—No. 120  
of 1935, Official Receiver's Case, MAYA-  
VARAM.  
Erakka Pillai, son of Ramesa Ammal, at Thiruvai,  
Mysore District and District Munsif—Plaintiff.  
Raghavanna Appay and seven others—Respondents.

Take notice that the petition put in by the peti-  
tioner in this Court for a final and absolute order of  
discharge has been posted to 10th March 1937 when  
opposite, if any, will be heard.

**K. BABU NAYAR,**  
Subordinate Judge.  
Mysore, 1st February 1937.

No. 40 of 1936, Ses-Case, TIRU NELLUR.  
Jagannatha Bowther, son of Putha Bowther, aged about 30  
years, a Hindu of the Madiga Brahmin caste  
residing at Kalyanapur, Kanyakumari District  
—Plaintiff (Defendant).  
The Corporation, Kothada, Kanyakumari District and  
Kanyakumari District—Respondents.

Notice is hereby given under section 36 of Act V  
of 1920 that the above-named petitioner has been  
adjudged an insolvent by order of this Court dated  
25th January 1937, that the said insolvent should  
apply for his discharge on or before 15th  
July 1937, that the Official Receiver, Kanyakumari,  
has been appointed Receiver, that creditors should  
prove their claims as soon as possible before the  
said Official Receiver and that a claim may be  
proved by submitting or sending by registered post  
to the said Official Receiver an affidavit in Form  
No. 2 provided in the Madras Provincial Insolvency  
Rules.

No. 66 of 1936, Ses-Case, TIRU NELLUR.  
Dangala Dhanu, Kanyakumari, aged 40 years, pleader,  
residing at Kanyakumari, Kanyakumari District, The  
Nagar—Plaintiff.

Notice is hereby given under section 36 of Act V  
of 1920 that the above-named petitioner has been  
adjudged an insolvent by order of this Court dated  
25th January 1937, that the said insolvent should  
apply for his discharge on or before the 15th  
July 1937, that the Official Receiver, Kanyakumari,  
has been appointed Receiver, that creditors should  
prove their claims as soon as possible before the  
said Official Receiver and that a claim may be  
proved by submitting or sending by registered post  
to the said Official Receiver an affidavit in Form  
No. 2 provided in the Madras Provincial Insolvency  
Rules.

**C. GOVINDAN NAYAR,**  
Subordinate Judge.  
Kanyakumari, 25th January 1937.

No. 14 of 1935, Ses-Case, MAYAVARAM.  
Kandasappa Tevandi, Kandasappa Chinn, Vinnayappa  
and Kandasappa Tevandi, Kanyakumari District and  
Kanyakumari District—Plaintiffs.  
Kandasappa Tevandi and others—Respondents.

Notice is hereby given under section 36 of Act V  
of 1920 that the above-named petitioner has been  
adjudged insolvent by order of this Court dated  
19th January 1937 and that creditors may  
prove their claims before the Official Receiver,  
Kanyakumari, within three months from 19th January  
1937. Time for discharge six months from 19th  
January 1937.

No. 3 of 1936, Ses-Case, MAYAVARAM.  
Pudiri Mahomed Bowther, Plaintiff and Receiver of  
Kandy, Kandy District—Plaintiff.  
Kandasappa Tevandi and others—Respondents.  
Notice is hereby given under section 36 of Act V  
of 1920 that the above-named petitioner has been



adjudged indebted by an order of this Court dated 1st January 1927 and that creditors may prove their claims before the Official Receiver, Nellore, within three months from 20th January 1927. Time for discharge six months from 10th January 1927.

No. 6 of 1926, Sess-Court, Nellore.

Ghate Gopaliah, Venna Thebanu, residing at Tennangalwala, Kala, Kanchi taluk—*Defendant*.  
Mandirappa Kumbhalingah and others—*Applicants*.

Notice is hereby given under section 30 of Act V of 1920 that the aforementioned petitioner has been adjudged insolvent by an order of this Court dated 10th day of January 1927 and that creditors may prove their claims before the Official Receiver, Nellore, within three months from 10th January 1927. Time for discharge six months from 10th January 1927.

No. 13 of 1926, Sess-Court, Nellore.

Ganapathappa Seta Subbiah—*Petitioner*.  
Seth Sathu Seta Seta and two others, Kapesa and subalterns of Bharanipattinam, District of Tanjavur, Kanchi taluk—*Respondents*.

Notice is hereby given under section 30 of Act V of 1920 that the aforementioned first respondent has been adjudged insolvent by an order of this Court dated 6th day of December 1926 and that creditors may prove their claims before the Official Receiver, Nellore, within three months from 6th December 1926. Time for discharge one year from 6th December 1926.

No. 32 of 1926, Sess-Court, Nellore.

Pannamathi Chinn Sarambaiah—*Petitioner*.  
Chinn Sarambaiah Seta and two others, Vayasa and traders of Kanchi, Kanchi taluk—*Respondents*.

Notice is hereby given under section 30 of Act V of 1920 that the aforementioned first respondent has been adjudged insolvent by an order of this Court dated 31st day of January 1927 and that creditors may prove their claims before the Official Receiver, Nellore, within three months from 31st January 1927. Time for discharge six months from 31st January 1927.

F. T. JAGANNATHACHARI,  
Additional Judge.

Nellore, 3rd February 1927.

No. 4 of 1927, Sess-Court, Tiruchirappalli.

Kala Venkataswami of Tiruchirappalli—*Petitioner* (Defendant).  
Pattabhatra Srinivasa and others—*Respondents* (Creditors).

Notice is hereby given under section 30, clause (2) of Act V of 1920, that the aforementioned petitioner has applied to this Court to discharge him insolvent and that the petition stands posted in 15th March 1927 for hearing in this Court.

G. VIDYASWAMI REDDI,  
Additional Judge.

Tiruchirappalli, 20th January 1927.

No. 1 of 1927, Sess-Court, Tiruchirappalli—  
No. 3 of 1927, District Court, Madras Malabar, Kottayam District. T. V. Srinivasan Srinivasan of Kottayam District and others—*Petitioner*.  
Mandirappa Chinn Sarambaiah and others—*Respondents*.

Notice is hereby given under sections 7 and 13 of the Provincial Insolvency Act V of 1920, that the aforementioned petitioner has applied to this Court for an order of adjudication and that his petition has been posted in 14th March 1927 for hearing.

No. 26 of 1927, Sess-Court, Tiruchirappalli—  
L.A. No. 40 of 1927 in L.P. No. 6 of 1926,  
Tiruchirappalli.

Mandirappa Kumbhalingah, Mandirappa Seta and others, Kanchi taluk—*Petitioner* (Defendant).  
Mandirappa Kumbhalingah and others—*Respondents* (Creditors).

Notice is given hereby under section 41 of the Provincial Insolvency Act V of 1920 that the above petitioner (defendant) has applied to this Court for an order of absolute discharge and that his petition has been posted in 10th March 1927 for hearing.

K. GOPALAN MAIYAR,  
Additional Judge.

Tiruchirappalli, 3rd February 1927.

No. 26 of 1926, Sess-Court, Tiruchirappalli.

Kalpanaswami Ayyar, son of Haradigam Ayyar, Kallikottai, Ambasamudram taluk—*Petitioner* (Defendant).  
Kalpanaswami Ayyar and twenty-four others—*Respondents* (Creditors).

Notice is hereby given under section 30 of Act V of 1920 that the aforementioned petitioner has been adjudged insolvent by order of this Court, dated the 25th January 1927, that the aforementioned creditors should apply for his discharge on, or before the 25th January 1928, that creditors should prove their claims as soon as possible and that a claim may be proved by delivering or sending by registered post to the Official Receiver an affidavit in Form No. 3 prescribed in the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1922.

No. 5 of 1927, Sess-Court, Tiruchirappalli.

Seth Seta Seta, Kumbhalingah, through his agent P. R. Srinivasan Pillai—*Petitioner* (Defendant).  
V. Srinivasan Ayyar, son of Venkataswami Ayyar, Ambasamudram, Ambasamudram taluk and K. Krishna Pillai, son of Kappan Pillai, Ambasamudram, Ambasamudram taluk—*Respondents* (Creditors).

Notice is hereby given under clause (2) of section 30 of Act V of 1920 that the aforementioned petitioner has applied to this Court to discharge him insolvent and that his application stands posted for hearing in the 23rd day of March 1927. Any creditor wishing to oppose the said application may appear before the Court either in person or by valia on the said date.

V. K. KRISHNAN NAMBIYAR,  
Additional Additional Judge.

Tiruchirappalli, 20th January 1927.

No. 6 of 1924 (2d A. No. 845 of 1926), Sess-Court, Tiruchirappalli.

Mahammad Ibrahim Srinivasan—*Petitioner* (Defendant).  
Kottayam District and twenty-four others—*Respondents*.

Notice is hereby given that the aforementioned petitioner has applied to this Court praying that he may be granted an absolute order of discharge and that the petition is posted in 7th March 1927 for hearing. Any creditor wishing to oppose the same may either in person or through pleader appear before this Court and file his objections, if any, on that date.

No. 1 of 1927, *Sea-Coast, Travancor.*

A. Gnanapathi Ayyar, son of Aranganatha Ayyar residing at Travancor—*Petitioner* (Defendant).  
N. S. Sivaswami Ayyar, son of Mahaveera Ayyar now residing at Kottai, French Territory—*Respondent* (Defendant).

Notice is hereby given under section 19 of Act V of 1920 that the above-named creditor has applied to this Court by a petition, dated 22nd December 1926, for adjudging the respondent as insolvent and that the petition is posted to 23rd February 1927 for hearing.

No. 2 of 1927, *Sea-Coast, Travancor.*

Sambu Ammal, widow of Mathaiyasa residing at Marappathi—*Petitioner* (Defendant).  
Sathuvaya Ayyar and Sathuvaya Ayyar both residing at Kottai, French Territory—*Respondents* (Defendants).

Notice is hereby given under section 19 of Act V of 1920 that the above-named creditor has applied to this Court by a petition, dated 20th January 1927 for adjudging the respondents as insolvents and that the petition is posted to 26th March 1927 for hearing.

S. RAJAGOPALA AYYANAR,  
*Subordinate Judge.*

Travancor, 26th January 1927.

No. 44 of 1926, *Sea-Coast, Travancor.*

Pada Ann Mahaveera Pada Ann through one of its partners Perumal Pandiar and another—*Petitioner* (Defendant).  
Ann The Pambai Tharuv—*Respondent* (Defendant).

Notice is hereby given that the above-named creditor has applied to this Court under sections 9 (1) and 13(2) of Act V of 1920 praying to adjudge the respondent as insolvent and that the said petition stands posted to 12th February 1927.

No. 1 of 1927, *Sea-Coast, Travancor.*

Sethu Mahesh and another—*Petitioner* (Creditors).  
Soppana—*Respondent* (Defendant).

Notice is hereby given that the above-named creditors have applied to this Court under sections 4, 9 and 14 of Act V of 1920, praying to adjudge the respondent as insolvent and that the said petition stands posted to 23rd February 1927.

P. O. RAMA AYYAR,  
*Subordinate Judge.*

Travancor, 2nd February 1927.

No. 26 of 1926, *Sea-Coast, Travancor.*

Ayyathalaya Mahesh, son of Ramaswami Mahesh, aged about 54, Thuvai Thuvai, Subrie, cultivation, residing at Vettuvai, Travancor—*Petitioner* (Defendant).  
A. R. C. Chinnappa Chetti and five others—*Respondents* (Defendants).

Notice is hereby given that the above-named petitioner has applied to this Court under sections 4, 9 and 14 of Act V of 1920, praying to adjudge the respondents as insolvents and that the said petition stands posted to 23rd February 1927 for hearing.

No. 43 of 1926, *Sea-Coast, Travancor.*

T. Mahammad Osman Sahib & Sons, by partner T. Abdul Hakeem Sahib—*Petitioner* (Creditors).  
T. Abdul Hakeem Sahib, son of T. Ayya Sahib Lakshmi Street, Arni—*Respondent* (Defendant).

Notice is hereby given that the respondent herein was adjudged as insolvent by an order of this Court, dated 11th January 1927, that he should apply for discharge within nine months from 11th January 1927 (date of adjudication) and that the creditors should prove their claims as soon as possible before the Official Receiver of North Arcot, to whom the bankruptcy petition is transmitted for further disposal.

No. 1 of 1927, *Sea-Coast, Travancor.*

P. A. Kappaswami Ayyangar, son of Annala Deddiswami, aged about 42 years, Vannuram Puthur, residing at Puthur village, Mangal district—*Petitioner* (Defendant).  
R. Nageswara Rao and nine others—*Respondents* (Creditors).

Notice is hereby given that the above-named petitioner has applied to this Court for being adjudged insolvent and that the said petition stands posted to 23rd March 1927 for hearing.

No. 2 of 1927, *Sea-Coast, Travancor.*

Kishappa Nadell, son of Aranganatha Nadell, aged 42, Vallu, residing in Thuvaiyapuram, Arni—*Petitioner* (Defendant).  
A. R. A. L. V. Sivaswami Chetti and seven others—*Respondents* (Creditors).

Notice is hereby given that the above-named petitioner has applied to this Court for being adjudged insolvent and that the said petition stands posted to 23rd day of March 1927 for hearing.

No. 3 of 1927, *Sea-Coast, Travancor.*

Muthu Narayana Chetti, son of Muthu Subbaraya Chetti, aged about 40, Veypa, 8 Arni, residing at Cheri Street, Thuvaiyapuram, Travancor district—*Petitioner* (Defendant).  
K. R. Subbaraya Chetti & Co. and twenty-five others—*Respondents* (Creditors).

Notice is hereby given that the above-named petitioner has applied to this Court for being adjudged insolvent and that the said petition stands posted to 23rd March 1927 for hearing.

No. 4 of 1927, *Sea-Coast, Travancor.*

A. D. K. Subbaraya Chetti, son of Krishnamani Chetti, Hindu of Kanni caste, residing, aged about 35 years, residing at Kottai, Travancor, Velase Math—*Petitioner* (Defendant).  
The Madan Yaw Nalla, limited by its manager Sundaram Mahesh and ten others—*Respondents* (Creditors).

Notice is hereby given that the above-named petitioner has applied to this Court for being adjudged insolvent and that the said petition stands posted to 23rd March 1927 for hearing.

V. S. KRISHNA AYYAR,  
*Subordinate Judge.*

Travancor, 23rd January 1927.

No. 2 of 1923 (L.A. No. 1 of 1926), *District Revenue Court, Arni.*

Vasantharam Pillai's son Vasantharamasa, Father of Kuchai village, Koodalmanur, Palghat taluk—*Petitioner*.  
K. V. Ramaswami Pillai and five others—*Respondents*.

Notice is hereby given under section 41 (1) of the Provincial Insolvency Act V of 1920 that the above-named petitioner has applied to this Court for discharge and that the petition will be heard on 23rd day of March 1927 when the creditors may appear to oppose.

No. 2 of 1927, District Munsif's Court,  
MADRAS.

Jaladhi's son Vela, residing in Yellayyandala  
Kudhal, Chennamangalam manor and dooms,  
Palghat taluk—*Petitioner*.

Krishnasami gounder & Ponna Ammal and six  
others—*Respondents*.

Notice is hereby given under section 119 (1) of the  
Partnership Law Act V of 1932 that the peti-  
tioner above named has applied to this Court for  
being adjudged as insolvent and that the petition  
has been posted to 25th March 1927 for hearing.  
Creditors may oppose the petition on the hearing.

No. 3 of 1927, District Munsif's Court,  
MADRAS.

Yalakshara Kalarikudi Marutha Perundhar's son  
Sankaran Pandikar of Kothamudi manor and  
dooms, Palghat taluk—*Petitioner*.

Parakkal gounder K. R. Krishna Pillai and five  
others—*Respondents*.

Notice is hereby given under section 119 (1) of the  
Partnership Law Act V of 1932 that the peti-  
tioner above named has applied to this Court for  
being adjudged as insolvent and that the petition  
has been posted to 25th March 1927 for hearing.  
Creditors may oppose the petition on the hearing.

I. P. NARAYANA SWAMY,  
District Munsif.

Madr., 25th January 1927.

No. 4 of 1926, Assistant District Munsif's  
Court, BANGALORE.

Chennappa's Pannadi Kanneasahai Ammal—  
*Petitioner (Deceased)*.

Periappiah's Abdulla and six others—*Re-  
spondents (Deceased)*.

Notice is hereby given that the above-named  
petitioner was admitted as insolvent by this Court  
on 16th January 1927 and that he should apply for  
discharge within six months thereof and that his  
creditors must prove their debts before the Official  
Receiver, North Malabar, for admission or sending  
by registered post an affidavit in Form No. 3 of the  
applicable to the Insolvency Rules, 1925, on or before  
16th February 1927.

M. RAMACHANDRAN,  
Assistant District Munsif.

Bangalore, 26th January 1927.

No. 57 of 1924, District Munsif's Court,  
CHENNAI.

Narasimmaswami Chetti, son of Subbaraya Chetti of  
Tham Thakalathala, Chikilamburam taluk—*Pet-  
itioner*.

Krishna Pillai and others—*Debtors*.

Notice is hereby given that the above-named  
petitioner was adjudged insolvent by an order of  
this Court, dated 25th January 1925, that an  
affidavit has been granted for filing the applica-  
tion for discharge and that all creditors may  
prove their claims as soon as possible before the  
Official Receiver, South Arcot, in the prescribed  
manner.

K. L. VENKATA RAO,  
Principal District Munsif.

Chikilamburam, 1st February 1927.

No. 7 of 1924, District Munsif's Court,  
CHENNAI.—No. 46 of 1925, District  
Munsif's Court, CHENNAI.

Srinivasulu Chetti—*Petitioner*.  
Srinivasulu Chetti and Srinivasulu Chetti—*Re-  
spondents*.

Notice is hereby given that the order of adju-  
dication passed by the Official Receiver, Chikilamburam,  
on 15th November 1925, has been rescinded under  
section 42 (1) of Act V of 1932 by an order of this  
Court, dated 21st January 1927, as the petitioner  
failed to apply for final discharge within the time  
allowed.

N. SUBRAMANIAM AYYAR,  
District Munsif.

Chikilamburam, 25th January 1927.

No. 25 of 1925 (F.A. No. 1112 of 1925),  
District Munsif's Court, GOVT.

Nagalingappa Venkatasubbiah, son of Subbiah of  
Ammalur—*Petitioner (Deceased)*.

Shree Krishna Lalit Das and Srinivasulu Chetti—  
*Debtors*.

Notice is hereby given that the above-named  
petitioner has applied to this Court under section  
21 of Act V of 1932 for an order of absolute  
discharge and the petition stands posted to 25th  
February 1927 for hearing.

P. M. SRINIVASA AYYANGAR,  
District Munsif.

Govt., 25th January 1927.

No. 15 of 1926, District Munsif's Court,  
KANNIYAKUMARI.

Ramappa Chettiar—*Petitioner*.

A. Mohammed Ibrahim Rasool and others—  
*Respondents*.

Notice is hereby given that Ramappa Chettiar,  
son of Srinivas Venkatasubbiah Chettiar,  
residing in Vellayya Kudi street at Kumbakonam,  
was, on his petition dated 15th August 1926, duly  
adjudged to be insolvent on 21st January 1927,  
that his property was in the Official Receiver,  
West Tanjore, and that he should apply for his  
final discharge on or before 25th March 1927.

No. 21 of 1926, District Munsif's Court,  
KANNIYAKUMARI.

Kumbakona Petter—*Petitioner*.  
Srinivasulu Chetti and others—*Respondents*.

Notice is hereby given that Kumbakona Petter, son  
of Subbaraya Petter, residing in Kumbakonam street,  
Bannaram, Kumbakonam taluk, was, on his petition,  
dated 25th September 1925, duly adjudged to be  
insolvent on 25th January 1927, that his property  
was in the Official Receiver, West Tanjore, and  
that he should apply for his final discharge on or  
before 25th April 1927.

No. 30 of 1926, District Munsif's Court,  
KANNIYAKUMARI.

Srinivasulu Ayyar—*Petitioner*.

V. Srinivasulu Ayyar and others—*Respondents*.

Notice is hereby given that Srinivasulu  
Ayyar, son of Venkatesa Ayyar, residing in Dabbi  
West street, Kumbakonam, was, on his petition dated  
15th December 1926, duly adjudged to be  
insolvent on 25th January 1927, that his property  
was in the Official Receiver, West Tanjore, and that  
he should apply for his final discharge on or before  
25th July 1927.

No. 35 of 1926, District Muzari's Court,  
Kannur.

Suzantha Padayachy—*Plaintiff*.  
*vs.* *vs.* Ranganatha Ayer and others—*Defendants*.  
 Notice is hereby given that Suzantha Padayachy, son of Daniel aya Padayachy, residing in Chetti street, Anamthalam, Kanchanpuzha taluk, was, on the petition dated 29th November 1926, duly adjudged by an order made on 25th January 1927, that he was to be discharged from the District Muzari's Court, and that he should, only for his final discharge on or before 25th April 1927.

F. RANGASWAMI ATTANAR,  
*District Muzari*

Kanchanpuzha, 2nd February 1927.

No. 37 of 1926, District Muzari's Court,  
Kannur.

Pillai Rajah Sahib—*Plaintiff* (*Defendant*).  
*vs.* *vs.* Marudai Vennayya Sivanthi and others—*Defendants* (*Plaintiffs*).

Notice is hereby given that the above-named petitioner was adjudged an insolvent by order of this Court, dated 26th January 1927, that he was granted six months time from the date of adjudication for applying for final discharge and that all his creditors may present their claims before the official Receiver, Kannur, by delivering in person or sending by post an affidavit in Form No. 2 of the appendix to the Address Universal Notice, 1926.

E. PURUSHOTHAM PANTULU,  
*District Muzari*

Kannur, 1st February 1927.

No. 5 of 1926, District Muzari's Court,  
Madras.

Rathin Mal Reddy—*Plaintiff*.  
*vs.* *vs.* Chidambaram Reddy and twenty-two others—*Defendants* (*Co-defendants*).

Notice is hereby given under clause (2) of section 10 of Act V of 1916 that the above-named petitioner has applied to this Court for being declared an insolvent and that his application is posted to 25th February 1927 for hearing. Creditors wishing to oppose the same may appear either in person or by pleader at 11 a.m. on the said date.

C. BHASKARA REDDY,  
*District Muzari*

Madras, 26th January 1927.

No. 7 of 1926, District Muzari's Court,  
Madras.

Randam Chettiyar, son of Palar Chettiyar,  
 Nalpet, Madras taluk—*Plaintiff*.  
*vs.* *vs.* Alayar Kanyal and others—*Defendants*.

Notice is hereby given that the above-named insolvent has applied for being adjudged insolvent and that his petition is posted to 25th February 1927 for adjudication, *et cetera*.

F. RAMASWAMI AYYANGAR,  
*District Muzari*

Madras, 26th January 1927.

No. 1 of 1927, District Muzari's Court,  
Madras.

Hemachandra Swamy, son of Kanchi Swamy, residing in Old Fish Bazaar, Mangalore—*Plaintiff*.  
*vs.* *vs.* J. R. Wyndham & Co. and Messrs Raghunatha Nayak, mouthana, Bhandar, Mangalore—*Defendants*.

Notice is hereby given that the petitioner above named has applied to this Court for being adjudged

an insolvent and that the said petition will come on for hearing on 25th February 1927 at 11 a.m.

U. TAMAR SANYAL,  
*District Muzari*

Mangalore, 26th January 1927.

No. 1 of 1927, District Muzari's Court,  
Ottapalam.

S. R. Marudai of Minakshi station, Chennamala stream, Palghat taluk—*Plaintiff* (*Defendant*).  
*vs.* *vs.* Raghunatha Pottar and others—*Defendants* (*Co-defendants*).

Notice is hereby given under section 10 (2) of Act V of 1926 that the above-named petitioner has filed an application in this Court praying that he may be adjudged an insolvent and that the said petition should stand posted to 9th March 1927 for hearing adjudication.

P. APPU NAYAR,  
*District Muzari*

Ottapalam, 26th January 1927.

No. 2 of 1927, District Muzari's Court,  
Palghat.

Vasanthi Bama-Taran's son Ramaswamy Taran of Raghunatha street, Kappan station, Palghat taluk—*Plaintiff* (*Defendant* *Below*).  
*vs.* *vs.* S. R. S. Sathasankaranthi Chettiyar and others—*Defendants*.

Notice is hereby given that the petitioner has applied to this Court to be adjudged insolvent and that the petition is posted to 16th March 1927.

M. C. KRISHNAN NAMBHYAR,  
*District Muzari*

Palghat, 26th January 1927.

No. 1 of 1927, District Muzari's Court,  
Pannamangudi.

Vellachandi Pillai, son of Madhav Marthi Pillai, residing at Kanki, Pannamangudi—*Plaintiff* (*Defendant*).  
*vs.* *vs.* Annamalai Chetti and six others—*Defendants* (*Co-defendants*).

Notice is hereby given that the above-named petitioner has applied to this Court to be adjudged an insolvent, that the said application is posted to 25th February 1927 for hearing, that all persons interested in the proceedings may appear before this Court either in person or by pleader at 11 a.m. on the said date and put forth their claims or objections and that in default, the application will be heard and decided *ex parte*.

I. A. No. 25 of 1927, District Muzari's Court,  
 Pannamangudi—No. 46 of 1926, Official  
 Receiver's Court, Madras.

Anandarama Pillai—*Plaintiff* (*Defendant*).  
*vs.* *vs.* Government and others—*Defendants* (*Co-defendants*).

Notice is hereby given that the above-named petitioner has applied to this Court for final discharge, that the said application is posted to 25th February 1927 for hearing, that all persons interested in the proceedings may appear before this Court either in person or by pleader on 11 a.m. on the said date and put forth their claims or objections and that in default, the application will be heard and decided *ex parte*.

M. D. THIRUSMALACHARIYA,  
*District Muzari*

Pannamangudi, 26th January 1927.

No. 5 of 1926, DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY'S COURT,  
TIRUPUR.

Karpagudi Sarganarayana—Petitioner.

Gudimela Subbanna and another—Counter-petitioner.

Take notice that the above-named petitioner has filed a petition in this Court to be adjudged insolvent and that the petition stands posted to 2nd March 1927 for hearing.

No. 9 of 1926, DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY'S COURT,  
TIRUPUR.

Durbika Perikothu—Petitioner.

Durbika Lakshminarayana and others—Counter-petitioner.

Take notice that the above-named petitioner has filed a petition in this Court to be adjudged insolvent and that the petition stands posted to 15th February 1927.

No. 10 of 1926, DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY'S COURT,  
TIRUPUR.

Sakala Venkataswamy—Petitioner.

Madhava Venkataswamy and others—Counter-petitioner.

Take notice that the above-named petitioner has filed a petition in this Court to be adjudged insolvent and that the petition stands posted to 2nd March 1927 for hearing.

ABDUS SATTAR,

District Magistrate.

Tirupur, 1st February 1927.

No. 6 of 1926, DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY'S COURT,  
TIRUPUR.

Peddie Chinnasa Raja of Tongripa3a, Kannalawa, taluk, Chidambaram district—Petitioner (Deceased).

K. Ramesa Nigayya and others—Respondents (Deceased).

The petitioner has been adjudicated insolvent by this Court on 24th January 1927 and has been granted leave till the end of June 1927 within which he should apply for discharge. Application for extension of time for discharge must be made to this Court.

P. PARTHASARATHI AYYANGAR,  
District Magistrate.

Tirupur, 2nd February 1927.

No. 1 of 1927, DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY'S COURT,  
TIRUPUR.

Polakki Venkayya—Petitioner (Deceased).

Kallipati Ramanna, Magadala Rethana, Sri Raja Subbanna and Appanna Subbanna Zamindars Gura and Chinnasa Subbaya—Counter-petitioners (Deceased).

Notice is hereby given that the above-named petitioner (deceased) has applied to this Court under section 18 of Act V of 1926 to adjudge him an insolvent and that the petition stands posted to 20th February 1927 for hearing. Any person wishing to oppose the petition may appear either in person or by pleader on the said date.

M. ANANTHACHARI DAS,  
Principal District Magistrate.

Tirupur, 2nd February 1927.

No. 17 of 1926, DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY'S COURT,  
TIRUPUR.

Bangamudi Subbaya, Chittara and Bangamudi Ramaswami Chittara, sons of Bangamudi Venkataswami Chittara, residing at Chinnasa Korvudina Street, Wangeri, Tiruchengudi taluk—Petitioners (Deceased).

K. R. Venkatasubrahmanyam Chittara and another—Respondents (Deceased).

Notice is hereby given under section 30 of Act V of 1926 that the above-named petitioners have been adjudged insolvent by order of this Court dated 20th January 1927 and that they have been directed to apply for discharge on or before 15th October 1927. All the creditors may present their claims before the Official Receiver, Tiruchengudi, as early as possible.

No. 18 of 1926, DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY'S COURT,  
TIRUPUR.

Abdulla Kadir Subbi, son of Mahamed Subbi, residing at Chinnasa Street, Tiruchengudi—Petitioner (Deceased).

C. A. Chinnaswami Chettiyar and others—Respondents (Deceased).

Notice is hereby given under section 30 of Act V of 1926 that the above-named petitioner has been adjudged insolvent by order of this Court dated 20th January 1927 and that he has been directed to apply for discharge on or before 20th July 1927. All the creditors may present their claims before the Official Receiver, Tiruchengudi, as early as possible.

T. N. KRISHNAMURTHI VAIJAPAYYAR,  
District Magistrate.

Tiruchengudi, 2nd January 1927.

No. 2 of 1926, DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY'S COURT,  
TIRUPUR.

Servathina Serevi, son of Nigayya Serevi, and his son Gopaswami, both residing at Adalawa, Kumbakonam taluk—Petitioners.

Thandayana Padayathi and seven others—Respondents.

Notice is hereby given under section 18, clause (2) of Act V of 1926, that the petitioners have applied to this Court to be declared insolvents and that the petition is posted for hearing to 11th March 1927 in this Court.

No. 12 of 1926, DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY'S COURT,  
TIRUPUR.

Thillai Padayathi and Gudiela Padayathi, sons of Thillai Padayathi, both residing at Subbavara Street, Ananthapuram, Kumbakonam taluk—Petitioners.

A. Nigayya Naidu and two others—Respondents.

Notice is hereby given under section 18, clause (2) of Act V of 1926, that the petitioners have applied to this Court to be declared insolvents and that the petition is posted for hearing to 12th March 1927 in this Court.

S. K. PARTHASARATHI,  
District Magistrate.

Kumbakonam, 21st January 1927.

No. 31 of 1926, DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY'S COURT,  
TIRUPUR.

M. Krishnaswami Naidu, son of Narayanaswami Naidu, Nidala mudra, residing at No. 16, Lal Bazar Kumbakonam Street, Vaikarasi—Petitioner.

Notice is hereby given under section 18 (2) of Act V of 1926 that the above-named petitioner has applied to this Court for being declared an insolvent and that his petition stands posted to 15th day of March 1927. Any creditor wishing to oppose the same may do so either in person or by pleader on the said date.

No. 20 of 1928, DISTRICT MAGISTRATE'S COURT,  
TALLERIE.

Abdus Salam Sahib, son of Fakir Sahib, aged  
about 45, residing at Lalbel Street, Tallerie—  
Petitioner.

Notice is hereby given under section 10 (1) of Act  
V of 1920 that the abovesaid petitioner has  
applied to this Court for being declared an insolvent  
and that his petition stands placed to 7th day of  
March 1937. Any creditor wishing to oppose the  
same may do so either in person or by writ on the  
said date.

A. RAMANATHA AYYAR,  
District Magistrate.

Tallerie, 21st January 1937.

No. 25 of 1920, DISTRICT MAGISTRATE'S COURT,  
KANNARA.

Kannara Pottu Potlathalli—Petitioner  
Debtors: Lakshmi Didi and others—Creditors.

Notice is hereby given under section 10 of Act V  
1921, that a dividend is intended to be declared in  
the said matter and that the creditors who have not  
proved their debts before are required to prove so  
as before 10th March 1937, failing which a final  
dividend will be declared without any regard to  
their claims.

No. 20 of 1928, DISTRICT MAGISTRATE'S COURT,  
KANNARA.

Daddi Nagappa—Petitioner.  
Mulla Chinnappa and others—Creditors.

Notice is hereby given under section 14 of Act V  
of 1920, that a dividend is intended to be declared in  
the said matter and that the creditors who have not  
proved their debts before are required to prove so  
as before 10th March 1937, failing which a final  
dividend will be declared without any regard to  
their claims.

S. RAMASWAMIAM,  
District Magistrate.

Kannad, 2nd February 1937.

No. 45 of 1928, DISTRICT MAGISTRATE'S COURT,  
SALUDA.

Chennaswami Narada, son of Alwar Nagudu at  
Kishipalayam, Salem—Petitioner.  
Sitharama Chetti and others—Creditors.

Under notice issued on 17th January 1937 by  
the District Judge in I.A. No. 244 of 1926, the  
abovesaid petitioner has been granted an absolute  
order of discharge under section 41 of Act V of  
1920.

C. V. RAMAIAH ACHARYA,  
District Magistrate.

Salem, 21st January 1937.

#### NOTICES.

It is hereby notified that the order of adjudication  
dated 20th August 1935, adjudging Velupillai  
Aray, son of Subramanyam Aray, living in Tarcu,  
Trichinopoly, in I.P. No. 1,235, was sealed by the  
Court of the Sub-Judge, Trichinopoly, on 8th January 1937,  
under section 43 (1) of Act V of 1920.

It is hereby notified that the order of adjudication  
dated 16th April 1936, adjudging Narayanaswami  
Pillai, son of Arumudachari, Pillai, living in Tarcu,  
Trichinopoly, in I.P. No. 1,235, was sealed by the Court  
of the Sub-Judge, Trichinopoly, on 8th January 1937,  
under section 43 (1) of Act V of 1920.

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It is hereby notified that the order of adjudication  
dated 25th February 1936, adjudging Narayanaswami  
Aray, son of Narayanaswami Aray, living in Tarcu,  
Trichinopoly, in I.P. No. 1,236, was sealed by the  
Court of the Sub-Judge, Trichinopoly, on 8th January 1937,  
under section 43 (1) of Act V of 1920.

T. S. RAMASWAMI AYYAR,  
District Magistrate.

Trichinopoly, 21st January 1937.

IN THE MATTER OF THE INDIAN COM-  
PANIES ACT, 1913, AND THE SHERA-  
NACKENPALAYAM SRI RAMANATHAR  
MILLS, LIMITED.

Whereas the Indian Magistrate of Coimbatore has  
reported in his statement showing the result of  
inspection of companies that the Serranacken-  
palayam Sri Ramanathar Mills, Limited, is not  
working.

And whereas it appears accordingly that the  
Serranackenpalayam Sri Ramanathar Mills, Limited,  
is not carrying on business or is not in operation.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to section 247 (2)  
of the Indian Companies Act, 1913, that notice  
is given to the contrary before the expiration  
of three months from the date of this notice, the  
name of the said company will be struck off the  
register and the said company will be dissolved.

IN THE MATTER OF THE INDIAN COM-  
PANIES ACT, 1913, AND THE SHERA-  
NACKENPALAYAM SRI RAMANATHAR  
MILLS, LIMITED.

Whereas the Indian Magistrate of Coimbatore has  
reported in his statement showing the result of  
inspection of companies that the Serranacken-  
palayam Sri Ramanathar Mills, Limited, is not  
working.

And whereas it appears accordingly that the  
Serranackenpalayam Sri Ramanathar Mills,  
Limited, is not carrying on business or is not in  
operation.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to section 247 (2)  
of the Indian Companies Act, 1913, that notice  
is given to the contrary before the expiration  
of three months from the date of this notice, the  
name of the said company will be struck off the  
register and the said company will be dissolved.

P. R. KUNDELLU,

Assistant Registrar of Joint Stock Companies,  
Coimbatore, 20th January 1937.

IN THE MATTER OF THE INDIAN COM-  
PANIES ACT, 1913 (VII OF 1913), AND  
THE SOMASUNDARAM MILLS, LIMITED.

NOTICE PURSUANT TO SECTION 247 (2).

It is hereby notified that the High Court of  
Madras has, by an order dated the 10th October  
1935 in O.P. No. 128 of 1935, directed that the  
Somasundaram Mills, Limited, be wound up by the  
said Court under the provisions of the Indian Com-  
panies Act, 1913 (Act VII of 1913).

IN THE MATTER OF THE INDIAN COM-  
PANIES ACT, 1913, AND THE COYINGTON  
SALT LICENSERS ASSOCIATION,  
LIMITED.

Whereas communications addressed to the  
Coasting Salt Licensees Association, Limited, re-  
mained unanswered:

And whereas it appeared accordingly that the said company was not carrying on business as was set on foot there:

And whereas a notice, dated the 25th October 1924, was published on page 1399 of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, Part II, dated the 15th October 1924, pursuant to section 247 (2) of the Indian Companies Act, 1913, to the effect that, unless notice was shown to the contrary before the expiration of three months from the date of that notice, the name of the said company would be struck off the register and the said company would be dissolved:

And whereas the said company has not shown such notice within the time allowed which expired on the 25th January 1925:

Therefore the name of the company has, under section 247 (3) of the Act, been struck off the register.

V. S. CHENGALVARAYA PILLAI,  
*Assistant Registrar of Joint Stock Companies.*

Madras, 29th February 1925.

#### IN THE MATTER OF THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT, 1913, AND THE CHITTAPALAN TYLE WORKS, LIMITED.

Whereas the Chittapalan Tyle Works, Limited, was being wound up and the undersigned had reasonable cause to believe that no liquidator was acting on behalf of the company:

And whereas communication addressed to the company at its registered office had remained unanswered:

And whereas a notice, dated the 22nd October 1924, was published on page 1465 of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, Part II, dated the 2nd November 1924, pursuant to section 247 (2) of the Indian Companies Act, 1913, to the effect that, unless notice was shown to the contrary before the expiration of three months from the date of that notice, the name of the said company would be struck off the register and the said company would be dissolved:

And whereas the said company has not shown such notice within the time allowed which expired on the 22nd January 1925:

Therefore the name of the said company has, under section 247 (3) of the Act, been struck off the register.

T. HYDERKUTUB KHAN,  
*Assistant Registrar of Joint Stock Companies.*

Pelgah, 29th January 1925.

#### IN THE MATTER OF THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT, 1913, AND THE EASTERN TASAL SRI LAKSHMI TYLE CEMENT COMPANY.

Whereas communication addressed to the Eastern Tamil Laksimi Tyle Cement Co. at its registered office remains unanswered:

And whereas at the time of the risk on the 1st August 1924, the company was found to have ceased to business:

And whereas a notice dated the 25th October 1924, was published on page 1467 of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, Part II, dated the 15th November 1924, pursuant to section 247 (2) of the Indian

Companies Act, 1913, to the effect that, unless notice was shown to the contrary before the expiration of three months from the date of that notice, the name of the said company would be struck off the register and the said company would be dissolved:

And whereas the said company has not shown such notice within the time allowed which expired on the 25th January 1925:

Therefore the name of the said company has, under section 247 (3) of the Act, been struck off the register.

P. PERIYASWAMI MUDALIYAR,  
*Asst. Registrar of Joint Stock Companies, Fort St. George, 4th February 1925.*

## REVENUE NOTIFICATIONS.

### NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 2.—The following amendment shall be made to Commissioner's Notification No. 1, dated 29th January 1924, published on page 75-24 of *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 17th January 1924, Part II, as subsequently amended. This will take effect from 1st April 1925:—

For the existing rule XXIII substitute the following:—

XXIII. Any person may have in his possession in the Agency limits of Quazee, Tirupattanam and East Godavari, any quantity not exceeding six tons of goods and ten tons of khang and elsewhere any quantity not exceeding four tons of goods and ten tons of khang.

Madras, 29th January 1925.

No. 3.—In virtue of the power delegated to him in Government notification No. 618, dated 12th July 1924, as amended by Government notification No. 121, dated 18th March 1925 and in partial modification of the Board's notification No. 7, dated 19th October 1922 (as subsequently amended) and in pursuance of the Board's notification No. 2, dated 17th January 1924, the Commissioner of Revenue hereby prescribes under sections 10 and 15 of the Madras Abkari Act, 1884, the following as the quantities of country spirits in cases of which permit for transport and licence for possession shall be required in the areas specified below:—

Quantity of country spirits and cases.

(a) Two drums—Shippell and Thiruvannamalai taluk of the Tanjore district, Tiruvannamalai taluk of the Namakkal district, Tiruvallur taluk of the Tanjore district and Alwar taluk of the Madurai district.

(b) Four drums—Mannargudi and Sivakasi municipalities of the Kolar district, Chavda, Guntur, Narasimhapet, Ongole and Thallu municipalities of the Guntur district, Bellary municipality of the Bellary district and the Mangalore municipality of the South Kanara district.

(c) Eight drums—Madhavachari Revenue Division (East Godavari Agency).

2. This notification will come into force from 1st April 1925 in the case of the areas specified in clause (a) and (b) and from 1st October 1925 in the case noted against item (c).

Madras, 29th January 1925.

# NOTICE OF CONDITIONS OF ISSUE OF FIXED FOR FOREIGN LIQUOR LICENCES.

No. 1.—The following notification is issued in pursuance of Notification No. 1, dated 26th January 1925, published in the *Madras Gazette*, Part II, Serial 2nd February 1925.

In pursuance of the power conferred on him under section 4 (7) of the *Mutual Abolition Act, 1862*, the Commissioner of Madras District, pursuant, under section 24 of the *Act*, the following rules for regulating the issue of licences on fixed fees for the manufacturing, blending, bottling and sale of potable foreign liquors, locally-made foreign liquors and coconut toddy arrived from and after the 1st April 1925 within the limits of the Madras Presidency:—

1. The term 'foreign liquor' in these rules includes all wines, spirits and beer imported into the Presidency by sea or land, (a) such imported spirits imported or locally-made and on which the tariff rate of duty has been paid; and beer brewed in India or beer imported in a bottled form and afterwards converted into potable beer and duty waived, but excludes locally-made foreign liquor, distasteful spirits, coconut toddy arrived and ordinary arrack. In the case of liquors in chemicals, draughts and other apparatus from air pressure, however, for the sale of pure, medicinal spirits only, the term 'foreign liquor' means pure rectified spirits imported from foreign countries by sea or manufactured in this country and entered at the tariff rate of duty.

'Locally-made foreign liquor' in spirit manufactured or compounded in British India and made in solvent and flavor to resemble gin, brandy, whiskey or rum imported from foreign countries. It is covered by Rs. 15-0-0 per proof gallon, its sale is permitted in all foreign liquor shops except those licensed for the exclusive sale of beer, medicinal wines and medicinal spirits.

'Coconut toddy arrack' is spirit manufactured from toddy at the Changanthi distillery in Malabar and entered at Rs. 12-0-0 per proof gallon, its sale is permitted in all foreign liquor shops except those licensed for the exclusive sale of beer, medicinal wines and medicinal spirits. The maximum limit of private possession is two imperial gallons.

2.—(a) The following strengths of spirit and locally-made foreign spirits may be sold as 20° U. S. degree, 30° U. S. for Columbia brand and medicinal spirit and 30° U. S. for all other kinds of spirit including Indian brand, except medicinal spirits.

3. Holders of Foreign Liquor licences should not depend on the liquor imported by them and stored from the Customs House on payment of 1% provisional duty liable for liquidation during the term of the licence and the liquor and medicinal draughts that it is not below the minimum strength. It is laid at the Commissioner's Secretary as a term that any such liquor in below the minimum strength should not be sold, the exact price will be rigidly enforced against such liquor.

(b) 'Medicinal spirit' includes 'medicinal alcohol'.

'Indian' beer is beer brewed in India (a) which contains at least five barrels of malt and two pounds of hops per hogshead and is the manufacture of which jaggery or arde is employed; (b) which is brewed on a higher strength than 120° U. S. on a standard measurement and (c) the maximum price of which at the brewery is Rs. 45-0-0\* per hogshead plus the excise duty in force at the time of issue.

\*The supply of Indian beer from Singapore Brewery will be restricted to shops which have obtained beer from that brewery during 1925-26.

2. Licences for the sale of foreign liquors, locally-made foreign liquors and coconut toddy arrived shall be of the following descriptions:—

1. Wholesale licence for the sale of foreign liquors, locally-made foreign liquors and coconut toddy arrived, not to be drunk on the premises.—There will be issued on an annual fee of Rs. 1,000 in Madras and Rs. 250 in other Districts, at the discretion of Collectors. Under these licences the sale of liquor in quantities less than two imperial gallons or a dozen repeated quarts

bottles or two dozen repeated pint bottles of each kind at a time is prohibited. The holder of this licence will have the privilege of issuing to licensed dealers only samples of liquors in quantities not exceeding one pint. In Madras town, holders of this licence will not be allowed to sell 'Indian' beer. Holders of this licence are prohibited from selling coconut toddy arrived in bulk to persons resident in Malabar District and are permitted to sell it to such persons only in bottles, sealed and labelled in accordance with the heading rule (c).

2. Retail licence for the sale of foreign liquor, locally-made foreign liquor and coconut toddy arrived, not to be drunk on the premises (a).—There will be of two kinds—ones for the sale of all kinds of foreign liquors, except 'Indian' beer and of locally-made foreign liquor and coconut toddy arrived and the other for the sale of beer brewed in India.

(a) The licence will be issued at the discretion of the Commissioner and Collectors on payment of an annual fee of Rs. 750 or Rs. 1,000 in the Nilgiris except Madras, Rs. 500 in the town of Madras, Rs. 750 in towns having a population of 25,000 and over and in Kodaikanal, Tirunelveli and Coimbatore, in Nilgiris, Tirunelveli, Tiruchirappalli, Tiruvannamalai, Tanjavur and Pondicherry, and Rs. 250 in the rest of the Presidency. Under these licences the sale of liquor in a quantity less than one repeated quart and greater than two imperial gallons is not permitted will be prohibited.

(b) Retail licence for the sale of beer brewed in India will be issued to successful bidders for beer shops on payment of an annual fee of Rs. 250.

\*Note.—In places where there are beer shops, holders of retail licences for the sale of all kinds of foreign liquor except Indian beer will be permitted to sell beer brewed in India on the same principle only in bottles or bottles at the brewery at which it was brewed.

(c) Holders of F.L. and R.L. licences may sell and collect spirit provided (1) that spirits contain an impurity of not more than 10% of water and (2) that the spirits are bottled in accordance with the rules of the Department of Public Health and Sanitation, Madras. (d) That containers of sealed spirits are not to be opened by any person other than the holder of the licence. (e) That the holder of the licence should not be allowed to sell spirits in the premises of the holder of the licence. (f) That the holder of the licence should not be allowed to sell spirits in the premises of the holder of the licence. (g) That the holder of the licence should not be allowed to sell spirits in the premises of the holder of the licence. (h) That the holder of the licence should not be allowed to sell spirits in the premises of the holder of the licence. (i) That the holder of the licence should not be allowed to sell spirits in the premises of the holder of the licence. (j) That the holder of the licence should not be allowed to sell spirits in the premises of the holder of the licence. (k) That the holder of the licence should not be allowed to sell spirits in the premises of the holder of the licence. (l) That the holder of the licence should not be allowed to sell spirits in the premises of the holder of the licence. (m) That the holder of the licence should not be allowed to sell spirits in the premises of the holder of the licence. (n) That the holder of the licence should not be allowed to sell spirits in the premises of the holder of the licence. (o) That the holder of the licence should not be allowed to sell spirits in the premises of the holder of the licence. (p) That the holder of the licence should not be allowed to sell spirits in the premises of the holder of the licence. (q) That the holder of the licence should not be allowed to sell spirits in the premises of the holder of the licence. (r) That the holder of the licence should not be allowed to sell spirits in the premises of the holder of the licence. (s) That the holder of the licence should not be allowed to sell spirits in the premises of the holder of the licence. (t) That the holder of the licence should not be allowed to sell spirits in the premises of the holder of the licence. (u) That the holder of the licence should not be allowed to sell spirits in the premises of the holder of the licence. (v) That the holder of the licence should not be allowed to sell spirits in the premises of the holder of the licence. (w) That the holder of the licence should not be allowed to sell spirits in the premises of the holder of the licence. (x) That the holder of the licence should not be allowed to sell spirits in the premises of the holder of the licence. (y) That the holder of the licence should not be allowed to sell spirits in the premises of the holder of the licence. (z) That the holder of the licence should not be allowed to sell spirits in the premises of the holder of the licence.

III. Retail licence for the supply of residents in hotels and boarding houses.—There will be of two classes and subject to payment of an annual fee of Rs. 200 or Rs. 250 in Madras, of Rs. 200 or Rs. 50 in the Nilgiris, and of Rs. 25 or Rs. 25 in the rest of the Presidency, on any such licence may be determined by the Collector. No liquor may be sold under these licences otherwise than to residents in hotels and boarding houses for their own use and that of their guests, or to casual visitors receiving liquor with the meal or meals supplied to them.

In Madras a holder of a hotel licence delivers of setting up and maintaining in his hotel a bar or bars only, as per form of a licence fee of Rs. 100 for a first-class bar or Rs. 50 for a second-class bar, or granted a separate licence to be called a bar licence. This will cover the sale of foreign liquor, locally-made foreign liquor and coconut toddy arrived under the same conditions and to the same extent as the former licence.

In Madras, special bar licences will also be issued to other than holders of hotel licences with the previous sanction of the Commissioner. The fee in such cases will be fixed by the Commissioner and the licensee will receive the licence to sell in all cases.



IV. *Refreshment-rooms* license will be of two classes—

- (a) *For refreshment-rooms maintained by, or under the supervision and control of, any company or companies or proprietors or managers of host of such buildings for the supply of the provisions of liquors by such companies or host-keepers*—This license fee payable for such license will be fixed by the Commissioner from time to time. Under these license liquor may be sold to bona fide travellers, or to other persons served with regular meals in the rooms for consumption on the premises to any extent, provided that no more than one repeated quart of spirits or two repeated quarts of any other kind of liquor sold at the refreshment-rooms may be sold at one time to any such traveller for removal from the premises.

- (b) *For refreshment-rooms in which the sale of liquor is exclusively confined with the supply of meals or of refreshments prepared and served in the European manner*—This license fee will be Rs. 500 in Madras and Rs. 75 in the rest of the Presidency. It will at all times be obtained with the Collector in residence license of this description. If it should appear that the sale of liquor to persons who have not purchase of meals in the refreshment-rooms is permitted to such an extent as to habitually that the refreshment-rooms may fairly be classed as a tavern. Sale of liquor for removal from the premises will not be allowed under these license. The premises to be used for the sale of liquor under these license must be at least of the monthly rental rate of Rs. 50 in Madras and in Cochin and Rs. 75 in the rest of the Presidency.

V. *General license*, with an increase for the sale of refreshment made in connection with race meetings and public entertainments. These will be granted by Collectors at their discretion for periods not exceeding six days at one time and at such fees not exceeding Rs. 100 on each occasion as they may determine. No removal of liquor from the premises will be allowed under these license.

VI. *Special license* will also be granted by Collectors in consultation with the officers of the Excise Department when the circumstances are such as not to allow of the issue of license of any of the above descriptions on such terms and conditions and for such periods as they may in such cases determine.

VII. *Distiller's license*—Annual fee, Rs. 5. The following are important provisions of this license—

- (a) Liberty to give sample bottles in respect of all consignments, whether made at consignments or the property of private persons, in order that selecting persons may have the opportunity of seeing high class pure and spirit at their own houses before the auction sale.
- (b) Authority to sell waste, spirits and beer in less quantities than whole duties of such distilleries at the rate of sale by auction of the property of private persons or retainers of trade consignments which are collected or otherwise unobtainable.
- (c) Authority to sell by auction, at place other than that specified in the license, viz., at any public residence at which the license may hold an auction.

VIII. *License for the sale of manufactured spirits*—

These will be issued to distillers and distillers and other firms or persons specially approved by Collectors, on payment of an annual fee of Rs. 10. Under these license the possession of pure distilled spirits in excess of ten imperial gallons for such larger quantity as the Collector may, in consultation with the officers of the Excise Department, specially authorize is prohibited. Pure distilled spirit must not be sold under these license for other than home use, medicinal, industrial and scientific purposes, and the maximum limit of sale at one time to the same person is restricted to one repeated quart in the case of sale to a private individual, two repeated quarts in the case of sale to a hospital, medical practitioner or scientific body and three imperial gallons in any Government, Local Fund or Municipal Hospital. Receipts containing verified spirit should be attached with bills showing the kind or description of spirit contained therein and the place of manufacture; consignments of rectified spirit imported from other provinces should not be opened before they are verified by an Excise Officer. Accounts should be maintained in the prescribed form and must show in the case of consignments of rectified spirit obtained from other provinces in India, the source of supply, name (and name of steamer, if obtained by sea) and such other particulars as may be prescribed. Receipts showing separately the composition of imported and locally made rectified spirit should be furnished to Collectors.

IX. *License for the sale of medicinal wines and similar preparations* containing 20 per cent and upwards but not more than 40 per cent of pure spirit will be issued by Collectors on payment of an annual fee of Rs. 10.

X. *License for importing and blending foreign liquors and foreign-made foreign liquors* will be granted by Collectors and

licensees for responsible persons, subject to the sanction of the Assistant Commissioner for Distilleries on payment of an annual fee of Rs. 250.

1. *License for the holding of foreign liquors*, except for limited family and or foreign-made foreign liquors and animal body extract, will be granted to holders of wholesale license by Collectors and to bonded distilleries by the Assistant Commissioner for Distilleries on payment of an annual fee of Rs. 50.

2. Any two or more of the above kinds of license may be granted to the same person for the sale of liquor in the same premises.

3. No premises shall be used for the sale of liquor unless and until approved by the Collector.

4. All licensees shall maintain and furnish to Collectors receipts showing separately the composition of imported foreign liquors and locally made spirits and beers and animal body extract.

5. All licensees (other than occasional and special license) will have effect for the whole year, i.e., from the 1st April in each year until the 31st March of the following year.

6. The fee for an all kind of foreign liquor license shall be paid in advance at the time of issue of the license.

7. For the convenience of the trade, Collectors will, so far as possible, receive and dispose of applications for license under clause IV (b) in three equal courses the following effort, year before the license sale for that year. Licensees for the sale of liquor in authorized refreshment-rooms should be very especially given.

8. All further information may be obtained and forms of license may be procured at a charge of two annas each at the office of Collectors.

W. A. RYAN,

Secretary to the Government of Madras.

Madras, 24th January 1922.





# POST OFFICE NOTIFICATION.

**REWARD OF Rs. 250 TO ANY PERSON GIVING FIRST INFORMATION LEADING TO THE ARREST OF MR. T. P. PICHANDIA PHILAI, LATE SUB-POSTMASTER, KODAIKANAL, WHO ABANDONED IN OCTOBER 1924.**

A reward of Rs. 250 (two hundred and fifty) only will be paid to any person or persons giving first information leading to the arrest of the abductor. The sub-postmaster abandoned after misappropriating certain deposits made in the Post Office Savings Bank at Kodaikanal and after making fraudulent withdrawals to the extent of nearly Rs. 2,000 (nearly two thousand). The descriptive particulars of the official are furnished below:—

(1) Name, T. P. Pichandia Philai; (2) father's name, M. Pichandia Philai; (3) age, 42 years; (4) caste, Hindu, Vellala; (5) residence, Thangacherry, near; (6) height, 5 feet 8 inches; (7) complexion, dark; (8) eyes, tall, thin, having prominently protruding teeth; (9) marks of identification, three vaccination marks on each upper arm, a tattoo mark on the forehead between the eyebrows and a small black mole at the top of the left upper arm; (10) names and addresses of near relations with whom he is likely to take refuge, Mr. P. Chelliah Pillai, Inspector, P. Branch subdivision; Mr. P. Sathyan Pillai, Sub-Postmaster, Chozhambal, Nilgiris division; Madanlal Philai, medicine seller, "Tirumala Raviva", Tiruvallur.

3. The information should be communicated immediately to Lt.-Col. C. F. G. Quiller, *Mag. Ponnani Station*.

3. It should be noted that this circular is issued in partial modification of this office circular No. 13, dated the 12th December 1925, which imposed conditions regarding the offer of the reward. The offer of a reward is now unconditional, provided only that the information supplied leads to the abandonment of the arrest.

O. H. G. MULLACH,

*Postmaster-General.*  
Mortel Road (Madras), 17th January 1927.

# INCOME-TAX NOTIFICATION.

## INVESTMENT OF POWERS.

Under section 6 (c) of the Indian Income-tax Act, 1918, the Commissioner of Income-tax, Madras, assigns the Income-tax Officer, Fort-Croft, Madras, and the Assistant Commissioner, Central Range, Madras, with all the powers of an Income-tax Officer and Assistant Commissioner respectively in respect of shareholders of companies, who are resident out of British India and whose income from dividends or other sources in British India is derived entirely in the Presidency of Madras.

J. H. SENECKE,

*Commissioner of Income-tax.*  
Madras, 27th January 1927.

# MILITARY NOTIFICATION.

## REPORT OF DEFECTS.

Report of a deserter or absconter without leave from the 3rd Battalion, The West Yorkshire Regiment of Infantry, dated at Rhow, 23rd day of February 1927.

Name, rank and name, 402130 Private James Fildes; age, 22 years 10 months; height, 5 feet 2 inches; colour of complexion, fresh; hair, black; eyes, brown; trade, Engineer's Assistant; date of

enlistment, 1st August 1925; place of enlistment, Whitehall; parish and county in which born, Islington, London; date of discharge or absence, 4 p.m., 24th January 1927; place of discharge or absence, Rhow, India; marks, large scar, left breast.

L. A. DAVIES, Captain for Lieut.-Col.,  
*Comd., 3rd Battalion, The West Yorkshire Regiment.*

# OFFICIAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

**TENDER FOR SUPPLY OF ARTICLES OF OPTIC AND HOSPITAL SUPPLIES FOR THE GOVERNMENT OPHTHALMIC HOSPITAL, MADRAS.**

Notices is hereby given that sealed tenders in duplicate will be received up to 12 a.m. on Wednesday, the 16th February 1927, by the Superintendent, Government Ophthalmic Hospital, for the supply of portable articles and non-portable articles in bulk, as detailed in Schedules A and B to the Government Ophthalmic Hospital, Madras.

3. A separate tender must be sent for each group of articles.

3. Tenders will be opened by the Superintendent, Government Ophthalmic Hospital, Marshall's Road, Madras, at the appointed time in the presence of three interested parties who may choose to attend.

4. Tenders to be accompanied showing the number of the group or article and schedule. Each tender must contain not only the price but the total value of each item of supply entered in a separate column, the name in which must be inserted as follows:—The name quoted by each tenderer should be expressed in words.

5. Each tender must be accompanied by a deposit in Government treasury notes or bank receipts equal to 5 per cent on the total value of his tender, and in default of such deposit the tender will be rejected, or will not tender be considered after the time fixed for the opening of tenders. No work will be accepted. The deposit will be returned to successful tenderers immediately.

6. The successful tenderer for portable articles shall be required to have ready stock at 7 a.m. the day's supply for the inspection of the Superintendent, Government Ophthalmic Hospital. He will not take delivery of the following day.

7. The successful tenderer for portable articles must, within three days from date of receiving intimation that his tender has been accepted, lodge security, viz., 10 per cent on the total value of the articles, failing which his deposit will be forfeited to Government.

8. No advance of cash will be made to the contractor.

9. The number or quantity entered in the Schedules A and B is the probable number or quantity which the Superintendent desires to require to be supplied and may be more or less according to actual requirements. The Superintendent has the right to increase or reduce the full quantity or number noted in the schedule. But the contractor will be under an obligation to supply such larger number or increased quantity as the Superintendent may require him to supply.

10. A fee not exceeding 10 per cent of the *gross* money will be levied from the successful contractor of portable articles for the intimation of the acceptance of the bond, and, if frequently repeated, the amount will be deducted from the security deposited to Government. The contractor should not be absent without the permission of the Superintendent. The contractor's security will be returned to him on completion of his contract.

12. Samples of the different articles must be forwarded by not later than the 1st of August. The samples will not be returned. Such of the samples that have been accepted will be stored and lodged in the office of the Superintendent, Government Ophthalmic Hospital.

13. The Superintendent, Government Ophthalmic Hospital, reserves the right to reject any tender or to decline to accept the tender for any one or more of the articles tendered for by the tenderer without assigning any reason for doing so.

14. Tenders containing rates manifestly below the market value of articles will be summarily rejected. No tender for the supply of articles marked "at current market rates" will be accepted.

15. Every correction in the tender must necessarily be recorded by the tenderer, failing which the tender will be rejected.

16. The successful tenderer will be required to sign a bond and to pay the value of the proper stamp duty on the contract.

17. Government promissory notes lodged as earnest security money or security deposit for a period of twelve months or less shall not be endorsed over to the Superintendent, but shall remain in the name of the depositor. The amount will accumulate or amount the same as per G.O. No. 2028 of 11th March 1920, authority to that effect being daily entered in the contract or other agreement entered by the depositor.

18. The bread supplied to hospitals should be free from stone and yield an ash equivalent to not more than 2.0 on normal ash per 100 grammes of bread. The maximum limit of ash permissible in the case of bread is 0.8 per cent (calculated as the dried solid) inclusive in diets hydrochloric acid.

19. Samples of bread received from each tenderer will be subject to an analysis by the Public Analyst, King Institute, Gundy.

20. The bread supplied to hospitals from time to time will be subject to analysis and the contractors will be liable to a penalty for exceeding the percentage laid down above. This penalty will be subject to the maximum of 10 per cent of the security amount deposited by the contractor.

21. All contracts will be subject to confirmation by the Government, who will be at liberty within a period of three months from the date of acceptance of the tender by the Superintendent to cancel the contract whether entirely or in respect of the supply of any particular article or any number of articles without reason being given. Samples made before the date of such cancellation and however being offered. Contracts should provide for the testing of samples from time to time and for the inspection of samples, if articles of inferior quality are supplied.

22. The system of weighing all portions of a recipe or meal, contained in G.O. No. 445, Finance, dated 15th August 1920, will be adopted in all contractors' bids.

23. The tenderer should attach a certificate to his tender as tenderer to the following effect:—

"I, the tenderer, agree to have the sugar money allocated to Government in case of my failure to undertake the tender."

#### SCHEDULE A.

##### Non-perishable articles.

###### Description of articles.

Predicted quantity required.

Tender for 1st half of 1921-22

1st April 1921 to 30th September 1921.

###### Grain No. 1.

Coffee powder, Best sort, in tin to be supplied	50	2315
Best quality of the same of 100 lb	50	1,000
Sugar, white, first sort	50	6,070

###### Grain No. 2.

Salt, white, table	50	35
Onions, dry sort	50	450
Onion seeds	50	45
Tomatoes	50	45
Haricot peas, country	50	15
Peas, black	50	15
Beans	50	15
Apples	50	15

###### Grain No. 3.

*Rice	50	1,010
*Rice, good and clean, without stone	50	1,010
*Rice, clean	50	1,010

###### Grain No. 4.

*Rice, first sort, good and clean, without stone	50	10,000
*Rice, second sort, good and clean, without stone	50	10,000

###### Grain No. 5.

Oil, coconut, 1st, in tin	50	20
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###### Grain No. 6.

Peas	50	15
Onions	50	15
Haricot	50	15
Beans	50	15
Apples	50	15

Tender for the year 1921-22—

1st April 1921 to 30th March 1922.

###### Grain No. 7.

Coffee powder	50	2315
Best quality, in tin	50	1,000
Sugar, white	50	6,070
Onions, dry sort	50	450
Onion seeds	50	45
Tomatoes	50	45
Haricot peas, country	50	15
Peas, black	50	15
Beans	50	15
Apples	50	15

Peas, second sort, good and clean, without stone	50	1,010
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*Rice, first sort, good and clean, without stone	50	10,000
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*Rice, second sort, good and clean, without stone	50	10,000
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###### Grain No. 8.

*Rice, first sort, good and clean, without stone	50	10,000
*Rice, second sort, good and clean, without stone	50	10,000

###### Grain No. 9.

Peas, first sort, good and clean, without stone	50	10,000
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###### Grain No. 10.

Peas, second sort, good and clean, without stone	50	10,000
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*Rice, first sort, good and clean, without stone	50	10,000
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*Rice, second sort, good and clean, without stone	50	10,000
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The date of payment by the Assistant-General, Madras, for their bills should be promptly transmitted to this Hospital by the contractor.

20. The contract price should include charge for delivery of the articles to the hospital.

21. Every contractor in the tender must be furnished with the tender, failing which the tender will be rejected.

22. The quality required should be against all articles in the groups of non-perishable and perishable articles is only a probable one and will be more or less according to actual requirements. The Superintendent does not bind himself to receive the full number or quantity noted in the schedule.

23. Government promissory notes lodged as security money or security deposits for a period of twelve months or less shall not be accepted over to the Superintendent, but shall remain in the name of the depositor. Government will appropriate or cancel the same as per G.O. No. 7328, dated the 21st March 1920, authority to that effect being duly advised to the contractor or other agree-ments as directed by the dispenser.

24. A successful contractor will be required to sign a bond and to pay the value of the proper stamp (1½) on the contract. Non-payment stamp means the kind of paper that is used for the registration of a contract in a Sub-Registrar's office or District Registrar's office. Check fees or postage stamps should not be levied.

25. The bread supplied to the hospital should be free from stone and yield an edible equivalent to not more than 3.5% stone and per 100 grammes of bread. The maximum limit of ash permissible in the case of bread is not more than 0.5% (calculated on the dried solid) moisture in di-oxide hydrous form.

26. Samples of bread received from each tenderer will be subject to analysis by the Public Analyst, King Institute, Madras.

27. The bread supplied to the hospital from time to time will be subject to analysis and the contractor will be liable to a penalty for exceeding the percentage laid down above. This penalty will be subject to the maximum of 10 per cent of the steady amount deposited by the contractor.

28. All contracts will be subject to confirmation by the Government who will be at liberty, within a period of three months from the date of completion of the tender by the Superintendent, to cancel the contract either entirely or in respect of the supply of any particular article or any number of articles, supplied made before the date of such cancellation not however being effected.

29. The tenderer should attach a certificate to his tender to the effect as follows:-

"I, the tenderer, agree to have the contract money refunded to Government in case of my failure to undertake the tender."

30. The system of recording all transactions of a paper or an item mentioned in G.O. No. 460, Madras, dated the 15th August 1919, will be adopted in all contractors' bills, i.e., (1) transactions that bill a paper will be entered up; (2) bill a paper and give will be taken as a paper in the case of bills amounting to Rs. 25 and upwards; (3) transactions of less than paper will be entered and the price and date will be taken as a paper in the case of bills amounting to less than Rs. 25.

31. The contractor should furnish at once, specimens of their signatures to the Assistant-General, Madras, along with their first tendering bill, enclosed to them by this Hospital to avoid any delay in the payment of their bills.

32. Any information regarding tenders may be had on personal application at this Hospital.

#### SCHEDULE A.

##### Non-perishable articles.

Period of delivery—To be supplied weekly or occasionally as required from 1st April 1927 to 31st March 1928.

Description of article.	Probable quantity required.
<b>Group No. 1.</b>	
Rice, boiled, 1st sort, dry, well cleaned	15,000
Do., do., without stone or broken rice	100
Rice, 1st sort, dry, well cleaned	100
Do., do., without stone or broken rice	100
Rice, 1st sort, dry, well cleaned	100
Do., do., without stone or broken rice	100
<b>Group No. 2.</b>	
Coarse powder, 1st sort	1,000
<b>Group No. 3.</b>	
Forward, straight, well dried, each	25
Do., 1st sort or length and 1/2 inch	25
<b>Group No. 4.</b>	
Super, brown, country or 1st sort	1,000
Do., white, 1st sort	1,000
<b>Group No. 5.</b>	
Amalgam, 1st sort, 1st quality	10
Amalgam, 2nd sort	10
Tea, 1st sort, 1st quality	10
Do., 2nd sort, 1st quality	10
Do., 3rd sort, 1st quality	10
Do., 4th sort, 1st quality	10
Do., 5th sort, 1st quality	10
Do., 6th sort, 1st quality	10
Do., 7th sort, 1st quality	10
Do., 8th sort, 1st quality	10
Do., 9th sort, 1st quality	10
Do., 10th sort, 1st quality	10
Do., 11th sort, 1st quality	10
Do., 12th sort, 1st quality	10
Do., 13th sort, 1st quality	10
Do., 14th sort, 1st quality	10
Do., 15th sort, 1st quality	10
Do., 16th sort, 1st quality	10
Do., 17th sort, 1st quality	10
Do., 18th sort, 1st quality	10
Do., 19th sort, 1st quality	10
Do., 20th sort, 1st quality	10
Do., 21st sort, 1st quality	10
Do., 22nd sort, 1st quality	10
Do., 23rd sort, 1st quality	10
Do., 24th sort, 1st quality	10
Do., 25th sort, 1st quality	10
Do., 26th sort, 1st quality	10
Do., 27th sort, 1st quality	10
Do., 28th sort, 1st quality	10
Do., 29th sort, 1st quality	10
Do., 30th sort, 1st quality	10
Do., 31st sort, 1st quality	10
Do., 32nd sort, 1st quality	10
Do., 33rd sort, 1st quality	10
Do., 34th sort, 1st quality	10
Do., 35th sort, 1st quality	10
Do., 36th sort, 1st quality	10
Do., 37th sort, 1st quality	10
Do., 38th sort, 1st quality	10
Do., 39th sort, 1st quality	10
Do., 40th sort, 1st quality	10
Do., 41st sort, 1st quality	10
Do., 42nd sort, 1st quality	10
Do., 43rd sort, 1st quality	10
Do., 44th sort, 1st quality	10
Do., 45th sort, 1st quality	10
Do., 46th sort, 1st quality	10
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Do., 67th sort, 1st quality	10
Do., 68th sort, 1st quality	10
Do., 69th sort, 1st quality	10
Do., 70th sort, 1st quality	10
Do., 71st sort, 1st quality	10
Do., 72nd sort, 1st quality	10
Do., 73rd sort, 1st quality	10
Do., 74th sort, 1st quality	10
Do., 75th sort, 1st quality	10
Do., 76th sort, 1st quality	10
Do., 77th sort, 1st quality	10
Do., 78th sort, 1st quality	10
Do., 79th sort, 1st quality	10
Do., 80th sort, 1st quality	10
Do., 81st sort, 1st quality	10
Do., 82nd sort, 1st quality	10
Do., 83rd sort, 1st quality	10
Do., 84th sort, 1st quality	10
Do., 85th sort, 1st quality	10
Do., 86th sort, 1st quality	10
Do., 87th sort, 1st quality	10
Do., 88th sort, 1st quality	10
Do., 89th sort, 1st quality	10
Do., 90th sort, 1st quality	10
Do., 91st sort, 1st quality	10
Do., 92nd sort, 1st quality	10
Do., 93rd sort, 1st quality	10
Do., 94th sort, 1st quality	10
Do., 95th sort, 1st quality	10
Do., 96th sort, 1st quality	10
Do., 97th sort, 1st quality	10
Do., 98th sort, 1st quality	10
Do., 99th sort, 1st quality	10
Do., 100th sort, 1st quality	10





total value of each line of supply entered is a separate account, the items in which must be detailed, and showing the aggregate value of each entire lot or item. The value quoted by each tenderer shall also be stated in words.

4. Each tender must be accompanied by a deposit of 5 per cent. (on Government Promissory notes or Bank receipts) or twenty times of the amount asked against each article. When several articles are included but, one line receipt for the total amount of surety-money will be required. In default of such deposit the tender will be rejected, and will not be received after the time fixed for the opening of tenders. The cash will be returned. This deposit will be returned to successful tenderers immediately and to others as soon as they have lodged the security mentioned in paragraph 3 below.

5. No person making a tender shall be allowed to withdraw his tender and in the event of his so doing his deposit shall be forfeited to Government.

6. The successful tenderer must, within three days from the date of receiving intimations that his tender has been accepted, lodge security, viz., 10 per cent. on the total value of articles, failing which his deposit shall be forfeited to Government.

7. The Government reserves the power of interference and the acceptance of any tender is provisional to acceptance by the Government at any time, within three months of the acceptance by the Superintendent, without reasons being given; for any particular article or any number of articles, supplies made before the date of acceptance not however being affected.

8. No alterations of such will be made in the contract.

9. Bills presented after the delivery of the articles will in general be the Deputy Assistant Quarter Master's bills and charges issued on the Impound Book of bills.

10. No tender for the supply of any article of current supply will be accepted.

11. As per G.O. No. 318, Fuzero, dated the 12th August 1925, provision of a paper in the bills of the tenderer's bills will be provided off to the nearest paper (i.e., halfpence less than half are disregarded and half a pence and over will be taken as a pence); in the case of bills less than 12s they are rounded to the nearest anna (i.e., annas below six pence are disregarded and six pence and above are taken as six annas).

12. A fine not exceeding 10 per cent. of the deposit money will be levied for any infringement of the stipulations of the bill, and if frequently repeated, the contract will be annulled and the security forfeited to Government.

13. The contract must not be signed without the recommendation of the Superintendent; in writing. The tenderer's security will be returned to him immediately on the completion of his contract.

14. The Superintendent reserves to himself the right to decline or accept the tender for any one or more of the articles tendered for by the successful contractor or rejecting tenders is his without assigning any reason for so doing.

15. The successful tenderer will be required to pay the value of the proper stamps duly on the contract. Only non-revenue stamps must be used. (Non-revenue stamps mean the kind of paper used for the registration of documents in a Sub-Registrar's office or District Registrar's office, but not court fees or postage stamps.)

16. Government promissory notes lodged as security money or security deposit for a period of twelve months or less shall not be returned in favour of the Superintendent but shall remain in the name of the depositor. The Government will appreciate as usual the notes as per G.O. No. 2356, dated the 1st

March 1923; authority to that effect being duly entered in the contract or document awarded by the depositor.

17. The bread supplied to the hospital shall be free from alum and yield an acidity equivalent to not more than 5 per cent. and per 100 grammes of loaf. The maximum fall of ash permissible in the case of bread is 0.3 per cent. (calculated in a fine dust sieve, insoluble in dilute hydrochloric acid).

18. Samples of bread, prepared from each tenderer will be subject to analysis by the Director, King Institute, Calcutta, and the final verdict during the contract will be subject to analysis from time to time and the contractor will be liable to a penalty for exceeding the percentages laid down above. This penalty will be subject to the maximum of 10 per cent. of the security, deposited by the contractor.

19. With reference to the stipulations contained in the preceding paragraph 18 the tenderer shall attach a certificate to his schedule or declaration to the following effect:-

"I, the tenderer agree to have the current assay conducted by Government or its Government Promissory notes or Bank receipts or security deposits, in case of my failure to undertake the tender."

20. No article should be supplied to the hospital except on authority signed by the Superintendent or some responsible person authorized by him in writing to do so.

21. If samples submitted are accepted and tender accepted the samples received will be treated as part of the supply. If rejected, the samples will be returned. Tenderers are distinctly to understand that if the tenderer has accepted the liability of the article or articles required, must be in every way equal to the samples lodged in the opinion of the Superintendent or be fixed on this point.

22. The number or quantity ordered in the form of tender or the probable minimum number or quantity which the Superintendent undertakes to require to be supplied, but the contractor will be liable on a signature to supply such larger number or increased quantity, as the Superintendent may require him to supply. The Superintendent does not bind himself to receive the full number or quantity noted in the schedule.

23. Contractors are requested not to quote fractions of a pie in their contract rates.

24. All contracts will be subject to the testing of samples from time to time and the imposition of penalties, if articles of inferior quality are supplied.

#### SCHEDULE

Items and description of article.	Unit, measure.	Particulars required.
Barley, pearl, loose .. ..	.. ..	16
Coffee, oil and dry .. ..	.. ..	212
Condensed milk and well skated .. ..	.. ..	118
Condensed milk, full cream .. ..	.. ..	18
Tea, first, best, without dust, and .. ..	.. ..	2,862
Tea, second, best, without dust, and .. ..	.. ..	15
Tea, third, best, without dust, and .. ..	.. ..	303
Tea, fourth, best, without dust, and .. ..	.. ..	563
Oil, in, first, best, and large in size .. ..	.. ..	18
Mustard, country, fine, best, brown, and .. ..	.. ..	40
Paper, first, best, black and dry .. ..	.. ..	26
Paper, first, best, white .. ..	.. ..	226
Paper, delivery, 10 between paper (Terry & Co.), and dry .. ..	.. ..	1,368
Wax, white, superior, standard, two fine .. ..	.. ..	8,064
Wax, white, standard, and well skated .. ..	.. ..	.. ..
Wax, white, best quality .. ..	.. ..	7,696
Wax, white, well skated and well skated .. ..	.. ..	423
Wax, white, first, best .. ..	.. ..	18
Wax, white, and well skated .. ..	.. ..	8
Condensed milk, first, best .. ..	.. ..	18









# **TENDER FOR THE SUPPLY OF DINE ARTICLES, ETC., REQUIRED FOR THE MENTAL HOSPITAL, WALKER, DURING 1907-08.**

Sealed tenders in duplicate will be received by the Superintendent, Mental Hospital, Walker, up to 12 noon on 10th March 1907 for the supply of diet articles, etc., required for the Mental Hospital.

2. No tender will be received after the date and hour specified above.

3. Tenders should be accompanied "Tenders for supply of diet articles, etc., for the Mental Hospital, Walker." Articles required are detailed in the schedule annexed.

4. Separate tenders must be sent in for each group. The prices quoted by each tender should also be appended in series.

5. Each tender must be accompanied by a deposit of the amount asked against each group respectively in Government preliminary notes or bank receipts or current money. In default of such deposit, the tender will be rejected. No cash will be received. This deposit will be returned to unsuccessful tenders immediately and to successful tenders as soon as they begin delivery.

6. The successful tenderer must, within ten days from the date of receiving intimation that his tender has been accepted, begin delivery, or enter an appeal each group, failing which, his deposit will be forfeited to the Government. The successful tenderer must execute a bond of his net for the due performance of his contract.

7. A fine not exceeding 10 per cent of deposit money will be levied for any infringement of the stipulations of the bond and, if frequently repeated, the contract will be annulled and the security will be forfeited to Government.

8. The contract must not be sublet. The security will be returned immediately after completion of the contract.

9. The Superintendent reserves to himself the right to decline any tender without assigning any reason for so doing.

10. Government preliminary notes lodged as current money or security deposit for a period of twelve months or less shall not be ordered over to the Superintendent, but shall remain in the name of the depositor. Government will appropriate or cancel the notes as per G.O. No. 2356, dated 31st March 1900, authority in that effect being duly noted in the contract or other documents executed by the depositor. The tenderer should attach a certificate to that effect.

11. The tenderer, agree to have the current money or security deposit, if in Government preliminary notes or bank receipts, forwarded to Government in case of any failure to undertake the contract.

12. No advance of cash will be made in the construction.

13. No article shall be supplied to the hospital except on authority signed by the Medical Officer or by some responsible person authorized by him.

14. Each tender must be accompanied with samples and, if samples submitted are approved and accepted, tenders are absolutely irrevocable and the articles required must be in every way equal to the approved samples. The opinion of the Superintendent will be final on this point.

15. The articles will have to be handed over to the store-keeper by the tenderer himself or his agent, who will store them in the hospital store room. The articles will be taken to the Mental Hospital, on hospital cartages.

16. The quantity required shows against all articles in groups of the estimated schedule is only a probable one and will be more or less actual requirements. The Superintendent does not hold himself to receive the full quantity stated in the schedule,

17. The Government reserves the power of inspection and the acceptance of any tender by the Superintendent of the hospital or the Surgeon-General is provisional and subject to cancellation by the Government at any time within three months of the acceptance by the Superintendent or the Surgeon-General without assigning any reason.

18. The food supplied to the hospital should be free from acid and yield an energy equivalent to not more than 3 c.c. normal and per 100 grammes of food. The maximum limit of ash permissible in the case of bread is 0.7 per cent (calculated on dried solids) insoluble in dilute hydrochloric acid.

19. Samples of bread received from each tenderer will be subject to analysis by the Public Analyst, King Institute, Calcutta.

20. The food supplied to the hospital from time to time will be subject to analysis and the contractor will be liable to a penalty for exceeding the percentages laid down above. This penalty will be subject to the maximum of 20 per cent of the amount tendered deposited by the contractor.

## **SCHEDULE**

Name of article.	Probable quantity required for 12 months.	Amount deposited, Rs.	Tender money
Bread standard .. 1 lb.	10,000	270	50
Do standard .. "	1,000	25	2
Do .. "	2,500	60	2
Unseasoned wheat meal .. "	5,500	55	2
Corn powder .. "	2,500	50	6
Spices .. "	5,500	50	3
Peas .. "	75,000	25	6
Vegetables .. "	4,000	10	6
Supper .. "	400	5	1
Sugar .. "	400	12	0
Milk .. "	5,000	10	4
Meat .. "	1,500	15	7
Mutton .. "	3,500	30	6
Fish .. "	1,500	10	1
Eggs .. "	25,000	15	8
Curries .. "	100	10	3
Butter .. "	25,000	40	4
Green gram (pea) .. "	2,500	10	2
Beans .. "	2,500	10	2

*S.F.—Milk—Cow not to be used at the hospital, quality of milk not to be less than 20%.*

*Prohibition to be applied to all articles excepted.*

**C. TORADRI,**  
Sd/- Superintendent.

Mental Hospital, Walker,  
1st February 1907.

## **TENDERS FOR BINDING REFORMATION RECORDS—SALAM DISTRICT.**

Tenders are invited from qualified book binders for the execution of the works noted below. Those only who have had the experience in the binding of the reformation records need apply.

*Notes of work and style of binding.*

- (1) Binding of indexes I to IV and annual index, 500 pages each *Bookbinding—Full leather.*
- (2) Rebinding of indexes I to IV and annual index, 500 pages each *Bookbinding—Full leather.*
- (3) Rebinding of old register books I, 2 and 4, 500 pages each *Bookbinding—Full leather.*
- (4) Rebinding of books 2 and 3, 150 pages each *Bookbinding—Full leather.*
- (5) Rebinding of book 3, 150 pages each *Bookbinding—Full leather.*
- (6) Rebinding of books 4 and 5, 500 pages each *Bookbinding—Full leather.*

*Books 2 and 3, 150 pages each with back and corners of leather.*

*Saloon of work and style of binding.*

- (7) Binding of the book 1 (1906 pages) and of the list of translations, and delivery case—Leather back and corners and marbled cover.
- (8) Binding of the French impression registry, 120 pages and delivery—Leather back and corners and marbled cover.
- (9) Settlement registry, with footing pages generally but not exceeding 100—Leather cloth with back and corners of leather.
- (10) Other books of footings was such as Accounts A, B, C, History of office, Impression book, Register of accounts, power of attorney file, etc.—Half advice and marbled.

Every one of the books is to cost for the same should be at the least quality, durable and strong, in which case and less, some should not really books should be used for service, such as the 11th, 12th, 13th, 14th, 15th, 16th, 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th, 21st, 22nd, 23rd, 24th, 25th, 26th, 27th, 28th, 29th, 30th, 31st, 32nd, 33rd, 34th, 35th, 36th, 37th, 38th, 39th, 40th, 41st, 42nd, 43rd, 44th, 45th, 46th, 47th, 48th, 49th, 50th, 51st, 52nd, 53rd, 54th, 55th, 56th, 57th, 58th, 59th, 60th, 61st, 62nd, 63rd, 64th, 65th, 66th, 67th, 68th, 69th, 70th, 71st, 72nd, 73rd, 74th, 75th, 76th, 77th, 78th, 79th, 80th, 81st, 82nd, 83rd, 84th, 85th, 86th, 87th, 88th, 89th, 90th, 91st, 92nd, 93rd, 94th, 95th, 96th, 97th, 98th, 99th, 100th, 101st, 102nd, 103rd, 104th, 105th, 106th, 107th, 108th, 109th, 110th, 111th, 112th, 113th, 114th, 115th, 116th, 117th, 118th, 119th, 120th, 121st, 122nd, 123rd, 124th, 125th, 126th, 127th, 128th, 129th, 130th, 131st, 132nd, 133rd, 134th, 135th, 136th, 137th, 138th, 139th, 140th, 141st, 142nd, 143rd, 144th, 145th, 146th, 147th, 148th, 149th, 150th, 151st, 152nd, 153rd, 154th, 155th, 156th, 157th, 158th, 159th, 160th, 161st, 162nd, 163rd, 164th, 165th, 166th, 167th, 168th, 169th, 170th, 171st, 172nd, 173rd, 174th, 175th, 176th, 177th, 178th, 179th, 180th, 181st, 182nd, 183rd, 184th, 185th, 186th, 187th, 188th, 189th, 190th, 191st, 192nd, 193rd, 194th, 195th, 196th, 197th, 198th, 199th, 200th, 201st, 202nd, 203rd, 204th, 205th, 206th, 207th, 208th, 209th, 210th, 211th, 212th, 213th, 214th, 215th, 216th, 217th, 218th, 219th, 220th, 221st, 222nd, 223rd, 224th, 225th, 226th, 227th, 228th, 229th, 230th, 231st, 232nd, 233rd, 234th, 235th, 236th, 237th, 238th, 239th, 240th, 241st, 242nd, 243rd, 244th, 245th, 246th, 247th, 248th, 249th, 250th, 251st, 252nd, 253rd, 254th, 255th, 256th, 257th, 258th, 259th, 260th, 261st, 262nd, 263rd, 264th, 265th, 266th, 267th, 268th, 269th, 270th, 271st, 272nd, 273rd, 274th, 275th, 276th, 277th, 278th, 279th, 280th, 281st, 282nd, 283rd, 284th, 285th, 286th, 287th, 288th, 289th, 290th, 291st, 292nd, 293rd, 294th, 295th, 296th, 297th, 298th, 299th, 300th, 301st, 302nd, 303rd, 304th, 305th, 306th, 307th, 308th, 309th, 310th, 311th, 312th, 313th, 314th, 315th, 316th, 317th, 318th, 319th, 320th, 321st, 322nd, 323rd, 324th, 325th, 326th, 327th, 328th, 329th, 330th, 331st, 332nd, 333rd, 334th, 335th, 336th, 337th, 338th, 339th, 340th, 341st, 342nd, 343rd, 344th, 345th, 346th, 347th, 348th, 349th, 350th, 351st, 352nd, 353rd, 354th, 355th, 356th, 357th, 358th, 359th, 360th, 361st, 362nd, 363rd, 364th, 365th, 366th, 367th, 368th, 369th, 370th, 371st, 372nd, 373rd, 374th, 375th, 376th, 377th, 378th, 379th, 380th, 381st, 382nd, 383rd, 384th, 385th, 386th, 387th, 388th, 389th, 390th, 391st, 392nd, 393rd, 394th, 395th, 396th, 397th, 398th, 399th, 400th, 401st, 402nd, 403rd, 404th, 405th, 406th, 407th, 408th, 409th, 410th, 411th, 412th, 413th, 414th, 415th, 416th, 417th, 418th, 419th, 420th, 421st, 422nd, 423rd, 424th, 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Schedule.	
Description of item.	Period at least.
Ploughs .. ..	1st April to 30th September 1927
Discs .. ..	Do. do.
Iron bars .. ..	First year do.
Wearers .. ..	30th April to 30th October 1927.
Churns .. ..	Two years.
Harrows .. ..	1st April to 30th September 1927.

**CONTRACTS OF SALE.**

Intending successful deposit a sum of Rs. 2 before the commencement of the auction. It will be returned at the close in the unsuccessful bidders. The highest bidder shall be the purchaser, but in the case of disputes the right will be maintained at the discretion of the auctioneer.

As soon as the bid is knocked down, the successful bidder shall pay down 50 per cent of the purchase money the balance being payable within eight days thereafter. Failure of this will constitute the right being maintained at the risk of the original purchaser who will be required to make good any loss sustained by the auctioneer.

The sale shall be subject to the approval of the Principal and the payment will take effect from the date on which the same deed is executed by the Principal.

No damage should be done either to the trees or to the branches except in the case of poles and date trees from which the leaves can be cut without injuring the life of the tree, leaving not less than seven leaves to remain on each tree.

**G. MAGARATHAM AYYAR,**  
Acting Principal

College of Engineering, Guindy,  
28th January 1927.

**TENDER FOR IRONY.**

Success tenders are invited for the following lot of iron noted in the schedule below —

Schedule.		Approximate weight.	
Lot number.	Feet. Plank.	Lb.	Tons.
I .. ..	1 .. ..	100	10
II .. ..	1 .. ..	40	4
III .. ..	1 .. ..	20	2
IV .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
V .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
VI .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
VII .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
VIII .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
IX .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
X .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
XI .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
XII .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
XIII .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
XIV .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
XV .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
XVI .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
XVII .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
XVIII .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
XIX .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
XX .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
XXI .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
XXII .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
XXIII .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
XXIV .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
XXV .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
XXVI .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
XXVII .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
XXVIII .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
XXIX .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
XXX .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
XXXI .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
XXXII .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
XXXIII .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
XXXIV .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
XXXV .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
XXXVI .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
XXXVII .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
XXXVIII .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
XXXIX .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
XL .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
XL I .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
XL II .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
XL III .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
XL IV .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
XL V .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
XL VI .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
XL VII .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
XL VIII .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
XL IX .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
XL X .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
XL XI .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
XL XII .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
XL XIII .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
XL XIV .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
XL XV .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
XL XVI .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
XL XVII .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
XL XVIII .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
XL XIX .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
XL XX .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
XL XXI .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
XL XXII .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
XL XXIII .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
XL XXIV .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
XL XXV .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
XL XXVI .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
XL XXVII .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
XL XXVIII .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
XL XXIX .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
XL XXX .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
XL XXXI .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
XL XXXII .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
XL XXXIII .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
XL XXXIV .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
XL XXXV .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
XL XXXVI .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
XL XXXVII .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
XL XXXVIII .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
XL XXXIX .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
XL XL .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
XL XL I .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
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XL XL III .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
XL XL IV .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
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XL XL X .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
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XL XL XIII .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
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XL XL XXXVIII .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
XL XL XXXIX .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
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XL XL XL III .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
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XL XL XL XVI .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
XL XL XL XVII .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
XL XL XL XVIII .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
XL XL XL XIX .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
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XL XL XL XXIV .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
XL XL XL XXV .. ..	1 .. ..	10	1
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which, has applied to the said Court to be adjudged an insolvent and any of his creditors who wishes to oppose the said petition may appear either in person or by pleader before the said Court at 10 a.m. on 26th February 1927 and oppose.

P. E. KRISHNAMACHARIYAR,  
*Pleader for Defendant.*

Chingaput, 27th January 1927.

No. 4 of 1925 (M.P. No. 36 of 1927),  
Sas Courts, CHINGAPOUT.

Vallabai Pillai, son of Sundaram Pillai of Perungudi village, *Indapet taluk—Indapet (Puducherry).*  
Kurus Pillai and others—*Quanto-genitorem (Creditors).*

Notice is hereby given that the above petition has applied to this Court for his discharge at the instance of his creditors and that the said application is fixed for notice on 16th March 1927.

O. R. KRISHNASWAMI,  
*Pleader.*

Chingaput, 29th January 1927.

No. 6 of 1926, T.M.C. NARAYAN.

Chingaputty Parthala and another of Thalabale Municipality taluk—*Puducherry (Debtors)*  
Goudan, Pandelacow and four others, *Puducherry, Narayana taluk—Narayana (Creditors).*

Notice is hereby given under clause (2) of section 11 of Act V of 1926 that the above-named petitioners have applied to this Court for adjudging them (petitioners) insolvent and that this petition is posted on 22nd February 1927. Any person desiring to oppose the same may appear either in person or by pleader before this Court on the above date.

K. KRISHNACHARI, *Pleader.*

No. 14 of 1924 (M.P. No. 515 of 1926),  
Sas Courts, PALLANUR.

M. Govinda Reddy—*Puducherry.*  
Velupillai Vallabai and others—*Narayana.*

Notice is hereby given that the above-named petitioners have applied to this Court for an order of a *decree* *quarto-genitorem*, that the petition is posted on 21st February 1927, and that any person wishing to oppose the same may do so on or before the said date.

K. P. MADHAVAN SASTRI,  
*Pleader for Plaintiff.*

Pallah, 1st February 1927.

No. 5 of 1925, S.M.C., TIRAVANMI.

Mahomed Hussain Reddy—*Puducherry.*  
Mutha Chetti and others—*Representatives.*

Notice is hereby given that the above-named defendant has applied to this Court for his discharge at the instance of his creditors and that the said application is fixed for notice on 16th March 1927. Any person desiring to oppose the same may appear either in person or by pleader before this Court on the above date.

K. SHANMUKHAM PILLAI,  
*Pleader for Plaintiff.*

Tiravani, 26th January 1927.

Notice is hereby given that the above-named defendant has applied to this Court for his discharge at the instance of his creditors and that the said application is fixed for notice on 16th March 1927. Any person desiring to oppose the same may appear either in person or by pleader before this Court on the above date.

P. R. RANGA RAO,  
*Pleader.*

Guntur, 2nd February 1927.

Notice is hereby given that the above-named defendant has applied to this Court for his discharge at the instance of his creditors and that the said application is fixed for notice on 16th March 1927. Any person desiring to oppose the same may appear either in person or by pleader before this Court on the above date.

D. VENKATESWARA RAO,  
*Pleader for Plaintiff.*

Guntur, 3rd February 1927.

Notice is hereby given that the above-named defendant has applied to this Court for his discharge at the instance of his creditors and that the said application is fixed for notice on 16th March 1927. Any person desiring to oppose the same may appear either in person or by pleader before this Court on the above date.

M. KRISHNASWAMI SASTRI,  
*Pleader for Plaintiff.*

Tiruchirappalli, 27th January 1927.

Notice is hereby given that the above-named defendant has applied to this Court for his discharge at the instance of his creditors and that the said application is fixed for notice on 16th March 1927. Any person desiring to oppose the same may appear either in person or by pleader before this Court on the above date.

K. RAJAGOPALACHARIYAR,  
*Pleader for Plaintiff.*

Tiruchirappalli, 28th January 1927.

#### ESTATE OF RICHARD HOWARD HUTCHCOCK (DECEASED).

The Administrator-General of Madras hereby gives notice that he is administering from the 29th day of January the estate of Richard Howard Hutchcock of Fort-st. George near Canterbury in the County of Kent; and of Madras last now deceased under Letters of Administration granted to him on the 21st day of January 1927 by the High Court of Madras and that all persons having claims against the said estate or otherwise, must of him, legatee or in any other manner whatsoever should prefer their claims to the said Administrator-General on or before the 1st day of April 1927 after which date he will proceed to make a distribution of the assets of the said estate and will recognize in such distribution only such claims as he shall have previously been established to his satisfaction.

H. D. CORMISH,  
*Administrator-General.*

Madras, 29th January 1927.

TUTICORIN PORT TRUST.

AUDIT REPORT ON THE WORKS EXPENDITURE FOR THE YEAR 1925-26 (BY THE ACCOUNTANT-GENERAL, MADRAS).

*Capital Account financed from Loan Funds.*—While a loan of Rs. 5 lakhs at 5½ per cent interest was taken during the year 1925-26, only Rs. 2,10,592 was actually spent on Capital works. The distribution of this sum was as follows:—

Works	Rs.
Establishment .. .. .	98,418
Tools and Plant .. .. .	29,656
Repairs .. .. .	71,014
Surveys .. .. .	11,512
Total .. .. .	2,10,592

2. Schedule A gives the actual expenditure together with the original budget estimate, the revised estimate and the final estimate for the year for each work. It also shows the total expenditure incurred on each work to the end of 1925-26 as against the sanctioned estimate to date.

3. The actual expenditure during the year fell short of the final appropriation by Rs. 19,934. This is a net figure, there being savings and excesses in some items.

(a) The largest savings occurred in items 18 (5), 21, 22, 29 and 31 and the reasons given by the Executive Engineer, Tuticorin Harbour Works Division, are noted below:—

Item number.	Savings.	Reasons.
	Rs.	
18 (5)	1,183	Due to the work having been completed in March 1926 with savings in the sanctioned estimate.
21	1,222	Due to profits realised at the end of the year on account of revision of India Office charges.
22	21,170	Due to the final instalment of cost of the dredger "St. George" not having been passed on for adjustment during the year.
29	1,327	Due to less expenditure on Miscellaneous items.
31	4,308	Due to savings on the above items.

(b) There were excesses under items 5, 6, 16 and 25. The largest excess was in items 5 and 6, and the Executive Engineer explained that it was due to heavy and unforeseen repairs to Locomotives at the end of the financial year.

4. *Revenue Account.*—Schedule B summarises the revenue account while schedule C gives the details of the actual expenditure on revenue account and compares them with the original and revised appropriations.

5. The actual expenditure was less than the revised appropriation by Rs. 77,186. Not inconsiderable savings occurred in items 1, 2, 11, 13, 18 and 15 of schedule C. The reasons assigned by the Executive Engineer are noted below:—

Item number.	Savings.	Reasons.
	Rs.	
1	5,444	Due to less estimate of work.
2	1,110	The appropriation was a lump sum provision. As the repairs were carried out at the end of the year it was too late to surrender the unexpended balance.
11	537	Savings in the sanctioned estimate. As the work was completed in March 1926, savings could not be realised.
12	9,719	A quantity of timber ordered to be supplied in March 1926 was not taken delivery of, as it was not immediately required for use.
13	42,629	
15	7,949	This represents excess expenditure during the year and is due to the transfer of the protracted share of the expenditure on bridge work.

No explanation has been given by the Executive Engineer for the large savings in item 13 and the reasons given in the case of other items are not uniformly satisfactory.

6. *Surveys items 2.*—The facts of this account are as noted below:—

Year.	Rs.	Misellaneous charges.	Total.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1924-25 .. .. .	2,558	425	2,983
1925-26 .. .. .	15,697	1,492	17,189

The sanctioned reserve fund for stock was Rs. 25,000 (G.O. No. 24, Finance (Marine), dated 14th January 1925). The stock articles at the end of March 1926 were valued on 1st, 12th, 19th, 17th and 11th April 1926 by Mr. E. Thompson, Assistant Executive Engineer, and articles,

found surplus in the value of Rs. 12-9-1 were taken to stock. The balance of this account includes Rs. 1,452 representing workshop charges related to this head pending attention to works concerned. This amount has now been adjusted in the accounts for the year 1926-27.

7. *Tools and plant*.—The stock of tools and plant at the end of September 1925 was verified by the following officers on the dates noted against them:—

Mr. R. Thompson, Assistant Executive Engineer (Civil)—11th December 1925 and 14th January 1926.

Mr. L. C. Holland, Assistant Executive Engineer (Mechanical)—2nd, 11th and 14th December 1925.

Some articles were found short and these were either replaced in kind or the value ascertained in cash from the parties responsible for the loss.

8. *Materials at the site of works*.—Materials worth about Rs. 71,207 were reported to be at the site of works at the end of March 1926 and to have been verified by the undersigned officers on the dates noted. No discrepancies were reported to have been found:—

Name of work	Value of materials at the site at the end of March 1926	Name of the officer by whom verified	Date of verification.
(i) Dredging and depositing by dredger the "St. David".	Rs. 70,979	Mr. A. E. Narayanan, Foreman.	24th February 1926. Verified at the time of taking charge. Not verified at the close of the year.
(ii) Digger dredger delivery and erection.	302	Mr. R. Thompson, Assistant Executive Engineer (Civil).	24th April 1926.
(iii) Constructing auxiliary buildings to Executive Engineer's office and quarters.	7		
(iv) Constructing a dry dock.	50	Do.	26th April 1926.

It is desirable that item (i) should, under paragraph 315 of the Madras Public Works Department Code, be verified by an officer not below the rank of Subdivisional officer as soon as possible.

#### 9. Contractors' balances on works accounts.—

(a) Amount due from contractors on account of Port Trusts' materials issued and services rendered .. .. .	Rs. 191
(b) Amount due to contractors .. .. .	191

The items are all current.

10. *Cash held under objects*.—The cash held under objects and stored during the year are shown below:—

	Amount held under objects.	Amount stored.	Balance at the end of the year.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Wast of estimate .. .. .	57,756	57,756	..
Excess over estimate .. .. .	1,23,917	1,23,917	..
Wast of appropriation .. .. .	6,200	6,200	..
Excess over appropriation .. .. .	24,068	24,180	6,212
Miscellaneous irregularities .. .. .	27	27	..

The outstanding items were brought to the notice of the Harbour Engineer-in-Chief to Government and of Government, and out of Rs. 4,216 (excess over appropriation) the Government repaid sum of Rs. 4,181 in G.O. B. No. 65, Finance (Madras), dated 29th October 1925.

11. *Gravel reserves*.—Some cases of financial irregularities were reported to Government in this office Nos. W. 4-2341 T.H., dated 2nd October 1925 and W. 4-2346 T.H., dated 2nd October 1925, and orders passed in G.O. M. No. 70, Finance (Madras), dated 5th January 1926 and 464, dated 7th December 1925.

12. The accounts of the Executive Engineer, Tuticorin Harbour Works Division, were reported in June 1925 and were found not to be satisfactory. They were inspected again in June 1926 and this time the state of the accounts showed signs of improvement.



## SCHEDULE A—cont.

Accounts for 1925-26—Detailed amount of expenditure on capital works,  
Tutoria Port Trust—cont.

Item number in the schedule	Name of work.	1925-26.				Owing to end of previous year.	Owing to end of 1925-26.	Total amount incurred.	Amount actually paid by the Harbour Engineering Fund.
		Original appropriation.	Revised appropriation.	Final appropriation.	Costing.				
26	Railway track .. ..	2,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	40,000	12,000	40,000	..
27	Harbour Works .. ..	..	2,000	1,000	700	2,000	5,110	2,000	..
28	Water lock, new top, new bottom, etc. .. ..	..	20,000	20,000	20,000	7,110	21,000	21,000	10,000
29	Plant for lifting and repair shop .. ..	..	2,000	2,000	1,000	10,000	17,000	10,000	10,000
30	Machinery for lifting machinery of plant .. ..	4,000	2,000	12,000	10,000	8,000	21,000	10,000	10,000
31	Building plant .. ..	27,000	28,000	10,000	10,000	3,000	12,000	10,000	..
32	Constructing dry dock at Black Island .. ..	..	..	1,000	3,000	..	8,000	10,000	..
33	Staff for six years .. ..	60,000	60,000	20,000	20,000	70,000	1,00,000	1,00,000	..
34	Two per cent on plant supplied through India Office .. ..	..	500	500	..	..	8,000	8,000	..
35	One per cent on all items except class 34 in the schedule .. ..	1,000	4,000	2,000	2,000	10,000	30,000	30,000	..
	Balance brought in Capital account .. ..	..	..	..	30	..	10	..	..
	Total .. ..	8,00,000	1,00,000	1,00,000	1,00,000	1,00,000	1,00,000	1,00,000	..
	Expenses .. ..	..	..	..	10,000	..	..	..	..
	Grand total .. ..	8,00,000	1,00,000	1,00,000	1,00,000	..	..	..	..

\* Revised estimate for Rs. 1,00,000 was sanctioned in G.O. No. 541, dated 21st June 1925.  
Amount not yet expended in 1925-26.

From 1 to 10—Dry dock .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
From 11 to 20—Tide and plant .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
From 21 to 30—Expenses .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Expenses .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

## SCHEDULE B.

Accounts for 1925-26—Statement showing the revenue realized and expenditure incurred and accounted for in the accounts of the Executive Engineer, Tutoria Harbour Works, as "Revenue account", Tutoria Port Trust.

Revenue.				Expenditure.		
1925-26.				1925-26.		
Original estimate.	Revised estimate.	Actual.		Original appropriation.	Revised appropriation.	Actual.
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Particulars.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
..	..	1,000	Salaries of staff .. ..	..	..	..
..	..	500	Salaries of staff .. ..	..	..	..
..	..	500	Salaries of staff .. ..	..	..	..
..	..	1,000	Total .. ..	..	..	..
			Expenditure .. ..	..	..	..
			Engineering and maintenance .. ..	1,00,000	1,00,000	1,00,000





**ABSTRACT of the MEAN METEOROLOGICAL CONDITIONS of MADRAS in 1925**  
compared with the average of past years.

	Mean value of 1925.	25-Mean value.	Average
Atmospheric pressure reduced to sea level and gravity	29.724	29.905 inches	29.724
Temperature of air	87.4	87.0	87.1
Do. of exposure	76.7	77.0	76.5
Percentage of humidity	73	71	72.0
Exposure in shade	82.2	78	80.0
Exposure in shade	75.8	75	75.7
Do. on grass	73.8	74	73.8
Rainfall in inches on 47 days	31.42	17.96 inches	42.22
General direction of wind	S. E. by E.	1 pt. East.	S. E.
Daily velocity in miles	141	30 below	271
Percentage of cloudy sky	46	5 above	46
Do. of bright sunshine	94.7	97	94.0

**DURATION and QUANTITY of the Wind from different points.**

From	Hours	Miles	From	Hours	Miles	From	Hours	Miles	From	Hours	Miles
North.	399	3914	East.	89	516	South.	76	474	West.	35	63
N. by E.	304	1858	E. by S.	164	781	S. by W.	64	368	W. by N.	15	47
N. N. E.	407	2178	S. E. by E.	414	1347	S. S. W.	173	1071	W. N. W.	40	218
N. E. by E.	123	768	S. E. by S.	368	1407	S. W. by S.	83	527	S. W. by W.	47	566
N. E.	422	156	S. E.	388	1458	S. W.	46	292	N. W.	54	489
N. E. by S.	383	837	S. by S.	529	2028	S. W. by W.	56	365	N. W. by N.	110	759
S. S. E.	226	1150	S. S. E.	477	1254	W. S. W.	43	400	S. S. W.	215	1171
E. by S.	46	530	S. by E.	268	982	W. by S.	28	118	S. by W.	238	1217

There was 16 calm hours during the year (May to August excluded for want of data). The resultant corresponding to the above numbers is represented by an S. E. wind, blowing with a uniform daily velocity of 32.4 miles.

**Winds Summary.**—The following is a summary of the meteorological conditions at Madras during the year 1925:—

**Pressure.**—The mean monthly pressure was above normal from January to May and below normal in the remaining months, the greatest excess being 0.007 inch in April and the greatest defect 0.004 inch in December. The highest pressure recorded was 30.142 inches on January 19th and the lowest 29.923 inches on August 7th.

**Temperature.**—The mean temperature of the air was above normal in all the months except December, the greatest excess being 3.4° F. in June. The highest shade temperature was 116° F. on June 2nd and the lowest 76° F. on December 17th. The lowest minimum on 21st, viz. 51° F., also occurred on December 17th.

**Humidity.**—The percentage of humidity was normal in February, March, May and October, below normal in April, June, August and December and above normal in other months. The driest day in the year was February 19th, when the humidity was as low as 34.

**Wind.**—The average wind velocity was in defect of the normal on all the months of the year.

**Cloud.**—The amount of cloud was normal in April, below normal in February, March and June and above normal during the rest of the year.

**Sunshine.**—The percentage of bright sunshine was in excess of the average in February, April, June, July, September and October. It was in defect in the remaining months. The total number

of hours of bright sunshine was 945.1 as against 939.3 during the previous year.

**Rainfall.**—Rainfall was slightly above the average in January and August and below in all other months. The greatest defect was 4.12 inches in December. The total rainfall of the year was only 31.42, which is 17.96 inches in defect of the normal. The heaviest rainfall from October 13th to the end of the year was 36.36 inches against an average of 30.96. The heaviest fall on any one day was 4.82 inches on November 21st.

**General.**—The outstanding feature of the year's meteorology were the deficient rainfall and the abnormally high temperatures that persisted throughout the year and particularly in the summer months.

As mentioned above, the year's rainfall was in defect of the normal by 17.96 inches.

For the first time in the year, the maximum temperature in the shade went above 100° F. on May 23rd, when it reached 101°. From this date, temperatures above 100° were recorded continuously up to 29th June, with hardly any break worth mentioning. The nearest approach to such conditions is furnished in the year 1912, when temperatures above 100° were recorded continuously from May 16th to June 1st. The maximum temperature in that year reached 102° F. on May 26th. This is the highest on record at the Observatory.

A. S. KARAYANA ATYAL,  
Assistant Meteorologist.

Madras, 7th February 1926.



# THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE.

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## Part III—Proceedings of the Madras Legislature

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 Bill No. 2 of 1927—Madras Provisional of Administration (Amendment)—Tamil, English and Malayalam.

**Bill to be introduced in the Council of the Governor of Fort St. George for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations**

Under rule 15 of the Madras Legislative Council Rules, the following Bill, together with the Statement of Objects and Reasons, is published for general information :—

**BILL No. 5 OF 1927.**

*A Bill to amend the criminal law in force in the Presidency of Madras.*

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend the criminal law in force in the Presidency of Madras so as to deal more effectively with pilfering in specified areas; AND WHEREAS the previous sanction of the Governor-General has been obtained under sub-section (3) of section 60-A of the Government of India Act to the passing of this Act; It is hereby enacted as follows :—

1. (1) This Act may be called the Madras Pilferage Prevention Act, 1927.

IV-1

(a) It shall extend only to such local areas and apply only to such substances, products or articles as the Local Government may, by notification, specify.

Such notification shall be laid on the table of the Legislative Council as soon as may be after it is made.

2. On this Act being extended to the town of Madras, section 6 of the Madras City Police Act, 1888, shall stand repealed. Stat. II  
of 1918

Penalties of  
not exceeding  
with articles  
stolen or  
fraudulently  
obtained.

3. (1) Whoever has in his possession, or conveys in any manner, any such substance, product or article within such local area which there is reason to believe has been stolen or fraudulently obtained, shall, if he fails to account satisfactorily for his possession of the same, be liable to fine which may extend to one hundred rupees, or to imprisonment for a term which may extend to three months.

(2) If any person charged under sub-section (1) declares on inquiry that he received such substance, product or article from some other person, or that he was employed as a carrier, agent or servant to convey such substance, product or article for some other person, the Magistrate, after such inquiry as he may deem necessary, may summon such person or any other person, through whose possession such substance, product or article is alleged to have passed, to appear before him, and may examine him and any witnesses who are produced to testify to such receipt, employment or passing of possession; and, if after due inquiry it appears to the Magistrate that he had possession of such substance, product or article and had reasonable cause to believe that it was stolen or fraudulently obtained, the Magistrate may punish him with fine which may extend to one hundred rupees, or with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three months.

4. No Magistrate other than a Presidency Magistrate, a Magistrate of the first class or a Magistrate specially empowered by the Local Government in this behalf may take cognizance of or try any offence under this Act.

5. (1) Any Police officer may arrest without a warrant any person who, he has reason to believe, is committing an offence under this Act if—

(a) he does not know the name and address of such person; and

(3) such person, when requested to give his name and address, refuses or gives a name or address which he believes to be false or cannot ascertain to be true; and

(c) such person, when requested to accompany him to a police station, refuses to do so.

(2) No officer of Police below the rank of a sub-inspector may investigate any offence against this Act.

6. Any Magistrate trying any case under this Act may permit the prosecution to be conducted by any Police officer not below the rank of a sub-inspector.

7. Any Police officer who, without reasonable or probable cause, maliciously or unnecessarily, detains any person with any offence under this Act or arrests a person otherwise shall be punished with imprisonment of either description for a term which may extend to six months or with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees or both. The Magistrate may direct that, out of the fines collected, compensation be made to the person improperly arrested or charged with the offence.

#### STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

For over forty years the trading and manufacturing community has been held to thefts in parts between godown and ship, thefts on railways to goods yards and on goods trains and thefts in workshops and other places where large bodies of workmen are employed. Urged by the established demands of Railways, Harbour Boards, trading firms and the Director of Industries, and also realising the danger to the public, the Government have decided to amend the criminal law in force in the Province of Malacca on the lines of Burma Act No. 11 of 1922. The difference between this special law and the existing law is that, whereas under the latter a person can be convicted of theft property and yet on a suspicion of being in possession of stolen property and not before any Magistrate, under the new law he can only be put before a Resident Magistrate, a Magistrate of the first class or a Magistrate specially empowered by the Local Government in this behalf; but whereas under the existing law the prosecution has to prove that the property found on him was stolen by means of a witness who can identify the actual property as his, under the new law, if the property found on the suspect while the prosecution, theft is stolen property, the onus is on him to show where he got it from. The cases of passing stolen possessions are

sharply been drawn on the accused in the Madras Coffee-stamping Prevention Act, 1878, the Madras Forest Act, 1882, the Madras Abkari Act, 1883, the Madras Salt Act, 1880, the Mysore Mines Act, the South African Bitter Disinfectants Act and other Acts. The Bill also contains provision for safeguarding against any venal prosecution without any reasonable or probable cause.

G. P. RAMASWAMI AYYAR.

21st January 1927.

### Act of the Local Legislature of Madras.

In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (3) of section 84 of the Government of India Act, the following Act of the Local Legislature of Madras having been enacted by the Governor-General on the 19th January 1927 is hereby published for general information:—

#### ACT No. II OF 1927

*An Act to provide for the better administration and governance of certain Hindu religious endowments and to remove certain doubts as to the legality of the action taken and things done under the Madras Hindu Religious Endowments Act, 1925.*

Enacted

WHEREAS it is expedient to provide for the better administration and governance of certain Hindu religious endowments described hereunder;

AND WHEREAS certain doubts have been raised as to the validity of the action taken and things done under the Madras Hindu Religious Endowments Act, 1925;

Madras Act  
I of 1925.

AND WHEREAS certain legal proceedings have been commenced in the High Court of Judicature, Madras, and certain courts subordinate thereto, questioning the said action and things;

AND WHEREAS it is expedient to remove those doubts and to validate the said action and things;

AND WHEREAS the previous sanction of the Governor-General has been obtained to the passing of this Act;

It is hereby enacted as follows:—

Enacted

1. This Act may be called the Madras Hindu Religious Endowments Act, 1926.

2. This Act extends to the whole of the Presidency towns of Madras except the Presidency town and applies, save as hereinafter provided, to all Hindu public religious endowments.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this Act, Hindu public religious endowments do not include Jain religious endowments.

3. (a) The Local Government may, after consulting the Board, exempt any such endowment from the operation of all or any of the provisions of this Act or vary, alter or cancel such exemption.

(b) The Local Government may, by notification, extend to Jain religious endowments the provisions of this Act and of any rules framed thereunder, and may declare such extension to be subject to such restrictions and modifications as they think fit.

Provided that before issuing such notification the Local Government shall publish in the Port St. George Gazette a notice of their intention to do so, fix a reasonable period for the persons interested in the endowments concerned to show cause against the issue of such notification and consider their objections, if any.

4. Nothing in this Act shall apply to any math or temple whose average annual gross income including income from endowments connected therewith for a period of five years immediately preceding the commencement of this Act was less than five hundred rupees in the case of maths and two hundred and fifty rupees in the case of temples.

Provided that the Local Government may, at any time, issue a notification declaring that all or any of the provisions of this Act shall apply to any such math or temple.

5. Nothing in this Act shall be construed to affect, or bring at in any way derogate from, the powers in respect of religious endowments which the Advocate-General may exercise under sub-section (3) of section 114 of the Government of India Act.

6. The Madras Hindu Religious Endowments Act, 1921 (hereinafter referred to as 'the said Act') is hereby repealed.

Validation of  
action taken  
under existing  
Act of 1912

7. (i) All action taken and all things done including the constitution of the Board of Commissioners for Hindu Religious Endowments, the notifications issued and orders made under and in pursuance of the said Act shall be deemed to have been validly taken, done, issued or made.

(ii) All proceedings taken under the said Act may be continued under that Act in so far as they are not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act.

(iii) Any remedy by way of application, suit or appeal which is provided by this Act shall be available in respect of proceedings under the said Act pending at the time of the commencement of this Act as if the proceedings in respect of which the remedy is sought had been instituted under this Act.

Repeal of  
enactments.

8. The Religious Endowments Act, 1863, and the Hindu Endowments and Easements Regulation, 1877, so far as they apply to Hindu religious endowments to which this Act applies, are hereby repealed.

Petitioner.

9. In this Act, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context—

Board.

(1) 'Board' means the Board as constituted under section 10.

Committee.

(2) 'Committee' means a committee as constituted under section 21.

Court.

(3) 'Court' means the court of the District Judge within whose local limits jurisdiction exercises jurisdiction or a muth or temple is situated.

Electoral area.

(4) 'Electoral area' means an area containing the electors of a constituency.

Excepted  
temple.

(5) 'Excepted temple' means

(a) a temple which before 1891 was, and since 1893 has continued to be, under the sole management of a trustee whose nomination did not vest in, nor was exercised by, the Government nor was subject to the confirmation of the Government or of any public officer, or

(b) a temple founded since 1892, the right of succession to the office of trustee whereof is hereditary or specially provided for by the founder.

Hereditary  
trustee.

(6) 'Hereditary trustee' means the trustee of a religious endowment, succession to whose office devolves by hereditary right or by nomination by the trustee for the

time being, or is otherwise regulated by usage or is specially provided for by the founder, so long as such scheme of succession is in force.

(7) 'Math' means an institution for the promotion <sup>etc.</sup> of the Hindu religion presided over by a person whose duty is to engage himself in spiritual service or who exercises or claims to exercise spiritual leadership over a body of disciples and successors to whose office devolves in accordance with the directions of the founder of the institution or is regulated by usage; and includes places of religious worship other than a temple or places of religious instruction which are appurtenant to such institution.

(8) 'Non-hereditary trustee' means a trustee who is not a hereditary trustee. Non-hereditary trustee

(9) 'Person having interest' means—

(a) in the case of a math, a disciple of the math or a person of the religious persuasion to which the math belongs, and Person having interest

(b) in the case of a temple, a person who is entitled to attend at the performance of worship or service in the temple or who is in the habit of attending such performance or of partaking in the benefit of the distribution of gifts thereat.

(10) 'Prescribed' means prescribed by the Local <sup>Government</sup> Government by rules made under this Act.

(11) 'Religious endowment' or 'Endowment' means <sup>any</sup> property belonging to, or given or endowed for the support of, math or temple or for the performance of any service or charity connected therewith and includes the premises of math or temple but does not include gifts of property made as personal gifts or offerings to the head of a math or to the archaka or other employees of a temple. Religious endowment

(12) 'Temple' means a place, by whatever designation known, used as a place of public religious worship and dedicated to, or for the benefit of, or used as of right by, the Hindu community, or any section thereof, as a place of religious worship. Temple

(13) 'Trustee' means a person, by whatever designation known, in whom the administration of a religious endowment is vested and includes any person who is liable as if he were a trustee. Trustee



## CHAPTER II.

*Boards of Commissioners.*

Constitution  
of Board

10. (1) The Local Government may, by notification,  
(a) direct the constitution of a Board for the whole  
Presidency or for any specified part thereof,  
(b) vary the strength or territorial jurisdiction of  
any such Board, or  
(c) abolish any such Board:

Provided that not more than one Board shall have  
jurisdiction over the same makh or temple or the endow-  
ments connected therewith:

Provided further that, when the Local Government  
proposes to direct the constitution of more Boards than one  
under this sub-section or to vary or abolish any Board, a  
draft of the notification proposed to be issued shall be  
published in the prescribed manner and laid on the table  
of the Legislative Council and the notification shall not be  
issued unless the Legislative Council by resolution approves  
such draft.

(2) The Local Government may pass such orders as  
they may deem fit as to the transfer or other disposal of  
the assets and liabilities of a Board which is varied or  
abolished.

Strength of  
the Board  
and its  
composition.

11. (1) A Board shall consist of a President and such  
number of other commissioners not being less than two nor  
more than four as the Local Government may fix.

(2) Every Board shall by such name as the Local  
Government may determine be a body corporate and shall  
have perpetual succession and a common seal and shall by  
the said name sue and be sued.

Qualifications  
of members  
and their  
appointment.

12. (1) The commissioners of a Board shall be persons  
professing the Hindu religion,

(2) The President shall be—

(a) a barrister of England or Ireland or a member  
of the Faculty of Advocates in Scotland of not less than  
five years' standing, or

(b) a person having held judicial office not inferior  
to that of a subordinate judge or of a judge of a small  
sessions court, or

(c) a person having been a pleader for a period of  
not less than ten years.

(3) Subject to the provisions of sub-sections (1) and (2), the President and other commissioners of a Board shall be appointed by the Local Government and shall, during their term of office, be deemed to be public servants within the meaning of section 31 of the Indian Penal Code.

13. (1) Every commissioner of a Board other than the President shall be entitled to hold office for five years from the date of his appointment.

(2) The President shall be entitled to hold office for five years from the date of his appointment:

Provided that if on the date of his appointment as President he is a commissioner he shall be entitled to hold office as President only up to the expiry of his term as commissioner.

(3) An outgoing President or commissioner shall, if otherwise qualified, be eligible for reappointment.

14. (1) Every commissioner shall devote his whole time and attention to the duties of his office and shall not, without the sanction of the Local Government, engage in any other profession, trade or business, or stand for election or be appointed as a member of a local body or be a trustee of any religious endowment.

(2) The commissioners shall each receive, out of the funds of the Board, such salary as the Local Government may fix:

Provided that such salary shall not exceed one thousand and two hundred rupees per mensem for a President or eight hundred rupees per mensem for any other commissioner.

15. (1) The Local Government may suspend or remove any commissioner from his office—

(a) if he is convicted by a criminal court of any offence which in the opinion of the Local Government involves moral turpitude;

(b) if he becomes of unsound mind, or a destitute or suffers from contagious leprosy;

(c) if he applies to be adjudicated or is adjudicated as bankrupt or insolvent;

(d) for corruption, misconduct or other sufficient cause.

(2) A commissioner shall cease to hold his office if he ceases to profess the Hindu religion.

Office and  
residence of  
the Board.

16. (1) Every Board shall have an office at such place as the Local Government may fix for the transaction of business.

(2) At meetings of the Board, the President of the Board and in his absence the senior commissioner in order of appointment shall preside.

(3) No business shall be transacted at any meeting unless at least two commissioners are present.

(4) In case of difference of opinion among the commissioners, the question before the Board shall be decided by a majority of votes; and where the votes are equally divided the President or senior member presiding shall have a second or casting vote.

Offices and  
residence of  
the Board.  
Their appoint-  
ment and  
dismissal.

17. Subject to such control as may be prescribed

(a) a Board may from time to time determine the number, designations, grades and scales of salary or other remuneration of its officers and servants; and

(b) the President of the Board shall have the power to appoint and transfer such officers and servants and may fine, reduce, suspend, remove or dismiss them for breach of rules or discipline, for carelessness, inefficiency, neglect of duty or misconduct or other sufficient cause.

Power and  
duties of the  
Board in  
general.

18. Subject to the provisions of this Act and of any scheme settled or deemed to be a scheme settled under this Act,

(1) the general superintendence of all religious endowments within the territorial jurisdiction of a Board shall vest in such Board, and

(2) the Board may do all things which are reasonable and necessary to ensure that mosques and temples are properly maintained and that all religious endowments are properly administered and duly appropriated to the purposes for which they were founded or exist.

Power of  
Board to  
make by-laws.

19. (1) A Board may make by-laws not inconsistent with this Act or the rules made thereunder or with any other law as to—

(a) the division of duties among the President and commissioners of the Board;

(b) the manner in which their decision shall be ascertained otherwise than at meetings;

(c) the procedure and conduct of business at meetings of the Board;

- (d) the delegation of powers of the Board to individual commissioners or committees of commissioners;
  - (e) the security, if any, to be furnished by officers and servants of the Board;
  - (f) the books and accounts to be kept at the office of the Board;
  - (g) the custody and investment of the funds of the Board, committees and trustees;
  - (h) the form and manner of applications to the Board;
  - (i) the details which shall be included in or excluded from the budgets of committees and religious endowments; and
  - (j) generally the conduct of all proceedings and business under this Act.
- (2) No by-law or cancellation or alteration of a by-law made by the Board shall have effect until the same shall have been published for public criticism and thereafter confirmed by the Local Government.
- (3) All by-laws when they shall have been duly confirmed shall be published in the *Fort St. George Gazette* and shall thereupon have the force of law.

### CHAPTER III.

#### *Temple Committees.*

20. (1) The Local Government may, by notification, *Composition, functions and duties of committees.*
- (a) direct the constitution of a committee for any local area or any class or classes of institutions in any local area;
  - (b) vary the strength or the jurisdiction of any committee; or
  - (c) abolish any committee:
- Provided as follows:—
- (i) Not more than one committee shall have jurisdiction over the same temple or the endowments connected therewith.
  - (ii) The Local Government shall, before issuing a notification under clause (b) or clause (c), communicate to the Board and the committee concerned the grounds on which they propose to do so, fix a reasonable period for the Board or committee to show cause against the proposal and consider its explanations and objections, if any.
  - (3) The Board may pass such orders as it may deem fit as to the transfer or other disposal of the assets and liabilities of a committee which is varied or abolished.

- Strength of committee.** 21. A committee shall consist of such number of elected members as may be fixed by the Local Government, such number to be not less than six and not more than twelve.
- Constitution of new committee.** 22. Notwithstanding anything contained in section 21, where the Local Government direct the constitution of a committee for the first time or in place of a committee which has been abolished the members of such new committee shall hold office for such period not exceeding one year as the Local Government may fix and during such period may be all appointed by the Local Government.
- Electoral areas and votes.** 23. (1) For the purpose of election of members, the Local Government shall, for each committee, notify an electoral area.  
(2) A committee may with the approval of the Board divide its electoral area into circles and determine the number of members which each circle shall return.
- Electoral roll.** 24. (1) For every electoral area, an electoral roll showing the names of persons qualified to vote shall once in every three years be prepared and published by such authority and in such manner as may be prescribed.  
(2) Where an electoral area has been divided into circles, the electoral roll shall be divided into parts and one part shall be allotted to each circle.  
(3) Every person whose name appears on the electoral roll published under this section shall, so long as it remains in force, be entitled to vote at an election; and no person whose name does not appear on such roll shall vote at an election.  
(4) Notwithstanding anything contained in subsection (1) an electoral roll once published shall remain in force till the publication of a fresh electoral roll.
- Disqualification and disqualification of electors.** 25. Every person shall be entitled to have his name included in the electoral roll of an electoral area if he professes the Hindu religion and possesses the qualifications prescribed for an elector of such area in part I of schedule I and if he is not subject to any of the disqualifications described in part II of schedule I.
- Disqualification of members and members.** 26. (1) A person shall be disqualified for election or appointment as a member of a committee—  
(a) if his name does not appear on the roll of the electoral area concerned;

(3) if at the date of nomination, election or appointment he is

(i) of unsound mind, a deaf-mute or suffering from contagious leprosy; or

(ii) an undischarged insolvent; or

(iii) already a member of the committee whose term of office will not expire before his first election or appointment can take effect; or

(iv) a trustee or an office-holder or a servant attached to, or in receipt of any emolument or perquisite from a temple over which the committee has jurisdiction.

(2) A person who has been sentenced by a criminal court to transportation or to imprisonment for a period of more than six months (such sentence not having been cancelled or reduced to a period of not more than six months or the sentence not having been pardoned) shall be disqualified for election or appointment as a member of a committee while undergoing the sentence or during the period for which such sentence may have been suspended or in abeyance and for five years from the date of expiration of the sentence:

Provided that the Local Government may direct that such sentence shall not operate as a disqualification.

(3) A member of a committee shall cease to hold his office if he—

(a) is sentenced by a court to such punishment as is described in sub-section (2);

Provided that the Local Government may direct that such sentence shall not operate as a disqualification;

(b) becomes of unsound mind, a deaf-mute or suffers from contagious leprosy;

(c) applies to be adjudicated or is adjudicated a bankrupt or insolvent;

(d) becomes trustee or an office-holder or a servant attached to, or in receipt of any emolument or perquisite from a temple over which the committee has jurisdiction;

(e) ceases to profess the Hindu religion; or

(f) absents himself from the meetings of the committee for three consecutive months, or if three consecutive meetings are not held within that period from three consecutive meetings.

(4) Where a person ceases to be a member under clause (f) of sub-section (3), the president of the committee shall report the fact to the committee at its next

meeting and also intimate the same in writing to such person. If such person applies for restoration within one month of the receipt by him of such intimation from the president, the committee may, at the meeting next after the receipt of such application, restore him to his office as member of the committee:

Provided that a member of a committee shall not be so restored more than twice during his term of office.

Term of  
office of  
members

27. Save as otherwise expressly provided, every member of a committee shall be entitled to hold office for a term of five years from the date when his election or appointment is published in the prescribed manner.

President  
and vice-  
president.

28. (1) Every committee shall elect a president and a vice-president from among its members.

(2) A president or a vice-president shall hold office for three years from the date of his election, unless in the meanwhile he resigns his office as president or vice-president or ceases to be a member of the committee.

(3) When the office of president is vacant, the vice-president shall exercise the functions of a president until a new president assumes office.

Resignation  
of president,  
vice-presi-  
dent and  
members of  
committee.

29. (1) A member of a committee other than the president and a vice-president may resign his office by giving notice in writing to the president and a president may resign his office by giving notice in writing to the committee.

(2) The resignation shall take effect in the case of a member or vice-president from the date of receipt of the notice by the president, and in the case of a president from the date on which it is placed before the committee.

Filling up of  
vacancies.

30. (1) On the occurrence of a vacancy in the office of a member of a committee, a new member shall, subject to the provisions of section 23, be elected in the same manner as his predecessor was elected.

(2) If no member is elected at an election held under sub-section (1), a fresh election shall be held.

(3) If no member is elected at such fresh election, the Local Government may appoint a person to fill the vacancy.

(4) If the office of president is vacant and there is no vice-president, any three members of the committee

may, after giving reasonable notice of not less than seven clear days to the other members, convene a meeting for the election of the president.

(5) An outgoing member, president or vice-president shall, if otherwise qualified, be eligible for re-election or re-appointment.

(6) The election or appointment of a member, president or vice-president shall be notified in the prescribed manner.

31. No act of a committee or of any person acting as president, vice-president or member of such committee shall be deemed to be invalid by reason only of a defect in the establishment or constitution of such committee or on the ground that any member of such committee was disqualified for, or had ceased to hold, such office, or by reason of such act having been done during the period of any vacancy in the office of president, vice-president or member of such committee.

32. Every committee shall, by such name as the Local Government may determine, be a body corporate and shall have perpetual succession and a common seal and shall, by the said name, sue and be sued.

33. (1) The committee may, from time to time, determine the number, designations, grades and scales of salary or other remuneration of its officers and servants.

(2) Subject to such control as the Board may impose, the president of the committee shall have the power to appoint and transfer such officers and servants, and may fine, reduce, suspend, remove or dismiss them for breach of rules or discipline, for carelessness, inefficiency, neglect of duty or misconduct or other sufficient cause.

34. The resolutions of a committee shall be carried into effect by its president in whom the entire executive power of the committee shall, save as hereinafter provided, be vested.

35. Subject to the powers possessed by the Board under section 13 and to the provisions of any scheme notified or deemed to be a scheme notified under this Act, a committee shall be entitled to exercise general superintendence over the temples for which it is constituted.



Power of  
Committee to  
make regu-  
lations.

36. Subject to such control as may be prescribed, a committee may make regulations not inconsistent with this Act or with any rules or by-laws made thereunder in regard to the following matters:—

(a) the time and place of its meetings;  
(b) the manner in which notice thereof shall be given;  
(c) the quorum for the transaction of business at meetings;

(d) the preservation of order and the conduct of proceedings at meetings and the powers which a president may exercise for the purpose of enforcing his decisions;

(e) the manner in which the proceedings of meetings shall be recorded and published;

(f) the division of duties among the president, vice-president and members of the committee;

(g) the delegation of the powers, duties or functions of the committee or its president

(i) to the president or vice-president or a member,

or  
(ii) to a sub-committee of members;

(k) the persons by whom receipts may be granted for money paid to the committee;

(l) the accounts, returns and reports to be submitted by trustees of religious endowments;

(m) the manner in which the decisions of the committee shall be ascertained otherwise than at meetings;

(n) all other similar matters.

Committee  
not to make  
any provision  
for the  
maintenance  
of the place  
of worship.

37. No committee constituted under the provisions of this chapter shall be entitled to exercise any jurisdiction over lands or excepted temples or the trustees thereof.

#### CHAPTER IV.

##### *Religious Endowments in general.*

Provisions  
of nature of  
endowments.

38. (1) For every math and temple a register shall be maintained by the Board showing:—

(a) the names of past and present trustees and particulars as to the custom, if any, regarding succession to the office of trustee;

(b) particulars of all endowments of the math or temple, and all title-deeds and other documents relating thereto;

(c) particulars of the scheme of administration and of the *modus* or scale of expenditure;

(d) the names of all officers to which any salary, emolument or perquisite is attached and the nature, time and conditions of service in each case;

(e) the jewels, gold, silver, precious stones, all vessels and utensils and other moveables belonging to the institution, with their estimated value; and

(f) such other particulars as the Board may fix.

(2) The register shall be prepared, verified and signed by the trustee of the math or temple or by his authorised agent and submitted by him to the Board within such period after the commencement of this Act as the Board may fix:

Provided that a register relating to a temple over which a committee has jurisdiction shall be submitted through the committee which may, after making such inquiry as it may consider necessary, recommend such alterations, omissions or additions to the register as it may think fit.

(3) The Board may, after receiving the register from a trustee, make such inquiry as it may consider necessary and direct that the register be approved with such alterations, omissions or additions as it thinks fit to order.

(4) A copy of the register as approved by the Board shall be furnished to the trustee and to the committee, if any, concerned.

29. (1) The trustee or his authorised agent shall annually scrutinise the entries in the register and shall submit to the Board for its approval a verified statement showing the alterations, omissions or additions required therein.

(2) The Board and the committee, if any, may on receipt of the statement make such inquiry as they think necessary and the Board may by order direct the alterations, omissions or additions which should be made in the register.

(3) A copy of the order under sub-section (2) shall be communicated to the trustee and the president of the committee, if any, concerned and he shall carry out the alterations, omissions or additions ordered by the Board in the copy of the register kept by him.

Can trustee  
of lands and  
his powers.

40. (1) The trustee of every religious endowment is bound to administer its affairs and to apply the funds and properties of such endowment in accordance with the terms of the trust, the usage of the institution and all lawful directions which a competent authority may issue in respect thereof, and as carefully as a man of ordinary prudence would deal with such affairs, funds or properties if they were his own.

(2) A trustee shall, subject to the provisions of this Act, be entitled to exercise all powers incident to the peaceful and beneficial management of the religious endowment and to do all things necessary for the due performance of the duties imposed on him.

Power of  
trustee  
of math or  
temple over  
trustees of  
specific  
endowments

41. The trustee of specific endowments made for the performance of any service or oblation connected with a math or temple shall perform such service or oblation subject to the general superintendence of the trustee of the math or temple and shall obey all lawful orders issued by him.

Hereditary  
trustee.

42. (1) When a vacancy occurs in the office of hereditary trustee of a religious endowment and there is a dispute respecting the right of succession to such office, or

when such vacancy cannot be filled up immediately, or

when a hereditary trustee is a minor and has no legally constituted guardian fit and willing to act as such or there is a dispute respecting the person who is entitled to act as such guardian, or

when a hereditary trustee is by reason of unsoundness of mind or other physical infirmity unable to discharge the functions of the trustee,

the Board in the case of maths and exempted temples and the committee in the case of other temples may appoint a fit person to discharge the functions of the trustee of such endowment, until another trustee succeeds to the office or the disability of the trustee ceases to exist, as the case may be.

Nothing in this sub-section shall be deemed to affect anything contained in the Madras Court of Wards Act, 1902.

Ref. To  
H.C.

(2) In making an appointment under sub-section (1), the Board or committee shall have due regard to the

claims of disciples, if any, in the case of death, and of members of the family, if any, entitled to the succession, in the case of temple.

(5) The person so appointed shall be entitled to exercise all the powers which a trustee could exercise in relation to such endowment.

43. (1) All office-holders and servants attached to a temple or in receipt of any emolument or perquisite from the temple shall be under the orders and control of the trustee; and the trustee may fine, suspend, remove or discharge any of them for breach of trust, incapacity, disobedience of lawful orders, neglect of duty, misconduct or other sufficient cause:

*Appointed trustee or servant of temple.*

Provided that the Local Government may, in respect of any specified hereditary office-holder or servant or class of hereditary office-holders or servants and subject to the provisions of section 19, by order restrict and place under such control as they may think fit the exercise by the trustee of his powers of punishment under this sub-section.

(2) Any office-holder or servant of a temple other than an exempted temple punished by a trustee under sub-section (1) may, within such time as may be prescribed, appeal to the committee whose decision shall in the case of a non-hereditary office-holder or servant be final.

(3) A hereditary office-holder or servant of a temple other than an exempted temple may, within such time as may be prescribed, prefer a further appeal to the Board against the order of a committee on an appeal under sub-section (2) and the decision of the Board shall be final.

(4) Any office-holder or servant of an exempted temple punished by a trustee under sub-section (1) may, within such time as may be prescribed, appeal to the Board whose decision shall be final.

44. Where an endowment for the performance of a charity or service connected with a temple consists merely of a charge on property and there is failure in the due performance of the charity or service by the person responsible, the trustee of the temple may require the person in possession of the property on which the endowment is a charge to pay to the trustee the expenses incurred or likely to be incurred in causing the charity or service to be performed otherwise. In default of such person making

*Endowment of service when failure to perform a charge on property.*

the payment as required by the trustee, the court shall, on the application of the trustee, pass an order for the recovery of the amount and such order may be enforced as if it were a decree of such court:

Provided that where the person in possession of the property on which the endowment is a charge is not the person responsible in law for the performance of the charity or service, and the amount referred to in this section is recovered from the person in possession, the court shall, on the application of such person, pass an order for the recovery of the amount from the person responsible in law and such order may also be enforced as if it were a decree of such court.

Accounts of  
endowments  
and a separate  
account of  
auditors.

45. (1) A Board, a committee and the trustee of a religious endowment shall keep regular accounts of receipts and disbursements.

(2) Such accounts shall be audited annually, or at such other intervals as may be prescribed, by auditors appointed by the Local Government. Auditors so appointed shall be deemed to be public servants within the meaning of section 21 of the Indian Penal Code.

END of B

Submission of  
audit report.

46. After completing the audit the auditor shall submit a report—

(a) to the Local Government in the case of the accounts of a Board,

(b) to the Board in the case of the accounts of a committee, muth or excepted temple, and

(c) to the committee in the case of the accounts of temples over which it has jurisdiction.

Contents of  
the audit  
report.

47. (1) The report of the auditor shall among other things specify all cases of irregular, illegal or improper expenditure, or of failure to recover moneys or other property due to the institution, or of loss or waste of money or other property of the institution caused by neglect or misconduct.

(2) The auditor shall also report on any other matter which the Board or committee may require in respect of any specified religious endowment.

Recovery of  
cost of audit  
from endow-  
ment funds.

48. (1) The cost of auditing the accounts of muths and excepted temples shall be payable out of the funds of the Board and the cost of auditing the accounts of other temples out of the funds of the committee.

(2) If, within the time fixed by the Local Government, the amount is not paid, the Local Government may recover it as if it were an arrear of land revenue.

# CHAPTER V.

## *Temples.*

49. The provisions of this chapter shall not apply to <sup>Chapter not to apply to exempted temples or the trustees thereof.</sup> exempted temples or the trustees thereof.

50. No person may succeed, or be appointed, to the <sup>Trustee to be Hindu</sup> office of trustee of a temple unless he professes the Hindu religion.

51. (1) Subject to the provisions of sub-section (4), <sup>Non-hereditary trustee shall only be appointed after consultation with the committee.</sup> the number of non-hereditary trustees for any temple shall be fixed by the committee, but shall not exceed three.

(2) Non-hereditary trustees shall be appointed by the committee and in making such appointments the committee shall have due regard to the claims of persons belonging to the religious denomination for whose benefit the temple concerned is chiefly maintained.

(3) A non-hereditary trustee shall hold office for five years from the date of the order appointing him, unless in the meanwhile he is removed or dismissed, or his resignation is accepted, by the committee, or he ceases otherwise to be a trustee.

(4) Every non-hereditary trustee lawfully holding office on the date of commencement of this Act shall be deemed to have been duly appointed trustee under this Act to such date, but shall be entitled to hold office only for one year from such date.

52. The trustee of a temple shall be bound to obey <sup>Trustee to obey orders of Board or committee.</sup> all orders issued under the provisions of this Act by the Board or committee or the President of such Board or committee.

53. (1) The committee may suspend, remove or dismiss <sup>Removal and suspension of trustees.</sup> the trustee of a temple—

(a) for persistent default in the submission of budgets, accounts, reports or returns, or

(b) for wilful disobedience of lawful orders issued by the Board or committee, or the President of such Board or committee, or

(a) for any malfeasance, misfeasance, breach of trust, or neglect of duty in respect of the trusts, or

(v) for any misappropriation of, or improper dealing with, the properties of the temple of which he is trustee, or

(e) for unsoundness of mind or other physical infirmity which unfits him for discharging the functions of a trustee.

(2) When the committee proposes to take action under sub-section (1) it shall frame charges against the trustee concerned and give him an opportunity of explanation, of testing the evidence against him and of adducing evidence in his favour and may place the trustee under suspension pending the disposal of the charges framed. The order of suspension, removal or dismissal shall state the charges framed against the trustee, his explanation and the finding of the committee on each charge with the reasons therefor.

(3) A trustee suspended, removed or dismissed under this section may, within three months of the date of the communication of the order of suspension, removal or dismissal, appeal to the Board against such order:

Provided that a hereditary trustee may, in lieu of appealing to the Board, apply within the same period to the court to modify or cancel the order of the committee.

(4) The order of the committee under this section shall, when no appeal is preferred or application made under sub-section (3), be final; and when such appeal is preferred or application is made the order of the Board or the court, as the case may be, shall be final.

Disqualifi-  
cation of  
trustees.

54. (1) A non-hereditary trustee shall cease to hold his office if he—

(a) is sentenced by a court to such punishment as is described in sub-section (2) of section 26 and subject to the proviso contained therein;

(b) applies to be adjudicated or is adjudicated a bankrupt or insolvent; or

(c) ceases to profess the Hindu religion.

(2) A hereditary trustee shall cease to hold his office if he ceases to profess the Hindu religion.

(3) If a hereditary trustee becomes subject to any of the disqualifications described in clauses (a) or clause (b) of sub-section (1), the committee may supersede him and

appoint a fit person to administer the temple until the disability of the trustee ceases to exist or another trustee succeeds to the office.

(4) The Board shall, in case of dispute or doubt, determine whether a trustee is disqualified under this section and its decision shall be final.

55. Subject to the provisions of any scheme settled or deemed to be a scheme settled under this Act—

(1) the trustee of a temple may from time to time submit to the committee proposals for fixing the *fixing of the amount of expenditure in the temple* or scale of expenditure in the temple and the amounts which should be allotted to the various objects or ceremonies connected with such temple or the proportions in which the income or other property of the temple may be applied to such objects or ceremonies.

(2) The trustee shall publish such proposals at the temple and in such other manner as the committee may direct, together with a notice stating that, if within one month from the date of such publication any objection or suggestion is received from any person having interest, the committee will consider such objection or suggestion.

(3) After the expiry of the period fixed under sub-section (2), the committee shall consider the objections or suggestions that may have been received and may pass such orders as it thinks fit on the proposals.

(4) The trustee or any person having interest may within six months of the date of the order passed by the committee under sub-section (3) either appeal to the Board against such order or institute in the court a suit to modify or set aside the same.

If such an appeal is preferred or such a suit is instituted the Board or the court shall give at the expense of the appellant or the plaintiff, as the case may be, notice of the appeal or of the institution of the suit to all persons having interest either by personal service or where from the number of persons or any other cause such service is not reasonably practicable by public advertisement as the Board or court may in each case direct.

(5) Subject to the result of such appeal or suit as is referred to in sub-section (4) the order of the committee shall be final. The order of the Board on appeal shall be final.



(6) The *dates* or *scale* of expenditure for the time being in force in a temple shall not be altered by the trustee except in accordance with the procedure laid down in this section.

Budgets of  
temples.

56. (1) The trustee of every temple shall in each year submit to the committee before such date and in such form as the Board may require, a budget showing the probable receipts and disbursements of the temple and the endowments attached therewith during the following year.

(2) Every such budget shall make adequate provision for the *dates* or *scale* of expenditure for the time being in force and the due discharge of all liabilities in respect of loans.

(3) The committee may within such time after the receipt of the budget as the Board may fix, direct the trustee to make such alterations, omissions or additions in the budget as it may think fit.

(4) The trustee may, within such time as the Board may fix, appeal against the order of the committee under sub-section (3) to the Board whose decision shall be final.

Schemes for  
temple-occupied  
temples.

57. (1) When the Board is satisfied that, in the interests of the proper administration of the endowments of a temple, a scheme of adaptation should be settled, the Board may, after consulting in the prescribed manner the trustee, the committee, if any, and the persons having interest, by order settle a scheme of administration for the endowments of such temple.

(2) The Board may by order and in the manner provided in sub-section (1) modify or cancel a scheme settled under that sub-section.

(3) Every order of the Board under this section shall be published in the prescribed manner.

The trustee or any person having interest may within six months of the date of such publication institute a suit in the court to modify or set aside such order. Subject to the result of such suit every order of the Board shall be final and binding on the committee, the trustee and all persons having interest.

(4) Any scheme of administration which has been settled by a court under this section or which under

section 75 is deemed to be a scheme settled under this Act may, at any time, for sufficient cause be modified or cancelled by the court in a suit instituted by the Board or the trustee or any person having interest, but not otherwise.

58. (1) Vacancies amongst the office-holders or servants of a temple shall be filled up by the trustee in whom the office or service is not hereditary.

(2) In cases where the office or service is hereditary, the next in the line of succession shall be entitled to succeed:

Provided that, if there is a dispute respecting the right of succession in such office or service, or in cases where such vacancy cannot be filled up immediately, or where the person entitled to succeed is a minor without a legally constituted guardian fit and willing to act as such, or where the hereditary office-holder or servant is by reason of unsoundness of mind or other physical infirmity unable to discharge the functions of the office or perform the service, the trustee may appoint a fit person to discharge the duties of the office or perform the service, until another person succeeds to the office or service or the disability of the office-holder or servant ceases to exist, as the case may be.

(3) In making an appointment under the proviso to sub-section (2), the trustee shall have due regard to the claims of members of the family, if any, entitled to the succession.

59. The trustee of every temple shall furnish such accounts, returns, reports or other information relating to the administration of the temple in his charge and at such time and in such form as the committee or Board may require.

60. The president or any member of the committee deputed by him in this behalf may inspect all movable and immovable property belonging to, and all records, correspondence, plans, accounts and other documents relating to any temple, and the trustee of such temple and all officers and servants working under him shall afford to the president or such member such assistance as may be necessary.

## CHAPTER VI.

*Moths and excepted temples.*

The trustees  
of the temple and  
of the  
temple

61. The trustee of every moth and excepted temple shall in each year submit to the Board, before such date and in such form as the Board may require—

(a) a budget showing the probable receipts and disbursements of the following year, and

(b) a statement of the actual receipts and disbursements of the previous year.

Inquiry by  
Board  
into the  
management  
of trustee

62. When the Board has reason to believe that the trustee of a moth or excepted temple has been mismanaging the endowments of such moth or temple or has been spending or alienating them for improper purposes, or when not less than twenty persons having interest make an application to the Board stating that in the interests of the proper administration of such endowments a scheme of administration should be settled, the Board may hold an inquiry which shall be conducted in such manner as may be prescribed.

Persons the  
trustees and  
excepted  
temples

63. (1) If after making the inquiry referred to in section 62 the Board is satisfied that the trustee concerned has mismanaged the endowments of such moth or temple or has spent or alienated them for improper purposes, or that, in the interests of the proper administration of such endowments, a scheme of administration should be settled, the Board may, after consulting in the prescribed manner the trustee and the persons having interest, by order settle a scheme of administration for the endowments connected with such moth or temple.

(2) If in settling a scheme for the administration of the endowments connected with a moth, the Board considers it necessary to associate any person with, or constitute any separate body for participating or assisting in the administration of such endowments, such person shall be a person having interest and such body shall consist exclusively of persons having interest in such moth.

(3) The Board may at any time by order and in the manner provided in sub-section (1) modify or cancel a scheme settled under that sub-section.

(4) Every order of the Board under this section shall be published in the prescribed manner.

The trustee or any person, having interest may within six months of the date of such publication institute a suit in the court to modify or set aside such order.

64. Every order of the Board, under section 63, shall <sup>be subject to the result of any suit which may be instituted under subsection (4) of that section, be final and binding on the trustee and all persons having interest.</sup> <sup>Finality of Board's order</sup>

65. Any release of administration which has been <sup>said by a court under section 63 or which under section 75 is deemed to be a scheme settled under this Act may, at any time, for sufficient cause be modified or cancelled by the court in a suit instituted by the Board or the trustee or any person having interest but not otherwise.</sup> <sup>Modification of release of administration</sup>

# CHAPTER VII.

## Application of Endowment Funds.

66. The trustee of a math or temple may, out of the funds of the endowments in his charge, after satisfying adequately the purposes of the endowments, incur expenditures on arrangements for securing the health, safety, or convenience of disciples, pilgrims or worshippers resorting to such math or temple: <sup>but he may of course expend in any expenditure on health, safety, or convenience of disciples, pilgrims and worshippers.</sup>

Provided that the Board in the case of maths and converted temples and the committee in the case of other temples may, for reasons to be set forth in writing, restrict and place under such control as they may think fit the exercise by the trustee of his discretion under this section.

67. (1) The Board may, after holding an inquiry in such manner as may be prescribed, by order, declare that the purpose of a religious endowment has from the beginning been, or has subsequently become, impossible of realisation or that the machinery for effectuating the original purpose of the endowment has failed or no longer exists, or that after satisfying adequately the purposes of the endowment and after setting apart a sufficient sum for the repair and renovation of the buildings connected with the math or temple or the endowments attached thereto there is a surplus which is not required for such purposes; and may, by such order, direct that the amount of the endowment or such surplus as is declared to be available, as the case may be, be appropriated to religious, educational or charitable purposes not inconsistent with the objects of such math or temple. <sup>or may</sup>

Provided that in the case of <sup>any</sup> endowment founded and maintained by a community the amount of the endowment

or the surplus shall, as far as possible, be utilized for the benefit of the community for the purposes mentioned above.

(2) It shall be competent to the Board when giving a direction under sub-section (1) to determine what portion of such amount or surplus shall be retained as a reserve fund for the math or temple and to direct the remainder to be appropriated to the purposes specified in that sub-section.

(3) The Board may at any time by order and in the manner provided in sub-section (1) rescind or amend an order passed under that sub-section.

(4) The order of the Board under this section shall be published in the prescribed manner. The trustee or any other person having interest may within six months of the date of such publication institute a suit in the court to modify or set aside such order.

Subject to the result of such suit the order of the Board shall be final and binding on the committee, if any, the trustee and all persons having interest.

(5) Any decision of the court under this section may, at any time, for sufficient cause be modified or cancelled by the court in a suit instituted by the Board or the trustee or any person having interest but not otherwise.

## CHAPTER VIII.

### Finance.

Recovery from endowment of expenses incurred by the Board in connection with legal proceedings.

68. All costs and expenses incurred in connection with legal proceedings in respect of any religious endowment in which a Board or committee is a party shall, notwithstanding anything contained in section 74, be payable out of the funds of such endowment.

Annual contribution from endowment made to the Board and committee.

69. (1) Every math and temple shall pay annually for meeting the expenses of the Board such contribution not exceeding one and a half per centum of its income as the Board may determine.

(2) Every temple other than an exempted temple shall pay annually for meeting the expenses of the committee such contribution not exceeding one and a half per centum of its income as the committee may with the approval of the Board determine.

(3) Religious endowments the administration of which is governed by a scheme settled under section 92 of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, shall, notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in such scheme, be liable to pay the contributions under this section.

70. (1) The costs, expenses and contributions payable under sections 48 and 60 shall be assessed on and notified to the trustee of every math and temple in the prescribed manner.

Where the contribution or a portion of the contribution has to be paid by a specific endowment, the same shall be assessed on and notified to the trustee of the specific endowment also.

(2) Such trustee shall, within three months of his receipt of such notice or within such further time as may be granted by the Board or committee, pay out of the funds of the math or temple concerned the amount so demanded to the President of the Board or committee, as the case may be, or to any person authorized by him; and, in default of his doing so, the court shall, on the application of the President of the Board or committee, recover the amount as if a decree had been passed for the amount by the court against the religious endowment concerned.

Provided that the court may for reasonable cause postpone the recovery of the amount or order payment thereof in instalments.

#### CHAPTER IX.

##### Miscellaneous.

71. (1) The Local Government may make rules to carry out all or any of the purposes of this Act not inconsistent therewith.

(2) In particular, and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, they shall have power to make rules with reference to the following matters:—

(a) all matters expressly required or allowed by this Act to be prescribed;

(b) the registration of electors;

(c) the nominations of candidates, the times of election, the mode of recording and counting votes and the declaration and publication of the results of elections;

(d) the conduct of inquiries and the decision of disputes relating to elections;

Power of Local Government to make rules.

(e) the powers of the President and commissioners of a Board to hold inquiries, to witness and examine witnesses and to compel the production of documents;

(f) the grant of leave, leave allowances and travelling allowances to the President and commissioners of a Board and generally the conditions of service of such President and commissioners;

(g) the budgets, reports, accounts, returns or other information to be submitted by Boards;

(h) the qualifications for officers and servants of a Board, the grant of leave, leave allowances and travelling allowances to them, the establishment of provident funds for them and generally the conditions of their service;

(i) the organization of a staff of auditors, their salaries and allowances, the control of such staff, its relations with Boards, committees and trustees and generally the conditions of service of auditors;

(j) the calculation of the cost of audit and its apportionment among Boards and committees;

(k) the manner in which the accounts of Boards, committees or endowments shall be audited and published, the time and place of audit and the form and contents of the auditor's report; and

(l) the method of calculating the income of a religious endowment.

(3) The power to make rules under this section shall be subject to the condition of previous publication.

Power to  
alter  
schedules.

79. (1) The Local Government may make, alter, adding to, or cancelling any of the schedules to this Act.

(2) All references made in this Act to any of the aforesaid schedules shall be construed as referring to such schedules as amended in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1).

(3) A draft of the rules proposed to be made under this section shall be laid on the table of the Legislative Council and the rules shall not be made unless the Legislative Council by resolution approves the draft either without modification or addition or with modifications or additions; but upon such approval being given, the rules may be made in the form in which they have been approved, and such rules on being so made shall be notified and shall thereafter be of full force and effect.

73. (1) The Board or trustees having jurisdiction <sup>over any math or temple or any person being interested and having obtained the consent of the Board any institute a suit in the court to obtain a decree—</sup>

(a) appointing or removing the trustee of a math or excepted temple,

(b) vesting any property in a trustee,

(c) declaring what proportion of the endowed property or of the interest therein shall be allocated to any particular object of the endowment, or

(d) granting such further or other relief as the nature of the case may require.

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(2) Sections 92 and 93 and rule 5 of order I of the first schedule of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, shall have no application to any suit claiming any relief in respect of the administration or management of a religious endowment and no suit in respect of such administration or management shall be instituted except as provided by this Act.

74. The costs, charges and expenses of and incidental to any suit or application under this Act or to any appeal from a decree or order passed in such suit or on such application shall be in the discretion of the court, which may subject to the provisions of section 68 direct the whole or any part of such costs, charges and expenses to be met from the property or income of the endowment concerned, or to be borne and paid in such manner and by such persons as it thinks fit.

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7

75. Where the administration of a religious endowment is governed by any scheme settled under section 68 of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, such scheme shall notwithstanding any provisions of this Act which may be inconsistent with the provisions of such scheme, be deemed to be a scheme settled under this Act; and such scheme may be modified or amended in the manner provided by this Act.

76. (1) No exchange, sale or mortgage and no lease for a term exceeding five years of any immovable property belonging to any math or temple shall be valid or operative unless it is necessary or beneficial to the math or temple and is sanctioned by the Board in the case of math and excepted temples and by the committee in the case of other temples.



(2) The trustee of the math or temple or any person having interest may, within one year of the date of the order of the Board or committee under sub-section (1), apply to the court for modifying or cancelling such order.

(3) The order of the Board or committee under sub-section (1) when an application is made under sub-section (2) and the order of the court when such application is made shall be final.

Application  
of the Act  
to endow-  
ments partly  
religious and  
partly  
secular.

77. (1) Where an endowment has been made or property given for the support of an institution which is partly of a religious and partly of a secular character or for the performance of any service or charity connected therewith, or

where an endowment made or property given is appropriated partly to religious and partly to secular uses, the Board may notwithstanding anything contained in the Madras Endowments and Charitable Regulation, 1817, determine what portion of such endowment or property or of the income therefrom shall be allocated to religious uses. Such portion shall thereafter be deemed to be a religious endowment and its administration shall be governed by the provisions of this Act. S.D. 701.

(2) Any party affected by an order under sub-section (1) may within such time as may be prescribed apply to the court to modify or set aside such order but, subject to the result of such application, the order of the Board shall be final.

Putting  
trustee in  
possession.

78. Where a committee has appointed a person as non-hereditary trustee of a temple or where a Board or committee has appointed a person to discharge the functions of a hereditary trustee and such person is refused in, or prevented from, obtaining possession of the math or temple or of the endowments connected therewith or of any title-deeds or other documents relating thereto, the court may, on application by the person so appointed and on production of the order of the Board or committee appointing him, order the delivery to such person the possession of such property as may be specified therein.

Ending of  
unlawful  
uses in endow-  
ments.

79. Save as otherwise expressly provided in or under this Act nothing herein contained shall affect any established usage of a math or temple or the rights, tenures, endowments and perquisites to which any person may by custom or otherwise be entitled in such math or temple.

80. Save as provided in this or any other Act, it shall not be lawful for the Local Government or for any executive officer of the Local Government in his official capacity to undertake or assume the superintendence of any land or other property granted for the support of, or otherwise belonging to, any math or temple, to take any part in the management or appropriation of any endowment made for its maintenance, or to nominate or appoint the trustee of any religious endowment or to be concerned in any way with any religious endowment.

81. (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in the first or second schedule to the Madras Court Fees Amendment Act, 1936, the proper fees for the documents described in columns 1 and 2 of Schedule II shall be the fees indicated in column 3 thereof.

(2) The provisions of the Madras Court Fees Amendment Act, 1932, shall otherwise, so far as may be, apply to the documents mentioned in Schedule II.

82. The President of a Board or committee may grant copies of the proceedings and records of the Board or committee, as the case may be, on payment of such fees and subject to such conditions as the Board may, by general or special order, determine. Copies shall be certified by the President of the Board or committee concerned in the manner provided in section 75 of the Indian Evidence Act, 1872.

83. (1) Every committee established under the Religious Endowments Act, 1950, which is in existence at the commencement of this Act shall be deemed to have been duly constituted under the provisions of this Act.

(2) In their application to the members and presidents of committees in office at the commencement of this Act and the first reconstitution of such committees in accordance with this Act, the provisions of this Act shall be read subject to the rules contained in Schedule III.

84. (1) If any dispute arise as to whether a math or temple is one to which this Act applies or as to whether a temple is an exempted temple, such dispute shall be decided by the Board.

(2) A trustee affected by a decision under sub-section (1) may within one year apply to the court to modify or set aside such decision but, subject to the result of such application, the order of the Board shall be final.

Amended of  
the 1st October 1905  
working Act.

85. If any difficulty arises as to the first constitution or reconstitution of any committee after the commencement of this Act, or otherwise in first giving effect to the provisions of this Act, the Local Government, as occasion may require, may by order do anything which appears to them necessary for the purpose of removing the difficulty.

#### SCHEDULE I.

[See section 25.]

##### *Part I—Qualifications of electors.*

A person shall be qualified as an elector for an electoral area who has resided in such area for not less than 120 days in the previous year and who—

(a) was in the previous year assessed by a municipal council or local board to an aggregate amount of not less than twenty rupees in respect of one or more of the following taxes, viz.—

property tax,  
tax on companies, or  
profession tax, or

(b) was in the previous year assessed to income-tax, or

(c) is registered as a ryotwari pattidar or as an inamdar of land of which the annual rent value is not less than fifty rupees, or

(d) holds on a registered lease under a ryotwari pattidar or inamdar land the annual rent value of which is not less than fifty rupees, or

(e) is registered jointly with the proprietor under section 14 of the Mahabharat Registration Act, 1895, as the occupant of land, the annual rent value of which is not less than fifty rupees, or

(f) is a landholder holding an estate of which the annual rent value is not less than fifty rupees, or

(g) holds, as a ryot or tenant under a landholder, land the annual rent value of which is not less than fifty rupees.

##### *Part II—Disqualifications of electors.*

No person shall be entitled to have his name registered on the electoral roll of an electoral area who is subject to any of the following disqualifications:—

(a) is not a British subject;

(b) has been adjudged to be of unsound mind by a competent court; or

(c) is under twenty-one years of age.

SCHEME II.  
[See section 81.]

Section.	Description of the document.	Page fee.
(1)	(2)	(3)
42 (3)	Appeal to the committee by any office-holder or servant against an order of punishment by a trustee under sub-section (1) .. .. .	2
43 (3)	Further appeal to the Board by a beneficiary office-holder or servant against an order of the committee on appeal under sub-section (2) .. .. .	2
43 (4)	Appeal to the Board by an office-holder or servant of an exempted temple .. .. .	2
44	Application to court by the trustee to recover the amount from the person in possession or by the person in possession from the person responsible in law .. .. .	The fee leviable on a plaint for the amount claimed under the Malabar Court Fees Amendment Act, 1913.
53 (3)	Appeal to the Board or application to court against an order of suspension, dismissal or removal by the committee of a trustee .. .. .	35
56 (4)	Appeal to the Board by a trustee or person having interest against the order of a committee under sub-section (3) having standard scales of expenditure .. .. .	30
56 (4)	Fee under the sub-section.	30
57 (3)	Fee under the sub-section.	30
57 (4)	Fee under the sub-section.	30
63	Application to the Board by not less than 20 persons having interest in framing a scheme of administration for a math or exempted temple .. .. .	10

Section, (1)	Description of the document, (2)	Page fee (3)
		Rs.
63 (4)	Suit under the sub-section.	50
65	Suit under the section ..	50
67 (4)	Suit under the sub-section.	50
67 (5)	Suit under the sub-section.	50
75 (2)	Application to court to renew from the funds of the endowment the contri- bution leviable by the Board or committee ..	2
75	Suits under the section ..	50
76 (3)	Application to the court by the trustee of a trust or trusts or any person having interest for modifying or cancelling any order of the Board sanctioning alienation of immovable property under sub-section (1) .. ..	The fee leviable on a petition under article 17, Schedule II of the Madras Court Fees Amendment Act, 1922.
77 (2)	Application to a court to modify or set aside an order of the Board under sub-section (1) allowing any endowment, prop- erty or the income there- of, to religious and secular purposes ..	20
78	Application to the court for delivery of possession of endowments to a trustee appointed by the com- mittee .. ..	2
84 (2)	Application to modify or set aside the decision of the Board under sub-section (1) .. ..	The fee leviable on a petition under article 17, Schedule II of the Madras Court Fees Amendment Act, 1922.

**SCHEDULE III.**

[See section 85.]

*Transitory Provisions.*

1. The Local Government shall fix a date, not being later than one year from the commencement of this Act on which the term of office of members of committees holding office at the commencement of this Act shall expire:

Provided that a member who is also the president of a committee shall continue to exercise the functions of a president until a new president is elected under rule 4.

2. Any vacancy in the office of president of a committee which is in existence at the commencement of this Act or which occurs before the date on which a new president is elected under rule 4 shall be filled up under the provisions of this Act; and any vacancy in the office of member of a committee which is in existence at the commencement of this Act or which occurs before the date fixed under rule 1 shall be filled up by appointment by the Local Government:

Provided that any person elected or appointed as president or member under this rule shall hold office only up to the date referred to in rule 1.

3. The president of the committee shall cause arrangements to be made for election of members, so that the newly-elected members may come into office on the date fixed under rule 1 for the expiry of the terms of office of members holding office at the commencement of this Act.

4. On or as soon as may be after such date, a meeting shall be held on a day and at a time fixed by the president for the election of a new president.

(By order of His Excellency the Governor)

V. T. KRISHNAMA ACHARIYAR,  
*Surg. to Govt., Law (Legislative) Dept.*



# മോട്ടോസെൻറ് ജോജ് ഗെസറ്റ്

IV-30 മൗഗ്ഗസെൻറ് ജോജ് ഗെസറ്റ്

SUPPLEMENT TO PART IV—FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE

നമ്പർ 1.] FEBRUARY 8, 1927. [Part II, Vol. 2, 3, 4

മിഡിൽ കോളർ മൗഗ്ഗസെൻറ്, 1927 ഫെബ്രുവരി 8-ാം തീയതി.

## മതിരാശി ഗവണ്മെന്റ് ബില്ലുകൾ

BILLS OF THE GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

നിമ്നകാലം നൽകുന്ന ബില്ലുകൾ അതോടുകൂടി മൗഗ്ഗസെൻറ് ജോജ് ഗെസറ്റ് ഗവണ്മെന്റ് സെൻറ് മൗഗ്ഗസെൻറ് ജോജ് ഗെസറ്റ്.

മതിരാശി നിമ്നകാലം നൽകുന്ന ബില്ലുകൾ 18 - 50 ബില്ലുകൾ അതോടുകൂടി മൗഗ്ഗസെൻറ് ജോജ് ഗെസറ്റ് ഗവണ്മെന്റ് സെൻറ് മൗഗ്ഗസെൻറ് ജോജ് ഗെസറ്റ്.

BILL No. 1 of 1927,  
1927 നമ്പർ 1 - 50 നമ്പർ ബിൽ.

A BILL TO AMEND THE PRESIDENCY SMALL CAUSE COURTS ACT, 1922, IN ITS APPLICATION TO THE PRESIDENCY TOWN OF MADRAS.

1922 നമ്പർ സെൻറ് ജോജ് ഗെസറ്റ് മൗഗ്ഗസെൻറ് ജോജ് ഗെസറ്റ് സെൻറ് ജോജ് ഗെസറ്റ്.

മതിരാശി നിമ്നകാലം നൽകുന്ന ബില്ലുകൾ അതോടുകൂടി 1922 നമ്പർ സെൻറ് ജോജ് ഗെസറ്റ് മൗഗ്ഗസെൻറ് ജോജ് ഗെസറ്റ്.





സംസ്ഥാന സ്പാർ ഹാൻഡ് കോച്ച് ആക്ടിവിറ്റി T = 30 നിമിഷത്തോളം  
കുറവ് വന്നു തീർത്തപ്പോഴാണ് ഇത് സ്പാർ ഹാൻഡ് കോച്ച് ക്ലബ്ബിലേക്ക്  
അഭിപ്രായം ഉൾക്കൊള്ളാൻ സാധിച്ചത്. കോച്ച് ഇവിടെ വന്നപ്പോൾ

4. 1997 നവം 1-ാം, 2-ാം നമ്പർ പതിപ്പിലെ തിരുത്തലുകൾ.

1997. *Journal of the American Veterinary Medical Association*, 261: 1039-1041.

HILL, No. 2 of 1927.

A BILL TO AMEND THE MADRAS PREVENTION OF  
ADULTERATION ACT 1938.

[illegible][illegible][illegible]

14 “പാലക്കാട് ജനതയിൽ പാൽ ഉപയോഗത്തിന് അത്യന്തം പാലിന്റെ ദാരുണമായ പ്രയോജനത്താൽ അതിർത്തി നീക്കം ചെയ്യുന്ന അല്ലെങ്കിൽ പാലിന്റെ കടൽ വേർപെടുത്തിയ ഒരു ജെയ് പാൽകെട്ടു പാലിന്റെയും പാലിന്റെ ദാരുണതയെക്കുറിച്ച്.”

(ii) (1) 40% വിലക്കുപിടി—

(ii) (1) 40% വിലക്കുപറ്റി—

(ச) (இ) ஆண்டு பொதுமக்களிடம் : ரூபியூராயி கோவைக் கட்டண? ஆண்டுநிலை வங்கிகள் : ரூபியூராயி கோவைகளைத் துரிதமாக அடைந்தது? ஆண்டு இலாபங்கள்.

(b) (d) ஏதோ வளயாளிலே பகலே நாலே படிப்பா  
வளயை மேல்சொல், அந்தத்து :—

[illegible]

(d) சூழலியல் (iii) ஆராய்ச்சியில் : அடிப்படை நியமத்தில் ஏற்பாடுகள் : ஆராய்ச்சி வகை : அடிப்படை நியமத்தில் : ஆராய்ச்சி வகைகள்.

(ii) (3) എന്ന പേരവകുപ്പിൽ 4-ആം അനുബന്ധത്തിൽ  
 മേൽപ്രകാരത്തിൽ പരിഗണിച്ച് തിരഞ്ഞെടുക്കുകയും ചെയ്യുന്നതിനായി  
 താഴെ വിവരങ്ങൾ തിരഞ്ഞെടുക്കുന്നതാണ് 4-ആം അനുബന്ധ പട്ടിക  
 അനുസരിച്ച് ചെയ്യേണ്ടതും മേൽപ്രകാരത്തിൽ വിവരങ്ങൾ പരി-  
 നയിക്കുന്നതിനായി തിരഞ്ഞെടുക്കുന്നതും ചെയ്യേണ്ടതും ചെയ്യുന്നതിനായി  
 നൽകുന്നതും ചെയ്യുന്നതിനായി തിരഞ്ഞെടുക്കുന്നതും തിരഞ്ഞെടുക്കുന്നതും  
 ചെയ്യുന്നതാണ് 4-ആം അനുബന്ധ പട്ടിക.

(b) (i) ധനം ഉപയോഗിച്ച് - അതേ

[illegible][illegible]

<sup>10</sup>  $(f^*)^{-1}(1)$  வில்லு கவனசாபகரீதாநிதா வபததலல வபித்து  
கபததலல வபததலல வபததலல கபததலல வபததலல,

(2) දැමූ කොපරායකැතිවීන්හිදී, කැතිවීන්ට අනුරූපව පැතිවීන්ගෙන්ම පැතිවීන් දැමූ ආකාරයට, අනුකූලව පැතිවීන්.

(iv) അത്തരവ് വ്യക്തി; വേർതിരിച്ചു വെക്കപ്പെട്ടതായതോ മറ്റു വിധത്തിൽ കൂട്ടിക്കെട്ടി വെക്കപ്പെട്ടതായതോ അതിനോടു കൂടെ വെക്കപ്പെട്ടതായതോ വിട്ടുപോയതോ, പൊതുജനങ്ങൾക്കായിട്ടോ മറ്റോ അതിനോടു കൂടെ വിവരങ്ങൾ പ്രസിദ്ധപ്പെടുത്താൻ ഉദ്ദേശിക്കുന്നതോ, പ്രസിദ്ധപ്പെടുത്താൻ ഉദ്ദേശിക്കുന്നതോ;

"(v) മോശപ്പെട്ടതോ കൃത്യമല്ലാത്തതോ തിരുത്തലോ പിരിയുന്നതോ അല്ലെങ്കിൽ മറ്റു വിധത്തിലോ മറ്റു വിധത്തിൽ ചീട്ടു ചെയ്തതോ അല്ലെങ്കിൽ മറ്റോ ചെയ്തതോയെന്നു നിർവ്വചിക്കുന്നതോ;

"(vi) മോശപ്പെട്ടതോ കൃത്യമല്ലാത്തതോ മോശപ്പെട്ടതോ അല്ലെങ്കിൽ മോശപ്പെട്ടതോയെന്നു നിർവ്വചിക്കുന്നതോ;

"(vii) അല്ലെങ്കിൽ മോശപ്പെട്ടതോ കൃത്യമല്ലാത്തതോ മോശപ്പെട്ടതോയെന്നു നിർവ്വചിക്കുന്നതോ;

(viii) മോശപ്പെട്ടതോ കൃത്യമല്ലാത്തതോ മോശപ്പെട്ടതോയെന്നു നിർവ്വചിക്കുന്നതോ;

#### മോശപ്പെട്ടതോ കൃത്യമല്ലാത്തതോ

അതായത്, മോശപ്പെട്ടതോ കൃത്യമല്ലാത്തതോ 1936 ലെ ഓറിയന്റി ആക്ടിന്റെ ചുരുക്കപ്പട്ടികയിൽ അൾട്ടർ ചെയ്തതോയെന്നു നിർവ്വചിക്കുന്നതോ;



4 (i) എന്ന ലക്ഷ്യം.—തൊഴിലാളി മേധാവികളുടെ അഭിപ്രായം നിർമ്മിക്കുന്നതിന്നു ഇല്ലാത്ത ഒരു കാര്യം ഉണ്ടാകുന്നതിന്നു സാധ്യതയുണ്ടാകുന്നതിന്നു ചുരുക്കം തൊഴിലാളി വിഭാഗത്തിന്നു മേധാവികളുടെ അഭിപ്രായം നിർമ്മിക്കുന്നതിന്നു കാര്യം.

4 (ii) എന്ന ലക്ഷ്യം (i) എന്ന ലക്ഷ്യം.—മേൽ പറഞ്ഞ ആ നിലയിൽ വിദ്യാഭ്യാസ വിഭാഗത്തിൽ ഇല്ലാത്ത ഒരു കാര്യം ഉണ്ടാകുന്നതിന്നു സാധ്യതയുണ്ടാകുന്നതിന്നു ചുരുക്കം തൊഴിലാളി വിഭാഗത്തിന്നു മേധാവികളുടെ അഭിപ്രായം നിർമ്മിക്കുന്നതിന്നു കാര്യം.

(i) - 4 (i) - 4 എന്ന ലക്ഷ്യം.—മേൽ പറഞ്ഞ ആ നിലയിൽ വിദ്യാഭ്യാസ വിഭാഗത്തിൽ ഇല്ലാത്ത ഒരു കാര്യം ഉണ്ടാകുന്നതിന്നു സാധ്യതയുണ്ടാകുന്നതിന്നു ചുരുക്കം തൊഴിലാളി വിഭാഗത്തിന്നു മേധാവികളുടെ അഭിപ്രായം നിർമ്മിക്കുന്നതിന്നു കാര്യം.

(ii) എന്ന ലക്ഷ്യം.—തൊഴിലാളി മേധാവികളുടെ അഭിപ്രായം നിർമ്മിക്കുന്നതിന്നു സാധ്യതയുണ്ടാകുന്നതിന്നു ചുരുക്കം തൊഴിലാളി വിഭാഗത്തിന്നു മേധാവികളുടെ അഭിപ്രായം നിർമ്മിക്കുന്നതിന്നു കാര്യം.

നല്ലതും അധികവും കൂടുതൽ അധികം അധികവും ചെയ്യുന്നപോൾ  
പുതിയ അധികവും ചേർത്തുകൊണ്ടിരിക്കാൻ വീണ്ടും സാധിക്കും  
കൂടുതൽ ചെയ്യുന്ന വികൃതി വരുകയും.

4 (ii) എന്ന ഭാഗം.—ഇത് (4) (ii) എന്ന ഭാഗത്തോട്  
ചേർത്തുകൊണ്ടിരിക്കുന്ന ഭാഗത്തോട് ചേർത്തുകൊണ്ടിരിക്കുന്നത്.

1927 ജൂൺ 2-ാം, മുതിർന്നതിലുള്ളത്, എന്നും കൂടുതൽ ചെയ്യുന്നപോൾ മുതിർന്നതിലുള്ളത്.

സി. വി. കൂടുതൽ ചെയ്യുന്നപോൾ,

അതും

അതും ചെയ്യുന്നപോൾ,

അതും ചെയ്യുന്നപോൾ.

(A true translation)

P. V. SUBBULAKSHI,

Malayalam Translator to Government